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ACR 10:



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

WISCONSIN

State Board of Agriculture

For the Year 1907.

JOHN M. TRUE, Secretary.



MADISÓN, WIS.

Democrat Printing Company, State Printer
1907

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

To his Excellency, J. O. DAVIDSON,

Governor of the State of Wisconsin.

SIR:—I am pleased to herewith submit to you, the annual report of the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture for the year ending March 5th, 1907.

JOHN M. TRUE, Secretary

OFFICERS

OF THE

Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture.

President—George McKerrow. Vice President—James J. Nelson. Secretary—John M. True. Treasurer—(Ex-officio)—A. H. Dahl.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

President—George McKerrow.
Vice President—James J. Neson.
C. G. Wilcox, Grant U. Fisher, George Wylie.

MEMBERS WISCONSIN STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

At large—George Wylie, Morrisonville.

At Large-Grant U. Fisher, Janesville.

1st District-C. H. Everett, Racine.

2nd District—O. F. Roessler, Jefferson.

3rd District-George G. Cox, Mineral Point.

4th District-R. B. Watrous, Milwaukee.

5th District-George McKerrow, Pewaukee.

6th District-Charles L. Hill, Rosendale.

7th District-J. L. Herbst, Sparta.

8th District-James J. Nelson, Amherst.

9th District-C. G. Wilcox, De Pere.

10th District-Ed. Nordman, Polar.

11th District—Laurens E, Scott, Stanley.

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LAWS

RELATING TO

Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture.

Wisconsin Statutes of 1898, Chapter 60.

Section 1456. The Department of Agriculture as heretofore established, is continued. Its object shall be the promotion of the interests of agriculture, dairying, horticulture, manufactures and domestic arts.

Said department shall be managed by a board, to consist of one member from each congressional district, and two from the state at large, to be appointed by the governor, for terms of three years from the first day of January in the year of their appointment.

Not more than two-thirds of the members of said board shall at the time of making any appointment thereto, members of the same political party. Vacancies shall be filled by the governor for the unexpired portion of the term.

Section 1457. The members of said board shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed out of any funds set apart for their use by the state, or otherwise received by them, the sums actually expended in the performance of their duties.

Section 1458. Said board shall hold its annual meeting on the first Tuesday in March, and at such meeting shall elect one of its members as president, and one as vice president, and some person, not a member, as secretary, who shall hold his office for one year unless he is sooner removed by the board.

The state treasurer shall be ex-officio treasurer of the board.

Such officers shall perform such duties as usually pertain to such officers, and such as the board may direct.

Section 1458a. Said board may occupy such rooms in the capitol as may be assigned for that purpose by the governor.

They shall have sole control of the affairs of the Department of Agriculture, and all state fairs, and state fair grounds, and may make such by-laws, rules and regulations in relation to the management of the business of such department, and said fairs, and the offering of premiums thereat, as they shall from time to time determine.

The board shall make a report of its action to the governor, on or before the first day of December in each year.

Section 1458b. Whatever money shall be appropriated or otherwise receiver by said board, for the Department of Agriculture, shall be paid to the state treasurer, and be disbursed by him, on orders signed by the president and secretary of the board, for such purposes as, in the judgment of the board, will best promote the interests committed to their charge.

No officer, clerk or employe of said board shall have any claim upon the state for any salary or expenses, except such as may be allowed by the board, and paid from any appropriation or funds under their control; and the state shall not in any manner whatever be liable for any debt or obligation incurred, or contract made by said board.

Section 1466. The principal officers of the state board of agriculture,, shall have full jurisdiction and control of the grounds, on which such board may exhibit, and all the streets, alleys and other grounds adjacent to the same, during all such exhibitions, so far as may be necessary to exclude therefrom all other exhibitions, booths, stands or other temporary places for the retail or sale of any kind of spirituous or fermented liquors, or other articles, that they might deem objectionable.

The president, or in his absence, any vice-president acting in his stead, may appoint any necessary policeman to assist in preserving the peace, and enforce regulations upon the grounds and adjacent streets, who, for such purpose, shall have all powers of a constable and be entitled to similar fees.

Chapter ..., Laws of 1905.

Section 1. Section 1463 of the statutes of 1898, as amended by chapter 274 of the laws of 1901, is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 1463. There shall be paid within ten days after the first day of February, out of the state treasury, to each organized agricultural society, association, or beard in the state, which shall have substantially complied with the following conditions, forty percentum of the total amount of premisms thereby paid at its annual fair for the preceding year, provided that in computing the amount upon which such percentum is to be paid, not more than one-half thereof shall have been paid for trials or exhibitions of speed, or other contest, for which published premiums have been offered. On or before the first day of February, in each year, the president and secretary of each society, association, or board, claiming state aid, shall

file with the secretary of state a sworn statement of the actual amount of cash premiums and purses paid at the fair of the preceding season, which premiums and purses must correspond with the published offers of premiums and purses, and a further statement that at such fair, all gamb.ing devices whatsoever, and the sale of intoxicating liquors had been prohibited and excluded from the fair grounds, and all adjacent grounds under their authority or control. Such statement shall be accompanied by an itemized list of all preni iums and purses paid, upon witch such forty percentum payment is a full statement of receipts and disbursements for the past year, duly verified by the sccretary. Copies of such statement shall be deposited with the secretary of state and the secretary of the sate board of Such money shall be paid to the treasurer of the society, association, or board, upon his receipt, countersigned by the secretary. Provided, that the amounts to be paid to any such organized agricultural acciety, association or board, during any year, shall not exceed the following amounts to-wit:--to the State Board of Agriculture the sum of ten thousand dollars, to the Northern Wisconsin State Fair or the La Crosse Inter-State Fair Association, the sum of five thousand dollars each, and to any county agricultural society or other association or board above mentioned, the sum of one thousand and seven hundred dollars each.

Section 2. Sections 1458c of the statutes of 1898, 1458d of the statutes of 1898, as amended by chapter 356 of the laws of 1901, and chapter 337 of the laws of 1901, as amended by chapter 290 of the laws of 1903, are hereby repealed.

Section 3. Section 1464 of the statutes of 1898 is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 1464. All moneys received by any such society, association, or board, either from the state or any other source, after paying the necessary incidental expenses thereof, shall be paid out annually for premiums awarded, in such sums and in such way and manner as its by-laws, rules and regulations shall direct, on such live animals, articles of production, agricultural implements and tools, domestic manufactures, mechanical implements and productions as are the growth and manufacture of the district which such society, association or board represents, but live stock, the growth of any other county, state or country, may receive the same premiums as those which are the growth of the district where fair is located should the society, association or board governing so decide.

Section 4. All acts or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture

1906.

MINUTES OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Madison, March 6, 1906.

President McKerrow presiding.

All members present except Mr. Everett.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. The Committee of Audit submitted its report as follows:

Madison, March 5, 1906.

"Your Committee of Audit has examined the financial statements of the Secretary and Treasurer, and find them to substantially agree. Having examined the vouchers and accounts of Secretary True, we find them correct."

Signed,

W. H. J. KIECKHEFER, G. U. FISHER, GEO. G. Cox,

Committee.

On motion of Mr. Cox, voted to hear outside parties wishing to transact business with the Board.

Sponholz Company, contractors for construction of bridge under track and driveway at Fair Grounds, made a request to be allowed to proceed with the same.

Mr. Kieckhefer moved that they be allowed to go on and complete the work. Carried.

Mr. McGrail, representing the Amusement Booking Association of Chicago, presented proposition to furnish Air Ship ascension and flight at next State Fair, and the same was laid over for future consideration.

The Committee on Special Attractions and Speed appointed at the last meeting submitted the following report:

"Your Special Committee on Speed and Special Attractions beg leave to report the recommendation, that the Board offer about the same Speed Program as last year, with the exception that a "Free for All" or 2:02 Pacing race for a purse of \$2,500 be added, with the provision that there be not less than five bona fide entries and three starters, including "Hazel Patch" and "The Broncho," and your Committee further recommends the engagment of the Relay Race, with runners to wagons added to last years' program, provided the same, complete, can be had at not to exceed \$2,300.

We recommend the engagment of the Scotch Band from Chicago, at once, at \$25.00 per man and expenses for the week of Fair; and the Committee asks for further time to consider the question of Special Attractions."

On motion of Mr. Cox, the report was adopted.

Mr. F. M. Barnes, Chicago, presented special acts of vaudeville for day and evening attractions.

Referred to Committee on Special Attractions.

Mr. Barnes also made a suggestion of Fire Works as an evening attraction, involving an aggregate expense of \$1,500.

Recess until 1:30 P. M.

1:30 P. M.

All members present.

The Secretary presented the request of the Milwaukee Driving Club for a continuation of a lease of privileges at Fair Grounds.

On motion of Mr. Roessler, the matter of leases of privileges at Grounds was left with Board of Managers.

Communication from Milwaukee W. C. T. U. relative to a continuation of privilege for Rest Room at same place on Fair Grounds, was received and on motion of Mr. Scott, the request was granted.

Secretary read letters from Mr. C. Rosenthal of Milwaukee, whose son was injured at last State Fair. and he was instructed to write Mr. Rosenthal of the facts in the case in the possession of the Board, and to state that it disclaimed any responsibility for the accident.

The Ladies of Maccabees of Milwaukee asked for a Rest Room on Grounds at next State Fair, with privilege of running a check room in connection.

Voted to grant free space without check room; and if check room is run, to require 50% of receipts therefrom.

On motion of Mr. Roessler the Superintendent of Grounds was instructed to enlarge barber shop and provide dressing rooms under Grand Stand.

Mr. Charles J. Strobel of Toledo, Ohio, presented a proposition to furnish ascensions and flights of the Knabenshue Air Ship during coming State Fair.

On motion of Mr. Wilcox, proceeded to the election of officers. The Chair appointed Messers. Roessler and Herbst as tellers.

For President—Whole number of ballots, 13. of which number George Wylie received one (1) and George McKerrow twelve (12).

For Vice President—First ballot—13. Kieckhefer, 3: Nelson, 4: Cox. 6. No choice. Second ballot—13. Kieckhefer, 1; Cox. 5: Nelson, 7.

For Secretary-13 ballots. J. M. True received 13.

For Board of Managers—First ballot—13. Herbst. 1: Everett, 1: Cox. 2: Wilcox. 9. Second ballot—13. Herbst. 1: Everett, 1: Cox. 1: Fisher, 9: Wylie, 1. Third ballot—12. Cox. 1: Everett. 2: Kieckhefer, 1: Herbst. 1: Harvey. 1: Wylie, 6. No choice. Fourth ballot—12. Everett, 1: Herbst, 1: Cox, 1: Wylie, 9.

Superintendents were elected as follows:

Horse Department-J. S. Donald.

Cattle Department—George Wylie.

Sheen Department—Ed Nordman.

Swine Department-James Dillon.

Poultry Department-Mrs. Adda F. Howie.

Agriculture and Horticulture-J. L. Herbst.

County Exhibits—C. H. Everett.
Dairy Department—L. E. Scott.
Machinery Department—David Wedgwood.
Fine Arts Department—James J. Nelson.
Woman's Work—Miss M. E. Chadwick.
Privileges—O. F. Roessler.
Speed—C. G. Wilcox.
Forage and Transportation—John LeFeber.
Grounds—Grant U. Fisher.
Gates—C. D. Rosa.
Marshal—C. W. Harvey.

Mr. McKerrow from Committee on Tickets and Gates, reported recommending four additional turnstiles at main gate; that fence be set back to allow more room for cars and people; and that new arrangement of turnstiles be made, with shed overhead.

The Committee recommended a ticket and badge for use at stiles, these to correspond in number printed on same, and to be numbered consecutively, badges to be of different colors, and denominated: "Official," "Helpers," "Speed." "Privileges," "Press" and "Exhibitor." Return tickets to be given holder of badge, ticket to be good for re-admission when presented with badge, and not otherwise. Badges and all tickets to be so marked or printed as to prevent counterfeiting. No return checks to Grand Stand. Complimentary tickets to be coupons, and signed by Secretary. Each ticket to admit but one, and gentlemens' and ladies' tickets to be so designated, and to differ in color; the Secretary to keep a record of names and numbers of tickets sent out. Wheel tickets to be sold at team gates at 50 cents each. Return checks at gates to change color each day.

The Committee further recommended the adopting of different form of contract for Privilege Department.

On motion of Mr. Wilcox the report was adopted.

Mr. Wylie from Committee on Live Stock premiums submitted a report making slight changes in several classes. The Committee was permitted to make further changes in these classes if thought proper.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, voted to close a contract with F. M. Barnes, for three vaudeville acts at \$1,350; the Board reserving the privilege of cancelling the Zouave Act at any time within thirty days, and deducting \$650.00 from contract price.

Other committees appointed to recommend changes in premium list submitted reports, which were adopted.

Recess until 7:30 P. M.

7:30 P. M.

Quorum present.

On motion of Mr. Kieckhefer, voted to fix price for use of race track to parties stabling horses outside of Grounds, at three dollars per season, for each horse up to five, and for more than five, two dollars for each horse.

Voted to enter into contract with Chas. J. Strobel, agent for Knabenshue Air Ship Company, for airship ascensions and flights during next State Fair, \$1,000 guaranteed, and \$2,750 to be paid for first successful ascension and flight, and \$500 each for added ascensions and flights.

Captain Ludington of the Milwaukee Battery, and Adjutant General Boardman came before the Board asking for the use of certain privileges, buildings and grounds at State Fair Park, for quarters and drill purposes. The matter was referred to the Board of Managers.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, Mrs. Wentworth was elected clerk in office of Secretary for coming year, at \$50 per month.

On motion of Mr. Roessler, voted that the Board make special efforts for excursion trains over railroad lines running into Milwaukee, for the next State Fair, and that a committee of three be appointed to outline a schedule of such trains, and present request for same to the proper officials.

The Chair appointed Messrs. Roessler, Cox and Wylie as such committee.

Adjourned, subject to call of Secretary.

JOHN M. TRUE, Secretary.

Fair Grounds, March 30, 1906.

Special Meeting.

Present, Messrs. Wylic, Fisher, Roessler, Cox. Kieckhefer, McKerrow, Harvey. Nelson. Nordman and Scott.

The Secretary presented the declination of Mr. John LeFeber of the position of Superintendent of Forage and Transporta-

tion. Mr. Kieckhefer moved that the position be tendered to Mr. C. T. Fisher of Wauwatosa, Wisconsin. Carried.

The Secretary was authorized to pay Mr. Danielson the amount of estimate of architect, \$2,000, and to pay Architects Ferry & Clas \$500 on services.

Payments to Sponho.z Company on culvert, are to be made upon estimate of Engineer Kirchoffer.

On motion of Mr. Scott, the general matter of advertising was left with Board of Managers.

Voted to leave the matter of building new fences and repairing old, to Board of Managers, all new fence to be built on line.

On motion of Mr. Roessler, voted to build an 8 foot concrete walk from Executive Building to Stock Barns and Amphitheater, and from C. & N. W. Gate to official dining hall.

On motion of Mr. Kieckhefer, voted to employ Mr. Hamilton Raymond of Shopiere, Wisconsin to work on Grounds at fifty dollars per month from April 1st. Pending the consideration of the above motion, Mr. Cox moved to amend by making wages \$40 per month. Lost upon roll call, 5 to 4. Mr. Harvey moved to amend by making wages \$45 per month. Lost.

The Superintendent of Grounds was instructed to collect stall rent from Speed men, monthly.

Voted to continue lease to Milwaukee Driving Club upon same terms as formerly, except that Board reserves the right to use track for any day, by giving Club two days' notice.

Adjourned.

John M. True, Secretary.

Madison, April 11, 1906.

Special Meeting, Board of Managers.

All members present except Mr. Wilcox.

On motion of Mr. Nelson voted to appropriate \$250 for 200 additional exhibition coops for Poultry Department.

The Milwaukee Sunday School Athletic League applied for use of Fair Grounds for a meet to be held May 19. The request was granted with the provision that no glass or other debris be left upon Grounds.

Voted to make a Wisconsin Class in Shropshire Sheep for next Fair, \$100 to be given in prizes by this Board, and \$100 to be guaranteed by the Wisconsin Sheep Breeders' Association.

The Secretary was authorized to arrange with Mrs. Deme to again run official dining hall. Secretary was instructed to sell meal tickets for cash, and to regulate sale so as to prevent a patronage above capacity of dining hall management.

Voted to allow Contractor Danielson to substitute Ksene paint for stain in interior finish of amphitheater, if approved by archi-

tects.

The application of Mr. Danielson for a further payment of

\$4,000 was referred to architects.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, voted that no privilege be sold in Grand Stand at Fair time, for parties to cry their goods in a loud voice, and thereby disturbing visitors and interrupting the music.

On motion of Mr. Wylie voted to adjourn until Wednesday, April 18, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at State Fair Grounds.

Adjourned.

John M. True, Secretary.

Fair Grounds, April 18, 1906.

Meeting, Board of Managers.

All members present except Mr. Wilcox.

The bill of Sponholz Company for concrete bridge under track, and extras claimed, was presented, and on estimate of Engineer Kirchoffer, a payment of \$2,500 was ordered on contract price.

The contract of Mr. Gregory of Chicago, for furnishing Fire Works at next Fair was considered, and the Secretary was instructed to correspond with Mr. Gregory and ask for a fuller statement of acts to be furnished.

The Secretary was authorized to use not to exceed \$3,000 in aggregate, for advertising coming State Fair outside of Milwaukee City papers, and the amount used with City Press was limited to \$1,500.

Voted, to place score card privilege in Department of Privileges for disposition.

Adjourned,—To meet at rooms of Citizens' Business League, Milwaukee, Friday, April 27, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

John M. True, Secretary.

Milwaukee, April 27, 1906.

Adjourned Meeting, Board of Managers.

All members present except Mr. Wilcox.

The Secretary reported offer of Mr. William Smiley to obtain full class of Polled Durhams, and proposition made by him was accepted.

Mr. F. M. Barnes submitted an amended statement relative to Fire Works for State Fair, which on motion of Mr. Wylie was laid over until next meeting.

Captain Ludington, 1st Battery Wisconsin National Guards, asked decision of Board relative to admission of his Company upon Grounds for season, and on motion of Mr. Wylie, voted to allow Battery to occupy one horse barn and the Publicity Building until such time as further arrangements may be perfected, details of matter to be left to Superintendent Fisher.

Adjourned.

John M. True, Secretary.

Fair Grounds, May 18, 1906.

Special meeting, Board of Managers.

All members present except Mr. McKerrow. Mr. Nelson in the chair.

The Secretary submitted report of Engineer Kirchoffer relative to culvert built by Sponholz Company, and on motion of Mr. Wilcox, voted to settle for such work on basis of engineer's statement.

Voted, to allow bill of extras of Sponholz Company.

Mr. Wilcox offered the following resolution, which on motion of Mr. Wylie was adopted.

"Resolved, That hereafter the use of the State Fair Grounds will not be granted to any persons or associations, unless a sufficient sum of money be placed in the hands of the Superintendent of Grounds to cover the expense of cleaning Grounds and buildings, and damages to same.

Resolved, That the Superintendent of Grounds be, and is hereby instructed, to allow no horses to be hitched on mile track; neither is he to rent any stalls to parties in arrears, to this Board, for stall rent, pasturage, etc.; and that Superintendent of Grounds is hereby authorized to take necessary steps to

collect back rent from Mr. A. von Cotzhausen, and that he, (Mr. Cotzhausen), be denied the use of track until said account is paid."

In consideration of claims against Mr. John Ward, voted to settle same for \$15.00.

On request of Board, Captain Ludington was present re'ative to space occupied in Publicity Building, and on motion of Mr. Wilcox, he was allowed to keep lockers in upper part of building during remainder of season, on condition that he furnish some 12 or 15 tents for additional quarters for employes of Board.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, Mr. Bunn, custodian of Battery, was made a policeman on Grounds, with full power to act in that capacity, such service to be rendered without compensation.

Mr. Fisher was authorized to procure plans and specifications for Horse Barn to be built of concrete.

On motion of Mr. Wilcox, it was decided to build a Speed Barn this season.

Adjourned until Tuesday, May 29, at 11 o'cock, A. M.

JOHN M. TRUE,

Secretary.

Fair Grounds, May 29, 1906.

Adjourned meeting, Board of Managers.

All members present except Mr. McKerrow.

The Secretary presented drafts and specifications of concrete walks to be built, from Mr. Kirchoffer. The same were adopted, and on motion of Mr. Fisher voted to advertise for bids to be spened at office, State Fair Park, Friday, June 8th, at 12 o'clock, M. Such advertisements to be made by notice given to contractors personally or by letter.

A communication from Mr. J. T. Drought asking for the use of Fair Grounds and track for Automobile Meet, was presented, and it was voted to grant such privilege for Saturday, June 16, and Superintendent of Grounds was authorized to collect \$25.00 for such privilege.

On motion of Mr. Wilcox, voted to order full plans and specifications for a concrete barn 40x100 feet, two stories, with concrete floors and slate roof, of Mr. Hilton of Janesville, such

plans and specifications to be submitted to an adjourned meeting of this Board June 8.

Mr. F. M. Barnes, Chicago, came before Board with two propositions for Fire Works from Mr. Gregory. On motion of Mr. Fisher, a decision of the matter was left to Messrs. Wilcox, Roessler and Nelson.

Mr. W. C. Gaskill, representing the Gaskill Carnival Company, offered to contract with Board to furnish the full line of shows under direction of such Company upon same terms as last year, and it was voted to enter into contract with him.

Adjourned, until Friday June 8, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

JOHN M. TRUE,

Secretary.

Fair Grounds, June 8, 1906.

Adjourned meeting, Board of Managers.

All members present except Mr. McKerrow.

Voted, to accept the proposition of Pain's Fire Works Company for four nights at \$800.00 per night.

Mrs. Adda F. Howie, Superintendent-elect of Poultry Department, asked to be excused from her work at State Fair, in as much as she is about to visit Europe. Her request was granted, and the President and Secretary instructed to give her a letter of endorsement.

Bids were opened for the construction of walks on Fair Grounds, and the bid of the North-Western Tile Company, at 11 cents per square foot, was accepted; contracts to be drawn to agree with specifications of engineer.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, Bart J. Ruddle was elected Press Agent for coming Fair.

Mr. Newton of Janesville, presented plans and specifications for a new concrete stable, which were accepted, and Superintendent of Grounds was authorized to advertise for bids for the construction of the same, such bids to be received until Tuesday, June 19, at 12 o'clock, M.

Adjourned, until Tuesday, June 19, at 11 o'clock, A. M. John M. True,

Secretary.

Fair Grounds, June 19, 1906.

Adjourned meeting, Board of Managers.

All members present except Mr. McKerrow.

Mr. J. T. Drought made application for use of track and Grounds for July 7th for an Automobile Meet.

Voted, to grant request, charges for same, \$50.00.

The Vice President was authorized to contract with the Pain Fire Works Company for fire works for, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday of State Fair week, at \$3,200.

Bids were received for the construction of proposed new concrete stable as follows:

Otto Gelhaar & Co	\$9,600
Madsen, Christensen & Ingbretsen	10,600
W. T. Carson	9,653
L. A. Guetzkow	
Stewart & Hager	

On motion of Mr. Wylie, all bids were rejected.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, W. T. Carson was invited to submit to the Secretary at early date, bids for the complete construction of two new horse barns, of same dimensions and appearance of present buildings.

On motion of Mr. Fisher, Engineer Kirchoffer was requested to inspect Grand Stand as to its strength, and report to Secretary.

Superintendent Fisher was instructed to investigate the matter of building bleachers in connection with Grand Stand, and report to next meeting of Board.

Adjourned.

John M. True, Secretary.

Fair Grounds, July 7, 1906.

Special meeting, Board of Managers.

All members present except Mr. McKerrow.

On motion of Mr. Wilcox, voted to contract with Mr. W. T. Carson for building two horse barns like those already upon the Grounds, except that they are to be roofed with slate instead of shingles; and one cattle barn of same length as horse barns, but eight feet wider, the price of horse barns to be \$1,383.00 each, and the price of cattle barn not to exceed the same

amount. All buildings to be finished on or before September 1st, next.

On motion of Mr. Fisher, voted to offer silver cups for show of heavy draft horses by brewers packers, etc., as follows

Best Single Horse.

Best Two Horse Team.

Best Four Horse Team.

Best Six Horse Team.

Voted, to donate \$25.00 toward publication of card of West Allis Fire Company.

On motion of Mr. Fisher, voted to employ Mr. Carson to put in bleachers at north end of Grand Stand.

Bids for removing old covering of Grand Stand roof and recovering, were received as follows:

Interior Wood Work Company, a paroid roof for \$1,130, and from Mr. Fitzpatrick of Green Bay, a felt and gravel roof for \$5.00 per square he also to repair wood-work of roof and paint the gutters, and guarantee his work against leakage for ten years. The proposition of Mr. Fitzpatrick was accepted and he was also employed to mend the roof of Art Building.

Voted, to appropriate \$50.00 to Mr. R. B. Watrous for expenses of trip in interests of advertising State Fair.

Adjourned.

John M. True, Secretary.

Fair Grounds, July 20, 1906.

Special meeting, Board of Managers.

All members present except Mr. McKerrow.

On motion of Mr. Wilcox, the Secretary was instructed to prepare a schedule of music for State Fair from bids in his possession, and report the same to meeting of Board to be held July 31st.

Sponholz Company came before Board asking for payment of bonus for completion of track culvert before contract time.

Matter laid over until meeting of full Board.

Adjourned.

John M. True, Secretary.



Fair Grounds, July 31, 1906.

Special meeting, State Board of Agriculture.

All members present.

Records of meetings of Board of Managers since last meeting of Board read by Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Fisher, voted to rescind vote whereby medals were offered to heavy draft teams entered by brewers or packers, and to make competition open.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, voted to create position of Superintendent of Grand Stand, such officer to have full charge of all work connected therewith, including turnstiles, gates and money changers.

Recess, until 1 o'clock, P. M.

1 o'clock, P. M.

The Secretary presented suggestive plans for entrance and turnstiles as main gate, which on motion of Mr. Wilcox were accepted and ordered built; with concrete floor and iron construction as far as possible.

The Secretary's report on music for Fair with recommendation for employment of Bands was read, and on motion, adopted.

On motion of Mr. Wilcox the Secretary was instructed to enter into contract with Dr. Roberts of Waukesha, for the running of a demonstration of bovine tuberculosis, advertising to be restricted to place of demonstration—one diseased animal to be killed daily, such exposition to be given in same place used last year for this purpose.

On motion of Mr. Everett, State Veterinarian E. D. Roberts was elected official veterinarian for coming Fair, without remuneration.

On motion of Mr. Kieckhefer the Superintendent of Grounds was instructed to, as far as possible, restore Indian mounds on Grounds.

On motion of Mr. Scott, voted to duplicate amount raised by Milwaukee citizens to secure Indian Exhibit, same not to exceed \$1.000, to be paid out as the needs may require.

On motion of Mr. Cox, appropriated \$50.00 for purchase of banners to be given as prizes in school parade, Monday September 10th.

On motion of Mr. Kieckhefer, Superintendent of Grounds

was instructed to arrange for electric lighting of buildings, and to secure a search light for track use.

Sponholz Company again presented claim for bonus on track culvert. Matter discussed by Engineer Kirchoffer and Mr. Sponholz.

The Board, on motion of Mr. Everett, voted to sustain action of Board of Managers in accepting engineer's statement, as a basis of settlement.

On motion of Mr. Scott, voted to place \$500.00 of advertising with The Wisconsin Agriculturist.

Adjourned.

John M. True, Secretary.

Fair Grounds, Aug. 24, 1906.

Meeting, Board of Managers.

All members present except Mr. Nelson.

Bill of North Western Tile Company for \$2,114.70 for concrete walks, etc., presented, and on motion of Mr. Wilcox, voted to pay \$1,500 on same, and have contractor continue walk to stock barns.

Estimate of Architects Ferry & Clas for final payment to D. B. Danie'son, on pavilion, was presented, and on motion of Mr. Wilcox the Secretary was instructed to notify contractor and architects that tar and gravel roof was not satisfactory, and also that slates were broken in roof.

The Superintendent of Grounds was instructed in his discretion, to buy a larger safe for Treasurer's office.

The bill of Mr Fitzpatrick for re-roofing Grand Stand and other buildings amounting to \$1 885.18, was presented, and ordered paid.

Superintendent Fisher was authorized to obtain offers for advertising on back of South bleachers.

An advertisement costing \$50 was authorized in State Fair number of Farmers' Sentinel.

The Secretary was instructed to call the attention of the Committee on Transportation and Special Trains at Fair, to the necessity of immediate action.

Adjourned.

JOHN M. TRUE, Secretary.

Fair Grounds, Sept. 6, 1906.

Meeting, Board of Agriculture.

Present,—Messrs. Wylie, Fisher, Roessler, Kieckhefer, Cox, McKerrow, Harvey, Nelson, Nordman and Scott.

On motion of Mr. Kieckhefer, voted to place only exit gate at which return checks are given under main entrance shed.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, instructed purchasing agent to buy not less than fifty chairs, and such benches as he sees fit.

On motion of Mr. Kieckhefer, vote of thanks was extended to Mr. John I. Beggs, of the Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company for assistance in fitting up approach to main entrance to Fair Grounds.

On motion of Mr. Roessler, voted to enter into contract with the Whitney Carnival Company and Gaskill Carnival Company for combined Shows.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, instructed Secretary to issue 15 tickets of admission to Grand Stand to each member of the Board.

The rule relative to non-issue of return checks to Grand Stand was rescinded, and the issue of such checks left to Superintendent Cox of Grand Stand.

On motion of Mr. Cox, Messrs. McKerrow, Harvey and Wylie were made a committee on issue of complimentary tickets to Milwaukee City officials, and others asking such favors.

Adjourned.

John M. True, Secretary.

Fair Grounds, Sept. 10, 1906.

Meeting, Board of Agriculture.

Present,—Messers. Wylie, Fisher, Roessler, Cox, Kieckhefer, McKerrow, Harvey, Herbst and Wilcox.

On motion of Mr. Harvey, instructed gate-keepers to refuse admission to parties in a state of intoxication.

Voted, to change rules previously adopted so as to allow memners of the Board to personally pass parties at ticket stiles and carriage gate.

Adjourned.

JOHN M. TRUE, Secretary.

Fair Grounds, Sept. 13, 1906.

Meeting, Board of Agricutture.

Present,—Messrs. Wylie, Roessler, Cox, McKerrow, Nordman, Harvey and Scott.

The protest of Renk Bros. of ruling of Superintendent of Sheep Department, barring them from exhibiting on account of non-arrival of exhibit until Tuesday morning, was received and considered, and on motion of Mr. Cox, the ruling of Superintendent was sustained.

Voted, that all gates opening into the Grounds are under the direction of Superintendent of Gates.

Voted, to admit all Bands in uniform and having instruments, to Grounds, when applying for admittance in a body.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, the Live Stock Judging Pavilion was accepted, and the Secretary instructed to pay the balance due D. B. Danielson for construction of same; also to pay Ferry & Clas balance due on architect's bill.

Adjourned.

John M. True, Secretary.

Fair Grounds, Sept. 14, 1906.

Meeting, Board of Agriculture.

Quorum present.

I'r. Wilcox presented claim of Mr. Allie Wooster for additional pay for Relay Running Races, and on motion of Mr. Roessler, voted to pay \$2,200 in full, for such attraction.

Superintendent of Speed Wilcox, reported an instance where a party entered in Speed Department was occasioned additional traveling expenses on account of being misinformed when race in which he was interested, would start. The party claimed damages, and on motion of Mr. Fisher, voted to refund such extra expense.

On motion of Mr. Wilcox, voted that the Board of Agriculture and its Secretary, in a body, attend the Illinois State Fair at Springfield, the details of arrangements for trip to be left to President and Secretary.

Adjourned.

John M. True, Secretary. Fair Grounds, Oct. 16, 1906.

Special meeting, Board of Managers.

All members present.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, voted to increase the salary of Press Agent, Bart J. Ruddle, fifty dollars over last year.

In consideration of bills of W. T. Carson for labor and material, voted to allow same as claimed, when satisfied that bills for material have been paid by him.

The purchase of an adding machine was laid over until first meeting of full Board.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, Superintendent Fisher was instructed to lock up pavilion and other buildings not in use, for the winter. He is also to have water stand pipe painted.

The bill of West Allis, for water supply, was laid over, and Superintendent Fisher was requested to investigate claim.

Elected the following members as delegates to the meeting of American Association of Fairs and Expositions, to be held in Chicago, early in December: Messrs. McKerrow, Wilcox, Fisher, Nelson. Scott and Everett.

Appointed the following committee to attend Stock Breeders' meeting and solicit special premiums for Fair of 1907,—Messrs. Wylie, Cox and McKerrow.

Voted, to appropriate \$25.00 for purchase of cup to be given as Special Premium for best Six Horse Draft Team. Awarded to Armour Company.

Adjourned.

John M. True, Secretary.

Madison, Dec. 27, 1906.

Meeting, State Board of Agriculture.

All members present except Messrs. Scott and Nordman.

Minutes of meeting of Board of Managers, October 16th, read and approved.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, voted to fix date for Fair of 1907. for September 9-13.

On motion of Mr. Kieckhefer, voted to pay bill of West Allis, for water at time of last fair.

On motion of Mr. Kieckhefer, voted to buy Wales Adding Machine for office, at cost of \$340.00.

The Wisconsin Lakes Ice & Cartage Company's proposition 2—Ag.

to furnish free ice for use of Dairy Building and Official Dining Hall, each year during the State Fair, for a term of five years, for the privilege of cutting all ice on Fair Grounds, and the exclusive privilege of sale on Fair Grounds, for same term of years, was on motion of Mr. Wylie, accepted for the coming year, except that privilege of sale should not be exclusive.

Mr. Bennest of Milwaukee, came before Board with proposal to organize a Band Tournament for next State Fair. Further consideration of the matter was laid over until an adjourned

meeting to be held in February.

On motion of Mr. Wilcox, voted to appropriate \$700 for premiums for Educational Exhibit at next State Fair. The Secretary was instructed to prepare a list of premiums before next meeting of Board.

On motion of Mr. Wilcox, voted to procure fourteen sets of pictures of Indian Village at last Fair, at a cost of \$4.00 per set.

Colonel Salzman came before Board in behalf of Captain Ludington of Wisconsin Battery, asking certain privileges on Fair Grounds, and on motion of Mr. Kieckhefer, voted to allow Battery to put a chimney in Publicity Building, at its own expense, work to be done under direction of Superintendent Fisher.

Recess, until 1:30 P. M.

1:30 P. M.

Mr. Fisher presented an offer of T. J. Fleming to sell to State certain lands adjoining State Fair Park. On motion of Mr. Wylie, the Secretary was instructed to ask Mr. Fleming to submit a definite statement to this Board, of the extent and location of land under consideration, and the price for which he would sell the same; he to give an option on such land until action can be secured by Legislature.

The President appointed as Committee on Legislation, Messrs. Wylie, Fisher, Cox, Nelson and Wilcox.

On motion of Mr. Everett, voted to dispense with usual Convention the first week in February, no proper room for holding such Convention being available.

The Board adjourned until Tuesday. February 5th, 1907, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

John M. True, Secretary.

Madison, Feb. 5, 1907.

Meeting, Board of Agriculture.

Present—Messrs. Wylie, Roessler, Cox, Watrous, McKerrow, Hill, Herbst, Nelson, Wilcox and Scott.

Minutes of last meeting were read, amended. and approved.

Mr. Wylie, Chairman of Committee to consider offer of sale of land to the State, reported that the committee had viewed the land and decided to recommend that it be not purchased.

On motion of Mr. Scott the report was adopted.

A communication from the Milwaukee Driving Club, asking for a continuation of their lease of privileges on State Fair Grounds for another year, was presented, and on motion of Mr. Wilcox, laid over until the annual meeting.

The Secretary presented a communication from the Secretary of the I. A. U., asking for the use of Fair Grounds for annual meet May 18th. Laid over until annual meeting.

A letter from President McKenny of Milwaukee. was read and the Secretary was authorized to proceed with publication of list of Educational premiums suggested by Mr. McKenny, and on motion of Mr. Roessler, the vote whereby \$700 was appropriated at last meeting, was re-considered, and increased to \$900.

On motion of Mr. Watrous, the State Superintendent's Office was asked to co-operate with us in advertising Educational Exhibit.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, Mr. Cox was authorized to investigate the propriety of securing an exhibit of minerals for next State Fair.

On motion of Mr. Wilcox, the Board asked for a continuance of a Committee of Conference from business Associations of Milwaukee.

On motion of Mr. Wylie, committees were ordered as follows: On Live Stock Classes—Wylie. Cox and Nordman.

Agriculture, Horticulture and Dairy—Scott, Herbst and Hill. Fine Arts and Woman's Work—Nelson, Everett and Fisher.

Speed and Special Attractions-Wilcox, Roessler and Watrous.

Messrs. Herbst, Roessler and Watrous were made a Committee on Audit of financial reports for year ending March 4th, 1907.

Adjourned.

JOHN M. TRUE, Secretary.

SECRETARY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

1906—April.

No.	From whom and for what.	Amour	ıt.
1.	Robert Phillip, sale of wood	1	53
	May.		
2.	J. W. Seideberg, suspension speed, 1905	150	00
3.	G. U. Fisher, collections	60	00
	June.		
4.	M. H. Gosche, suspension speed, 1905	13	75
5.	Chicago Poultry Supply House, entry	2	00
6.	G. U. Fisher, collections	112	00
7.	A. Pearson, suspension speed, 1905	33	90
	July.		
8.	C. J. Grubb, speed entry	50	00
9.	Fred Cline, speed entry	50	00
10.	Sutton & Bernard, speed entry	10	00
11.	Phillips Bros., speed entry	50	00
12.	G. U. Fisher, collections		00
13.	Champion Potato Machine Co., entry		00
14.	Dodge County, by F. J. Lindley, entry		00
15.	Oconto County, by R. A. Miniely, entry		00
16.	G. U. Fisher, collections		70
17.	Jerome Travis, suspension speed, 1902	33	00
August.			
18.	W. H. Stubblefield, withdrawal speed	75	00
19.	George J. Kepplinger, entry	2	00

No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
20.	W. J. Moyle, entry	2	UO
21.	A. W. & F. E. Fox, entry and stall rent	24	00
22.	George W. Saunders, withdrawal speed	75	00
23.	Isaac Stephenson, speed entry	50	00
24.	Augusta H. Wernich, entry	2	00
25.	Louise E. Wernich, entry	2	00
26.	Hoosier Drill Co., entry	2	00
27.	Lewis Lewellin & Sons, entry and stall rent	27	00
28.	Fred Vogel, Jr., entry	2	00
29.	Emil Falk, entry	2	00
30.	George E. Peterson, entry	2	00
31.	Jefferson County, by George Maurer, entry	2	00
32.	Sleep Bros., entry and stall rent	30	90
33.	Seymour Bros., entry and stall rent	16	00
34.	Alex. Klokner, entry	2	00
35.	Herman Goetsch, entry	2	00
36.	B. G. Bursch, entry	2	00
37.	Roberts Co., entry and stall rent	11	00
38.	J. H. Morris, entry	2	60
39.	Renk Bros., entry	2	00
40.	Howard Greene, entry and stall rent	12	00
41.	F. W. Huth, entry	2	00
42.	Mrs. Thomas Bowes, entry	2	90
43.	Swartz Bros., entry and stall rent	11	00
44.	Frank Bowar, entry	2	00
45.	F. W. Harding, entry	2	00
46.	Rust Bros., entry and stall rent	20	00
48.	Mrs. Lynn S. Pease, entries	4	00
47.	John A. Koenig, entry	2	00
49.	Void.		
50.	P. H. Kasper, entry	2	00
51.	U. L. Johnson, entry	2	90
52.	Silberzahn Gas Engine Co., entry	2	00
53.	Mrs. L. C. Huckstep, entry	2	00
54.	George W. Saunders, withdrawal speed	225	00
55.	W. J. Bernd, entry, stall and pen rent	20	10
56.	W. M. Jones, entry	2	00
57.	Walter Christian, entry	2	00
58.	Beaver Dam Mfg. Co., entry	2	90
69.	H. A. Kalk, entry		06
60.	Robert Naumann, entry	2	00

No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	ınt
61.	T. L. Magruder, withdrawal speed	25	0
62.	Hugh Wallace, entry	2	0(
63.	Jacob Kreuscher, Jr., entry and pen rent	7	00
64.	Peter Vredenburgh, withdrawal speed	60	90
65.	C. F. Brinkman, entry	2	00
66.	W. F. Krohn, entry	2	G
67.	O. R. McCormick, entry	2	90
68.	C. G. Senz, entry	2	90
69.	Ann Arbor Machine Co., entry	2	00
70.	Julia Bauman, entry	2	00
71.	Mrs. Louisa Wait, entry	2	00
72.	John Vogt, entry	2	00
73.	J. H. Elmer & Son, entry	2	00
74.	A. F. Krueger, entry	2	00
75.	G. J. Vogt, entry	2	00
76.	W. G. Bartholf, entry	2	00
77.	Richland Co. Horse Breeders' Assoc., entry and stal rent.	34	00
78.	G. A. Pence, withdrawal speed	30	00
79.	Arthur Kittinger, entry and coop rent	2	40
80.	Henry Barta, entry and coop rent	2	05
81.	F. H. Patten, entry	2	00
82.	Jos. K. Barta, Jr., entry and coop rent	2	45
83.	Pabst Stock Farm, entry and stall rent	53	00
84.	W. E. Prisk, entries	4	00
85.	E. J. Czamanske, entry	2	00
86.	W. P. Dunlap, entry	2	00
87.	F. H. Coriell, entry and pen rent	6	00
88.	Fritz Niederhauser, entry	2	00
89.	Jacob Slimmer, entry and stall rent	22	00
90.	F. E. McCormick, entry	2	00
91.	G. Vogel, entry	2	00
92.	H. J. Noblet, entry	2	00
93.	Schley Bos., entry and stall rent	10	00
93.	G. Muehlheiser, entry	2	00
95.	Sam Jones, entry and stall rent	16	00
96.	Louis Hasse, entry	2	00
97.	Mrs. T. P. Leonard, entry	2	00
98.	A. F. Guelzow, entry	2	00
99.	F. D. Conway, entry	6	50
100.	M. W. Hughes, entry		00
101	Hor Drog & Dounolds ontry and stall want	00	^^

No.	From whom and for what.	moun	t.
102.	Gentilly Dairy Assoc., entry	20	0
103.	Manlove Gate Co., entry	20	0
104	Samuel Erb, entry	20	U
105.	A. R. Radtke, entry	20	0
106.	A. C. Koopman, entry	20	0
107.	W. A. Voigt, entry	20	0
108.	W. Woodard, entry	2 0	0
109.	Henry Tennessen, entry and stall rent	9 0	0
110.	Etzler & Moses, entry	2 0	O
111.	William Smiley, entry and stall rent	12 0	0
112.	W. J. Kelly, entry	2 .0	0
113.	Eastview Stock Farm, withdrawal speed	300 0	0
114.	J. McD. Randles, entry	20	0
115.	J. T. Edwards, entry and stall rent	10 0	0
116.	Waukesha County, by John Grape, entry	2 0	0
117.	W. J. Martin, entry and pen rent	45	0
118.	Mrs. W. F. Borges, entry	20	0
119.	Walter Meyers, entry	2 0	0
120.	M. W. Reed, entry and pen rent	4 5	0
121.	Alex. Schaller, entry	20	0
122.	John H. Williams, entry and stall rent	24 Ú	0
123.	Ed Wunsch, entry	20	0
124.	A. & F. Norenberg, entry	2 0	Ю
125.	E. O. Siggelkow, entry	2 9	0
126.	A. M. Fiebrantz, entry	20	0
127.	Mrs. S. J. Nelson, entry	2 0	0
128.	J. C. Andras, entry and stall rent	12 0	0
129.	H. L. Mueller, entry	2 0	0
130.	F. E. Purdy, entry	2 0	0
131.	Chris. Kraak, entry	20	0
132.	C. F. Langhilde, entry	2 0	0
133.	Mrs. S. J. Curtis, entry	2 0	Ю
134.	William W. Vaughn & Sons, entry	20	Q
135.	Mrs. H. J. Nicholson, entry	2 0	0
136.	John C. Robinson, entry	2 0	0
137.	Mrs. William Sweeney, entry	2 0	0
138.	R. Conrad, entry	2 0	0
139.	Pioneer Fruit Farm, entry	2 0	0
140.	James Hogan, entry and pen rent	4 0	0
141.	M. D. Cuningham, entry and stall rent	20 0	()
142.	Pabst Stock Farm, box stall rent	3 0	O

No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
143.	A. R. Ives, entry	2	ÚΨ
144.	Mrs. J. E. Mielke, entry	2	99
145.	A. J. Roycroft, entry	2	00
146.	Frank Shepherd, entry	2	00
147.	Mrs. A. F. Talbert, entry	2	90
148.	Weaver Bros., entry	2	0υ
149.	John F. Weaver, entry	2	00
150.	Otto R. Wiegand, entry	2	00
151.	Arnold Grimm, entry	2	00
152.	August Brandt, entry	2	00
153.	J. C. Weber, entry	2	00
154.	Fred Lueder, entry	2	99
155.	Frank Shersmith, entry	2	00
156.	Ole Hansen, entry	2	00
157.	E. L. Duxbury, entry	2	90
158.	J. F. Weber, entry	2	00
159.	Automatic Carrier Co., entry	2	00
160.	A. G. Morner, entry	. 2	00
161.	Mrs. Lydia E. Welsh, entry	2	00
162.	Eastman Bros., entry	2	60
	September.		
163.	H. W. Ayers, entry	_	00
164.	George Martin, entry and pen rent	6	00
165.	James T. Britt, entry		00
166.	S. B. Cook, entry		00
167.	J. J. Jackson, entry		00
168.	W. F. Gremke, entry	_	00
169.	Adam Seitz, entry		00
170.	E. D. Jones & Son, entry and stall rent		00
171.	A. J. Benedict, entry		ÛØ
172.	W. Lund, entry		00
173.	E. J. Fargo, entry and stall rent	16	00
174.	Mrs. C. G. Lee, entry	. 2	ÇO
175.	L. A. Goodchild, entry	_	00
176.	J. C. Post, entry	2	00
177.	William Haag, entry		00
178.	Albert Beaumont, entry and pen rent		50
179.	R. C. Jones, entry		00
180.	J. Roy Gordon, entry and pen rent		50
404	Mary Cl. 73 Character and and		~^



No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
182.	Mrs. L. Sheldon, entry	2	00
183.	J. H. Pilgrim, entry	2	60
184.	Robert Pilgrim, entry	. 2	00
185.	Robert Pilgrim, entry	2	00
186.	S. L. Mann, entry and stall rent	4	U
187.	Walter H. Whitside, entry and stall rent	5	UO
188.	G. E. Greenwood, entry	. 2	ΰ
189.	Lydia Wollenburg, entry	. 2	00
190.	Mrs. W. P. Wegner, entry	. 2	00
191.	Mrs. S. W. Poppe, entry	. 2	00
192.	Mrs. C. G. Porter, entry	. 2	00
193.	C. C. Vanderwalker, entry	2	Ú0
195.	B. F. Devoe, entry and stall rent		00
194.	Lizzie Mayer, entry	. 2	00
196.	Hugo Wilkowski, entry	. 2	00
197.	William Fox, entry	. 2	O(
198.	J. E. Boettcher, entry	2	00
199.	Alfred Anderson, entry		00
200.	E. L. Benedict, entry and pen rent	. 4	00
201.	Fisher & Fisher, entry	. 2	00
202.	A. W. Zimerman, entry		00
203.	A. L. Kleeber, entry		00
204.	Clara D. Martin & Son, entry and coop rent	. 2	45
205.	E. W. Schloemer, entry		υO
206.	Ella C. Daniels, entry	. 2	00
207.	L. L. Bolstead, entry	2	00
208.	Geo. G. Humphrey, entry	. 2	00
209.	Edwin Hed, entry		00
210.	Anton Henseler, entry		00
211.	Grace Brodesser, entry	. 2	00
212.	Mrs. A. D. Stoppenbach, entry	2	00
213.	Josephine Stoppenbach, entry		00
214.	Ed Finn, entry and stall rent	14	00
215.	Owen Failey, entry	2	00
216.	Arthur Ott, entry and stall rent		00
217.	Chandler Bros., entry		00
218.	Mrs. R. H. Talbutt, entry		00
219.	E. B. Melendy, entry		00
220.	Jacob Baehler, entry		00
221.	Louden Machine Co., entry		00
222.	William Korb, entries and coop rent		05

NO.	from whom and for what.	Amou	ınt.
223.	L. C. Sweet, entry	. 2	00
224.	F. E. Snyder, entry		00
225.	W. F. Pilgrim, entry	. 2	ΰü
226.	Alfred Pilgrim, entry	. 2	00
227.	D. T. Pilgrim, entry		00
228.	A. Cole, tentry	. 2	90
229.	Henry Donner, entry		00
230.	F. E. Anderson, entry	. 2	00
231.	Frank Wisner, entry		00
232.	J. H. Field, entry		00
233.	Dartmor Poultry Yards, entry		00
234.	W. B. Constantine, entry		00
235.	Stoughton Wagon Co., entry		00
236.	Stangel & Molitor, entry		00
237.	T. Carroll, entry and stall rent		00
238.	W. H. Edwards, entry		00
239.	W. J. Feind, entry		00
240.	Mrs. F. J. Granger, entry		00
241.	A. N. Kelly, entry		00
242.	Ruth R. Shults, entry		00
243.	E. L. Beers, entry		00
244.	Fred W. Borne, entry		00
245.	A. J. Wileman, entry		00
246.	N. M. Jewell, entry		00
247.	Phoebe S. Wilbur, entry		00
248.	L. J. Warner, entry		00
249.	C. D. Johnson, entry		00
250.	Humbert & White, entry		00
251.	Charles H. Paust, entry		00
2 52.	L. Dabareiner, entry		00
253.	Mrs. J. Gramza, entry		00
254.	Frank Blumenstein, entry		00
255.	Frank Spars, entry		00
256.	Viola Abert, entry		00
257.	Mrs. Susie Abert, entry		00
258.	H. C. Melcher, entry		00
259.	Mrs. John E. Winn, entry.		15
260.	Reliance Iron & Engine Co., entry		: 00
261.	D. Sheldon, entry		00
262.	Mrs. A. Kingsbury, entry		00
263.	Mrs. E. C. Hoffman, entry		00

No.	From whom and for what.	mou	ut.
264.	Frank Hammann, entry	2	90
265.	Forest County, by M. S. Barker, entry	2	00
266.	Mrs. Henry Fischer, entry	2	θú
267.	E. J. Thomas, entry	2	00
268.	R. W. Rowlands, entry and stall rent	8	00
269.	Geo. C. Blodgett, entry	2	00
270.	H. N. Thompson, entry	2	90
271.	W. H. Reed, entry and pen rent	12	00
272.	Western Malleable & Grey Iron Mfg. Co., entry	2	00
273.	Hans Berg, entry and stall rent	14	60
274.	Dr. A. J. Richter, entry	2	00
275.	R. B. Dobrogowski, entry and coop rent	6	75
276.	Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, entry and coop rent	6	75
277.	Geo. Ineichen & Son, entry and pen rent	.5	00
278.	J. D. Hatch, entry and stall rent	18	00
279.	Progress Blue Ribbon Stud, entry	2	00
280.	Robert Flint, entry and pen rent	3	50
281.	Dor L. Hull, entry and stall rent	8	00
282.	W. B. Austin, entry and stall rent	5	00
283.	Geo. B. Buck & Co., entry	2	00
284.	Ernest Cobb, entry	2	90
285.	W. D. Becker, entry and pen rent	3	50
286.	J. G. Hickox, entry and stall rent	6	00
287.	J. R. Love, entry and coop rent	3	70
288.	E. A. Smith, entry	2	00
289.	A. W. Dopke, entry and stall rent	20	00
290.	Wash Cortner & Sons, entry and stall rent	8	00
291.	F. P. Bishop, entry and pen rent	2	50
292.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	335	60
293.	Nick Grimm, entry and stall rent	16	00
294.	Harrie Jones, withdrawal speed	250	00
295.	Martin Engbretson, entry	2	00
296.	N. E. Possley, entry	2	00
297.	Mrs. L. M. Buell, entry	2	UO
298.	A. F. Westphal, entry	2	90
299.	E. H. Williams, entry and coop rent	4	90
300.	William C. Boldt, entry	2	00
301.	Fred Blaser, entry	2	00
302.	Ed Wittwer & Bro., entry	2	00
303.	F. Grimm, entry	2	90
304.	Walter C. Boldt, entry	2	00

No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
305.	J. Weisensel, entry	2	00
306.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	204	υu
307.	Pittsburg Steel Co., entry	2	00
308.	John M. Dunlop, entry	2	θU
309.	George Jeffery, entry	2	00
310.	W. H. Van Schaick, entry	2	00
311.	Mrs. A. W. Lehman, entry	2	90
312.	Alex. Stewart Lumber Co., entry and stall rent	16	00
313.	Mrs. W. E. Langenberg, entry	2	00
314.	John Grape, entry	2	90
315.	G. F. Randall, entry	2	00
316.	A. H. Knoke, entries	4	00
317.	F. W. Bartelt, entry	2	UO
318.	George Diesch, entry	10	00
319.	John Hoeffner, entry	2	00
320.	Murphy Bros., entry	2	00
321.	G. M. Matzwick, entry	2	00
322.	Mrs. J. W. Cutler, entry	2	90
323.	S. W. Hardy, entry	2	00
324.	R. C. Ganschow, entry	2	υO
325.	E. A. Paddock, entry	2	Ġθ
326.	Math Meyer, entry	2	00
327.	Charles Sass, entry	2	00
328.	L. J. Dack, entry	2	00
329.	Mrs. J. H. McRostie, entry	2	00
330.	O. A. Kielsmeyer, entry	2	90
331.	L. A. Jansen, entry and coop rent	5	00
332.	Isabell Jansen, entry and coop rent	2	25
333.	Ida M. Dunning, entry	Z	00
334.	Frank L. Schlick, entry	2	00
335.	W. J. Clark, entry	2	60
336.	F. A. Viergutz, entry	2	00
337.	George Mullen, entry	2	00
338.	A. E. McLane, entry	2	90
339.	Star Laundry Company, wagon ticket	2	00
340.	Parry Mfg. Co., entry	2	90
341.	Mrs. P. M. Kynaston, entry	2	00
342.	Mrs. A. Le Feber, entry	2	00
343.	Albert R. Zier, entry	2	00
344.	William Toole, entry	2	00
345.	Stauffacher & Roth, entry	2	00

No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
346.	Frank J. Lindley, entry	2	00
347.	McLay Bros., entry and stall rent	30	00
348.	W. J. Hyne, entry	2	00
349.	J. A. Stetler, entry	2	00
350 .	William Winder, entry	2	00
351.	H. W Austin, entry	2	00
352.	John Hans, entry	2	00
353.	A. D. Brown, entry	2	00
354.	Mrs. L. W. Barnes, entry	2	00
355.	Mrs. John Hans, entry	2	00
356.	Eli Crall & Son, entry and pen rent	7	50
357.	Thomas O'Neill, entry	2	00
358.	Sarah Giblin, entry	2	00
359.	Casper Olson, entry	2	00
360.	J. C. Land, entry	2	00
361.	Dawson Bros., entry and coop rent	9	70
362.	Meta L. Baker, entry	2	15
363.	Minnie Dykins, entry	2	00
364.	Dela May, entry	2	00
365.	Lindsay Bros., entry	2	00
366.	Mrs. E. L. Douville, entry	2	00
367.	Fred Vogel, Jr., stall rent	20	00
368.	Mrs. H. L. Bertram, entry	2	00
369.	Luella Cooke, entry	2	00
370.	Lucile Cooke, entry	2	00
371.	Joseph Volz, entry	2	00
372.	Daiey & Wells, entry	2	00
373.	Richard P. Morrison, entry	2	00
374.	Mrs. J. R. Bosshardt, entry	2	00
375.	H. W. Koerner, entry	2	00
376.	Milwaukee Hay Tool Co., entry	2	90
377.	Etan M. Strohm, entry	2	00
378.	Van W. Pipal, entry	2	00
379.	Anna G. Billerbeck, entry	2	00
380.	C. A. Bremer, entry	2	00
381.	Geo. W. Kreul, entry	2	00
382.	Alex. Galbraith & Son, entry and stall rent	28	00
383.	Emma J. Davis, entry		00
384.	A. N. Finstad, entry	2	00
385.	R. S. Witte, entry and stall rent		00
386.	Peter Mrotek, entry		00

NO.	From whom and for what.	Amou	ınt.
387.	Telfer Bros., entry	. 2	00
388.	Lloyd Jones Bros., entry	. 2	00
389.	John Lord, entry	. 2	00
390.	Chas. Casper, entry	. 2	? 00
391.	Eleanor Weiskopf, payment on entry	. 1	00
392.	F. B. Fargo, entry	. 2	00
393.	F. P. Bishop, pen rent	. 2	90
394.	William Augstein, entry	. 2	00
395.	Mrs. T. W. Baker, entry	. 2	00
396.	J. F. Bachman, entry	. 2	00
397.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	100	00
398.	Al Kroeger, entry	2	00
399.	The Thomas Mfg. Co., entry	. 2	00
400.	Geo. W. Kemp, entry	. 2	00
401.	Rock County, by E. Gabriel, entry	. 2	00
402.	Marjorie W. Nethercut, entry	. 2	00
403.	J. I. Case Plow Co., entry	. 2	00
404.	The Anderson Carriage Co., entry	. 10	50
405.	C. G. Loeber, entries Department E	. 10	50
406.	Durant-Dort Carriage Co., entry	. 2	00
407.	Mrs. F. W. Seymour, entry	. 2	00
408.	J. F. Dabareiner, entry	. 2	90
409.	Appleton Mfg. Co., entry	. 2	00
410.	Ernest Stolp & Co., entry	. 2	00
411.	La Crosse Plow Co., entry	. 2	00
412.	R. L. Adams, entry	. 2	00
413.	C. T. Gilbert, entry	. 2	00
414.	Mrs. H. E. Davis, entry	2	00
415.	Mrs. Martin Dreyfus, entry	2	90
416.	Mrs. Edna L. Sinsel, entry	2	00
417.	Creamery Supply Mfg. Co., entry	2	00
418.	Henry J. Shulte, entry	. 2	90
419.	Shadbolt & Boyd Iron Co., entry	2	00
420.	Elsie Mayer, entry	. 2	00
421.	Sandwich Mfg. Co., entry	. 2	00
422.	The J. B. Ford Co., entry	. 2	00
423.	Mrs. J. C. Davis, entry	2	00
424.	International Harvester Co., entry	2	00
425.	Mrs. Henry Butler, entry	2	00
426.	Noll Bros., entry	2	90
427.	Gale Mfg. Co., entry	2	00

No.	From whom and for what.	nounc.
428.	Arthur Rorgue, entry	2 90
429.	D. M. Sechler, entry	2 00
430.	J. Glicke, wagon ticket	2 00
431.	Mrs. G. H. Reinhardt, entry	2 00
432.	Mrs. H. S. Rice, entry	2 00
433.	Wheeler Bros., wagon ticket	2 00
434.	R. S. Sheldon, entry	2 00
435.	The Althouse-Wheeler Co., entry	2 00
436.	Charles T. Hill, entry	2 00
437.	Mrs. H. Kuehn, entry	2 00
438.	Mrs. H. W. Haskell, entry	2 00
439.	Monitor Drill Co., entry	2 00
440.	R. E. Raedisch, entry	2 00
441.	Katie Schottola, entry	2 00
442.	Milwaukee Gardeners' Assoc., entry	2 00
443.	Dowagiac Mfg. Co., entry	2 00
444.	L. Atkins, entry	2 00
445.	Mrs. Caroline Federmeyer, entry	2 00
446.	Laura J. Lapham, entry	2 00
447.	Aug. A. Blanck, entry	2 00
448.	Armour & Co., entry	2 00
449.	Fred Allee, entry	2 00
450.	Mrs. Robert Ramsey, entry	2 00
451.	J. S. Palmer, entry	2 00
452.	F. H. Harms, entry	2 00
453.	Jacob Theisen, entry	2 00
454.	F. A. Flynn, entry	2 00
455.	W. L. Boas, entry	2 00
456.	Anthony Spalthoff, entry	2 00
457.	Boots & Stier, entry and coop rent	7 70
458.	Progress Blue Ribbon Stud, entry	2 00
459.	Robert Hardy, entry	2 00
460.	F. R. Austerman, entry and coop rent	3 00
461.	D. W. Powell, entry	2 00
462.	Mrs. R. Smith, entry	2 00
463.	A. J. Fraser, entry	2 90
464.	Collections Speed Department	125 00
465.	Mrs. Elizabeth Sykes, entry	2 00
466.	Mrs. C. D. Boettcher, entry	2 90
467.	Fuller & Johnson Mfg. Co., entry	2 00
468.	Worcester Salt Co., entry	2 00
469.	W. H. Steele, entry	2 Co

140.	From whom and for what.	Amo	ant
470.	Harland Bros., entry	. 2	3 00
471.	Geo. W. Tultenz, entry	. 2	90
472.	Vermont Farm Machine Co., entry	. 2	00
473.	Fuller & Johnson Mfg. Co., entry	. 2	00
474.	C. L. Passmore, entry	. 2	00
475.	Jennie Rietveldt, entry	2	00
476.	K. J. Muir, entry	2	00
477.	S. S. Rich, entry	2	10
478.	William F. Engelland, entry	2	00
479.	Hastings Industrial Co., entry	2	00
480.	Mrs. H. Arends, entry	2	00
481.	Mrs. P. A. Chase, entry	2	00
482.	Mrs. A. E. Pierce, entry	2	00
483.	The Creamery Package Mfg. Co., entry	2	00
484.	The De Laval Separator Co., entry	2	00
485.	Deere & Mansur, entry	2	00
486.	Deere & Co., entry	2	90
487.	F. Meixner, wagon ticket	2	90
488.	T. B. McCauley, entry	2	00
489.	Joe De Gellecke, entry	2	90
490.	Hans Berg, entry	2	00
491.	Louise L. Dorr, entry	2	00
492.	P. E. Geimer, entry	2	00
493.	A. H. Barber Creamery Supply Co., entry	2	00
494.	J. J. Reid, entry	2	00
4 95.	H. Daniels, entry	2	00
496.	Clinton Kinney, entry	2	CO.
497.	A. O. Heilman, entry	2	00
498 .	C. Williamson, entries and coop rent	9	G0
499 .	W. A. Patterson Co., entry	2	00
501.	Sharples Separator Co., entry	2	00
501.	Sharples Separator Co., entry	2	00
502.	G. R. Schubert, entry	2	00
503.	Elmwood Pigeon & Poultry Farm, entry	2	00
504.	J. P. Heer, entry and coop rent	3	95
505.	J. Conrad, entry and coop rent	2	30
506.	Frick Co., entry	2	00
5 07 .	Rosenthal Corn Husker Co., entry	2	90
508.	Mrs. J. L. Grover, entry	2	00
509.	Douville Dairy Co., supply wagon ticket	2	00
110	Zook Kinne entmy	9	۸۸

No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
511.	Parsons' B. C. & S. F. Co., entry	2	00
512.	Cressy & Johnson, entry	. 2	00
513.	Staver Carriage Co., entry		00
514.	Isabel Clapp, entry	2	00
515.	Carol Clapp, entry	2	00
516.	Bennie Hans, entry	2	00
517.	Currie Bros. Co., entry	2	00
518.	Mrs. B. Wichser, entry	2	00
519.	Buffalo-Pitts Co., entry	2	00
520 .	Empire Cream Separator Co., entry	2	00
52 1.	W. E. James, Mfg. Co., entry	2	nυ
522 .	Huber Mfg. Co., entry	2	00
523 .	Willis Pollock, entry	2	90
524 .	Jacob Diehl, entry	2	00
525.	Ina Lean, entry	2	•)0
526 .	Jenny C. Lloyd, entry	2	00
527.	John C. Schulz, entry	2	00
528 .	Void.		
529 .	Inez Harlacher, entry	2	60
530 .	Mrs. L. Yanke, entry	2	00
531.	Drew Elevator Carrier Co., entry	2	00
532.	Racine Sattley Co., entry	2	10
533.	Bateman Mfg. Co., entry	2	90
534.	Void.		
53 5.	Void.		
536 .	Iowa County, by A. N. Kelly, entry	2	00
537.	Peoria Drill & Seeder Co., entry	2	00
538.	T. T. Hoffman, supply wagon	2	00
539 .	Hunt-Helm-Ferris Co., entry	2	00
540.	R. J. Schwab & Son Co., entry	2	00
541.	Mrs. J. C. Brandel, entry	2	00
542.	Mrs. W. F. Grimshaw, entry	2	00
543.	Wis. Red Polled Breeders' Assoc., special premium	50	00
544 .	Janesville Machine Co., entry	2	00
545.	E. F. Ingold, entry	2	00
546.	H. Wolf, entry and coop rent	2	65
547.	Mrs. F. V. McBeath, entry	2	00
548.	William Peffer, entry	2	00
549.	Tensine Matzen, entry	2.	00
550.	Mrs. J. F. Roe, entry	2	00
551.	Dr. J. F. Roe, entry and coop rent	4	25
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No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	nt
552.	Mrs. A. Krause, entry	2	00
553.	Van Brunt Mfg. Co., entry	2	00
554.	Mrs. L. E. Greenleaf, entry	2	00
555.	International Salt Co., entry	2	00
556.	Lavaline Mfg. Co., entry	2	00
557.	Marie Holman, entry	2	00
558.	Daphne Hunt, entry	2	00
55 9 .	John E. Hartley, entry	2	60
5 6 0.	A. F. Love, entry	2	90
561.	Adams County, by Geo. E. Reynolds, entry	2	00
562.	J. Dorsch & Sons, entry	2	00
563.	Fish Bros. Wagon Co., entry	2	00
564.	Mrs. F. A. Blankenhorn, entry	2	60
56 5.	Fay Lewis & Bros. Co., supply wagon ticket	2	00
566.	J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co., entry	2	00
567.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	473	90
568.	Sutter & Jacobi Co., entries	6	00
569.	John C. Weber, entry and coop rent	2	25
570.	F. P. Adler, wagon ticket	3	00
571.	Ferdinand Vanselow, entry	2	00
572.	Herman Vanselow, entry	10	75
573.	Fairbanks-Morse Co., entry	2	00
574.	Elsie Gerlach, entry	2	00
575.	Hoppe & Morris Cement Post Co., entry	2	00
576.	La Porte Carriage Co., entry	. 2	00
577.	C. G. Voland, entry	2	00
578.	Walter Sullivan, entry	2	00
579.	Veronica Sullivan, entry	2	00
580.	Idle Hour Poultry Yards, entry	2	60
581.	W. J. Williamson, entry	2	00
582.	Mrs. H. P. Weissenborn, entry	2	00
583.	A. C. Bandlow, supply wagon ticket	2	00
584.	Clara M. Bodden, entry	2	00
585.	Mrs. A. F. White, entry	2	00
586.	S. F. Freeman & Sons, entry	2	90
587.	E. D. Ochsner, entry	2	00
588.	J. J. Ochsner, entry	2	90
589.	C. M. Theile, entry		GO
590.	Eleanor C. Hansen, entry		00
591.	Anna Reiter, entry		00
592.	Lillian Zimmerman, entry		00
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No.	From whom and for what.	mou	nt.
594.	J. B. Rowell Co., entry	2	00
595 .	G. I. Gullicksen, entry	2	60
596.	J. M. Johnson, entry	2	00
597 .	Edgewood Farms, entry	2	00
598.	Mrs. H. D. Broker, entry	2	00
599.	Mrs. H. Rahte, entry	2	60
600.	D. Maercklein, entry	2	00
601.	Joseph Holub, entry	2	00
602.	Clarence Salentine, entry	2	00
603.	Laura Corbielle, entry	2	00
604.	Mrs. J. B. Kynaston, entry	2	00
605.	Mrs. Geo. E. Meade, entry	2	00
606.	Mrs. A. E. Schaub, entry	2	00
607.	Wernich Seed Co., entry	2	00
608.	Ferdinand Vanselow, coop rent		40
609.	Dain Mfg. Co., entry	2	00
610.	Mitchell Carrier Mfg. Co., entry	2	00
611.	W. G. Taylor, wagon ticket	2	00
612.	Albert Elsner, Jr., entry	2	00
613.	Tom Busabachi, entry	2	00
611.	Peter Rotier, entry	2	00
615.	Hirsch Bros., entry	2	00
616.	S. L. Allen Co., entry	2	00
617.	Boerth & Borth Co., two wagon tickets	4	00
618.	Olsen & Richardson, entry	2	00
€19.	Chas, Budilisky, wagon ticket	2	00
620.	Kate Forrer, entry	2	00
621.	A. M. Schulz, entry and coop rent	2	35
622.	Mrs. H. J. Quinn, entry	2	00
623.	Keller & Schuler, entry	2	00
624.	Mrs. E. Willas Heileasaeter, entry	2	00
625.	Mrs. Amanda Pagels, entry	2	00
626.	Pasbrig Bros., entry and coop rent	4	90
627.	H. T. Seeman, entry	2	00
628.	H. Wolf, coop rent		15
629.	H. Groh, wagon ticket	2	90
630.	Mrs. Ed. O. Byrne, entry	2	00
631.	Cook Mfg. Co., entry	2	00
632.	M. E. Dining Hall, wagon ticket		00
633.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	392	
634.	J. S. Nowak, entry		60
635.	Robt. Guentzel, entry and coop rent	4	10

No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
636.	H. Kretchmer, entry and coop rent	. 3	40
637.	O. E. Knoke, entry	. 2	00
638.	Eleanor Weiskopf, balance entry	. 1	00
639.	Ben Roan entry	. 2	Ú0
640.	M. J. Mahlik, entry	. 2	00
641.	Mrs. P. C. Radloff, entry	. 2	00
642.	W. O. Stanton, entry	. 2	90
643.	Ziegler & Grosskopf, entry	. 2	00
644.	Geo. J. Kellogg & Sons, entry	. 2	90
645.	H. A. Main, entry	. 2	90
646.	G. H. Neilson, entry	. 4	00
647.	M. G. Douma, entry	. 2	00
648.	H. Lewis, entry	. 2	00
649.	H. W. Priebe, entry	. 2	00
65 0.	Dr. Max Staehle, entry and coop rent	. 2	25
651.	F. Hadler, entry	. 2	00
652.	Geo. Gallaway, entry	. 2	00
653.	Wagner Bros., entry	. 2	00
654.	Harry Markert, entry	. 2	00
65 5.	John Markert, entry	. 2	00
656.	John Graf, supply wagon ticket	. 3	00
657.	Atlas Bread Co., wagon ticket	. 2	00
658.	W. Ziegler, entry	. 2	00
659.	M. P. & S. E. Lantz, entry	. 2	00
660.	F. Lounsbury, enteries	. 4	00
661.	C. Gerlach, entry	. 2	2 00
662.	R. J. Schaefen, entry	. 2	2 70
663.	Eddie Finn, entry	. 2	2 00
664.	Mrs. W. Peters, entry	. 2	2 00
665.	Wisconsin Carriage Co., entry	. :	2 00
666.	Lily Ackman, entry	. :	2 00
667.	David Bradley Co. of Wisconsin, entry	. :	2 00
668.	W. B. Barney, stall rent.	. :	3 00
669 .	H. B. Daggett, wagon ticket	. :	2 00
670.	F. C. Simonet, wagon ticket		2 30
671.	Union Bottling Works, wagon ticket		2 00
672.	F. M. Wright, wagon ticket		2 00
673.	The C. P. & J. Lauson Co., entry	. :	2 00
674.	E. L. Husting, supply wagon		3 00
67 5.	Void.		
050	A D Nite Women Holtof		ഹെ

677. Holcomb Bros., wagon ticket. 3 00 678. Forage and Transportation Department 60 00 679. Geo. Schmid, wagon ticket 2 00 680. Johnson & Field, entry 2 00 681. M. Blumberg, wagon ticket 2 00 682. Velie Carriage Co., entry 2 00 683. Moline Wagon Co., entry 2 90 684. Speed Department 280 00 685. A. B. Hoyt, entry 2 00 686. B. Brill, wagon ticket 2 00 687. C. F. Nobles, wagon ticket 2 00 688. Cyclone Fence Co., entry 2 00 689. W. Warner, wagon ticket 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon ticket 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon ticket 2 00 <	No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
679. Geo. Schmid, wagon ticket	677.	Holcomb Bros., wagon ticket	3	00
680. Johnson & Field, entry 2 00 681. M. Blumberg, wagon ticket 2 0b 682. Velie Carriage Co., entry 2 00 683. Moline Wagon Co., entry 2 00 684. Speed Department 280 00 685. A. B. Hoyt, entry 2 00 686. B. Brill, wagon ticket 2 00 687. C. F. Nobles, wagon ticket 2 00 688. Cyclone Fence Co., entry 2 00 689. W. Warner, wagon ticket 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon ticket 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon ticket 2 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket 2 00 701. Skiles Bakery Co., entry 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry 2 00	678.	Forage and Transportation Department	60	90
681. M. Blumberg, wagon ticket. 2 00 682. Velie Carriage Co., entry. 2 00 683. Moline Wagon Co., entry. 2 90 684. Speed Department. 280 00 685. A. B. Hoyt, entry. 2 00 686. B. Brill, wagon ticket. 2 00 687. C. F. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 688. Cyclone Fence Co., entry. 2 00 689. W. Warner, wagon ticket. 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket. 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 701. Skiles Bakery Co., entry. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 00 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00	679.	Geo. Schmid, wagon ticket	2	90
681. M. Blumberg, wagon ticket. 2 00 682. Velie Carriage Co., entry. 2 00 683. Moline Wagon Co., entry. 2 90 684. Speed Department. 280 00 685. A. B. Hoyt, entry. 2 00 686. B. Brill, wagon ticket. 2 00 687. C. F. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 688. Cyclone Fence Co., entry. 2 00 689. W. Warner, wagon ticket. 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket. 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 701. Skiles Bakery Co., entry. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 00 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00	680.	Johnson & Field, entry	·2	00
682. Velie Carriage Co., entry. 2 00 683. Moline Wagon Co., entry. 2 90 684. Speed Department. 280 00 685. A. B. Hoyt, entry. 2 00 686. B. Brill, wagon ticket. 2 90 687. C. F. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 688. Cyclone Fence Co., entry. 2 00 689. W. Warner, wagon ticket. 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket. 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent 3 90 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon ticket. 2 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 701. Skiles Bakery Co., entry. 2 00 702.	681.		2	90
683. Moline Wagon Co., entry. 2 90 684. Speed Department. 280 00 685. A. B. Hoyt, entry. 2 00 686. B. Brill, wagon ticket. 2 00 687. C. F. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 688. Cyclone Fence Co., entry. 2 00 689. W. Warner, wagon ticket. 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket. 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 90 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon ticket. 2 50 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., entry. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703.	682.		2	00
684. Speed Department. 280 00 685. A. B. Hoyt, entry. 2 00 686. B. Brill, wagon ticket. 2 00 687. C. F. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 688. Cyclone Fence Co., entry. 2 00 689. W. Warner, wagon ticket. 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket. 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon ticket. 2 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 00 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 00 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 7070. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2	683.		2	90
685. A. B. Hoyt, entry. 2 00 686. B. Brill, wagon ticket. 2 00 687. C. F. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 688. Cyclone Fence Co., entry. 2 00 689. W. Warner, wagon ticket. 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket. 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon ticket. 2 50 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 00 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00	684.		280	00
686. B. Brill, wagon ticket. 2 00 687. C. F. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 688. Cyclone Fence Co., entry. 2 00 689. W. Warner, wagon ticket. 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket. 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket 2 00 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 00 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 708. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket.	685.		2	00
687. C. F. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 00 688. Cyclone Fence Co., entry. 2 00 689. W. Warner, wagon ticket. 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket. 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket 2 00 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 00 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 708. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00 710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, en	686.		2	00
688. Cyclone Fence Co., entry. 2 00 689. W. Warner, wagon ticket. 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket. 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 90 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 00 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 708. O. F. Roessler, privileges 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00 710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, entry. 2 00 711. Miller & Co., wagon tic	687.		2	00
689. W. Warner, wagon ticket. 2 00 690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket. 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 90 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 00 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00 <tr< td=""><td>688.</td><td></td><td>2</td><td>00</td></tr<>	688.		2	00
690. J. H. Gevaart, wagon ticket. 2 00 691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 90 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 00 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 708. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00	689.		2	00
691. Smith Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 90 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 00 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 708. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00 710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, entry. 2 00 711. Miller & Co., wagon ticket. 2 90	690.			
692. Alma Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent. 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 90 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 00 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 708. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00 710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, entry. 2 00 711. Miller & Co., wagon ticket. 2 00	691.			
693. George Cooke, entry and coop rent 3 00 694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 90 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 00 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 708. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket 2 00 710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, entry. 2 00 711. Miller & Co., wagon ticket 2 00	692.	Alma Mfg. Co., entry	2	00
694. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 904 50 695. The John Lauson Mfg. Co., entry. 2 00 696. C. J. Amberson, wagon ticket. 2 00 697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 90 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 00 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 708. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00 710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, entry. 2 00 711. Miller & Co., wagon ticket. 2 90	693.			
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697. P. Frieden, wagon ticket. 2 00 698. D. Jenner, entry. 2 00 699. Smith-Blodgett, wagon tickets. 4 00 700. M. H. Nobles, wagon ticket. 2 50 701. Skiles Bakery Co., wagon ticket. 2 00 702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 00 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 00 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 00 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 708. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00 710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, entry. 2 00 711. Miller & Co., wagon ticket. 2 00	696.			
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702. Philip Casey Co., entry. 2 no. 703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 90 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 90 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 708. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00 710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, entry. 2 00 711. Miller & Co., wagon ticket. 2 90	701.			
703. Wagner & Gohres, wagon ticket. 2 90 704. New Way Motor Co., entry. 2 00 705. Adrian Wire Fence Co., entry. 2 90 706. C. J. Mogle, entry. 2 00 707. B. Gross, wagon ticket. 2 00 708. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00 710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, entry. 2 00 711. Miller & Co., wagon ticket. 2 90	702.			
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708. O. F. Roessler, privileges. 425 00 709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00 710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, entry. 2 00 711. Miller & Co., wagon ticket. 2 90	707.			
709. A. F. Donner, wagon ticket. 2 00 710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, entry. 2 00 711. Miller & Co., wagon ticket. 2 90	708.			
710. A. A. Arnold & Sons, entry	709.			-
711. Miller & Co., wagon ticket	710.			
	711.			
712. W. J. Lamper, wagon ticket	712.	W. J. Lamper, wagon ticket	-	
713. J. P. Anderson & Son, entry	713.			
714. My Laundry Co., wagon ticket			_	• •
715. M. Carpenter Bakery Co., wagon ticket				
716. Severance Tank Co., entry				
717. Smalley Mfg. Co., entry			_	

No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	ınt.
718.	J. J. Rodig, entry	. 2	00
719.	J. Hannon, entry	. 2	UO
720.	Admission on supply wagon	•	50
721.	Racine Hatcher Co., entry	. 2	00
722.	Corn Belt Mfg. Co. entry	. 2	00
723.	Hurley Machine Co., entry	. 2	OU
724.	H. Lopousch, wagon ticket	. 2	00
725.	R. A. Sullivan, wagon ticket	. 2	90
726.	P. L. Sherer, wagon ticket	2	90
727.	G. A. Behnke, wagon ticket	. 2	00
728.	Dixon & Deaner, entry	. 2	00
729.	Stahler & Greeley, wagon ticket	2	00
730.	Dr. Oscar Strauss, entry	. 2	90
731.	Dr. Lewis J. Daniels, entry	. 2	00
732.	Helen Roddy, 'entry	. 2	00
733.	Collins Plow Co., entry	2	Oυ
734.	W. A .McHenry, entry	. 2	00
735.	Milwaukee Machine Co., entry	. 2	υú
736.	Void.		
737.	J. L. Owens Co., entry	. 2	90
738.	Chas. Naumann, wagon ticket		00
739.	William Tegge, entry	• 2	00
740.	Rust, Bros., supply ticket		00
741.	A. E. Hildeman, entry	2	90
742.	Colonial Salt Co., entry	. 2	00
743.	C. Cicenciollo, wagon ticket	2	00
744.	A. Pischko, wagon ticket	2	99
745.	S. B. Friday Co., entry	. 2	00
746.	Belle City Mfg. Co., entry	2	90
747.	Barrett Mfg. Co., entry	· 2	00
748.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	469	0a
749.	P. C. Peterson, entry	. 2	00
750.	Geo. Kreuscher, entry	2	00
751.	John Stean, wagon ticket	2	00
752.	West Allis Grocery Co., wagon ticket	2	00
753.	Boston Bakery, wagon ticket	2	00
754.	Divan Bros., entry		70
755.	G. Moeracle, wagon ticket	2	00
756.	The Vehicle Apron and Hood Co., entry	2	00
757.	R. E. Blodgett, wagon ticket	2	00
750	Danham Co. Wagan tiakat	9	60

No.	From whom and for what.	Amount.	
759.	Forage and Transportation Department	115	00
760.	G. N. Foster, entry	. 2	99
761.	Eli Crall & Son, pen rent	. 1	00
762.	J. R. Peake & Son, entry	. 2	05
763.	James Hogan, pen rent	. 1	00
764.	Speed Department	. 725	00
765.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	. 767	50
766.	Lewis Bros., entry and pen rent	. 8	00
767.	G. W. Parnell, entry	. 2	00
768.	A. C. Greene, entry	. 2	90
769.	E. M. Moore, entry and pen rent	. 8	00
770.	Geo. Martin, pen rent	. 1	00
771.	McLay Bros., stall rent	. 4	00
772.	B. F. DeVoe, stall rent	. 2	00
773.	Geo. E. Kelly entry and pen rent	. 4	50
774.	E. J. Thomas, stall rent	. 2	00
775.	J. G. Rieff, entry		00
776.	C. L. Clarke & Co., entry	. 2	υo
777.	F. W. Niesman, entry	. 2	00
778.	W. S. Dixon, entry and pen rent	. 6	00
779.	E. G. Roberts, entry	. 2	60
780.	P. F. Stair, wagon ticket		90
781.	W. A. McHenry, stall rent	. 16	00
782.	L. S. Lenard, wagon ticket	. 3	00
783.	Kissel & Son, entry		00
784.	J. C. Robinson & Son, stall and pen rent	. 8	50
785.	Wm. W. Vaughn & Son, pen rent	. 5	00
786.	H. J. Noblet, pen rent	. 4	50
787.	L. W. Cochran, entry and stall rent	. 39	00
788.	A. A. Arnold & Sons, pen rent	. 8	00
789.	Post & West, entry	. 2	90
790.	Post & West, entry	. 2	00
791.	Nick Grimm, stall rent	. 2	00
792.	J. Bareuther, wagon ticket	. 2	00
793.	Dixon & Deaner, stall rent	. 10	00
794.	Chas. T. Hill, pen rent	. 3	00
795.	Walter Kramer, entry	. 2	00
796.	Baptist Dining Hall, supply wagon ticket	. 2	00
797.	J. D. McRandles, stall and pen rent		00
798.	H. P. West, entries and pen rent	. 10	00
799.	Fond du Lac County, by H. P. West, entry		00

No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	ınt.
800.	C. H. Lewis, entry and stall rent	. 6	60
801.	Trinity Church, supply wagon ticket	2	00
802.	F. H. Paten, pen rent	6	UO
803.	W. G. Bartholf, pen rent	. 5	vv
804.	Armour & Co., entry and stall rent	21	00
805.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	744	10
δ ύ 6.	H. A. Briggs, stall rent	30	0υ
807.	J. R. Love, stall and coop rent	. 2	60
808.	Janesville Cement Post Co., entry	2	CO
809.	Weaver Bros., pen rent	5	ŏ0
810.	C. G. Wilcox, speed department	150	00
611.	Adam Seitz, stall rent	22	110
812.	Waukesha Brewing Co., wagon ticket	2	00
813.	A. J. Benedict, pen rent	. 2	00
814.	F. A. Austerman, stall rent	2	00
815.	A. R. Ives, stall rent	18	00
816.	C. D. Johnson, pen rent	2	50
817.	W. R. McKowan, wagon ticket	2	00
818.	H. W. Ayers, stall rent	16	00
819.	C. G. Wilcox, speed department	800	90
82 0.	J. T. Edwards, stall rent	12	90
821.	Deere Plow Co., jobbers' tickets	4	00
822.	E. H. Weber, entries	4	90
823.	Gade Bros. Mfg. Co., entry	2	00
824.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	100	00
825.	Renk Bros., pen rent	9	50
826.	The Robert & Rom Co., entry	2	60
827.	Humbert & White, pen rent	4	VO
828.	Divan Bros., stall rent	16	00
829.	Speed Department collections	1,000	00
830.	L. J. Gripman, suspension speed	14	69
831.	Forage and Transportation Department	. 50	00
832.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	81	00
833.	Zack Kinne, pen rent	2	50
834.	W. D. Becker, pen rent	2	00
835.	Neu & Hahm, entry	2	00
836.	A. J. Barrett, wagon ticket	2	00
837.	C. R. Dawson, entry	2	00
838.	L. P. Martiny, entry	2	00
839.	Deere & Co., jobbers' tickets	1	60
240	Cibean Mfg Co entry	9	ሰበ

No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
841.	Forage and Transportation Department	. 10	ÚΟ
842.	W. Woodward, pen rent	. 2	50
843.	R. C. Jones, stall rent	. 16	00
844.	A. N. Kelly, pen rent	. 3	50
845.	Onward Mfg. Co., entry		00
846.	O. F. Roessler, privileges		75
847.	Forage and Transportation Department		00
848.	Speed Department, collections	.1,105	00
849.	Jack Walsh wagon ticket		90
850.	E. Muray tickets	250	00
851.	O. F. Roessler privileges	. 184	00
852.	W. J. Kelly, pen rent	1	50
853.	N. M. Jewell & Son, pen rent	. 1	50
854.	Miller Packing Co., wagon ticket		0υ
855.	Etzler & Moses, pen rent		7)
856.	Cargill & McMillan, entry		00
857.	Cargill & McMillan, stall rent	. 16	υO
858.	Wadhams Grease & Oil Co., tickets		00
859.	G. F. Holub, wagon ticket		00
860.	Speed Department, collections	. 675	00
861.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	. 35	00
862.	Speed Department	. 650	00
86 3.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	. 416	00
864.	Speed Department	. 250	00
865.	Helen Rasmussen, entry	. 2	00
866.	Deere & Co., jobbers tickets	. 2	00
867.	Telfer Bros., stall rent	. 4	00
868.	Deere & Mansur Co., tickets	. 5	00
869.	The Velie Carriage Co., tickets	. 5	00
870.	Ticket sold, ===	. 1	٥٥
871.	Void		
872.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	. 155	90
873.	Forage and Transportation Department	. 116	00
874.	Speed Department, collections	. 40	60
875.	Speed Department, collections	. 225	00
876.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	. 350	00
877.	M. P. & L. E. Lantz, pen rent	. 4	00
878.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	. 271	00
879.	C. D. Rosa	. 400	UO
880.	O F. Roessler, privileges	. 217	45
881.	E. Murray, tickets	63	7ò

No.	From whom and for what.	Amou	ınt.
882.	, wagon ticket	. 1	00
883.	Void.		
884.	R. A. Sullivan, wagon ticket		00
885.	Speed Department, collections	1,625	00
886.	Hans Berg, stall rent	. 6	00
887.	Wheeler Bros., wagon ticket	. 1	00
888.	W. H. Edwards, pen rent	. 3	อับ
889.	Speed Department, collections	1,625	00
890.	Speed Department, collections	250	00
891.	Speed Department, collections	40	00
892.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	478	95
893.	Forage and Transportation Départment	200	00
894.	Speed Department, collections	2,160	00
895.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	617	00
896.	Forage and Transportation Department	262	16
897.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	230	00
898.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	158	10
899.	Speed Department, collections	860	j0
901.	Forage and Transportation Department	128	19
901.	Forage and Transportation Department	128	00
902.	Meal tickets	83	00
903.	C. E. Mateson, collections department E	6	00
904.	Speed Department, collections	230	00
905.	Meal tickets	115	75
906.	Speed Department, collections	450	00
907.	L. E. Scott, sales of butter and cheese	5	50
908.	Geo. M. Studebaker, speed entry	150	00
909.	Float Jolly, speed entry—balance	90	00
910.	Wm. T. Maypole, speed entry	75	00
911.	Ethelwold Farms, entry, stall and pen rent	46	00
912.	L. S. Meyer, speed entry	75	60
913.	Fred Seacord, speed entry	30	00
914.	H. Bone, speed entry	75	UO
915.	W. H. McDoel, speed entry	100	00
916.	W. A. Coulter, speed entry	30	00
£17.	August Uihlein, entry and stall rent	60	00
918.	A. L. Denio, speed entry	30	00
919.	W. A. Wickham, speed entry	30	00
920.	O. F. Roessler, privileges	110	90
921.	H. B. Stanz, sale of cheese	565	13
000	W D Hams speed entry		

No.	From whom and for what.	mou	nt.
923.	Grattan Stock Farm, speed entry	155	00
924.	G. A. Fritsche, for Milwaukee H. S. meet, charges	10	GO
	October.		
925.	Am. Clydesdale Assoc., special prem	200	00
926.	E. M. Wood, speed entry	75	
927.	Fred Wylie, butter sold		43
928.	J. G. More, entry fees on dairy exhibits	106	
929.	American Cotswold Breeders' Assoc., special prems	50	00
930.	F. W. Harding, tickets	40	00
931.	Forage and Transportation Department	159	15
932.	American Shorthorn Breeders' Assoc., spl. prem	933	90
933.	Am. Hampshire Down Breeders' Assoc., spl. prems	17	00
934.	William Willer, Jr., sec., rental of track Milwaukee Driv-		
	ing Club	135	0υ
934a.	International Harvester Co. tickets	40	90
935.	H. B. Stanz, balance sale of cheese	2	33
936.	American Southdown Breeders' Asoc., special prems	20	00
937.	American Aberdeen-Angus Breeders' Assoc., spl. prems.	147	00
938.	John M. True, butter and cheese sold	7	GO
	November.		
939.	Wis. Horse Breeders' Assoc., special premiums	397	00
940.	M. H. Grossman, tickets	59	25
941.	American Trotting Assoc., collections	441	40
942.	Am. Oxford Down Record Association, special prems	60	00
943.	Am. Chester White Record Assoc., special premiums	25	0e
944.	Void.		
945.	American Trotting Assoc., collections	16	67
	December.		
946.	Chas. J. Strobel, airship expenses	94	57
947.	Wis. Sheep Breeders' Assoc., special premiums	120	00
948.	W. L. Houser, special, Department C	35	00
949.	Balance A. A. Breeders Assoc., special premium	12	00
950.	American Trotting Association, collections	213	75
	1907—February.		
951.	Grant U. Fisher, collections	188	00
952.	Grant U. Fisher, collections	1	. 00

SECRETARY'S WARRANT ACCOUNT.

DISBURSEMENTS.

March.			
No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
1.	Geo. G. Cox, expenses	\$23	75
2.	Geo. G. Cox, superintendent of grounds	25	C)
3.	George McKerrow, expenses	\$23	75
4.	A. LeFeber, grain	8	75
5.	J. L. Herbst, expenses	11	98
6.	C. H. Everett, expenses	9	93
7.	C. W. Harver, expenses	19	75
8.	L. E. Scott, expenses	17	31
9.	Ed Nordman, expenses	16	51
10.	Democrat Printing Co., subscription	1	25
11.	James J. Nelson, expenses	26	03
12.	C., M. & St. P. Ry., transportation of cinders	6	00
13.	Gustav Buss, hay	23	25
14.	John Streuli, labor	19	75
15.	Geo. Wylie, expenses	4	00
16.	W. C. Ganschow, sale of cheese	6	20
17.	Void.		
18.	Robert Phillip, wages, March	45	00
19.	B. L. Wentworth, salary, March	50	00
20.	John M. True, salary, March	150	00
21.	C. D. Rosa, expenses, trip to Madison	3	36
22.	Void,		
23.	F. W. Curtiss, photographs	142	-
24.	Mrs. A. L. Kelly, stenographic report conv	118	34
25.	D. B. Danielson, payment on contract	2000	00
26.	Ferry & Clas, payment on architects' fees	500	90
	April.		
27.	James J. Nelson, expenses	18	56
28.	C. W. Harvey, expenses	6	60
29.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	5	85

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
30.	F. C. Jirachek, harness repairs	2	25
31.	Ed Nordman expenses	12	93
32.	L. E. Scott, expenses	18	10
33.	Geo. G. Cox, expenses	13	60
34.	G. U. Fisher, expenses	33	53
35.	Geo. McKerrow, expenses	9	81
36.	Smith-Blodgett Co., mdse	5	78
37.	Sponholz Co., payment on concrete bridge	2500	00
38.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	7	60
39.	Robert Phillip, wages, April	45	90
40.	B. L. Wentworth, salary, April	50	00
41.	John M. True, salary, April	150	00
-	May.		
42.	Geo. McKerrow, expenses	3	98
43.	James J. Nelson, expenses		83
44.	Cream City Bill Posting Co., advertising, 1905	100	_
45.	D. B. Danielson, payment on pavilion	6500	
46.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee		28
47.	Albert Ziegler, labor	•	00
48.	Louis Elgas, labor		90
49.	Herman Jaeger, labor		80
50.	Fred Gusell labor		20
51.	V. Schanning, labor		00
52.	Mike Smith, labor	•	20
53.	James Dwyer, labor		00
54.	Thomas Glancey, labor	-	00
55.	Ed Barnekow, labor	4	00
56.	Thomas Lutsen, labor		00
57.	John Barnekow, labor	4	00
58.	Harry Barnekow, labor	2	00
59.	C. A. Brown, labor	26	00
60.	H. Raymond, wages	50	00
61.	A. LeFeber, hay and grain	38	46
62.	E. J. Kempf, advertising, 1905	75	00
63.	George Wylie, expenses	30	48
64.	John M. True, epxenses trip to Milwaukee	8	18
65.	Sponholz Co., balance contract and extras	951	07
66.	Smith-Blodgett Co., mdse	9	33
67.	William Campen, testing engine	7	00
68.	A. Gilmore, repairs	5	02

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
69.	J. McNeil, hay	14 52
70.	Charles Schulte, labor	16 69
71.	Ed Lutsen, labor	26 60
72.	Fred Gussell, labor	15 40
73.	Mike Smith, labor	18 60
74.	Albert Ziegler, labor	25 00
75.	Louis Elgas, labor	25 0
76.	Herman Jaeger, labor	18 00
77.	V. Schanning, labor	18 00
78.	James Dwyer, labor	18 10
79.	Thomas Glancey, labor	18 00
80.	Ed Barnekow, labor	27 00
81.	Harry Barnekow, labor	18 00
82.	A. Brown, labor	28 60
83.	Bunde & Upmeyer, badges	28 60
84.	Robert Phillip, labor	14 60
85.	B. L. Wentworth, salary, May	50 00
86.	H. Raymond, wages May	50 00
87.	John M. True, salary, May	150 00
88.	Chippewa Falls Herald, advertising	10 90
89.	Chippewa Falls Times, advertising	10 00
90.	Madison Democrat, advertising	10 00
91.	State Journal, advertising	10 00
92.	Superior Telegram advertising	10 00
93.	Eau Claire Leader, advertising	10 00
94.	Eau Claire Telegram, advertising	10 00
95.	Fond du Lac Commonwealth, advertising	10 υ0
96.	Fond du Lac Reporter, advertising	10 00
97.	Jefferson County Union, advertising	10 00
98.	Jefferson Banner, advertising	10 00
99.	La Crosse Chronicle, advertising	10 00
100.	Marinette Eagle, advertising	10 00
10 T .	Appleton Post, advertising	10 00
102.	Racine Journal, advertising	10 00
103.	Racine News, advertising	10 00
104.	Racine Times, advertising	10 00
105.	Janesville Gazette, advertising	10 00
106.	Sheboygan Herald, advertising	10 00
107.	Delavan Republican, advertising	10 90
108.	Eikhorn Independent, advertising	10 90
100	Whitewater Register advertising	10.00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
110.	Waukesha Press, advertising	10 00
111.	Waukesha Freeman, advertising	10 00
112.	Oshkosh Northwestern, advertising	10 00
113.	Draft returned to treasury	10 00
114.	Ashland Press, advertising	5 00
115.	Cumberland Advocate, advertising	5 UO
116.	Rice Lake Chronotype, advertising	5 00
117.	De Pere Democrat, advertising	5 00
118.	De Pere News, advertising	5 00
119.	Green Bay Gazette advertising	5 00
120.	Green Bay Advocate, advertising	5 00
121.	Chilton Democrat, advertising	5 00
122.	Chilton Times, advertising	5 00
123.	Columbus Democrat, advertising	5 00
124.	Columbus Republican, advertising	5 00
125.	Portage Democrat, advertising	5 00
126.	Portage Register, advertising	5 00
127.	Prairie du Chien Courier, advertising	5 00
128.	Prairie du Chien Union, advertising	5 00
129.	Cambridge News, advertising	5 90
130.	Stoughton Hub, advertising	5 00
131.	Mayville Banner, advertising	5 00
132.	Mayville Pioneer, advertising	5 00
133.	Fox Lake Representative, advertising	5 00
134.	Horicon Reporter, advertising	5 00
135.	Juneau Telephone, advertising	5 00
136.	Beaver Dam Argus, advertising	5 00
137.	Beaver Dam Citizen, advertising	5 90
138.	Waupun Leader, advertising	5 00
139.	Waupun Democrat, advertising	5 00
140.	Menomonie News, advertising	5 00
141.	Ripon Commonwealth, advertising	5 00
142.	Boscobel Enterprise, advertising	5 00
143.	Platteville Times, advertising	5 00
144.	Fennimore Times, advertising	5 00
145.	Brodhead Independent, advertising	5 00
146.	Brodhead Register, advertising	5 00
147.	Monroe Journal-Gazette, advertising	5 00
148.	Berlin Journal, advertising	5 00
149.	Dodgeville Chronicle, advertising	5 00
150.	Black River Falls Banner, advertising	5 00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
151.	Jefferson County Journal, advertising	5 90
152.	Palmyra Enterprise, advertising	5 00
153.	Waterloo Democrat, advertising	5 00
154.	Watertown Gazette, advertising	5 90
155.	Watertown Leader, advertising	5 00
15 6 .	Watertown Weltbuerger, advertising	5 00
157.	Watertown Times, advertising	5 00
158.	Watertown Times, advertising	5 00
158.	Lake Mills Leader, advertising	5 00
159.	Mauston Star, advertising	5 00
160.	Kenosha News, advertising	5 00
161.	Kenosha Telegraph-Courier, advertising	5 00
162.	Kenosha Union, advertising	5 00
163.	Draft returned to treasurer	5 00
164.	Darlington Democrat, advertising	5 00
165.	Darlington Journal, advertising	5 00
166.	Kiel Zeitung, advertising	5 00
167.	Manitowoc Post, advertising	5 00
168.	Manitowoc Pilot, advertising	5 00
169.	Manitowoc News, advertising	5 00
170.	Wausau Herald, advertising	5 00
171.	Central Wisconsin, advertising	5 00
172.	Marinette Star, advertising	5 00
173.	Wauwatosa Independent, advertising	5 00
174.	Oconto Enterprise, arvertising	5 0 0
175.	Oconto Reporter, advertising	5 00
176.	Appleton Crescent, advertising	5 00
177.	Kaukauna Sun, advertising	5 00
178.	Kaukauna Times, advertising	5 00
179.	Cedarburg News, advertising	5 00
180.	Port Washington Advocate, advertising	5 00
181.	Stevens Point Journal, advertising	5 00
182.	Stevens Point Gazette, advertising	5 00
183.	Burlington Free Press, advertising	5 00
184.	Burlington Star-Democrat, advertising	5 00
185.	Union Grove Enterprise, advertising	5 00
186.	Waterford Post, advertising	5 00
187.	Beloit Free Press, advertising	5 00
188.	Beloit News, advertising	5 00
189.	Draft returned to treasurer	5 00
100		5.00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
191.	Edgerton Tobacco Grower, advertising	5 v 0
192.	Edgerton Eagle, advertising	5 U O
193 .	Janesville Recorder, advertising	5 00
194.	Sauk County Democrat, advertising	5 00
195.	Baraboo News, advertising	5 00
196.	Baraboo Republic, advertising	5 00
197.	Sheboygan Falls News, advertising	5 00
198.	Plymouth Reporter, advertising	5 00
199.	Sheboygan Herald, advertising	5 00
200.	Sheboygan Journal, advertising	5 00
201.	Sheboygan Zeitung, advertising	5 00
202.	Sheboygan National Democrat, advertising	5 00
203.	Viroqua Censor, advertising	5 00
204.	Whitewater Gazette, advertising	5 00
205.	Lake Geneva Herald, advertising	5 00
206.	Delavan Enterprise, advertising	5 00
207.	Kewaskum Statesman, advertising	5 00
208.	Hartford Press, advertising	5 00
209.	West Bend News, advertising	5 00
210.	The Sugar Beet, advertising	5 00
211.	Menomonee Falls News, advertising	5 00
212.	Oconomowoc Free Press, advertising	5 00
213.	Oconomowoc Enterprise, advertising	5 00
214.	Waukesha Dispatch, advertising	5 00
215.	Clintonville Tribune, advertising	5 00
216.	Waupaca Post, advertising	5 00
217.	Waupaca Record, advertising	5 00
218.	Waupaca Republican, advertising	5 00
219.	Neenah Times, advertising	5 00
220.	Neenar News, advertising	5 00
221.	Menasha Anzeiger, advertising	5 00
222.	Marshfield News, advertising	5 00
223.	Marshfield Times, advertising	5 00
224.	O. F. Roessler, expenses	27 29
22 5.	Adams County Express, advertising	3 00
226.	Barron County Shield, advertising	3 00
227.	Washburn News, advertising	3 00
228.	Mondovi Herald, advertising	3 00
229.	Grantsburg Journal, advertising	3 00
23 0.	Brillion News, advertising	3 00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
231 .	Bloomer Advance, advertising	3 00
232 .	Stanley Republican, advertising	3 00
233 .	Neillsville Times, advertising	3 00
234.	Neillsville Republican, advertising	3 00
235.	Loyal Tribune, advertising	3 00
236 .	Kilbourn Mirror-Gazette, advertising	3 00
237.	Rio Reporter, advertising	3 00
238.	Wisconsin Rundschau, advertising	3 00
239.	Pardeeville Times, advertising	3 00
240.	Poynette Press, advertising	3 00
24 1.	Lodi Enterprise, advertising	3 00
242.	Soldiers Grove, advertising	3 00
243.	Mt. Horeb Times, advertising	3 00
244.	Deerfield Enterprise, advertising	3 00
245.	De Forest Times, advertising	3 00
246.	Stoughton Courier, advertising	3 00
247.	Sun Prairie Countryman, advertising	3 90
248.	Oregon Observer, advertising	3 00
249.	Mazomanie Sickle, advertising	3 00
250.	Cambria News, advertising	3 00
251.	Randolph Advance, advertising	3 00
252.	Reeseville Review, advertising	3 00
253 .	Sturgeon Bay Advance, advertising	3 99
254.	Augusta Eagle, advertising	3 00
255 .	Brandon Times, advertising	3 00
256.	Campbellsport News, advertising	3 90
257.	Crandon Republican, advertising	3 00
258.	Ladysmith Budget, advertising	3 00
259.	Grant County Herald, advertising	3 00
260.	Lancaster Teller, advertising	3 00
261.	Montfort Mail, advertising	3 00
262.	Albany Vindicator, advertising	3 00
263.	Draft returned to Treasurer	3 00
264.	Monticello News, advertising	3 00
265.	Berlin Courant, advertising	3 00
266.	Dartford Republican, advertising	3 00
267.	Princeton Star, advertising	3 00
268.	Princeton Republican, advertising	3 00
269.	Kingston Spy, advertising	3 00
270.	Markesan Herald, advertising	3 00
271.	Dodgeville Sun, advertising	3 00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
272.	Highland Press, advertising	3 00
273.	Mineral Point Democrat, advertising	3 00
274.	Mineral Point Tribune, advertising	3 00
275.	Hurley Miner, advertising	3 00
276 .	Elroy Leader, advertising	3 00
277.	Elroy Tribune, advertising	3 00
2.78.	Wonewoc Republican, advertising	3 00
279.	Necedah Republican, advertising	3 00
280.	New Lisbon Argus, advertising	3 00
281.	Mauston Chronicle, advertising	3 00
2 82.	Blanchardville Blade, advertising	3 00
283.	Pick & Gad, advertising	3 00
284.	Merrill Advocate, advertising	3 00
285.	Merrill News, advertising	3 00
286.	Athens Leader, advertising	3 00
287.	Westfield Central Union, advertising	3 00
288.	Montello Express, advertising	3 00
289.	Sparta Democrat, advertising	3 00
29 0.	Sparta Herald-Advertiser, advertising	3 00
291.	Draft return to Treasurer	3 00
292 .	Tomah Monitor, advertising	3 00
293.	Dale Recorder, advertising	3 00
294.	Seymour Press, advertising	3 00
295.	Shiocton News, advertising	3 00
296.	Port Washington Zeitung, advertising	3 00
297.	River Falls Journal, advertising	3 00
298.	Osceola Sun, advertising	3 00
299.	Entering Wrdge, advertising	3 00
300.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	7 80
301.	Phillips Times, advertising	3 00
302.	Iola Herald, advertising	3 00
303.	Richland Democrat, advertising	3 00
304.	Republican Observer, advertising	3 00
305.	Richland Rustic, advertising	3 00
306.	Clinton Banner, advertising	3 07
307.	Clinton Herald, advertising	3 00
308.	Evansville Enterprise, advertising	3 60
309.	Evansville Tribune, advertising	3 00
310.	Hudson Star and Times, advertising	3 00
311.	Reedsburg Free Press, advertising	3 00
312.	Reedsburg Times, advertising	3 00

No.	To whom and for what.	An	nou	ınt.
313.	Pioneer Press, advertising		3	00
314.	Weekly Home News, advertising		3	00
315.	Sauk County News, advertising		3	00
316.	Hayward Republican, advertising		3	00
317.	Shawano Advocate, advertising		3	00
318.	Wittenberg Enterprise, advertising		3	00
319.	Medford Waldbote, advertising		3	00
320.	Galesville Independent, advertising		3	00
321.	Viroqua Leader, advertising		3	G0
322.	Eagle River Review, advertising		3	00
323 .	East Troy News, advertising		3	00
324.	Shell Lake Register, advertising		3	00
325.	Beobachter, advertising		3	00
326.	West Bend Beobachter, advertising		3	00
327.	West Bend Pilot, advertising		3	00
328.	Eagle Quill, advertising		3	00
329.	Hartland News, advertising		3	00
330.	Mukwanago Chief, advertising		3	00
331.	Weyauwega Chronicle, advertising		3	00
332.	New London Press, advertising		3	00
333.	New London Republican, advertising		3	00
334.	Manawa Advocate, advertising		3	00
335.	Hancock News, advertising		3	00
336.	Wautoma Argus, advertising		3	00
337.	Winneconne Local, advertising		3	00
338.	Omro Herald, advertising		3	00
339.	Omro Journal, advertising		3	90
340.	Wood County Reporter, advertising		3	00
341.	Grand Rapids Tribune, advertising		3	90
342.	Wisconsin Valley Leader, advertising		3	90
343.	Hartford Times, advertising	œ	5	00
	June.	-		
344.	W. G. Kirchoffer, services as engineer		59	57
345.	Chas. Schulte, labor		25	80
346.	Fred Gussell, labor		36	_
347.	Mike Smith, labor		29	
348.	Garry Wolf, labor		12	
349.	Fred Hawes, labor		10	
350.	Albert Ziegler, labor		13	
351.	Louis Elgas, labor			00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
352.	Herman Jaeger, labor	25	00
353.	V. Schanning, labor	23	30
354.	Jas Dwyer, labor	14	00
355.	Thomas Glancey, labor	21	70
356.	Ed Barnekow, labor	16	00
357.	Harry Barnekow, labor	19	00
358.	A. Brown, labor	28	00
359.	Robert Phillip, labor	26	90
360.	P. Wiswell, labor	11	00
361.	Peter DeBeck, labor	16	00
362.	A. LeFeber, grains	44	40
363.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	7	15
364.	Smith-Blodgett Co., mdse	22	68
365.	B. J. Barrett, repairs on house	54	65
366.	The Ansell Ticket Co., tickets	7	50
367.	Democrat Printing Co., subscription	1	25
368.	G. U. Fisher expenses	25	00
369.	G. U. Fisher, salary superintendent Grounds, Apr.,		
	May	200	00
370.	American Trotting Assoc., dues	100	იი
371.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	6	75
372.	Chas. Schulte, labor	36	00
373.	Fred Gussell, labor	40	00
374.	Mike Smith, labor	8	00
375.	Fred Hawes, labor	8	ſΙΨ
376.	Gary Wolf, labor	8	00
377.	Louis Elgas, labor	22	60
378.	Herman Jaeger, labor	24	00
379.	V. Schanning, labor	24	00
380.	Jas. Dwyer, labor	. 22	00
381.	Thos. Glancey, labor	26	00
382.	Henry Barnekow, labor	24	90
383.	A. Brown, labor	26	60
384.	Robert Phillip, labor	26	00
385.	Peter DeBeck, labor	2 5	00
386.	Arthur Ott, labor	18	90
387.	James J. Nelson, expenses	78	17
388.	F. W. Curtiss, photographs	66	13
389.	Rockford Tack & Nail Co., tacks	11	40
390.	American Sign Co., cloth advertising	759	
391.	H. Raymond, wages, June	G50	
	Digitized to	y	310

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
392.	John M. True, salary, June	150	90
393.	B. L. Wentworth, salary, June	50	00
394.	Pennsylvania Coal & Supply Co., clay pipe	11	5 z
395.	DeGroat & Co., mower repairs	1	10
396.	Independent Oil & Grease Co., oil	19	ช่อ
397.	A. Gilmore, blacksmithing	.3	59
398.	George Wylie, expenses	31	48
	July.		
399.	Robert Phillip, hayrack, grindstone, etc	15	00
400.	Chas. Schulte, labor	28	00
401.	Fred Gussell, labor	45	60
402.	L. Elgas, labor	25	80
403.	Herman Jaeger, labor	26	90
404.	V. Schanning, labor	25	8)
405.	Jas. Dwyer, labor	10	20
406.	Thos. Glancey, labor	26	00
407.	Harry Barnekow, labor	26	00
408.	A. Brown, labor	26	00
409.	Robert Phillip, labor	26	00
410.	Peter DeBeck, labor	26	00
411.	Arthur Ott, labor	17	40
412.	Zene Fisher, labor	12	00
413.	M. Slathers, labor	7	00
414.	Thos. Skinner, labor	3	90
415.	Lee Raymond, labor	2	25
416.	John M. True, special help in office	6	00
417.	Chicago Horseman, advertising speed	45	36
418.	C. G. Wilcox, expenses	64	S 2
419.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	7	65
420.	John Gallagher Co., hay covers	16	00
421.	R. B. Watrous, expenses trip advertising Fair	50	00
422.	C. C. Pollworth Co., stock for flower bed	15	00
423.	A. Gilmore, blacksmithing	5	98
424.	A. LeFeber, straw	5	00
425.	Sentinel Company, advertising	3	00
426.	Horse World, advertising speed	27	00
427.	G. U. Fisher, salary, Supt. Grounds, June	100	ე0
428.	John M. True, special help in office	6	00
429.	Milwaukee Free Press, advertising	4	20
430.	John Abbott, labor	18	00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
431.	Chas. Schulte, labor	24	00
432.	Fred Gussell, labor	43	40
433.	Thos. Skinner, labor	24	00
434.	L. Elgas, labor	20	00
435.	V. Schanning, labor	20	00
436.	Herman Jaeger, labor	22	00
437.	Peter DeBeck, labor	22	00
438.	Thos. Glancey, labor	23	Gü
439.	Harry Barnekow, labor	10	00
440.	A. Brown, labor	20	00
441.	Robert Phillip, labor	22	00
442.	Zene Fisher, labor	21	00
433.	Thos. Skinner, Iabor	24	00
444.	William Welk, labor	26	00
445.	John Blatter, labor	22	00
446.	Chas. Miller, labor	14	30
447.	Arthur Ott, labor	12	00
448.	John M. True, paid for tacks	1	50
449.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	6	00
450.	James J. Nelson, expenses	37	28
451.	Horseman & Stockman, advertising speed	17	80
452.	Rockford Tack & Nail Co., tacks	5	70
453.	H. Raymond, wages, July	50	00
454.	B. L. Wentworth, salary, July	50	90
455.	John M. True, salary, July	150	00
	August.		
456.	Milwaukee Sentinel, advertising	3	00
457.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	_	u0 ·
458 .	J. S. Donald, expenses to Milwaukee	-	40
459.	The Horseman, advertising speed		00
460.	Ansell Ticket Co., tickets for Gaskill Shows	40	50
461.	Ringer & Hertzberg, albums	• -	00
462.	J. L. Herbst, expenses	14	C3
463.	Clark Engraving & Printing Co., halftones		40
464.	St. Louis Button Co., badges	24	
465.	Kentucky Stock Farm, advertising speed	33	
466.	Arthur Ott, labor	_	00
467.	Fred Gussell, labor		00
468.	Fred Hawes, labor		60
469.	L. Elgas, labor	23	GO

NO.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
470.	V. Schanning, labor	25	60
471.	Herman Jaeger, labor	26	20
472.	Peter DeBeck, labor	26	50
473.	Thos. Glancey, labor	26	50
474.	Harry Barnekow, labor	24	40
475.	A. Brown, labor	30	00
476.	Robert Phillip, labor	18	50
477.	Zene Fisher, labor	24	60
478.	Thos. Skinner, labor	26	50
479.	William Welk, labor	26	50
480.	John Blatter, labor	13	00
481.	John Abbott, labor	16	50
482.	Chas. Miller, labor	28	40
483.	William Mulligan, labor	23	00
484.	Western Horseman Co., advertising speed	52	60
485.	Horse Review, advertising speed	79	75
486.	C. W. Harvey, expenses	6	58
487.	W. T. Carson, building bleachers	233	93
488.	James J. Nelson, expenses	30	12
489.	Germania Herold Association, advertising	4	00
490.	J. B. Lanigan, repairs on typewriter	2	00
491.	Frank Jirachek, mdse	4	35
492.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	7	20
493.	Ed Nordman, expenses	18	21
494.	Smith-Blodgett Co., mdse	129	36
495.	H. G. Potter, material and labor	21	60
496.	W. H. J. Kieckhefen, Treas., Indian Village	250	00
497.	J. H. Gevaart, gasoline, etc	22	95
498.	West Allis Lumber Co., mdse	146	65
499.	F. E. Walsh, coal	21	00
500.	J. DeGroat & Co., mower repairs	5	45
501.	A. Gilmore, blacksmithing	6	91
502 .	Geo. G. Cox, expenses	13	85
503.	The Journal Company, advertising	4	00
504.	Milwaukee Free Press Co., advertising	2	80
505.	L. E. Scott, expenses		89
506.	W. G. Kirchoffer, services engineer		58
507.	A. LeFeber, oats		00
508.	Tainsh & Co., printing		50
509.	Sponholz Co., bonus on culvert	185	
510.	Fehring Bros., advertising		50

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
511.	Clark Engraving & Printing Co., premium ribbons	448 50
512.	Kentucky Farmer & Breeder, advertising speed	32 ÚU
513.	Riverside Printing Co., advertising paper	20 00
514.	W. T. Carson, payment on barns	500 UJ
515.	B. J. Barrett, striping wagon	3 00
516.	Fred Gussell, labor	45 00
517.	L. Elgas, labor	22 20
518.	V. Schanning, labor	25 20
519.	Herman Jaeger, labor	25 40
520.	Peter DeBeck, labor	24 40
521 .	Thos. Glancey, labor	23 20
522 .	Harry Barnekow, labor	24 60
523 .	A Brown, labor	25 00
524.	Robert Phillip, labor	25 50
525 .	Zene Fisher, labor	20 0⊌
526 .	Thos. Skinner, labor	25 40
527.	William Welk, labor	22 80
528.	John Abbott, labor	19 40
529.	Chas. Miller, labor	26 სე
530.	William Mulligan, labor	25 00
531.	Geo. DeBruine, labor	26 60
532.	John Miller, labor	26 60
533.	M. Leach, labor	25 20
534.	Frank Orton, labor	11 80
535.	M. L. Smith, advertising	11 20
536 .	Greve Show Print Co., advertising paper	60 00
537.	Geo. Wylie, expenses	23 46
538 .	Greve Show Print Co., balance advertising paper	30 00
539.	Hoard's Dairyman, advertising	20 09
540 .	E. L. Hindman, prints	10 50
541.	B. D. Christianson, advertising	1 25
542.	Geo. M. Leonard, advertising	2 00
543.	J. W. Thomas, advertising	1 75
544.	Schall & Leonard, advertising	1 50
545.	H. Raymond, wages, August	50 00
546.	B. L. Wentworth, salary, August	50 90
547.	John M. True, salary, August	150 00
548.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	7 85
549.	C. D. Rosa, expenses	8 68
550.	H. G. Potter, labor and material	300 00
551.	C. G. Wilcor, expenses	50_90

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
552.	Ehrman Mfg. Co., celluloid badges	10 00
553.	International Construction Co., advertising paper	108 00
554.	The Badger Publishing Co., advertising	15 00
555.	Pfister & Vogel, spent tan bark	281 58
556.	North Western Tile Co., sidewalks, etc	1,500 00
557.	The M. H. Wittzius Co., banners for school parade	40 00
558.	Herman Rieck, use of scrapers	14 00
559.	A. Beaupline, services on engine	4 00
560.	W. D. Cook, roof repairing by D. Fitzpatrick	1885 vu
561.	M. Winter Lumber Co., show cases	271 08
562.	E. L. Hindman, printing	2 00
563.	C., M. & St. P. Ry., tanbark and slate	261 47
564.	W. T. Carson, slate roofing	, 48 4 59
565.	Frank Rubas, advertising	2 25
566.	J. A. Hawes, advertising	28 84
567.	John Hanus, advertising	5 18
568.	H. V. Benzie, advertising	3 50
569.	R. H. Wilson, advertising	22 58
570.	F. E. Shults, advertising	7 64
571.	Chas. C. Miller, advertising	6 62
572.	R. E. Werner, advertising	3 45
573.	L. Stang & Sons, advertising	20 00
574.	C. A. Griffith, advertising	7 83
575.	D. McFarlane, advertising	2 40
576.	Laube Bros., advertising	2 90
577.	George E. Dee, advertising	14 34
578.	G. Winkel, advertising	1 80
579.	H. J. Paas, advertising	12 25
580.	W. C. Graeber, advertising	3 00
581.	A. Van Trot & Son, advertising	2 35
582.	Peter Devery, advertising	8 08
583.	E. L. Ross & Son, advertising	1 60
584.	O. O. Jones, advertising	5 00
585.	H. M. Raymond, advertising	3 28
586.	Carl Stussy, advertising	27 46
587.	Byron E. Button, advertising	2 75
588.	P. B. Haber, advertising	22 24
589.	Chas. B. Rogers, advertising	3 00
590.	Henry Carlson, advertising	6 50
591.	Lind Bill Posting Co., advertising	2 25
502	и т. Rumrill. advertising	17 00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
593.	H. H. Smith, advertising	3 50
594.	Meyers Posting & Distributing Co., advertising	50 96
595.	John D. Laws, advertising	3 75
596.	Erickson & Co., Posting Service, advertising	19 25
597.	J. W. Lone, advertising	4 70
598.	Cream City Bill Posting Co., advertising	255 65
599.	Merrill Bill Posting Co., advertising	4 25
600.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	9 25
	September.	•
601.	Robert Cain, whitewashing	120 00
602.	W. T. Carson, on building contract	500 00
603.	Fred Gussell, advertising	53 80
604.	Louis Elgas labor	10 υ0
605.	V. Schanning labor	14 89
606.	Herman Jaeger labor	27 90
607.	Peter DeBeck, labor	27 90
608.	Thos. Glancey, labor	27 90
609.	Harry Barnekow, labor	18 00
610.	A. Brown, labor	26 00
611.	Robert Phillip, labor	28 00
612.	Zene Fisher, labor	23 00
613.	Thos. Skinner, labor	27 90
614.	William Welk, labor	26 90
615.	John Abbott, labor	17 90
616.	Chas. Miller, labor	28 00
617.	William Mulligan, labor	27 90
618.	Geo. DeBruine, labor	43 80
619.	John Miller. labor	43 80
62 0.	M. Leach, labor	4 00
621.	Frank Orton, labor	27 90
622.	Ellis Gott, labor	17 90
623.	John Preston, labor	15 00
624.	Fred Turner, labor	17 90
625.	Fred Hawes, labor	20 00
626.	John DeBeck, labor	10 00
627.	W. H. J. Kieckhefer, treasurer Indian Village	500 00
628.	John M. True, change for gates	1000 00
629.	Geo. G. Cox, change for gates	7 5 00
630.	Albert Powlers, Indian band music	140 00
631.	S. D. Fisher, music, Brodhead band	150 00
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No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt
632.	T. L. Magruder, speed entry	150	
633.	Chas. E. Dean, speed winnings	100	
634.	F. H. Colby, speed winnings	200	00
635.	D. C. Wolverton, judging butter	40	00
636.	R. A. Miniely, music, Oconto band	330	00
637.	J. M. Bienfang, music, Jefferson band	125	00
638.	F. H. Colby, speed winnings	125	00
639.	Ed Allen, speed winnings	50	90
640.	Sleep Bros., refund on stall rent	4	ე0
641.	M. Murphy, speed winnings	250	UD
642.	Geo. G. Cox, change for gates	325	99
643.	H. G. Potter, work on bleachers, etc	200	00
644.	W. H. Prichard, judging draft horses	75	90
645.	G. Beal, Pain's Fire Works, payment (1st)	100	00
646.	William Plaehn, judging pigeons	35	00
647.	H. Maschmeyer, judging pigeons	35	90
648.	F. H. Scribner, judging dairy cattle	30	00
649.	J. E. Cole, music Wausau band	420	00
650.	H. A. Horton, judging cheese	25	00
651.	Geo. Castle, speed winnings	100	00
652.	Nick Burke, order from F. M. Barnes	105	00
653.	Mrs. Jennie A. Jamison, judging culinary department	25	00
654.	J. C. Pender, speed winnings	2,250	00
655.	C. A. Hoffman, music, Baraboo band (payment)	60	00
656.	C. H. Buell, music Berlin band	250	00
657.	B. C. Kimblin, speed winnings	450	CO
6 58.	C. S. Lucas, speed winnings	450	00
659.	Chas. Kenyon, speed winnings	100	00
660.	J. B. Chandler, speed winnings	200	00
661.	J. B. Chandler, speed winnings	450	00
662.	M. R. Higbee, speed winnings		90
663.	W. A. Stout, speed winnings	450	00
664.	J. C. McCoy, speed winnings	300	
665.	Miss Dora Bunteschu, judging needle work	25	00
666.	Void.	_	
667.	S. Butterfield, judging poultry		•
668.	Geo. J. Foster, speed winnings	225	
669.	D. Tinker, speed winnings	200	
670.	Chas. J. Strobel, 1st payment on airship	500	
671.	Frank Wilcox, judging honey	12	
672.	R. C. Graf, police work	23	íÜ

No.	To whom and for what.	Amour	1t.
673.	C. A. Hoffman, balance Baraboo band, music,	335	00
674.	J. C. McCoy, speed winnings	250	00
675.	W. B. McDonald, speed winnings	1125	00
676.	C. L. DeRyder, speed winnings	2325	00
677.	W. B. Taylor, speed winnings	1000	00
678.	L. W. Cochrane, speed winnings	100	00
679.	F. L. Vail, services marshal's department	18	00
680.	W. O. Foote, speed winnings	1500	00
681.	Thomas Clark, judging beef cattle	50	00
682.	W. B. Richards, judging horses	50	00
683.	J. Carson, speed winnings	200	00
684.	Geo. C. Loomis, speed winnings	400	00
685.	C. D. Rosa, expenses gates department	1143	00
686.	John M. True, expenses secretary's office	765	50
687.	John Splan, speed winnings	900	00
688.	A. J. Phillips, judging fruit	30	00
689.	J. C. Adams, speed winnings	500	00
690.	Telfer Bros., partial premium C	50	00
691.	Floyd Jones Bros., partial premium C	13	00
692.	Geo. Beal, second payment, Pain's Fireworks	200	00
693.	W. H. Anderson, speed winnings	50	00
694.	Fred Marty, judging foreign cheese	9	00
695.	Deaner & Hoyt, partial premium E	75	00
696.	Alex. A. Arnold & Son, partial premium C and D	50	00
697.	Wash Cortner & Son, premiums in full	55	00
698.	Humbert & White, partial premium D	125	00
699.	C. D. Johnson, partial premium D	75	00
700.	F. W. Niesman, partial premium E	65	0σ
701.	Geo. B. Buck & Co., premium in full, B	57	00
702.	H. W. Ayers, partial premium, B	15	00
703.	D. F. Conway, partial premiums, B and D	50	00
704.	G. W. Parnell, premium in full, C	96	00
705.	Geo. Ineichen & Son, partial premium, D	53	0σ
706.	Etzler & Moses, premiums in full, D	80	00
707.	Pipers' Club, music	325	00
708.	H. N. Thompson, premium, B	23	00
709.	E. M. Moore, partial premium, C	41	00
710.	James Dillon, supt. swine dept. and expenses	80	00
711.	Ed Finn, premium in full, B		00
712.	D. B. Danielson, final payment on pavilion	1311	00
713.	Void.		

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
714.	Ferry & Clas, balance architects' fees	200	90
715.	J. R. Gordon, partial premium, D	35	00
716.	F. C. Zacher, supt. pigeon dept. and expenses	108	90
717.	Chas. McKenny, judging educational exhibit	5	60
718.	J. J. Kempf, expenses treasurer's department	186	06
719.	J. McD. Randles, partial premium, C	38	00
720.	William Smiley, partial premium, B	82	00
721.	Alfred St. Leon, order of F. M. Barnes	170	00
722.	Jhon T. Edwards, partial premium, A	30	00
723.	E. G. Roberts, partial premium, E	100	00
724.	R. C. Jones, partial premium, B	100	00
725.	W. H. Reed & Wright Co., partial premium, D	69	00
72 5.	W. Woodard, partial premium, C	50	00
727.	Herr Bros. & Reynolds, partial premium B	100	00
728.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	8	50
729.	A. W. Dopke, premium in full B	22	90
730.	Vold.		
731.	W. D. Becker, premium in full, D	15	00
732.	E. D. Jones & Son, partial premium, B	50	00
733.	E. J. Thomas, premium in full, B	. 13	90
734.	T. O. Kabe, payment, Barnes, Japanese Troupe	350	00
735.	Theo. Curtis, payment, Barnes, Pekin Zouaves	325	00
736.	W. A. Dobson, judging horses	75	00
737.	Ed Nordman, supt. sheep dept. and expenses	79	50
738.	W. L. Houser, partial premiums, A, B, C	300	00
739.	G. U. Fisher, expenses department grounds	75	00
740.	Oconto County by R. A. Miniely, partial prem. Co. ex.	65	00
741.	Thomas Rymer, services as watchman	15	00
742.	Frank Kempf, music, Sheboygan band	145	00
743.	Chas. E. Dean, speed winnings	1425	00
744.	Dick McMahon, speed winnings	500	00
745.	Delbert Utter, judging agriculture	30	00
746.	G. M. Barry, assistant superintendent, A	24	50
747.	H. S. Wheeler, music, Lake Mills band	153	50
748.	J. J. Shaw, speed winnings	450	
749.	W. S. Hager, assistant superintendent, G	24	50
750 .	F. E. Stone, starting judge	150	00
751.	Milwaukee Driving Club, by W. Willer, Jr., races	150	
752 .	M. P. & S. E. Lantz, partial premium, C	49	
753.	W. W. Vaughn & Son, partial premium, D	33	
754 .	W. W. Fleming, speed winnings	250	00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amour	at.
755.	William Wood, services	15	00
756.	C. W. Harvey, expenses marshal's department	958	35
757.	Paul C. Biersach, assistant superintendent, spl. attr.	24	50
758.	W. B. Barney & Co., partial premium, B	47	00
759 .	V. M. Gasper, services	15	00
760.	Nick Grimm, premium in full, B	34	00
761.	Mrs. Pauline Dame, runing dining hall	145	00
762.	John J. Kempf, treasurer, spurious coin	3	00
763 .	J. L. Herbst, supt. depts. F and H, and expenses	66	35
764.	J. L. Herbst, expenses board meeting	17	74
76 5.	Mary E. Chadwick, supt. dept. M, and expenses	111	00
766.	Mrs. Geo. Battles, services department M	10	00
76 7.	Myrtle Johnson, services department M	10	00
768.	Henry Blocker, labor	2	20
769 .	W. P. Bussey, asst. supt. departments F and H	31	50
77 0.	G. U. Fisher, expenses grounds department	95	90
771.	J. S. Donald, superintendent department A	50	00
772.	C. E. Matteson, superintendent department E	50	00
773.	Harry Gregg, asst. department E	33	2 5
774.	G. U. Fisher, salary supt. of grounds, July and Aug	200	00
775.	H. G. Potter, labor and material	200	00
776.	Dixon & Deaner, partial payment, B	100	00
777.	Geo. G. Cox, expenses grand stand dept	428	50
778.	R. A. Jones, judging swine	60	00
779.	Geo. McKerrow, meals for policemen and firemen	. 59	00
78 0.	Geo. McKerrow, services purchasing agent	45	00
781.	David R. Wedgwood, asst. supt. dept. K	52	50
782.	Geo. G. Cox, extra help grand stand	5	00
783.	David Wedgwood, supt. dept. K	153	40
784.	G. U. Fisher, payroll to September 15	686	20
785.	James J. Nelson, supt. dept. L, and expenses	93	50
786.	Allie Wooster, relay running race	2,200	00
787.	Allie Wooster, special races	300	00
788 .	Joseph Clauder, music Clauder's band	175	00
789.	E. L. Aderhold, asst. supt. dept. J	9	00
79 0.	C. J. Strobel, balance payment on airship	3750	00
791.	John S. Bryan, postal service	41	15
792.	G. A. Jung, livery	51	00
793 .	Louis Clark, speed winnings	125	ÛÛ
794.	Louis Clark, speed winnings	25	
795.	M. Michels, asst. dept. J	31	50

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	ınt
796.	J. B. Jones, speed winnings	450	00
797.	J. B. Jones, speed winnings	1050	00
798.	J. B. Jones, speed winnings	250	00
799.	D. J. Fenelon, speed winnings	200	00
800.	W. A. Stout, speed winnings	500	00
801.	H. W. Lawrence, speed winnings	125	00
802.	W. H. Knight, sec., protested speed money	1205	00
803.	The Sentinel Publishing Co., advertising	512	90
804.	Free Press Publishing Co., advertising	418	60
805.	News Publishing Co., advertising	314	00
806.	The Journal Publishing Co., advertising	258	()(
807.	Evening Wisconsin, advertising	223	50
808.	Germania Publishing Co., advertising	183	00
809.	Clark Printing & Engraving Co., cuts	115	00
810.	Saxe Sign Co., street car signs	60	76
811.	Schueppert-Zoeller Printing Co., printing	44	90
812.	Krus Engraving Co., cuts	16	78
813.	E. T. Hindman, photographs	24	50
814.	Wisconsin Agriculturalist, advertising	500	06
815.	Wisconsin Jobber & Retailer, advertising	10	00
816.	Sentinel Co., advertising (weekly)	20	00
817.	Spirit of the West, advertising speed	45	75
818.	Germania Publishing Co., advertising	12	00
819.	Northwestern Publishing Co., advertising	12	00
820.	The Catholic Citizen, advertising	10	00
821.	Excelsior Publishing Co., advertising	12	00
822.	G. C. Humphrey, judging cattle	33	75
823.	Boston Store, paper	9	00
824.	C. G. Wilcox, expenses speed department	260	5.0
825.	C. G. Wilcox, miscellaneous expenses	118	20
826.	L. A. Meininger, music, Waukesha band	87	50
827.	J. F. Hoskin, music, Darlington band	125	00
828.	A. F. Benest, music, Benest's band	130	00
829.	W. T. Carson, payment on barn	300	00
830.	Schwaab Stamp & Seal Co., police stars	18	00
831.	C. H. Everett, superintendent county exhibits	44	00
832.	Saxe Sign Co., signs	4	75
833.	L. L. Olds, judging grains	23	79
834.	Wisconsin Iron & Wire Works, mdse	234	50
835.	Pain's Pyrotechnic Co., fireworks	2900	90
020	Smith Dromier Typewriter Co rent of machine	4	00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
837.	L. A. Meyer Co., safe	· 180	00
838.	M. Marks, Jr., exhibition coops	250	00
839.	M. Winter Lumber Co., floor cases	80	36
840.	J. H. Gevaart Co., groceries for dining hall	80	43
841.	Geo. C. Mansfield, supplies for dining hall	8	80
842.	Joseph Miller, meat for dining hall	61	54
843.	Cream City Bill Posting Co., services bill posting	42	68
844.	Remington Typewriter Co., rent of machine	3	50
845.	A. Le Feber, grain	39	65
846.	H. G. Hess, time announcer	50	00
847.	The Evening' Wisconsin, entry tags	4	75
848.	Chicago House Wrecking Co., turnstiles	40	60
849.	Frank Kleinheinz, judging sheep	55	1ó
850.	C. H. Wannamaker, advertising	6	00
851.	Sanders Publishing Co., advertising	78	40
852 .	Geo. Wylie, Superintendent D	50	00
853.	Geo. Wylie, expenses	7	9z
854.	Philip Adler, advertising	6	50
855.	Geo. A. Bishop, advertising	3	33
856 .	M. & M. B. Publishing Co., advertising	23	02
857.	F. J. Fassbender, advertising	1	75
858.	Paul Ruff, advertising	3	30
859.	J. S. Sodden, advertising	3	90
860.	John Hickey, advertising	1	25
861.	J. M. Hagen, advertising	3	00
862.	Fred H. Webb, advertising	2	10
863.	J. E. Williams, advertising	21	88
864.	G. E. Palmer, advertising	10	02
865.	Frank A. Inman, advertising	3	00
866.	A. H. Carnegie, advertising	13	36
867.	W. C. Kassebaum, advertising	3	00
868.	Fred J. Campbell, advertising	3	CO
869.	T. Cordingly, advertising	1	38
870.	W. C. Tiede, advertising	59	92
871.	Aubrey C. King, advertising	8	71
872.	F. E. Horn, advertising	3	00
873.	R. B. Johnson, advertising	5	1.5
874.	E. C. Chapman, advertising	4	75
875.	H. Hendrickson, advertising	3	0ე
876.	Waupaca Bill Posting Co., advertising	4	00
	5Ag.		

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
877.	M. L. Sweet, advertising	2	80
878.	C. S. Cone, advertising	12	45
879.	O. G. Brown, advertising	2	70
880.	John Leaver, advertising	37	23
881.	Henry Wullner, advertising	72	83
882.	Peter Rhode, Jr., advertising	28	00
883.	E. J. Kempf, advertising	88	32
884.	J. J. Kempf, treasury expenses	8	60
885.	J. J. Kempf, Treasurer, foreign coins	11	80
8 8 6 .	Evening Wisconsin, supplies	50	E(
887.	A. LeFeber, grain and hay	65	50
888.	W. J. Moyle, judging flowers	15	50
889.	Holcomb Bros., gasoline	5	10
890.	Hans Berg, saddle horses	36	00
891.	William Beattie, Asst. Supt., B	24	50
892.	Chas. L. Hill, Asst. Supt., B	10	50
893.	C. D. Rosa, misscellaneous expenses	4	90
894.	J. G. Fuller, judging horses	16	95
895.	James J. Nelson, expenses	8	50
896 .	McLay Bros., premiums A	667	00
8 97.	Pabst Stock Farm, premiums A	399	00
898.	J. R. Peak & Son, premiums A	310	00
899.	A. R. Ives, premium A	166	OC
900.	Richland Center Horse Breeders' Assoc., premiums A	226	96
901.	J. L. Morris, premiums A	37	00
902.	W. H. Whiteside, premiums A	95	90
903.	J. McD. Randles, premiums A	27	00
904.	S. L. Mann, premiums A	15	06
905.	Robert Hardy, premiums A	5	00
906.	W. B. Austin, premium A	10	90
907.	W. B. Dunlop, premium A	9	n(
908.	W. Schwartz, premium A	22	0(
909.	H. Tennessen, premium A	15	00
910.	Progress Blue Ribbon Stud, premium A	129	0
911.	Hans Berg, premium A	127	00
912.	Dr. D. Roberts, premiums A	25	00
913.	W. D. Powell, premiums A	7	00
914.	Dorr L. Hull, premiums A	32	00
915.	Arthur Ott, premiums A	23	06
916.	A. J. Richter, premiums A	5	00
917	Adam Seitz premiums A	51	60

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	at.
918.	F. A. Austerman, premiums A	25	00
919.	Lewis Lewellin & Son, premiums A	226	00
920.	L. W. Cochran, premiums A	72	00
921.	H. A. Briggs, premiums A	215	90
922.	Alex Galbraith & Son, premiums A	25 5	00
923.	Schwartz Bros., premiums A	15	00
924.	A. W. & F. E. Fox, premiums A	40	00
925.	Progress blue Ribbon Farms, premiums A	28	00
926.	Ethelwold Farms, premiums A	253	00
927.	J. T. Edwards, premiums A	42	00
928.	R. W. Rowlands, premiums A	13	00
929.	Sleep Bros., premiums A	201	60.
930.	Schley Bros., premiums A	35	00
931.	R. S. Witte, premiums A	109	00
93 2 .	August Uihlein, premiums A	269	90
933.	Alex A. Arnold & Sons, premiums B	44	00
934.	H. W. Ayers, premiums B	200	00
935.	W. B. Barney & Co., premiums B	91	00
936.	W. J. Bernd, premiums B	148	00
937.	Cargill & McMillan, premiums B	192	00
938.	E. T. Carroll, premiums B	21	00
939.	M. D. Cunningham, premiums B	118	00
940.	Divan Bros., premiums B	191	00
941.	Dixon & Deaner, premiums B	109	00
942.	Ethelwold Farms, premiums B	82	00
943.	E. J. Fargo, premiums B	18	00
944.	Void.		
945.	F. W. Harding, premiums B, less stall rent	456	Ŋ٨
946.	Herr Bros. & Reynolds. (balance) premiums	342	00
947.	Sam Jones, premiums B	129	00
948.	William M. Jones, premiums B	61	0 6
949.	E. D. Jones & Son, balance premium B	33	00
950.	R. C. Jones, balance premium B	113	00
951.	W. A. McHenry, premiums B	346	90
952.	J. C. Robinson & Son, premiums B	44	00
958.	Rust Bros., premiums B	70	00
954.	Adam Seits, premiums B	129	00
955 .	Seymour Bros., premiums B	35	00
956.	J. Slimmer, premiums B	300	00
957.	Void.		
958.	William Smiley, premiums B	95	00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount	•
959.	Stewart Lumber Co., premiums B	82 00	0
960.	H. N. Thompson, balance premium B	12 00	0
961.	Fred Vogel, premium B	44 00	0
962.	J. H. Williams, premium B	20 00)
963.	J. D. Hatch, premium B	74 00	0
964.	Chas. A. Jahr, Asst. Supt. L	35 60	J.
965.	O. F. Roessler, Supt. Privileges and expenses, meeting	121 9	8
966.	F. W. Harding, premiums C	249 50	0
967.	E. M. Moore, balance premium C	100 0	ŋ
968.	N. M. Jewell & Son, premium C	38 00	0
969.	W. G. McGill, premiums C	31 5	0
970.	F. H. Patten, premium C	29 0	0
971.	W. Woodard, balance premium C	151 0	0
972.	Telfer Bros., balance premium C	149 5	0
973.	Renk Bros., premiums C	132 0	ŋ
974.	J. C. Robinson & Son, premiums C	63 0	0
975.	W. H. Edwards, premiums C	54 C	0
976.	W. S. Dixon, premium C	158 0	0
977.	A. E. Green, premium C	88 0	0
978.	M. P. & S. E. Lantz, premiums C	89 0	0
979.	Ethelwold Farms, premiums C	3 5 0	U
9 80.	Alex A. Arnold & Sons, premiums C	135 0	0
981.	Lewis Bros., premiums C	102 3	0
982.	W. G. Bartholf, premiums C	53 0	0
983.	F. E. Coriell, premiums C	23 ባ	10
984.	Eli Crall & Son, premiums C	23 0	10
985.	Geo. McKerrow & Sons, premiums C	626 5	0
986.	W. G. Bartholf, premiums D	23 2	:5
987.	A. Beaumont, premiums D	8 0	JŪ
988.	James Hogan, premiums D	29 1	Ü
989.	J. Kreuscher, Jr., premiums D	13 1	5
990.	Void.		
991.	R. Flint, premiums D	27 (90
992.	M. W. Reed, premiums D	19 2	20
993.	H. W. Reed & Wright Co., balance D	100 0	99
994.	Eli Crall & Son, premiums D	. 70 ()(
995.	W. W. Vaughn & Sons, premiums D	55 ()(
996.	F. H. Patten, premiums D	29 (
997.	Geo. Ineichen & Son, balance premium D	50 (
998.	D. F. Conway, balance premium D		
999	Chas T Hill premiums D	41 (Ŋſ



No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
1000.	A. N. Kelly, premium D	227	00
1001.	H. P. West, premiums D	152	UΟ
1002.	Humbert & White, balance premium D	102	00
1003.	C. D. Johnson, balance premium D	21	90
1004.	W. J. Martin, premiums D	6	00
1005.	W. J. Kelley, premiums D	20	00
1006.	H. J. Noblet, premiums D	23	00
1007.	Geo. Martin, premiums D	82	90
1008.	L. P. Martiny, premiums D	86	79
1009.	F. P. Bishop, premiums D	27	25
1010.	Geo. E. Kelly, premium D	22	00
1011.	J. F. Weaver, premium D	25	00
1012.	Alex A. Arnold & Sons, premium D	10	00
1013.	Zack Kenne, premium D	84	00
1014.	C. H. Bowen, advertising	26	19
1015.	T. M. E. R. & L. Co., car for treasurer	48	იე
1016.	Kieckhefer Box Co., sawdust	8	00
1017.	Wieman & Muench, flags for school children	19	00
1018.	Bart J. Ruddle, miscellaneous expenses	40	35
1019.	Kuryer Publishing Co., advertising	58	00
1020.	P. B. Haber, balance advertising bill		60
1021.	Cheese & Dairy Publishing Co., advertising	8	00
1022.	F. M. Barnes, balance Special Attractions	400	00
1023.	Fred Allee, premium E	1	00
1024.	F. R. Austerman, premium E	16	50
1025.	Boots & Stier, premium E	35	00
1026.	J. Conrad, premium E	13	50
1027.	Geo. Cooke, premiums E	9	00
1028.	Henry Daniels, premiums E	2	50
1029.	Dartmoor Yards, premiums E	4	50
1030.	Dawson Bros., premiums E	76	eo
1031.	Daily & Wells, premium E	2	00
1032.	Edgewood Farms, premiums E	4	50
1033.	Frank B. Fargo, premiums E	2	75
1034.	Mrs. W. F. Grimshaw, premiums E	1	50
1935.	S. W. Hardy, premiums E	5	n
1036.	John E. Hartley, premiums E	5	25
1037.	A. O. Heilman, premiums E	4	25
1038.	Hoyt & Deaner, premium E	13	00
1039.	Idle Hour Poultry Yards, premiums E	0	00
1040.	David Jenner, premiums E.		75

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	ınt
1041.	Arthur Kittinger, premiums E	8	25
1042.	Al Kroeger, premiums E	13	01
1043.	J. R. Love, premiums E	30	00
1044.	Addison Love, premiums E	10	00
1045.	Mrs. J. L. Mielke, premiums E	5	78
1046.	Clara D. Martin & Son, premium E	3	50
1047.	R. T. Momsen, premiums E	1	75
1048.	F. W. Niesman, premium E	32	GS
1049.	J. L. Nowak, premiums E	4	75
1050.	Arthur Ott, premiums E	1	50
1051.	Pasbrig Bros., premiums E	17	25
1052.	S. S. Rich, premiums E	11	50
1053.	E. G. Roberts, balance premiums E	40	00
1654.	J. J. Rodig, premiums E	3	75
105 5 .	J. C. Schulz, premiums E	g	75
1 05 6 .	A. M. Schulz, premiums E	3	00
1057.	H. T. Seeman, premiums E	6	00
1058.	Geo. W. Tulenz, premiums E	14	00
1059.	Ferd Vanselow, premiums E	2	90
1060.	Jos. Volz, premiums E	10	90
1061.	H. Wolff, premiums E		75
1062.	Albert R. Zier, premiums E	6	75
1063.	William Augstein, premiums E	5	00
1064.	Jos. Barta, Jr., premiums E	13	50
1065.	Henry Barta, premiums E	12	1)0
1066.	Walter C. Bolt, premiums E	7	50
1067.	Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, premiums E	15	00
1068.	R. B. Dobrogowski, premiums E	33	υO
1069.	Elmwood Poultry & Pigeon Farm, premiums E	z	00
1070.	Geo. Ewald, premiums E, less entries	76	20
1071.	A. M. Fiebrantz, premiums E	9	()17
1072.	Robert Guentzel, premiums E	19	00
1073.	J. P. Heer, premiums E	17	50
1074.	Hoyt & Deaner, balance premiums E	4	50
1075.	Isabel Jansen, premiums E	14	(10
1076.	L. A. Jansen, premiums E	27	00
1077.	Julius Just, premiums E	4	25
1078.	John Koenig, premiums E	9	00
1079.	Walter Korb, premiums E	10	(10
1080.	William Korb, premiums E	10	50
1001	Hormon Vrotechmer promiums W	40	EΛ

No.	To whom and for what.	Amour	nt.
1082.	Mrs. C. G. Loeber, premiums E	3	00
1083.	C. G. Loeber, premiums E	1	00
1084.	Thos. B. McCauley, premiums E	19	00
1085.	K. J. Muir, premiums E	11	00
1086.	F. W. Niesman, balance premiums E	3	50
1087.	Theo Reuter, premiums E	15	00
1088.	J. F. Roe, premiums E	13	00
1089.	Mrs. J. F. Roe, premiums E	8	00
1090.	G. R. Schubert, premiums E	11	ÚΟ
1091.	Max Staehl, premiums E	8	00
1092.	William Tegge, premiums E	5	00
1093.	Herman Vanselow, premiums E	62	00
1094.	Ferd Vanselow, balance premium E	9	00
1095.	Wagner Bros., premiums E	8	50
1096.	A. Williamsen, premiums E	16	90
1097.	C. Williamsen, premiums E	28	00
1098.	E. Williamsen, premiums E	4	00
1099.	H. Williamsen, premiums E	11	
1100.	John Hans, premiums E	5 6	-
1101.	A. L. Kleeber, premiums E	12	
1102.	H. P. West, premiums F	64	
1103.	J. H. Pilgrim, premiums F	32	-
1104.	W. F. Pilgrim, premiums F		00
1105.	John Markert, premiums F	10	
1106.	W. F. Pilgrim, balance premium F		90
1107.	John Grape, premiums F	56	
1108.	Frank J. Lindley, premiums F	32	-
1109.	Casper Olson, premiums F	70	
1110.	A. N. Kelly, premiums F		00
1111.	Robert Pilgrim, premiums F		00
1112.	H. J. Shulte, premiums F		00
1113.	E. L. Benedict, premiums F		20
1114.	Lizzie Mayer, premiums F	_	20
1115.	Void.	·	
1116.	Bennie Hans, premiums F	17	00
1117.	Harry Markert, premiums F		00
1118.	Frank Benedict, premiums F		20
1119.	Eddie Finn, premiums F		00
1120.	Addison Love, premiums F		00
1121.	Robert Pilgrim, premiums F		90
1122.	Alfred Pilgrim, premiums F		00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
1123.	Addison Love, premiums F	10	60
1124.	Clinton Kinney, premiums F	2	90
1125.	H. A. Main, premiums F	4	00
1126.	R. J. Schaefer, premiums F	2	00
1127.	Otto Wiegand, premiums F	2	00
1128.	Wis. Tobacco Growers & Dealers' Assn., premiums F	20	00
1129.	J. J. Ochsner, premiums F	26	00
1130.	A. L. Kleeber, premiums F	70	00
1131.	Wm. E. Prisk, premiums F	41	00
1132.	E. D. Ochsner, premiums F	72	60
1133.	C. D. Voland, premiums F	3	90
1134.	Joseph Volz, premiums F	9	99
1135.	Mrs. Abbie Prisk, premiums F	3	θŪ
1136.	F. Lounsbury, premiums F	6	00
1137.	Eastman Bros., premiums F	3	00
1138.	Pioneer Fruit Farm, premiums H	64	60
1139.	William Fox, premiums H	65	80
1140.	Harland Bros., premiums 4.	23	19
1141.	William Peffer, premiu	20	00
1142.	A. D. Brown, premium.	17	00
1143.	Mrs. Robert Ramsey, prens H	65	ე0
1144.	H. C. Melcher, premiums H	7	25
1145.	A. N. Kelly, premiums H	23	30
1146.	Geo. Jeffery, premiums H	38	45
1147.	Mrs. A. F. White, premiums H	. 14	76
1148.	F. Lounsbury, premiums H	10	50
1149.	D. T. Pilgrim, premiums H	36	00
1150.	Currie Bros., premiums H	61	00
1151.	John Dunlop, premiums H	60	(),)
1152.	Alex Klokner, premiums H	32	00
1153.	H. W. Koerner, premiums H	16	00
1154.	Mrs. C. E. Strong, premiums H		90
1155.	Mrs. F. W. Poppe, premiums H	_	ი0
1156.	L. Atkins, premiums H		60
1157.	Mrs. L. W. Barnes, premiums H	29	50
1158.	Mrs. Thos. Bowes, premiums H		G)
1159.	Isabel Clapp, premiums H	7	90
1160.	Carol Clapp, premiums H	2	CO
1161.	Fond du Lac County, by H. P. West, prem	205	60
1162.	Marathon County, by L. K. Wright, premium	210	
1162	Wankesha County by John Grane promium	100	^^

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
1164.	Dodge County, by F. J. Lindley, premium	145	00
1165.	Jefferson County, by Geo. Maurer, premium	145	οo
1166.	Adams County, by Geo. E. Reynolds, premium	125	00
1167.	Iowa County, by Prisk & Kelly, premium	130	0u
1168.	Rock County, by E. Gabriel, premium	110	00
1169.	Oconto County, by R. A. Miniely, balance premium	50	90
1170.	Forest County, by M. S. Barker, premium	85	00
1171.	Milwaukee County, by B: Jentzsch, premium	50	ÚÚ
1172.	Ina Lean, premium L	40	00
1173.	Albert Elsner, Jr., premiums L	70	υũ
1174.	Ruth R. Shults, premiums L	46	Oυ
1175.	Peter Rotier, premiums L	31	00
1176.	Tom Busalachi, premiums L	8	υũ
1177.	Mrs. J. E. Winn, premiums L	13	00
1178.	Anna Reiter, premiums L	20	00
1179.	Mrs. H. Arends, premiums L	12	00
1180.	Eleanor C. Hansen, premiums L	6	00
1181.	Mrs. A. Kingsbury, premiums L	17	Úυ
1182.	Louise L. Dorr, premiums L	1	00
1183.	Anthony Spalthoff, premiums L	15	eo
1184.	Mrs. W. Wagner, premiums L	7	00
1185.	George Diesch, premiums L	8	00
1186.	Mrs. J. Groves, premiums L	3	00
1187.	Julius Bauman, premiums L	3	00
1188.	J. H. Field, premiums L	10	90
1189.	Lillian Zimmerman, premiums L	5	90
1190.	A. H. Wernick, premiums L	3	00
1191.	Minnie Dykins, premiums L	15	00
1192.	Mrs. Willas Hetlesaeter, premiums L	4	90
1193.	Clara Bodden, premiums L	19	00
1194.	Luella Cooke, premiums L	21	90
1195.	Mrs. J. W. Cutler, premiums L	10	90
1196.	Mrs. P. M. Kynaston, premiums L	22	06
1197.	Lucile Cooke, premiums L	16	Úΰ
1198.	Jenny C. Lloyd, premiums L	37	00
1199.	Mrs. L. E. Greenleaf, premiums L	13	00
1200.	Phebe S. Wilbur, premiums L	26	00
1201.	Mrs. P. A. Chase, premiums L	3	96
1202.	Mrs. W. F. Borges, premiums L	11	90
1203.	Mrs. F. V. McBeath, premiums L	3	00
1204.	Mrs. H. W. Haskell, premiums L	1	OO

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
1205.	Laura J. Lapham, premiums L	15 by
1206.	Mrs. H. S. Rice, premiums L	4 00
1207.	Mrs. H. Butler, premiums L	7 00
1208.	John Gallagher Co., rental of tents	125 GJ
1209.	J. H. Gevaart, mdse	82 93
1210.		499 9t
1211.		150 00
1212.	John M. True, help in office	34 00
1213.	Lee Pearson, premiums Educational Department	5 00
1214.	James Sloniker, premiums Educational Department	3 00
1215.	Blanche Butterfield, premiums Educational Depart-	
	ment	2 00
1216.	Bridget Kelly, premium Educational Department	5 50
1217.	Rhiny Pagel, premium Educational Department	4 00
1218.	A. G. Meating, premiums Educational Department	2 50
1219.	George Schmidt, premium Educational Department	1 50
1220.	Katie McCabe, premium Educational Department	4 90
1221.	Francis Sassisky, premium Educational Department	2 00
1222.	Glen Westphal, premiums Educational Department	4 00
1223.	F. Chandler, premiums Educational Department	4 00
1224.	Clara Michalek, premiums Educational Department	2 50
1225.	School District, No .1, premium Educational Depart-	
	ment	1 50
1226.	Ignatz Fleischman, premium Educational Department	5 90
1227.	Arny Tracy, premiums Educational Department	3 00
1228.	Pearl Claridge, premiums Educational Department	7 00
1229.	Bessie Brewer, premiums Educational Department	8 00
1230.	Lizzie Stadler, premiums Educational Department	2 50
1231.	Rosa Furst, premiums Educational Department	1 50
1232.	Mary J. Windish, premiums Educational Department	2 50
1233.	Essie Berry, premiums Educational Department	1 50
1234.	Iva Schafer, premiums Educational Department	2 50
1235.	Edith Schafer, premiums Educational Department	1 50
1236 .	Mary Kilsdonk, premiums Educational Department	4 00
1237.	Leo Van Roy, premiums Educational Department	7 50
1238.	Sammy Martin, premiums Educational Department	4 00
1239.	A. G. Meating, premium Educational Department	4 90
1240.	A. G. Meating, premiums Educational Department	1 50
1241.	Agnes Lentz, premiums Educational Department	10 99
1242.	Louisa Brechtl, premiums Educational Department	3 90
1243.	Myrtle Brewer, premiums Educational Department	7 00



4	•	
No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
1244.		4 00
1245.	LeRoy Parks, premiums Educational Department	2 50
1246.	Anna Short, premiums Educational Department	4 00
1247.	Maud Meyer, premium Educational Department	2 50
1248.	Merrill Butterfield, premiums Educational Depart-	
	ment	3 25
1249.	Erma Ellis, premiums Educational Department	3 25
1250.	Bessie Berry, premiums Educational Department	4 00
1251.	Iva Schafer, premiums Educational Department	1 50
1252.	Martha Lippert, premiums Educational Department	3 00
1 2 53.	Clara Kabusen, premium Educational Department	2 00
1254.	Grant Cooke, premium Educational Department	18 00
1255.	Grant Cooke, premiums Educational Department	6 50
1 256 .	J. J. Pecher, advertising	58 77
1257.	Viola Abert, premiums M	11 00
1258.	Mrs. Susie Abert, premiums M	31 00
1259.	Mrs. Thos. Bowes, premiums M	28 00
1260.	Mrs. L. W. Barnes, premiums M	2 00
1261.	Meta L. Baker, premiums M	27 00
1262.	Mrs. J. R. Bosshart, premiums M	1 00
1263.	Mrs. J. C. Brandel, premiums M	4 0%
1264.	Mrs. H. D. Broker, premiums M	4 00
1265.	Carol Clapp, premiums M	11 00
1266.	Isabel Clapp, premiums M	7 00
1267.	Laura Corbielle, premiums M	2 00
1268.	Minnie Dykins, premiums M	5 00
1269.	Mrs. E. L. Douville, premiums M	9 00
1270.	Mrs. E. J. Davis, premiums M	1 90
1271.	Mrs. H. E. Davis, premiums M	4 00
1272 .	Mrs. Martin Dreyfus, premiums M	13 00
1273.	Mrs. J. C. Davis, premiums M	3 00
1274.	Mrs. Henry Fischer, premiums M	41 90
1275.	Mrs. Frank J. Granger, premiums M	6 00
1276.	Mrs. L. C. Huckstep, premiums M	15 00
1277.	Mrs. Edgar C. Hoffman, premiums M	15 00
1278.	Mrs. John Hans, premiums M	13 00
1279.	Marie Holman, premiums M	12 00
1280.	Mrs. Willas Hetlesaeter, premiums M	8 00
1281.	Industrial School, Waukesha, premiums M	6 00
1282.	Mrs. A. Kingsbury, premiums M	17 00
1283.	Mrs. H. Kuehn, premiums M	2 00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
1284.	Mrs. A. Krause, premiums M	5 00
1285.	Mrs. J. B. Kynaston, premiums M	1 05
1286.	Mrs. T. P. Leonard, premiums M	6 00
1287.	Mrs. C. G. Lee, premiums M	1 00
1288.	Mrs. A. LeFeber, premiums M	11 05
1289.	Mrs. W. E. Langenberg, premiums M	10 θυ
1290.	Mrs. F. Lounsbury, premiums M	7 00
1291.	Lizzie Mayer, premiums M	3 60
1292.	Della May, premiums M	1 09
1293.	Elsie Meyer, premiums M	9 00
1294.	Mrs. S. J. Nelson, premiums M	1 00
1295.	Marjorie W. Nethercut, premiums M	4 00
1296.	Mrs. E. O. Byrne, premiums M	1 00
1297.	Mrs. Lynn S. Pease, premiums M	8 (9)
1298.	Mary E. Pease, premiums M	7 00
1299.	Mrs. S. W. Poppe, premiums M	21 90
1300.	Mrs. C. G. Porter, premiums M	1 00
1301.	Mrs. M. Pagels, premiums M	4 00
1302.	Mrs. William Peters, premiums M	1 90
1303.	Mrs. William Sweeney, premium M	4 00
1304.	Mrs. C. E. Strong, premiums M	2 00
1305.	Mrs. L. Sheldon, premiums M	3 00
1306.	Josephine Stoppenbach, premiums M	20 00
1307.	Mrs. A. D. Stoppenbach, premiums M	11 00
1308.	Etna M. Strohm, premiums M	6 00
1309.	Mrs. Edna S. Sinsel, premiums M	4 00
1310.	Kate Schottola, premiums M	2 00
1311.	Mrs. R. Smith, premiums M	2 90
1312.	Mrs. A. E. Schaub, premiums M	2 00
1313.	Mrs. A. Talbert, premiums M	3 00
1314.	Mrs. R. H. Talbutt, premiums M	10 00
1315.	Mrs. Caroline Federmeyer, premiums M	2 00
1316. 1317.	Louise E. Wernich, premiums M	23 00
1318.	Mrs. Lydia E. Welsh, premiums M	9 00
1319.	Lydia Wollenburg, premiums M	11 00
1320.	Mrs. W. P. Wegner, premiums M	23 00
1321	Mrs. Balthasar Wichser, premiums M	3 00
1322.	Mrs. H. P. Weissenborn, premiums M.	1 00
1323.	Mrs. A. F. White, premiums M	7 (0
1324.	Mrs. H. Rahte, premiums M	2 60

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount
1325.	Mrs. L. Yanke, premiums M	29 00
1326.	Evening Wisconsin Company, advertising	3 00
1327.	Wisconsin Lakes Ice & Cartage Co., ice	117 00
1328.	C. W. Harvey, paid guards	15 00
1329.	Mrs. Thos. Bowes, balance premium M	5 00
1330.	Mrs. L. Yanke, balance premiums M	2 00
1331.	Dr. A. S. Alexander, judging horses	15 00
1332.	Robert L. Adams, premiums J	4 94
1333.	Casper Anderegg, premiums J	3 73
1334.	F. E. Anderson, premiums J	2 63
1335.	H. W. Austin, premiums J	6 31
1336.	J. F. Bachman, premiums J	4 89
1337.	F. W. Bartelt premiums J	3 95
1338.	Fred Bartling, premiums J	3 29
1339.	J. A. Bauer, premiums J	3 95
1340.	F. L. Beers, premiums J	2 63
1341.	Chris Beller, premiums J	11 36
1345.	Jacob Baehler, premiums J	7 89
1343.	Fred Blaser, premiums J	13 64
1344.	Frank Blumenstein, premimus J	5 75
1345.	Jacob Baeher, premiums J	7 89
1346.	John E. Boettcher, premiums J	11 27
1347.	William C. Boldt, premiums J	3 95
1348.	L. L. Bolstad, premiums J	2 G3
1349.	Fred W. Borne, premiums J	2 63
1350.	Frank Bowar, premiums J	2 63
1351.	August Brandt premiums J	3 15
1352.	C. F. Brinkman, premiums J	4 48
1353.	B. G. Bursch, premiums J	1 32
1354.	Thomas Carswell, premiums J	1 32
1355.	C. J. Chapin, premiums J	9 30
1356.	W. J. Clark, premiums J	30 22
1357.	Ernst Cobb. premiums J	6 25
1358.	R. Conrad, premiums J	22 10
1359.	W. B. Constantine, premiums J	1 59
1360.	S. B. Cook, premiums J	3 29
1361.	A. Cole, premiums J	2 63
1362.	P. E. Cranston, premiums J	7 88
1363.	Irene Curtis, premiums J	12 33
1364.	Mrs. S. J. Curtis, premiums J	19 26
1365.	E. J. Czamanske, premiums J	11 57

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
1366.	L. Dabareiner, premiums J	2 63
1367.	L. J. Dack, premiums J	5 26
1368.	Mrs. D. Danielson, premiums J	4 48
1369.	Henry Donner, premiums J	2 68
1370 .	M. G. Douma, premiums J	7 26
1371.	E. L. Duxbury, premiums J	3 95
1372.	John H. Elmer & Son, premiums J	35 22
1373.	M. Engbretson, premiums J	3 95
1374.	Samuel Erb, premiums J	15 00
1375.	Emil Falk, premiums J	14 80
1376.	W. J. Feind, premiums J	آد 7
1377.	A. N. Finstad, premiums J	5.00
1378.	A. J. Fraser, premiums J	2.63
1379.	Geo. Gallaway, premiums J	1.32
1380.	R. C. Ganshow, premiums J	9 46
1381.	P. E. Gremer, premiums J	12.00
1382 .	Gentilly Dairy Association, premiums J	7.88
1383.	C. Gerlach, premiums J	3.95
1384.	C. L. Gilbert, premiums J	3.93
1385.	L. A. Goodchild, premiums J	5.75
1386.	J. Roy Gordon, premiums J	5.97
1387.	O. E. Gremke, premiums J	8.67
1388.	Arnold Grimm, premiums J	1.58
1389.	Ferd Grimm, premiums J	1,88
1390.	A. F. Guelzow, premiums J	1.96
1391.	William Haag, premiums J	8.68
1392.	Fred Hadler, premiums J	11.88
1393.	F. H. Harms, premiums J	3,95
1394.	Louis Hasse, premiums J	5,82
1395.	J. T. Henderson, premiums J	3.93
1396.	H. Raymond, wages September	50.00
1397.	C. D. Rosa, premiums J	40.00
1398.	Anton Hensler, premiums J	3.74
1399.	M. W. Hughes, premiums J	.79
1400.	F. W. Huth, premiums J	7.07
1401.	W. J. Hyne, premiums J	4.19
1402.	J. J. Jackson, premiums J	3.95
1403.	Herbert A. Kalk, premiums J	9.81
1404.	P. H. Kasper, premiums J	30.60
1405.	Otto A. Kielsmeyer, premiums J	36 21
1406	A H Knoke premiume I	7 10

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
1407.	O. E. Knoke, premiums J	3.95
1408.	Mrs. J. Koepsell, premiums J	.39
1409.	Geo. W. Kruel, premiums J	3.15
1410.	William F. Krohn, premiums J	12.83
1411.	C. F. Langhilde, premiums J	1.32
1412.	Mrs. A. W. Lehman, premiums J	18.65
1413.	Herman Lewis, premiums J	2.63
1414.	John Lord, premiums J	4.73
1415.	W. Lund, premiums J	.66
1416.	M. J. Mahlik, premiums J	4.73
1417.	F. E. McCormick, premiums J	5.26
1418.	Otto R. McCormick, premiums J	3 95
1419.	A. E. McLane, premiums J	7 97
1420.	Mrs. J. F. McRostie, premiums J	10.26
1421.	H. B. Melendy, premiums J	7.80-7.90
1422.	Matthew Meyer, premiums J	3.13
1423.	Walter Meyers, premiums J	4.93
1424.	August G. Morner, premiums J	8.96
1425.	Peter Motek, premiums J	6.30
1426.	Gottlieb Muehleison, premiums J	8.95
1427.	H. L. Mueller, premiums J	4.20
1428.	Geo. Mullen, premiums J	6 00
1429.	Murphy Bros., premiums J	8.26
1430.	Robert Nauman, premiums J	8.40
1431.	Mrs. H. J. Nicholson, premiums J	8.96
1432.	Fritz Niederhausen, premiums J	5.26
1433.	G. H. Nielson, premiums J	2.63
1434.	Thos. O'Neill, premiums J	4.44
1425.	J. H. Osborne, premiums J	9.46
1426.	A. E. Paddock, premiums J	2.88
1427.	E. L. Passmore, premiums J	5.26
1428.	Geo. F. Peterson, premiums J	3.95
1439.	Van W. Pipal. premiums J	9.46
1440.	J. H. Peterson, premiums J	7.46
1441.	J. C. Post. premiums J	2.63
1442.	Henry W. Priebe, premiums J	1.58
1443.	Chas. H. Prust. premiums J	3.95
1444.	Max E. Radloff, premiums J	5.22
1445.	A. E. Radtke, premiums J	8.31
1446.	G. F. Randall, premiums J	8.00
1447.	J. J. Ried, premiums J	2.98

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount
1448.	Arthur Roegner, premiums J	3.94
1449.	Ben Roan, premiums J	2.63
1450.	Chas Sass, premiums J	4.60
1451.	Carl G. Senz, premiums J	2.63
1452.	D. A. Sheldon, premiums J	3.78
1453.	Frank Shepherd, premiums J	3.21
1454.	E. O. Sigglekow, premiums J	8.67
1455.	F. E. Snyder, premiums J	2.63
1456.	Frank Speis, premiums J	5.97
1457.	W. O. Stanton, premiums J	12.62
1438.	Mrs. L. T. Staples, premiums J	8.21
1459.	Stauffacher & Roth, premiums J	2.98
1460.	Mrs. William Sweeney, premiums J	12.44
1461.	Lucius C. Sweet, premiums J	1.32
1462.	Jacob Thiesen, premiums J	3.94
1463.	F. A. Viergutz, premiums J	2.63
1464.	Gerrie J. Vogt, premiums J	20 92
1465.	John Vogt, premiums J	20 92
1466.	W. A. Voigt, premiums J	3.95
1467.	T. J. Warner, premiums J	7.07
1468.	J. C. Weber, premiums J	1.32
1469.	J. F. Weber, premiums J	4.69
1470.	J. Weisensel, premiums J	3.95
1471.	A. F. Westphal, premiums J	13.80
1472.	William Winder, premiums J	4.89
1473.	Frank Wismer, premiums J	4.73
1474.	A. J. Wileman, premiums J	3.95
1475.	Ed. Wittwer, premiums J	5.77
1476.	Ed. Wunsch, premiums J	19.71
1477.	J. Wunsch, premiums J	4.60
1478.	Λ. N. Yates, premiums J	3.23
1479.	A. W. Zimmerman, premiums J	3.93
1480.	P. J. Barrett, sign painting	56.50
1481.	H. G. Fotter, work and material	100.00
1482.	Northwestern Tile Co., balance on walks	829.80
1482.	A. Gilmore, blacksmithing	12.88
1484.	M. Hilty Lumber Co., mdse.	235.84
1485.	M. Stern, mdse.	5.10
1486.	M. Lavein, watchman	3.00-3.00
1487.	Columbia Publishing Co., advertising	12.00
1/00	West All's Lumber Co medee	046.50

1489. Cad Brand, work on airship 8.00 1490. E. L. Adams, premiums J 2.63 1491. A. M. Babcock, premiums J 2.63 1492. Barre Mills Creamery Co., premiums J 3.95 1493. Henry Bast, premiums J 3.95 1494. R. J. Clark, premiums J 3.95 1495. E. J. Eilis, premiums J 3.95 1496. Albert Erickson, premiums J 3.95 1437. Draft returned to Treasurer 2.63 1498. C. W. Gilman, premiums J 3.29 1499. C. L. Hall, premiums J 3.95 1500. August M. Heln, premiums J 3.95 1501. P. F. Higgins, premiums J 1.32 1502. E. J. Hildeman, premiums J 1.32 1503. John C. Hohn, premiums J 2.63 1504. Draft returned to Treasurer 1.97 1505. John Magrane, premiums J 1.32 1507. George Meyers, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1510. Frank O'Hearn, premiums J 3.95 1512. F. A. Rivers, premiums J 3.95 1513. B. C. Sheldon, premiums J 3.95 1514. S. J Simonson, premiums J </th <th>No.</th> <th>To whom and for what.</th> <th>Amount.</th>	No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
1490. E. L. Adams, premiums J 2.63 1491. A. M. Babcock, premiums J 2.63 1492. Barre Mills Creamery Co., premiums J 2.63 1493. Henry Bast, premiums J 3.95 1494. R. J. Clark, premiums J 3.95 1495. E. J. Ellis, premiums J 3.95 1496. Albert Erickson, premiums J 3.95 1437. Drait returned to Treasurer 2.63 1498. C. W. Gilman, premiums J 3.29 1499. C. L. Hall, premiums J 3.95 1500. August M. Heln, premiums J 3.95 1501. P. F. Higgins, premiums J 1.32 1502. E. J. Hildeman, premiums J 1.32 1503. John C. Hohn, premiums J 2.63 1504. Draft returned to Treasurer 1.97 1505. John Magrane, premiums J 1.32 1506. E. C. McCormick, premiums J 3.59 1507. George Meyers, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1510. Frank O'Hearn, premiums J 3.95 1511. Claude E. Phillips, premiums J 3.95 1512. F. A. Rivers, premiums J 3.95 1513. B. C. Sheldon, premiu	1489.	Cad Brand, work on airship	8.00
1492. Barre Mills Creamery Co., premiums J 2.63 1493. Henry Bast, premiums J 3.95 1494. R. J. Clark, premiums J 3.95 1495. E. J. Ellis, premiums J 3.95 1496. Albert Erickson, premiums J 3.95 1437. Draft returned to Treasurer 2.63 1498. C. W. Gilman, premiums J 3.29 1499. C. L. Hall, premiums J 3.95 1501. P. F. Higgins, premiums J 1.32 1502. E. J. Hildeman, premiums J 1.32 1503. John C. Hohn, premiums J 2.63 1504. Draft returned to Treasurer 1.97 1505. John Magrane, premiums J 2.63 1506. E. C. McCormick, premiums J 3.95 1507. George Meyers, premiums J 2.63 1508. E. J. Morrison, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1510. Frank O'Hearn, premiums J 3.95 1511. Claude E. Phillips, premiums J 3.95 1512. F. A. Rivers, premiums J 3.95 1513. B. C. Sheldon, premiums J 3.95 1515. C. H. Thomson, premiums J 3.95 1516. William Spooner, premiums J 3.95 1519. Geo. W. Froyer, p	1490.		2.63
1493. Henry Bast, premiums J 3.95 1494. R. J. Clark, premiums J 3.95 1495. E. J. Ellis, premiums J 3.95 1496. Albert Erickson, premiums J 3.95 1437. Draft returned to Treasurer 2.63 1498. C. W. Gilman, premiums J 3.29 1499. C. L. Hall, premiums J 5.26 1500. Auguet M. Hein, premiums J 3.95 1501. P. F. Higgins, premiums J 1.32 1502. E. J. Hildeman, premiums J 1.32 1503. John C. Hohn, premiums J 2.63 1504. Draft returned to Treasurer 1.97 1505. John Magrane, premiums J 5.59 1507. George Meyers, premiums J 5.59 1507. George Meyers, premiums J 2.63 1508. E. J. Morrison, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1510. Frank O'Hearn, premiums J 3.95 1511. Claude E. Phillips, premiums J 3.95 1512. F. A. Rivers, premiums J 3.95 1513. B. C. Sheldon, premiums J 3.95 1514. S. J. Simonson, premiums J 3.95 1515. C. H. Thomson, premiums J	1491.	A. M. Babcock, premiums J	2.63
1494. R. J. Clark, premiums J 3.95 1495. E. J. Ellis, premiums J 3.95 1496. Albert Erickson, premiums J 3.95 1437. Drait returned to Treasurer 2.63 1498. C. W. Gilman, premiums J 3.29 1499. C. L. Hall, premiums J 3.95 1500. Auguet M. Hein, premiums J 3.95 1501. P. F. Higgins, premiums J 1.32 1502. E. J. Hildeman, premiums J 2.63 1504. Draft returned to Treasurer 1.97 1505. John Magrane, premiums J 1.32 1506. E. C. McCormick, premiums J 5.59 1507. George Meyers, premiums J 2.63 1508. E. J. Morrison, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1510. Frank O'Hearn, premiums J 3.95 1511. Claude E. Phillips, premiums J 3.95 1512. F. A. Rivers, premiums J 3.95 1513. B. C. Sheldon, premiums J 3.95 1514. S. J. Simonson, premiums J 3.95 1515. C. H. Thomson, premiums J 3.95 1516. William Spooner, premiums J 3.95 1518. F. M. Werner, premiums	1492.	Barre Mills Creamery Co., premiums J	2.63
1494. R. J. Clark, premiums J 3.95 1495. E. J. Ellis, premiums J 3.95 1496. Albert Erickson, premiums J 3.95 1437. Drait returned to Treasurer 2.63 1498. C. W. Gilman, premiums J 3.29 1499. C. L. Hall, premiums J 3.95 1500. Auguet M. Hein, premiums J 3.95 1501. P. F. Higgins, premiums J 1.32 1502. E. J. Hildeman, premiums J 2.63 1504. Draft returned to Treasurer 1.97 1505. John Magrane, premiums J 1.32 1506. E. C. McCormick, premiums J 5.59 1507. George Meyers, premiums J 2.63 1508. E. J. Morrison, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1510. Frank O'Hearn, premiums J 3.95 1511. Claude E. Phillips, premiums J 3.95 1512. F. A. Rivers, premiums J 3.95 1513. B. C. Sheldon, premiums J 3.95 1514. S. J. Simonson, premiums J 3.95 1515. C. H. Thomson, premiums J 3.95 1516. William Spooner, premiums J 3.95 1518. F. M. Werner, premiums	1493.	Henry Bast, premiums J	3.95
1496. Albert Erickson, premiums J 3.95 1437. Drait returned to Treasurer 2.63 1498. C. W. Gilman, premiums J 3.29 1499. C. L. Hall, premiums J 5.26 1500. August M. Hein, premiums J 3.95 1501. P. F. Higgins, premiums J 1.32 1502. E. J. Hildeman, premiums J 1.32 1503. John C. Hohn, premiums J 2.63 1504. Draft returned to Treasurer 1.97 1505. John Magrane, premiums J 1.32 1506. E. C. McCormick, premiums J 5.59 1507. George Meyers, premiums J 2.63 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 3.95 1510. Frank O'Hearn, premiums J 3.95 1511. Claude E. Phillips, premiums J 3.95 1512. F. A. Rivers, premiums J 3.95 1513. B. C. Sheldon, premiums J 3.95 1514. S. J. Simonson, premiums J 3.87 1515. C. H. Thomson, premiums J 3.97 1516. William Spooner, premiums J 3.94 1517. Ed. Torpey, premiums J 3.95 1519. Geo. W. Froyer, premiums J 3.95 1521. Pat Wallace, premiums J 5.52 1522. J. G. Moore, balance mon	1494.		3.35
1437. Draft returned to Treasurer 2.63 1498. C. W. Gilman, premiums J 3.29 1499. C. L. Hall, premiums J 5.26 1500. August M. Hein, premiums J 3.95 1501. P. F. Higgins, premiums J 1.32 1502. E. J. Hildeman, premiums J 1.32 1503. John C. Hohn, premiums J 2.63 1504. Draft returned to Treasurer 1.97 1505. John Magrane, premiums J 3.2 1506. E. C. McCormick, premiums J 3.95 1507. George Meyers, premiums J 2.63 1508. E. J. Morrison, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 7.89 1510. Frank O'Hearn, premiums J 3.95 1511. Claude E. Phillips, premiums J 3.95 1512. F. A. Rivers, premiums J 3.95 1513. B. C. Sheldon, premiums J 2.63 1514. S. J. Simonson, premiums J 3.9 1515. C. H. Thomson, premiums J 3.9 1516. William Spooner, premiums J 3.9	1495.	E. J. Eliis, premiums J	3.95
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1502. E. J. Hildeman, premiums J 1.32 1503. John C. Hohn, premiums J 2.63 1504. Draft returned to Treasurer 1.97 1505. John Magrane, premiums J 1.32 1506. E. C. McCormick, premiums J 5.59 1507. George Meyers, premiums J 2.63 1508. E. J. Morrison, premiums J 3.95 1509. Thos. Netland, premiums J 7.89 1510. Frank O'Hearn, premiums J 3.95 1511. Claude E. Phillips, premiums J 3.95 1512. F. A. Rivers, premiums J 3.95 1513. B. C. Sheldon, premiums J 2.63 1514. S. J. Simonson, premiums J 9.87 1515. C. H. Thomson, premiums J 3.2 1516. William Spooner, premiums J 3.2 1517. Ed. Torpey, premiums J 3.95 1518. F. M. Werner, premiums J 3.95 1519. Geo. W. Froyer, premiums J 3.94 1520. T. A. Ubelohde, premiums J 5.52 1521. Pat Wallace, premiums J 5.52 1522. J. G. Moore, balance money for sale of dairy exhibits 583.82 October. 1523. John M. True, expenses trip to Springfield 35 60 1524. H. E. Dou	1500.	August M. Hein, premiums J	3.95
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1523. John M. True, expenses trip to Springfield	1522.	J. G. Moore, balance money for sale of dairy exhibits	583.82
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1526. W. H. Smollinger, Sec., Great Western Circ. Ass'mt 50.00			
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			55.00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amount
1327.	Geo. Wylie, expenses trip to Springfield	21.00
1528.	William Toole, premiums H	14 50
1529.	E. L. Benedict, premiums H	11.00
1530.	Geo. J. Kellogg & Sons, premiums H	40.75
1531.	W. J. Moyle, premiums H	11.25
1532.	W. H. Steele, premiums H	62.00
1533.	J. S. Palmer, premiums H	49.00
1534.	D. T. Pilgrim, balance premiums H	5.90
1535.	Bunde & Upmeyer, badges	4.80
1536.	Ed. Nordman, expenses trip to Springfield	35.05
1537.	Geo. A. Bishop, balance advertising	.50
1538.	J. F. Donovan, legal advice	35.00
1539.	Radcliffe & Porter Co., mdse	12.98
1540.	Madison Tent & Awning Co., rental of tents	36 00
1541.	Clark Engraving & Printing Co., ribbons	2.14
1542.	The Herald Co., advertising	25.00
1543.	J. M. Callahan, Agt., messages and freight	5.76
T544.	Western Union Telegraph Co., messages	2.12
1545.	T. M. E. R. & L. Co., lighting grounds	221.31
1546.	T. M. E. R. & L. Co., labor and material	1,095.00
1547.	Geo. McKerrow, expenses trip to Springfield	17.74
1548.	Geo. McKerrow, expenses Board meeting	3.68
1349.	B. L. Wentworth, balance salary, September	23.90
1550.	Draft returned to Treasurer	1.00
1551.	William Welk, labor	2.00
1552.	Ed. Lutsen, labor	2'1.50
1553.	B. Bruine, labor	27.10
1553.	B. De Bruine, labor	27.10
1554.	Geo. De Bruine, labor	4.40
1555.	Fred Gussell, labor	16.00
1556.	Robert Phillip, labor	24.00
1557.	Thomas Skinner, labor	23.80
1558.	Thomas Glancey, labor	23.80
1559.	Peter De Beck, labor	24.80
1560.	Herman Jaeger, labor	26.00
1561.	Chas. Miller, labor	22.00
1562 .	Dorr L. Hull, returned stall rent	3.00
1563.	J. G. Moore, to balance dairy sales	16.26
1564.	C. W. Harvey, expenses trip to Springfield	27.50
1565.	C. H. Everett, expenses trip to Springfield	17 25
1566	T M E D & I Co belence bill mendered	

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No.	To whom and for what.	Amount.
1567.	Benesch Bros., cast iron borings	18.00
1568.	Mrs. T. M. Baker, returned entry fee	2.00
1569.	Geo. Diesch, overpaid entry	8.00
1370.	Mrs. A. F. White, balance premium H	1.00
1571.	A. L. Kleeber, balance premiums E	1.00
1572.	Boots & Stier, balance premiums E	1.75
1573.	Julius Just, balance premiums E	1.75
1574.	J. C. Robinson & Son, balance premiums B	5.00
1575.	Void.	
1576.	S. J. Daniels, premiums A	25.90
1577.	J. R. Love, premiums A	10.00
1378.	Robert Hardy, premiums A	19.00
1579.	F. W. Harding, premiums A	171.00
1580.	Mrs. L. M. Buell, returned entry fee	2.00
1581.	The Sentinel Co., advertising	20 00
1582.	Schwaab Stamp & Seal Co., stamp	.60
1583.	E. T. Hindman, flags	3.90
1584.	C. T. Fisher, Supt. Forage and Transportation	66.00
1585.	W. E. Fisher, hay and cabbage	267.70
1586.	James J. Nelson, expenses trip to Springfield	36.76
1587.	L. E. Scott, expenses trip to Springfield	32 95
1588.	A. W. & F. E. Fox, balance premiums A	5.00
1589.	Florence Q. Norton, help in office	35.00
1590.	F. A. Philbrick, advertising	3.00
1591.	J. G. Iverson, mirror	2.50
1592.	John M. True, expenses trip to Milwaukee	7.25
1593.	Bill Board Publishing Co., subscription	
1594.	Frank Phoenix, judging art	4.09
1595.		50.00
	Jennie Rielvoldt, returned entry fee	2.00
1596.		608.64
1597.	Gimbel Bros., mdse	115.70
1598.	Wauwatosa Stone Co., mdse	453.18
1599.	W. T. Carson, labor and material	796.16
1600.	Bart J. Ruddle, salary as press agent	250 00
1601.	Joe De Gelleke, premiums E	2.00
1602.	N. M. Jewell & Son, premiums H	11.75
1603.	L. E. Scott, Superintendent J	53.00
160 4 .	A. Gilmore, blacksmithing	9.42
1604.	A. Gilmore, blacksmithing	9.42
1605.	Robert Phillip labor	26.00
1006.	Thomas Skinner, labor	22.00

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
1607.	Peter De Beck, labor	23.	
1608.	Herman Jaeger, labor	23	
1609.	Chas. Miller, labor	26.	
1610.	Thomas Glancey, labor	10.	
1611.	A. Brown, labor		00
1612.	Geo. Wolfe, labor	10.	
1613.	William Wolfe, labor	20.	
1614.	Chas. Otteway, labor		00
1615.	John M. True, salary, October	150.	00
1616.	B. L. Wentworth, salary October	59.	00
1617.	Frank E. Foley, hay	97.	92
1618.	Albert Foley, hay	103.	16
1619.	W. H. Loman, straw	8.	50
1620.	Geo. Wolfe, straw	23.	34
1621.	H. T. Mower, work in Forage Department	39 .	29
1622.	Dan Pilgrim, work in Forage Department	13	50
1623.	Bert Phillips, work in Forage Department	17	00
1624.	Elmer Pilgrim, work in Forage Department	17	00
1625.	Albert Rieck, work in Forage Department	5	00
1626.	Chas. Barnekow, work in Forage Department	5	90
1627.	Ed Barnekow, work in Forage Department	5	18
1628.	Yahr & Lange Drug Co., chemicals for airship	67	97
1629,	Ed Jeske, barrels	6	60
1630.	William Wolfgrau, help on airship	2	იე
1631.	F. W. Harding, balance premiums B	49	90
1632.	H. Raymond, wages October	50	60
1633.	E. C. Nielson, photographs State Fair	89	80
1634.	Charles Liebenthal, blacksmithing	26	40
1635.	W. T. Carson, balance on contract, barns	2,365	00
1636.	F. P. Bishop, balance premiums D	10	00
1637.	C. G. Wilcox, expenses	45	Zij
1638.	Fred Wylie, office work	15	σn
	November.		
1639.	Geo. C. Blodgett, premiums B	10	00
1640.	Frank J. Lindley, premiums J	7	46
1641.	E. H. Kielsmeyer, balance premiums J	1	97
1642.	A. B. Hoyt, premiums J	3	25
1643.	J. H. Pilgrim, premiums J	7	46
1644.	W. S. Walsh, balance premiums J	1	26
1645.	E. H. Weber, premiums J	1	33

No.	To whom and for what.	Amoun	ıt.
1646.	William Mussehl, premiums J	1 :	97
1647.	A. T. Bruhn, premiums J	6	31
1648.	Grant U. Fisher, expenses trip to Springfield	18	20
1649.	Geo. Wylie, expenses board meeting	7	84
1650.	Smith-Blodgett Co., mdse	10	38
1651.	Radcliffe-Porter Mfg. Co., mdse		50
1652.	A. LeFeber, oats	38	00
1653.	Owen Failey, premiums J	4	73
1654.	Chas. Miller, labor	12	00
1655.	Robert Phillip, labor	51	ť0
1656.	W. T. Carson, carpenter work	19	95
1657.	S. C. Swendson, silver cup, Armour Co., prize	26	44
1658.	L. P. Holgerson, premiums J	3	95
1659.	H. Raymond, wages, November	50	00
1660.	B. L. Wentworth, salary, November	50	00
1661.	John M. True, salary, November	150	90
1662.	John B. Arthurs, advertising	8	00
	D.cember.		
1663.	C. W. Jarvis, drayage	1	75
1664.	A. LeFeber, feed	4	30
1665.	Wauwatosa Milling, Fuel & Lumber Co., straw	172	48
1666.	Boots & Stier, balance premiums E	1	50
1667.	News Publishing Co., advertising	12	υc
1668.	John Shields, premium J	5	J2
1669.	Geo. Wylie, expenses Chicago	16	
1670.	H. Raymond, wages, December	50	00
1671.	B. L. Wentworth, salary, December	50	
1672.	John M. True, salary, December	150	00
1673.	O. F. Tower, lumber	498	
1674.	Chas. Downing, Sec., American Association, dues	10	00
1675.	Geo. G. Cox, expenses, Springfield	26	
1676.	Geo. G. Cox, expenses, Chicago	14	50
1677.	Geo. G. Cox, expenses Board meeting	9	95
1678.	Geo. McKerrow, expenses Board meeting	5	
1679.	Grant U. Fisher, expenses Board meetings	11 '	78
1680.	C. W. Harvey, expenses Board meeting	6	
1681.	O. F. Roessler, expenses Board meeting	3	
1682.	C. G. Wilcox, expenses Board meeting	33	
1683.	Wisconsin Telephone Co., toll, etc., 1906	12	
1684.	E. D. Haven, Agent, Wales Adding Machine	340	
1685.	J. L. Herbst, expenses Board meeting	11	
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1907.

January.

No.	To whom and for what.	Amou	nt.
1686 .	Frank J. Jirachek, mdse	2	45
1687.	City Clerk, west Allis, Wis., water supply, Fair	34	44
1688.	Geo. A. Schneider, daily papers	12	00
1689.	Democrat Printing Co., subscription	1	25
1690.	H. R. Clough, photographs Indian Village	56	00
1691.	James J. Nelson, expenses	57	07
1692.	A. LeFeber, grains	43	83
1693.	C. H. Everett, expenses	11	32
1694.	West Allis Grocery Co., paper for Fair		35
1695.	C. V. Kerch, services as engineer	14	78
1696.	Geo. Wylie, expenses	15	82
1697.	H. Raymond, wages, January	50	60
1698.	B. L. Wentworth, salary, January	50	00
1699.	John M. True, salary, January	150	00
1700.	Void.		
	February.		
1701.	Grant U. Fisher, payment on salary, Supt. Grounds	188	60
1702.	Grant U. Fisher, balance salary, Supt. Grounds	12	00
1703.	Grant U. Fisher, expenses	42	06
1704.	C. G. Wilcox, expenses	31	15
1705.	David Wedgwood, making report	5	00
1706.	Smth-Blodgett Co., 'mdse	37	0-6
1707.	A. LeFeber, feed	7	72
1708.	L. E. Scott, expenses	16	27
1709.	J. L. Herbst, expenses	15	48
1710.	West Allis Lumber Co., mdse	22	20
1711.	Herman Jaeger, labor	21	60
1712.	Geo. G. Cox, expenses	22	71
1713.	H. Raymond, wages, February	50	00
1714.	B. L. Wentworth, salary, February	50	00
1715.	John M. True, salary, February	150	00
1716.	J. Wilderman, daily papers		70
1717.	Star Laundry Co., work during Fair	6	(19

FINANCIAL REPORTS.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Balance on hand March 6, 1906	\$46,568 11
Receipts since March 6, 1906	100,042 52
Total	\$146,610 63
Disbursements since March 6, 1906	\$118,575 30
Balance on hand March 1, 1907	28,035 33
•	\$146,610 63
А. Н.	DAHL,
State	e Treasurer.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand March 6, 1906	\$46,568 11
Received from State of Wisconsin	10,000 00
Received from entries for trials of Speed	21,131 57
Received from exhibition entries and stall rent	2,620 05
Received from sale of concessions	8,981 65
Received from sale of forage	1,240 50
Received from admissions at gates and grand stand	55,176 50
Received from all other sources	892 25

\$146,610 63

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid for improvements	\$28,148 39
Paid for advertising	6,192 07
Paid for trials of speed	26,150 00
Paid for premiums in departments	21,246 75
Paid for Fair expenses	8,749 59
Paid for expenses of members of Board	1,616 43
Paid for special attractions	11,524 50
Paid for music	2,851 00
Paid for all other purposes	12,096 57
Balance in Treasury March 1, 1907	28,035 33

\$146,610 63

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN M. TRUE,

Secretary.

the same and the same and

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AWARD OF PREMIUMS AT STATE FAIR, 1906

HORSES.

Judges.

W. E. Prichard, Ottawa, Ill.
W. B. Richards, Agricultural College, N. Dak.
W. A. Dobson, Marion, Ia.

Percheron and French Draft-Open Class.

Stallion 4 years or over.
1st PremRichland Center Horse Assoc., Richland Center, Wis.
2nd Prem
3rd PremL. W. Cochran, Crawfordsville, Ind.
Stallion 3 years and under 4.
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms, Mondovi, Wis.
2nd PremL. Lewellin & Sons, Waterloo, Wis.
3rd PremPabst Stock Farm, Oconomowoc, Wis.
Stallion 2 years and under 3.
Stallion 2 years and under 3. 1st Prem
•
1st PremPabst Stock Farm.
1st Prem. Pabst Stock Farm. 2nd Prem. H. A. Briggs.
1st Prem
1st Prem. Pabst Stock Farm. 2nd Prem. H. A. Briggs. 3rd Prem. Pabst Stock Farm. Stallion 1 year and under 2.

Stallion foal.
1st PremRichland Center Horse Assoc.
2nd PremPabst Stock Farm.
3rd PremL. Lewellin & Sons.
Mare 4 years or over.
1st PremPabst Stock Farm.
2nd PremPabst Stock Farm.
3rd Prem
Mare, 3 years and under 4.
1st PremL. W. Cochran. 2nd PremRichland Center Horse Assoc.
3rd Prem. H. A. Briggs.
Mare, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem
2nd PremL. Lewellin & Sons.
3rd, Prem
Mare, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremL. Lewellin & Sons.
2nd PremL. W. Cochran
3rd PremRichland Center Horse Assoc.
Filly foal.
1st Prem
2nd Prem: Ethelwold Farms.
3rd Prem. L. Lewellin & Sons.
ord from
Get of Sire.
1st Prem
2nd PremL. W. Cochran.
Produce of dam.
1st PremPabst Stock Farm.
2nd PremL. Lewellin & Sons.

Percheron and French Draft.

(Horses Bred and Owned in Wisconsin.)

Stallion, 4 years or over.
1st PremL. Lewellin & Sons.
Stallion, 3 years and under 4.
1st PremPabst Stock Farm.
2nd Prem
•
Stallion, 2 years and under 3.
1st PremL. Lewellin & Sons.
2nd Prem
Stallion, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremL. Lewellin & Sons.
2nd Prem
Zhu Flem S. L. Mann, Waukesna, Wis.
Stallion foal.
1st PremRichland Center Horse Assoc.
2nd Prem
3rd PremL. Lewellin & Sons.
Mare, 4 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem L. Lewellin & Sons.
3rd. Prem
ord. Frem
Mare 3 years and under 4.
1st PremRichland Center Horse Assoc.
2nd Prem
2nd FremPaost Stock Farm.
Mone 9 money and surday 9
Mare 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem
2nd PremL. Lewellin & Sons.
3rd PremPabst Stock Farm.
Maria di arra di F
Mare 1 year and under 2.
1st PremL. Lewellin & Sons.
2nd PremRichland Center Horse Assoc.

Filly foal. 1st Prem
Get of sire. 1st Prem
Produce of dam. 1st Prem
Sweepstakes—Percheron Classes. Best stallion any age
SPECIAL PRIZES.
Champion stallion any age
Clydesdale—Open Class.
Stallion 4 years or over. 1st Prem
Stallion 3 years and under 4. 1st Prem
Stallion 2 years and under 3. 1st Prem

3rd Prem.Ethelwold Farms.

Stallion 1 year and under 2.
1st PremMcLay Bros.
2nd PremEthelwold Farms.
3rd PremMcLay Bros.
Stallion foal.
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms.
2nd Prem Ethelwold Farms.
More A years on even
Mare 4 years or over. 1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem Ethelwold Farms.
ord French Education Farms.
Mare 3 years and under 4.
1st PremGalbraith & Son.
2nd Prem
·
Mare 2 years and under 3.
1st PremMcLay Bros.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem Ethelwold Farms.
Mare, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms.
2nd Prem
•
Filly foal.
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms.
Get of sire.
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms.
Designer of James
Produce of dam. 1st PremEthelwold Farms.
1gt Frem Etherword Farms.
·
Clydesdale.
(Horses Owned and Bred in Wisconsin.)
Stallion, 4 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem McLay Bros.

Stallion, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms.
Stallion, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Stallion foal
1st PremEthelwold Farms.
2nd Prem Ethelwold Farms.
Mare, 4 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem Ethelwold Farms.
3rd Premœ Ethelwold Farms.
Mare, 3 years and under 4.
1st Prem
Mare, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem
Mare, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms.
Filly foal.
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms.
Get of sire.
1st PremEthelwold Farms.
2nd Prem
Produce of dam.
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms.
2nd Prem
Sweepstakes—Clydesdale Classes.
Best stallion any age Galbraith & Son.
Best nure any age

SPECIAL PRIZES.

American bred Clyde stallion.
1st Prem McLay Bros.
2nd Prem Ethelwold Farms.
3rd Prem
American bred Clyde mare.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremEthelwold Farms.
Deet group of four enimals
Best group of four animals.
1st Prem
2nd Prem Ethelwold Farms.
3rd Prem
English Shire.
Stallion 4 years or over.
1st PremGalbraith & Son.
Stallion 2 years and under 3.
1st PremL. W. Cochran.
Stallion foal.
1st PremL. W. Cochran.
Mare, 2 years and under 3.
1st PremL. W. Cochran.
Mare, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremL. W. Cochran.
Get of sire.
1st PremL. W. Cochran.
Produce of dam.
1st PremL. W. Cochran.
150 2 2 cm
Sweepstakes.
Best stallion any age
Best mare any ageL. W. Cochran.

Belgian and Other Registered Draft Breeds.

Stallion, 4 years or over. 1st Prem. H. A. Briggs. 2nd Prem. H. A. Briggs.
Stallion, 3 years and under 4. 1st Prem.
Stallion, 2 years and under 3. 1st Prem
Sweepstakes.
Best stallion any age
American, English, German and French Coach Horses.
Stallion, 4 years or over. 1st Prem
Stallion, 3 years and under 4. 1st Prem. A. R. Ives. 2nd Prem. J. R. Peak & Son, Winchester, Wis.
Stallion, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem. A. R. Ives. 2nd Prem. J. R. Peak & Son. 3rd Prem. J. R. Peak & Son.
Stallion, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
Mare, 4 years or over.
1st PremJ. R. Peak & Son.
2nd Prem

Mare, 3 years and under 4.
1st PremPabst Stock Farm.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Mare, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
`
Mare, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremJ. R. Peak & Son.
2nd Prem A. R. Ives.
3rd Prem
Get of sire.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Produce of dam.
1st Prem
2nd Prem A. R. Ives.
Sweepstakes.
Sweepstakes. Best stallion any age
Best stallion any age

Stallion, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremAugust Uihlein.
2nd Prem
3rd PremProgress Blue Ribbon Stud.
Stallion foal.
1st PremAugust Uihlein.
2nd Prem
Mare, 4 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Mare, 3 years and under 4.
1st PremAugust Uihlein.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Mare, 2 years and under 3.
1st PremAugust Uihlein.
2nd Prem
3rd PremAugust Uihlein.
Mare, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremJ. R. Peak & Son.
2nd PremAugust Uihlein.
3rd Prem
Filly foal.
1st PremF. R. Austerman.
2nd PremAugust Uihlein.
3rd Prem
Get of sire.
1st PremAugust Uihlein.
2nd Prem
Produce of dam.
1st Prem
2nd Prem



Sweepstakes.

Sweepstakes.
Best stallion any ageProgress Blue Ribbon Stud.
Best mare any ageAugust Uihlein
Gaited Saddle Horses.
Best saddle horse over 15½ hands.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Best saddle horse over 141/2 and under 151/2 hands.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
ord Frem Mr. A. J. Richter, Milwaukee, Wis.
Best saddle pony under 141/2 hands.
1st Prem
2nd Prem Arthur Ott, West Allis, Wis.
3rd Prem. R. S. Witte.
77 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
Boy rider under 15 years old.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
,
Girl rider under 15 years old.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Harness Horses—Mare or Gelding.
Best pair 15% hands or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremProgress Blue Ribbon Stud.
Best pair 15 hands and under 15% hands.
Best pair 15 hands and under 15% hands. 1st Prem

Best single animal 15 hands and under 15% hands. 1st Prem
Best single animal 15% hands or over.
1st PremPreogress Blue Ribbon Stud.
2nd Prem J. R. Peake & Son.
3rd Prem
Best single animal 15 hands and unedr 15% hands.
1st Prem Progress Blue Ribbon Stud.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
-
Shetland Ponies,
Stallion 3 years or over.
1st PremPabst Stock Farm.
3rd PremEthelwold Farms.
znd Prem
Stallion 2 years or over.
Stallion 2 years or over. 1st Prem
1st Prem
1st Prem
1st Prem
1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull, Whitewater, Wis. Mare 3 years or over. 1st Prem. Adam Seitz, Waukesha, Wis. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz.
1st Prem
1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull, Whitewater, Wis. Mare 3 years or over. ' 1st Prem. Adam Seitz, Waukesha, Wis. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz. 3rd Prem. Adam Seitz. Mare 2 years or over.
Ist Prem. Dorr L. Hull, Whitewater, Wis. Mare 3 years or over. ' 1st Prem. Adam Seitz, Waukesha, Wis. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz. 3rd Prem. Adam Seitz. Mare 2 years or over. 1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz.
Ist Prem. Dorr L. Hull, Whitewater, Wis. Mare 3 years or over. ' 1st Prem. Adam Seitz, Waukesha, Wis. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz. 3rd Prem. Adam Seitz. Mare 2 years or over. 1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz. Mare and foal. Mare and foal.
Ist Prem. Dorr L. Hull, Whitewater, Wis. Mare 3 years or over. ' 1st Prem. Adam Seitz, Waukesha, Wis. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz. 3rd Prem. Adam Seitz. Mare 2 years or over. 1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz.
1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull, Whitewater, Wis. Mare 3 years or over. 1st Prem. Adam Seitz, Waukesha, Wis. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz. 3rd Prem. Adam Seitz. Mare 2 years or over. 1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz. Mare and foal. 1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull. Herd of ponies.
Mare 3 years or over. 1st Prem. Adam Seitz, Waukesha, Wis. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz. 3rd Prem. Adam Seitz. Mare 2 years or over. 1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz. Mare and foal. 1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull.
1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull, Whitewater, Wis. Mare 3 years or over. 1st Prem. Adam Seitz, Waukesha, Wis. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz. 3rd Prem. Adam Seitz. Mare 2 years or over. 1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull. 2nd Prem. Adam Seitz. Mare and foal. 1st Prem. Dorr L. Hull. Herd of ponies.
Mare 3 years or over.

FARMERS' CLASS.

Grade Draft.

Brood mare with foal at foot.
1st PremJ. T. Morris, Waukesha, Wis.
2nd PremSleep Bros., Waukesha, Wis.
3rd Prem
Mare or gelding, 3 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd PremSleep Bros.
3rd Prem Schley Bros., Waukesha, Wis.
Mare or gelding, 2 years and under 3.
1st PremSleep Bros.
2nd PremJ. C. Morris.
3rd Prem Swartz Bros., Waukesha, Wis.
Mare or gelding, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem Swartz Bros.
2nd PremSleep Bros.
3rd Prem
Foal either sex.
1st Prem
1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. J. L. Morris,
1st Prem
1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. J. L. Morris, 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Grade draft team.
1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. J. L. Morris, 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Grade draft team. 1st Prem. Sleep Bros
1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. J. L. Morris, 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Grade draft team.
1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. J. L. Morris. 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Grade draft team. 1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. Sleep Bros. Team of chunks.
1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. J. L. Morris. 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Grade draft team. 1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. Sleep Bros. Team of chunks. 1st Prem. Schley Bros.
1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. J. L. Morris. 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Grade draft team. 1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. Schley Bros. 1st Prem. Schley Bros. 2nd Prem. Sleep Bros.
1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. J. L. Morris. 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Grade draft team. 1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. Sleep Bros. Team of chunks. 1st Prem. Schley Bros.
1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. J. L. Morris. 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Grade draft team. 1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. Schley Bros. 1st Prem. Schley Bros. 2nd Prem. Sleep Bros.
1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. J. L. Morris. 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Grade draft team. 1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. Schley Bros. 2nd Prem. Sleep Bros. 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Sleep Bros. Sleep Bros.
1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. J. L. Morris. 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Grade draft team. 1st Prem. Sleep Bros. 2nd Prem. Schley Bros. 2nd Prem. Sleep Bros. 3rd Prem. Sleep Bros. Grade Coachers. Grade Coachers.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

Mare or gelding, 3 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem. J. T. Edwards.
ord 110m
Mare or gelding, 2 years and under 3.
1st PremSleep Bros.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Mare or gelding, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd PremGeorge C. Blodgett, Waukesha, Wis.
Foal either sex.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Non-Registered Roadsters.
Brood mare with foal at side.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Mare or gelding, 3 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd PremJ. T. Edwards.
3rd PreinSchley Bros.
Mare or gelding, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem
2nd PremJ. R. Love, Waukesha, Wis.
3rd Prem
Mare or gelding, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremGeo. Elliott, Waukesha, Wis.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Foal, either sex.
1st Prem A. W. & F. E. Fox.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem

SPECIAL PRIZES.

Judges.

Dr. A. S. Alexander, Madison, Wis. Prof. G. C. Humphrey, Madison, Wis. J. G. Fuller, Madison, Wis.

Percheron and French Draft.

Stallion.	2	vears	or	over.

Tab doubt to
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Mare, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Stallion, under 2 years.
1st PremPabst Stock Farm,
2nd PremL. Lewellin & Son.
3rd Prem
Mare, under 2 years.
1st Prem L. Lewellin & Son.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
ord real.
Four animals bred and owned by exhibitor.
1st Prem
2nd PremL. Lewellin & Son.
Zhu Fiem D. Deweinin & Son.
Clydesdales and Shires.
Oryacouaico ang Offico.
Stallion, 2 years or over.
1st Prem Ethelwold Farms.
2nd. Prem
3rd Prem
Mare, 2 years old or over.
1st Prem
2nd PremGalbraith & Son.

3rd Prem. Ethelwold Farms.

	Stallion, under 2 years.
1st	Prem
2nd	PremEthelwold Farms
3rd	PremMcLay Bros.
	Mare under 2 years.
1st	PremEthelwold Farms.
2nd	PremEthelwold Farms.
3rd	PremMcLay Bros.
	Four animals bred and owned by exhibitor.
1st	PremMcLay Bros.
2nd	PremEthelwold Farms
	Belgian and Suffolk.
	Stallion 2 years or over.
1st	PremH. A. Briggs.
2nd	Prem
3rd	Prem
	Coach Breeds and Hackneys.
	Coach Breeds and Hackneys. Stallion 2 years or over.
1st	·
	Stallion 2 years or over.
2nd	Stallion 2 years or over. Prem
2nd 3rd	Stallion 2 years or over.
2nd 3rd 1st	Stallion 2 years or over.
2nd 3rd 1st 2nd	Stallion 2 years or over.
2nd 3rd 1st 2nd	Stallion 2 years or over.
2nd 3rd 1st 2nd 3rd	Stallion 2 years or over. Prem
2nd 3rd 1st 2nd 3rd	Stallion 2 years or over.
2nd 3rd 1st 2nd 3rd	Stallion 2 years or over. Prem
2nd 3rd 1st 2nd 3rd 1st	Stallion 2 years or over. Prem
2nd 3rd 1st 2nd 3rd 1st	Stallion 2 years or over. Prem
2nd 3rd 1st 2nd 3rd 1st	Stallion 2 years or over. Prem
2nd 3rd 1st 2nd 3rd 1st 2nd	Stallion 2 years or over. Prem

ProBrolarge

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Standard Bred and Registered Trotting Horses.

Stallion 2 years or over.
1st PremAugust Uihlein.
2nd PremAugust Uihlein.
3rd Prem
Mare 2 years or over.
1st PremAugust Uihlein.
2nd PremAugust Uihlein.
3rd Prem
Stallion under 2 years.
1st PremAugust Uihlein.
Mare under 2 years.
1st PremAugust Uihlein.
Four animals bred and owned by exhibitor.
1st PremAugust Uihlein.

CATTLE.

Judges.

F. H. Scribner, Rosendale, Wis. Prof. Geo. C. Humphrey, Madison, Wis. Thomas Clark, Beecher, Ill.

Shorthorns-Open Class.

Bull, 3 years or over.

1st Prem	F. W. Harding, Waukesha, Wis.
2nd Prem	R. C. Jones, Oregon, Wis.
3rd Prem	E. D. Jones & Son, Rockland, Wis.
4th Prem	W. J. Bernd, New Richmond, Wis.
5th Prem	Divan Bros., Browntown, Wis.
6th PremAlex	A. Arnold & Sons, Galesville, Wis.

Bull, 2 years and under 3. 1st Prem
Senior bull calf.
1st Prem. F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem. F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem. Herr Bros. & Reynolds. 4th Prem. Herr Bros. & Reynolds. 5th Prem. R. C. Jones. 6th Prem. Divan Bros.
Junior bull calf.
1st Prem Herr Bros. & Reynolds. 2nd Prem F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem F. W. Harding. 4th Prem E. D. Jones & Son. 5th Prem E. D. Jones & Son. 6th Prem W. J. Bernd.
Cow, 3 years or over.
1st Prem F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem W. J. Bernd. 4th Prem R. C. Jones. 5th Prem Herr Bros. & Reynolds
Heifer, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem. .Herr Bros. & Reynolds. 2nd Prem. .F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem. .R. C. Jones. 4th Prem. .Divan Bros. 5th Prem. .W. J. Bernd. 6th Prem. .Alex. A. Arnold & Sons.

Heifer, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremF. W. Harding.
2nd PremF. W. Harding.
3rd PremF. W. Harding.
4th Prem Herr Bros. & Reynolds.
5th Prem R. C. Jones.
6th Prem
our rounds. Control of the rounds of the rou
Senior heifer calf.
1st PremF. W. Harding.
2nd FremF. W. Harding.
3rd PremHerr Bros. & Reynolds.
4th PremF. W. Harding.
5th PremR. C. Jones.
6th PremHerr. Bros. & Reynolds.
Junior heifer calf.
1st PremHerr Bros. & Reynolds.
1st Prem
2nd PremF. W. Harding.
2nd PremF. W. Harding.3rd PremDivan Bros.
2nd Prem F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem Divan Bros. 4th Prem F. W. Harding.
2nd Prem .F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem .Divan Bros. 4th Prem F. W. Harding. 5th Prem W. J. Bernd. Get of sire.
2nd Prem. .F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem. .Divan Bros. 4th Prem. F. W. Harding. 5th Prem. W. J. Bernd. Get of sire. 1st Prem. F. W. Harding.
2nd Prem .F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem .Divan Bros. 4th Prem F. W. Harding. 5th Prem W. J. Bernd. Get of sire. 1st Prem F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem Herr Bros. & Reynolds.
2nd Prem F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem Divan Bros. 4th Prem F. W. Harding. 5th Prem W. J. Bernd. Get of sire. 1st Prem F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem Herr Bros. & Reynolds. 3rd Prem R. C. Jones.
2nd Prem F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem Divan Bros. 4th Prem F. W. Harding. 5th Prem W. J. Bernd. Get of sire. 1st Prem F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem Herr Bros. & Reynolds. 3rd Prem R. C. Jones. 4th Prem F. W. Harding.
2nd Prem F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem Divan Bros. 4th Prem F. W. Harding. 5th Prem W. J. Bernd. Get of sire. 1st Prem F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem Herr Bros. & Reynolds. 3rd Prem R. C. Jones.
2nd Prem F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem Divan Bros. 4th Prem F. W. Harding. 5th Prem W. J. Bernd. Get of sire. 1st Prem F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem Herr Bros. & Reynolds. 3rd Prem R. C. Jones. 4th Prem F. W. Harding. 5th Prem Divan Bros.
2nd Prem F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem Divan Bros. 4th Prem F. W. Harding. 5th Prem W. J. Bernd. Get of sire. 1st Prem F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem Herr Bros. & Reynolds. 3rd Prem R. C. Jones. 4th Prem F. W. Harding. 5th Prem Divan Bros.

Aged herd. 1st Prem.....F. W. Harding.

zna	PremHerr	Bros.	æ ĸ	eynoius.
3rd	Prem		R. C	. Jones.
4th	Prem		.Diva	n Bros.

Young herd

Young herd.
1st PremF. W. Harding.
2nd PremHerr Bros. & Reynolds.
3rd Prem
4th PremE. D. Jones & Son.
5th PremDivan Bros.
Calf herd.
1st PremF. W. Harding.
2nd Prem
3rd PremR. C. Jones.
Champion bull over 2 yearsF. W. Harding.
Champion cow over 2 years
Champion bull under 2 yearsF. W. Harding.
Champion heifer under 2 yearsF. W. Harding.
•
Shorthorns—Wisconsin Class.
Bull, 3 years or over.
1st PremF. W. Harding.
2nd PremR. C. Jones.
3rd PremE. D. Jones & Son.
4th Prem
5th PremDivan Bros.
6th PremAlex. A. Arnold & Sons.
Bull, 2 years and under 3.
1st PremHerr Bros. & Reynolds.
2nd PremDivan Bros.
3rd Prem
, ,
Bull, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremHerr Bros. & Reynolds.
2nd Prem
313 Prem
Senior bull calf.
1st PremF. W. Harding.
2nd PremF. W. Harding.
3rd PremHerr Bros. & Reynolds.
4th PremHerr Bros. & Reynolds.
5th PremR. C. Jones.
6th PremDivan Bros.

Junior bull calf.

1st Prem
3rd PremAlex. A. Arnold & Sons.
4th PremE. D. Jones & Sou.
5th Prem. E. D. Jones & Som. 6th Prem. W. J. Bernd.
ota Tron V. J. Bernu.
Cow, 3 years or over.
1st Prem F W Harding

1st	PremF. W. Harding.
2nd	PremF. W. Harding.
	Prem
4th	Prem
5† h	PremHerr Bros. & Reynolds.
£th	PremDivan Bros.

Heifer, 2 years and under 3. !

1st Prem	
2nd Prem	F. W. Harding.
3rd Prem	R. C. Jones.
4th Prem	Divan Bros.
5th Prem	W. J. Bernd.
6th Prem	Alex. A. Arnold & Sons.

Heifer, 1 year and under 2.

1st	Prem	F. V	W. Hardiug.
2nd	Prem	F. V	W. Harding.
3rd	Prem	F. V	W. Harding.
4th	PremHerr Bro	os. (& Reynolds.
5th	PremHerr Bro	os. d	& Reynolds.
6th	PremHerr Bro	os. ~{	& Reynold's.

Senior heifer calf.

1st	PremF.	W. Harding.
2nd	PremF.	W. Harding.
3rd	PremHerr Bros.	& Reynolds.
4th	PremF.	W. Harding.
5th	Prem	R. C. Jones.
Gth	PremHerr Bros.	& Reynolds.

Junior heifer calf.		
1st PremHerr Bros. & Reynolds.		
2nd FremF. W. Harding.		
3rd PremDivan Bros.		
4th PremF. W. Harding.		
5th Prem		
Get of sire.		
1st PremF. W. Harding.		
2nd Prem Herr Bros. & Reynolds.		
3rd PremR. C. Jones.		
4th PremF. W. Harding.		
5th PremDivan Bros.		
Produce of cow.		
1st PremF. W. Harding.		
2nd PremF. W. Harding.		
3rd Prem		
4th Prem		
5th PremAlex. A. Arnold & Sons.		
Aged herd.		
1st PremF. W. Harding.		
znd PremHerr Bros. & Reynolds.		
3rd PremDivan Bros.		
4th PremDivan Bros.		
5th Prem		
Young herd.		
1st PremF. \overline{W} . Harding.		
2nd Prem		
3rd PremR. C. Jones.		
4th Prem E. D. Jones & Son.		
5th PremDivan Bros.		
Calf herd.		
1st PremF. W. Harding.		
2nd PremHerr Bros. & Reynolds.		
3rd Prem		
Champion bull over 2 yearsF. W. Harding.		
Champion cow over 2 years		
Champion bull under 2 yearsF. W. Harding.		
Champion heifer under 2 yearsF. W. Harding.		



Hereford.

Bull, 3 years or over. 1st PremJ. C. Robinson & Son, Evansville, Wis. 2nd PremH. N. Thompson, Woodstock, Ill.		
Bull, 2 years and under 3. 1st PremCargill & McMillan.		
Bull, 1 year and under 2.		
1st Prem. Cargill & McMillan. 2nd Prem. H. N. Thompson. 3rd Prem. J. C. Robinson & Son.		
Bull, under 1 year.		
1st Prem. Cargill & McMillan. 2nd Prem. Cargill & McMillan. 3rd Prem. H. N. Thompson.		
Cow, 3 years or over.		
1st Prem Cargill & McMillan. 2nd Prem Cargill & McMillau. 3rd Prem H. N. Thompson.		
Heifer, 2 years and under 3.		
1st Prem. Cargill & McMillan. 2nd Prem. Cargill & McMillan. 3rd Prem. J. C. Robinson & Son.		
Heifer, 1 year and under 2.		
1st Prem.		
Heifer, under 1 year.		
1st PremCargill & McMillan.		
2nd Prem		
Get of sire.		
1st PremCargill & McMillan.		
$2nd\ Prem$ J. C. Robinson & Son.		

Produce of cow.		
1st PremCargill & McMillan.		
2nd PremJ. C. Robinson & Son.		
Champion bull over 2 years		
Champion cow over 2 years		
Champion bull under 2 years		
Champion heifer under 2 years		
Aberdeen—Angus.		
Bull, 3 years or over.		
1st Prem		
2nd Prem Ethelwold Farms, Mondovi, Wis.		
3rd PremJ D. Hatch, Lancaster, Wis.		
Bull, 1 year and under 2.		
1st Prem		
2nd FremEtheiwold Farms.		
3rd Prem		
Bull, under 1 year.		
1st Frem		
2nd PremEthelwold Farms.		
2rd Prem		
Cow, 3 years or over.		
1st Prem		
2nd Prem Stewart Lumber Co., Wausau, Wis.		
3rd PremEthelwold Farms.		
Helfer, 2 years and under 3.		
1st Prem		
2nd PremJ. D. Hatch.		
3rd PremStewart Lumber Co.		
Heifer, 1 year and under 2.		
1st Prem		
2nd Prem		
3rd PremStewart Lumber Co.		
Heifer, under 1 year.		
Get of sire.		
fst Prem		
2nd PremStewart Lumber Co.		

Produce of cow.

1st Prem	McHenry.
2nd Prem	McHenry.
Champion bull over 2 years	
Champion cow over 2 years	
Champion bull under 2 years	
Champion heifer under 2 years	McHenry.

SPECIAL PREMIUMS.

Bull, 3 years or over.

1st	Prem	
	PremEthelwold Farms.	
3rd	Prem	

Bull, 1 year and under 2.

lst	Prem
2nū	PremEthelwold Farms.
3rđ	PremJ. D. Haten.

Bull, under 1 year.

1st Prem	W. A. McHenry.
2nd Prem	Ethelwold Farms.
3rd Prem	J. D. Hatch.
4th Prem	Stewart Lumber Co.
5th Prem	J. D. Hatch
6th Prem	Stewart Lumber Co.

Cow, 3 years or over.

1st	Prem	W. A. McHenry.
2nd	l Prem	Stewart Lumber Co.
3rd	Prem	Ethelwold Farms.
4th	Prem	Stewart Lumber Co.
5th	Prem	Ethelwold Farms
6th	Prem	J. D. Hatch

Heifer, 2 years and under 3.

1st	Prem
2nd	PřemJ. D. Hatch.
3rđ	PremStewart Lumber Co.
4th	PremEthelwold Farms.

8-Ag.

	Heifer, 1 year and under 2.
1st	Prem
2nd	Prem
3rd	PremStewart Lumber Co.
4th	PremStewart Lumber Co.
5th	PremJ. D. Hatch.
	FremJ. D. Hatch.
	Heifer, under 1 year.
1st	PremW. A. McHenry.
	Prem
	Prem
_	Prem
	Prèm
жц	FIGH D. Hatom
	Polled Durham.
	Bull, 3 years or over.
1st	PremWilliam Smiley, Albany, Wis
1st	Bull, 2 years and under 3. PremWash Cortner & Sons, Farmland, Ind.
1st	Bull, 1 year and under 2. PremWilliam Smiley.
	Bull, under I year.
	PremWash Cortner & Sons.
2nd	PremWilliam Smiley.
	Cow, 3 years or over.
1st	PremWash Cortner & Sons.
2nd	PremWilliam Smiley.
	Prem
	Heifer, 2 years and under 3.
1st	PremWilliam Smiley.
2nd	PremWash Cortner & Sons.
	Heifer, 1 year and under 2.
1et	Prem
	Prem
	Prem
o i d	2. Control of the con



·	
Heifer, under 1 year.	
Get of sire. lst Prem	
Produce of cow.	
1st Prem	
Red Polled.	
Bull, 3 years or over. 1st Prem	
Bull, 2 years and under 3. Ist Prem	
Bull, 1 year and under 2. 1st Prem	
Bull, under 1 year.	
1st Prem. Geo. B. Buck & Co. 2nd Prem. J. Slimmer. 3rd Prem. Geo. B. Buck & Co.	
Cow, 2 years or over.	
1st Prem	

Heifer, 2 years and under 3.
1st PremGeo. B. Buck & Co
2nd PremJ. Slimmer
3rd Prem
Heifer, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremJ. Slimmer
2nd PremGeo. B. Buck & Co
Brd Prem
Heifer, under 1 year.
1st PremJ. Slimmer.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Get of sire.
1st PremJ. Slimmer.
2nd PremJ. Slimmer.
Produce of cow.
1st PremJ. Slimmer.
2nd PremJ. Slimmer.
Champion bull over 2 yearsJ. Slimmer.
Champion cow over 2 years
Champion bull under 2 years J. Slimmer.
Champion heifer under 2 yearsJ. Slimmer.
SPECIAL PREMIUMS.
Red Polled cow in milk
Two helfer calvesJ. Slimmer.
Young herdJ. Slimmer.
Bull 3 years or over
Cow 3 years or over
Heifer 2 years and under 3Geo. B. Buck & Co.
Heifer 2 years and under 3

Brown Swiss.

Bull, 3 years or over. 1st Prem
Bull, 2 years and under 3. 1st Prem
Bull, 2 years and under 3. 1st Prem
Bull, 1 year and under 2. 1st Prem
Bull, under 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
G 0
Cow, 3 years or over. 1st Prem
2nd Prem. H. W. Ayers.
Ziid Fleiii
Heifer, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremH. W. Ayers.
Heifer, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Heifer, under 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Get of sire.
1st Prem
Produce of cow.
1st Prem
Champion bull over 2 years
Champion cow over 2 years
Champion bull under 2 years
Champion heifer under 2 years
•

Holstein-Friesian.

Bull, 3 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd PremNick Grimm, Ringle, Wis.
2rd Frem E. T. Carroll, Wales, Wis.
Bull, 2 years and under 3.
ist FremNick Grimm.
Bull, 1 year and under 2.
1st. Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremNick Grimm.
Bull, under 1 year.
1st Prem E. J. Fargo, Lake Mills, Wis.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem E. T. Carroll
Cow, 3 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem. E. J. Fargo.
3rd PremRust Bros.
Heifer, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem
2nd Preni E. T. Carroll
3rd PremNick Grimm.
Heifer, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd Prent
3rd Prem
Heifer, under 1 year.
1st PremW. B. Barney & Co.
2nd PremRust Bros.
3rd PremE. T. Carrott.
Get of sire.
1st Prem
2nd Prem

•
Produce of cow.
1st PremRust Bros.
2nd PremRust Bros.
Champion bull over 2 years
Champion cow over 2 years
Champion bull under 2 years
Champion heifer under 2 years
onampion herei under a jears
Guernsey.
Bull, 3 years or over.
1st Prem
and PremFred Vogel, Jr., Milwaukee, Wis.
3rd Prem
Pull, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem Seymour Bros., Wauwatosa, Wis.
ist frem: wat waters, with
Bull, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd Prem. M. D. Cunningham.
3rd Frem. Fred Vogel, Jr.
Bull, under 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd Prem. M. D. Cunningham.
3rd Prem Howard Greene, Genesee Depot, Wis.
Cow, 3 years or over.
1st PremFred Vogel, Jr.
2nd Prem
3rd PremFred Vogel, Jr.
014 21024 (111111111111111111111111111111111111
Heifer, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Heifer, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem

 2nd Prem.
 M. D. Cunningham.

 3rd Prem.
 J. H. Williams.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

Heifer, under 1 year.
1st PremJ. H. Williams.
2nd PremWilliam M. Jones.
3rd Prem
Get of sire.
1st Prem. M. D. Cunningham. 2nd Prem. William M. Jones.
Produce of cow. 1st PremSeymour Bros.
2nd Prem
Champion bull over 2 years
Champion cow over 2 years
Champion bull under 2 years
Champion heifer under 2 years
Jersey.
Bull, 3 years or over.
1st PremDixon & Dcaner, Brandon, Wis.
2nd Prem E. J. Thomas, Nashotah, Wis-
u ·
Bull, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem
Bull, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
Bull under 1 year.
1st PremDixon & Deaner.
Cow, 3 years or over.
1st PremDixon & Deaner.
2nd PremDixon & Deaner.
3rd Prem
Heifer, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem
Heifer, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremDixon & Deaner.
2nd Prem



Heifer, under 1 year.
1st PremDixon & Deaner.
2nd PremDixon & Deaner.
3rd Prem E. J. Thomas.
Get of sire.
1st PremDixon & Deaner.
2nd PremDixon & Deaner.
Produce of cow.
1st PremDixon & Deaner.
2nd PremDixon & Deaner.
Champion bull over 2 yearsDixon & Deaner.
Champion cow over 2 yearsDixon & Deaner.
Champion bull under 2 years
Champion Heifer under 2 years
Ayrahire.
·
Bull, 3 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem Ed. Finn, Whitewater, Wis.
3rd Prem Ed Finn.
Bull, 2 years and under 3.
1st PremAdam Seitz, Waukesha, Wis.
2nd Prem Ed Fina.
Bull, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremSam Jones.
znd PremSam Jones.
· •
Bull, under 1 year.
1st PremAdam Seltz.
2nd PremSam Jones.
3rd Prem Sam Jones.
Cow, 3 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem Sam Jones.
3rd Prem

Heifer, 2 years and under 3.
1st Prem
2nd PremSam Jones.
3rd PremSam Jones.
•
Heifer, 1 year and under 2.
1st Piem Adam Seitz
2nd PremSam Jones.
Heifer under 1 year.
rd PremSam Jouss.
2nd Prem
3rd PremEd Fina.
Get of sire.
1st Prem
2nd PremSam Jones.
•
Produce of cow.
1st Prem
2nd PremSam Jones.
Champion bull over 2 yearsSam Jones
Champion cow ovre 2 years
Champion bull under 2 yearsSam Jones.
Champion heifer under 2 years
•

SPECIAL PRIZE.



Pavilion in Use.

. SHEEP.

Judge. Frank Kleinheinz, Madison, Wis.

Shropshire—Open Class.

Ram, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
ord Fremi
Ram, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremF. W. Harding, Waukesha, Wis.
2nd Prem
3rd PremLloyd Jones Bros., Toronto, Can.
The result of th
Ram, under 1 year.
1st PremF. W. Harding.
2nd Prem
örd. PremF. W. Harding.
Ewe, 2 years or over.
1st PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
2nd PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
3rd PremLloyd Jones Bros.
Ewe, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremF. W. Harding.
2nd PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
3rd PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
Ewe, under 1 year.
1st PremF. W. Harding.
2nd Prem. Renk Bros.
3rd PrerhLloyd Jones Bros.
a
Flock.
1st Prem F. W. Harding.
2nd PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.

Pen of four lambs.
1st Prem
2nd PremJ. C. Robinson & Son, Evansville, Wis.
Champion ram any ageF. W. Harding.
Champion ewe any age
commission one and age
American Bred Shropshire.
Ram, 2 years or over.
1st. PremRenk' Bros.
2nd Prem
3rd PremJ. C. Robinson & Son.
Ram, 1 year and under 2.
1st. Prem
2nd Prem Geo. McKerrow & Sons.
3rd PremJ. C. Robinson & Son.
Ram, under 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem Geo. McKerrow & Sons.
Ewe, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem Geo. McKerrow & Sons.
3rd Prem
•
Ewe, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd Prem W. Woodard.
Ewe, under 1 year.
1st PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
1700444
Flock.
1st PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
2nd Prem W Wooderd

WISCONDIN STATE BOARD OF HOMICOBIORS.
Pen of four lambs.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Champion ram any age
Champion ewe any age
Wisconsin Bred Shropshire.
Ram, 2 years or over.
1st PremRenk Bros.
2nd PremJ. C. Robinson & Son.
Ram, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd Prem Eli Crall & Son, Evansville, Wis.
3rd PremJ. C. Robinson & Son.
Ram, under 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
Ewe, 2 years or over.
1st. Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem Eli Crall & Son.
Ewe, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremJ. C. Robinson & Son.
Ewe, under 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem

Pen of four lambs.
1st Prem
Wisconsin Sheep Breeders' Assoc. Special. Best pair of lambs bred and owned in Wisconsin
Oxford—Open Class.
Ram, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Ram, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
2nd Prem
3rd PremF. H. Coriell, Stockport, la.
Ram, under 1 year.
1st. PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
2nd Prem
2nd Prem
Ewe, 2 years or over.
1st. Prem Geo. McKerrow & Sons.
2nd PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
3rd Prem
Ewe, 1 year and under 2.
1st. Prem
2nd PremF. H. Coriell.
3nd Prem Geo. McKerrow & Sons.
Ewe, under 1 year.
1st. Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem F H Coviell.

Flock.
ist. Prem
2nd PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
Pen of four lambs.
1st. Prem
2nd Prem
Champion ram any ageGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
Champion ewe any age
Wisconsin Bred Oxford.
Yearling ram.
1st. Prem
2nd PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
Yearling ewe.
1st. Prem
2nd Prem
Ram lamb.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Pen of four lambs.
1st. Prem Geo. McKerrow & Sons.
2nd Prem
Ram, 1 year old.
1st. Prem
2nd PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
Ram lamb.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Ewe, 1 year old.
1st. Prem
2nd Prem
Ewe lamb.
1st. Prem
2nd Prem
Sons.

Pen of two lambs.
1st. Prem. Geo. McKerrow & Sons. 2nd Prem. Geo. McKerrow & Sons.
ZHU I TEHL & COLOR
Wisconsin Sheep Breeders' Assoc. Special.
Best pair of lambs bred and owned in Wisconsin
Southdown—Open Class.
Ram, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Ram, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremTelfer Bros.
2nd Prem
Ram, under 1 year.
1st. Prem
2nd Premdfer Bros.
3rd Prem
Ewe, 2 years or over.
1st. Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremTelfer Bros.
Ewe, 1 year and under 2.
1st. Prem
2nd PremTelfer Bros.
3rd PremTelfer Bros.
Ewe, under 1 year.
1st. Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremGeo. McKerrow & Sons.
Flock.
1st. Prem
2nd Prem

Pen of 4 lambs.
1st PremTelfer Bros.
2nd Prem Gco. McKerrow & Sons.
Champion ram any age
Champion ewe any age
•
Wisconsin bred southdowns.
Yearling ram.
1st PremGeo. McKerrow & Zons.
Yearling ewe.
1st. Prcm
·
Ram lamb.
let. Prem Geo. McKerrow & Sons.
Pen of four lambs.
1st. Prem
÷
Ram, 1 year old.
lst Prem
Ram lamb.
1st. Prem
Ewe, 1 year old
1st Prem
Ewe lamb.
1st Prcm
2nd Prem
Pen of two lambs.
1st Prem
2nd Prem. ,
Wisconsin Sheep Erceders' Assoc. Special.
Best pair lambs bred and owned in Wisconsin Geo. McKerrow & Sons.
9—Ag.

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Hampshire.

Ram, 2 years or over
1st PremTelfer Bros.
2nd Prem
3rd PremF. H. Patten, Lyons, Wis.
Ram, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremRenk Bros.
2nd Prem
3rd PremTelfer Bros.
Ram, under 1 year.
1st PremTelfer Bros.
2nd Prem,
3rd Prem
Ewe, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd PremRenk Bros.
3rd PremTelfer Bros.
Ewe, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremTelfer Bros.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Ewe, under I year.
1st Prem
1st Prem
1st Prem
1st Prem
1st Prem. Renk Bros. 2nd Prem. Telfer Bros. 3rd Prem. Renk Bros.
1st Prem. Renk Bros. 2nd Prem. Telfer Bros. 3rd Prem. Renk Bros. Flock.
1st Prem. Renk Bros. 2nd Prem. Telfer Bros. 3rd Prem. Renk Bros. Flock. 1st Prem. Telfer Bros. 2nd Prem. Renk Bros. Pen of four lambs.
1st Prem. Renk Bros. 2nd Prem. Telfer Bros. 3rd Prem. Renk Bros. Flock. 1st Prem. Telfer Bros. 2nd Prem. Renk Bros. Pen of four lambs. 1st Prem. W. G. Bartholf.
1st Prem. Renk Bros. 2nd Prem. Telfer Bros. 3rd Prem. Renk Bros. Flock. 1st Prem. Telfer Bros. 2nd Prem. Renk Bros. Pen of four lambs. 1st Prem. W. G. Bartholf. 2nd Prem. F. H. Patten.
1st Prem. Renk Bros. 2nd Prem. Telfer Bros. 3rd Prem. Renk Bros. Flock. 1st Prem. Telfer Bros. 2nd Prem. Renk Bros. Pen of four lambs. 1st Prem. W. G. Bartholf.

SPECIAL PREMIUMS.

Four lambs.
1st Prem. W. G. Bartholf. 2nd Prem. F. H. Patten.
Wisconsin Sheep Breeders' Assoc. Special. Best Pair of lambs bred and owned in WisconsinW. G. Bartholf.
Cotswold.
Ram, 2 years or over. lst Prem. Lewis Bros., Camp Point, Ill 2nd Prem. F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem. N. M. Jewell & Son, Mineral Point, Wis.
Ram, 1 year and under 2. 1st Prem. F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem. Lewis Bros. 3rd Prem. Lewis Bros.
Ram, under 1 year. 1st Prem. Lewis Bros. 2nd Prem. Lewis Bros. 3rd Prem. F. W. Harding.
Ewe, 2 years or over. 1st Prem. F. W. Harding. 2nd Prom. F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem. Lewis Bros.
Ewe, 1 year and under 2. 1st Prem. F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem. Lewis Bros. 3rd Prem. Lewis Bros.
Ewe, under 1 year. 1st Prem. F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem. F. W. Harding. 3rd Prem. F. W. Harding.

Flock. 1st Prem. F. W. Harding. 2nd Prem. L2wis Bros.
Pen of four lambs. 1st Prem
Wisconsin Sheep Breeders' Assoc. Special. Best pair lambs bred and owned in WisconsinN. M. Jewell & Son.
Lincoln & Leicester.
Ram, 2 years or over. 1st Prem
Ram, 1 year and under 2. 1st Prem. Alex A. Arnold & Son. 2nd Prem. Alex A. Arnold & Son. 3rd Prem. Alex A. Arnold & Son.
Ewe, 2 years or over. 1st Prem
Ewe, 1 year and under 2. 1st Prem
Ewe, under 1 year. 1st Prem. Alex A. Arnold & Son. 2nd Prem. Alex A. Arnold & Son. 3rd Prem. Alex A. Arnold & Son.
Flocks. 1st Prem

WISCONSIN STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.	100
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Wisconsin Sheep Breeders' Assoc. Special.	
Eest pair lambs bred and owned in WisAlex A. Arnold &	: Son.
Cheviot.	
Ram, 2 years or over.	
1st PremG. W. Parnell, Wingate	, Ind.
2nd Prem M. P. & S. E. Lantz, Carlac	k, Ill.
3rd Prem Ethelwold Farms, Mondovi,	Wis.
Ram, 1 year and under 2.	
lst Prem G. W. Pa	arnell.
2nd Prem	Lantz.
3rd PremEthelwold 1	
•	
Ram, under 1 year.	
1st Prem	Lantz.
2nd PremG. W. Pa	arnell.
3rd Prem	Lantz.
Ewe, 2 years or over.	
lst Prem	Lantz.
2nd Prem	Lantz.
2- 3 -	

<u>.</u> .		Ewe, 1 year and under 2.
lst	\mathbf{Prem}_{\cdot}	G. W. Parnell.
2mQ	Frem.	
arq	Prem.	
		Ewe, under 1 year.
ıst	\mathbf{Prem}	G. W. Parnell.
_	- rem	M D & Q IT Lantz
orq	\mathbf{Prem}	
		Flock
180	Prem.	G. W. Parnell.

3rd Prem. Ethelwold Farms

	Prem.	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	. M.	Ρ.	&	S.	E.	Lantz.
4.4	_				Pe	n of	fou	r lan	nbs.							
180	Prem.										. M.	P.	&	S.	E.	Lantz.
	F Pan											174	h ~1	****	1.3	Tilo mana or
_	- "LUION	ram :	anv	200									α	- W	T	o rnall
OIL	ampion	e we	any	age	• • •								. G .	W	7.]	Parnell

Wisconsin Sheep Breeders' Assoc. Special.

Best pair of lambs bred and owned in Wisconsin Ethelwold Farms.

American or Delaine Merino.

Ram, 2 years or over.
1st Prem E. M. Moore, Orchard Lake, Mich.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem E. M. Moore.
Down 1 was and under 0
Ram, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
3rd Prem E. M. Moore.
ord Frem
Ram, under 1 year.
1st Frem A. E. Green.
2nd PremE. M. Moore.
3rd PremE. M. Moore.
Ewe, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Ewe, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Ewe, under 1 year.
1st Prem A. E. Green.
2nd Prem E. M. Moore.
3rd Prem
Flock.
1st Prem A. E. Green.
2nd Prem E. M. Moore.
Pen of four lambs.
1st Prem A. E. Green.
2nd Prem E. M. Moore.
Champion ram any age
Champion ewe any age

Rambouillet.

Ram, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd PremE. M. Moore.
3rd Prem
Ram, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd PremF. W. Harding.
3rd PremF. W. Harding.
Ram, under 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem. F. W. Harding.
ord Frem
Ewe, 2 years or over.
1st PremE. M. Moore.
2nd Prem E. M. Mcore.
3rd Prem
Ewe, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremW. S. Dixon.
2nd Prem E. M. Moore.
3rd Prem F. W. Harding.
Ewe, under 1 year.
1st Prem E. M. Moore.
2nd Prem W. S. Dixon.
3rd Prem. F. W. Harding.
ou Hem
Flock.
1st Prem
2nd Prem E. M. Moore.
Pen of four lambs.
1st Prem E. M. Moore.
Champion ram any age
Champion ewe any ageE. M. Moore.

Farmers' Class.

Three fat lambs.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Three grade ewes, 1 year old.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Three grade ewes, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Angora Goats.
Buck, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
Buck, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
Buck kid.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Doe, 2 years or over.
1st PremJ. McD. Randles.
2nd Prem
Doe, 1 year and under 2.
1st PremJ. McD. Randles.
2nd Prem
Doe kid.
1st PremJ. McD. Randles.
2nd PremJ. McD. Randles.
2nd PremW. Woodard.

Poland China.

Judge.

R. A. Jones, Mineral Point, Wis.

Boar, 2 years or over. 1st Prem. Geo. Martin, Darlington, Wis. 2nd Prem. L. P. Martiny, Chipewa Falls Wis. 3rd Prem. Zack Kinne, Three Oaks, Mich.
Boar, 1 year and under 2. 1st Prem. F. P. Bishop, Whitewater Wis. 2nd Prem. W. G. Bartholf, Burlington, Wis. 77 Prem. Zack Kinne.
Boar, over 6 mos. under 1 year. 81t Prem. J. Ray Gordon, Mineral Point, Wis. 2nd Prem. Zack Kinne. 3rd Prem. L. P. Martiny.
Boar, under 6 months. 1st Prem. Albert Beaumont, Belmont, Wis 2nd Prem. Robert Flint, Argyle, Wis. 3rd Prem. Robert Flint.
Sow, 2 years or over. Sow, 2 years or over.
Sow, 1 year and under 2. 1st Prem. Zack Kinne. 2nd Prem. Geo. Martin. 3rd Prem. James Hogan.
Sow, over 6 mos. under 1 year. 1st Prem. Robert Flint. 2nd Prem. Geo. Martin. 2rd Prem. Zack Kinne.
Sow, und re6 months. 1st Prem. J. Ray Gordon. 2nd Prem. M. W. Reed, Whitewater, Wis. 3rd Prem. F. P. Bishop.

Produce of dam.
1st PremL. P. Martiny.
2nd PremGeo. Martin.
3rd PremJacob Kreuscher, Jr., Somers, Wis.
Get of sire.
1st PremZack Kinne.
2nd PremL. P. Martiny.
Champion boarF. P. Bishop.
Champion sowZack Kinne.
•
Sweepstakes.
Boar and 3 sows, over 1 year.
1st PremZack Kinne.
2nd PremGeo. Martin.
3rd PremL. P. Martiny.
•
SPECIAL PRIZES.
Boar, over 6 mos. under 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd PremL. P. Martiny.
3rd Prem
4th PremJames Hogan.
5th PremJames Hogan.
Boar, under 6 months.
1st PremL. P. Martiny.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem F. P. Bishop.
4th Prem
5th PremGeo. Martin.
Sow, over 6 mos. under 1 year.
1st PremJames Hogan.
2nd PremGeo. Martin.
3rd PremJacob Kreuscher, Jr.

4th Prem.F. P. Bishop. 5th Prem. L. P. Martiny.

Sow, under 6 months.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremL. P. Martiny.
4th PremGeo. Martin.
5th Prem
Thre esows, over 1 year.
1st PremJanies Hogan.
2nd PremL. P. Martiny.
Berkshire.
Boar, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
Boar, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd Trem Etzler & Moses, Decatur, Ind.
Trd PremGeo. E. Kelly, Mineral Point, Wis.
Boar, over 6 mos. under 1 year.
1st Prem Etzler & Moses.
2nd Prem
3rd PremJohn F. Weaver, Pewaukee, Wis.
Boar, under 6 months.
1st Prem Etzler & Moses.
2nd PremJohn F. Weaver.
3rd PremAlex. A. Arnold & Son, Galesville, Wis.
Sow, 2 years or over.
2nd Prem
2nd Prem Etzler & Moses.
3rd Prem,

 Sow, 1 year and under 2.

 1st Prem.
 Etzler & Moses.

 2nd Prem.
 C. D. Johnson.

 3rd Prem.
 Geo. E. Kelly.

Sow, under 6 months.
1st Prem.
Produce of dam.
1st Prem. L. P. Martiny. 2nd Prem. John F. Weaver. 3rd Prem. Geo. E. Kelly.
Get of sire.
1st Prem. Etzler & Moses. 2nd Prem. C. D. Johnson. Champion boar C. D. Johnson. Champion sow C. D. Johnson.
Sweepstakes.
. Boar and 3 sows, over 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd Prem. Etzler & Moses. 3rd Prem. Geo. E. Kelly.
Chester-White.
Boar, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem.Humbert & White.3rd Prem.W. J. Martin, Darlington, Wis.
Boar, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem Wm. W. Vaughn & Sons, Lyons Wis.
2nd Prem.Humbert & White.3rd Prem.Humbert & White.
Boar, over 6 mos. under 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremWilliam J. Kelly, Edmund, Wis.

Boar, under 6 months.	
1st PremHumbert & Wh	to.
2nd Prem	ns.
3rd Prem	ns.
•	
Sow, 2 years or over.	
1st Prem	
2nd Prem	
3rd Prem	μ э.
Sow, 1 year and under 2.	
1st Prem	te.
3rd PremHumbert & Whi	te.
3rd PremWm. W. Vaughn & Son	ns
Sow, over 6 mos. under 1 year.	
1st Prem	
2nd Prem	
3rd Prem	te.
Sow, under 6 months.	
1st Prem	ïs.
and Prem William J Kel	iv
² rd Prem. Humbert & Whi	te.
Produce of dam.	
la Prem	et.
lat P1	
Get of sire.	
1st Prem	
and Prem	
champion boar	
Champion. sow	to,
≅weepstakes.	
Boar and 3 sows, over 1 year.	
1st Prem	te.
and Prem	ns.
3rd Prom	

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SPECIAL PRIZES.

Boar, under 6 months
Eow, under 6 months
Five pigs, under 6 months
Pair of pigs, under 1 year
Boar and 3 sows, any age
Large Yorkshire.
Boar, 2 years or over.
1st PremD. F. Conway, Elroy, W!s.
Boar, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
Boar, under 6 months.
1st PremD. F. Conway.
2nd Prem
3rd PremD. F. Conway.
Sow, 2 years or over.
1st PremD. F. Conway.
Sow, 1 year and under 2.
· · ·
1st Prem
Sow, under 6 months.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremD. F. Conway.
Champion boar
Champion sow
Duroc-Jersey.
Boar, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd PremEl! Crall & Son, Evansville, Wis.
3rd PremF. H. Patten, Lyons, Wis.

Boar, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd Prem Eli Crall & Son.
3rd Prem
ord from: W. II. Iteed & Wright Co.
Boar, over 6 mos. under 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd Prem. W. G. Bartholf.
3rd PremGeo. Martin.
Boar, under 6 months.
1st Prem
2nd Prem. Eli Crall & Son.
3rd Prem. F. H. Patten.
11 2 40001
Sow, 2 years or over.
1st Prem
2nd Prem Eli Crall & Son.
3rd Prem
Sow, 1 year and under 2.
Sow, 1 year and under 2. 1st Prem
1st PremW. H. Reed & Wright Co.
1st Prem.
Sow, over 6 mos. unler 1 year.
1st Prem.

Get of sire.

1st Prem
2nd PremF. H. Patten.
Champion boar
Champion sowWH. Reed & Wright Co.

Sweepstakes.

Boar and 3 sows, over 1 year.

ist :	Prem.	 	 	 	 	 	w.	H.	Reed	&	Wri	ght	Co.
2nd	Prem.	 	 ,	 	 	 	w.	H.	Reed	&	Wri	ght	Co.
3rd	Prem.	 	 	 	 	 				. F.	H.	Pat	ten.

Tamworth.

Boar, 2 years or over.

lst	Prem.	A. N. Kelly, Mineral Po	int,	Wis.
2nd	Prem.	Eli Crali	1 &	Sok.
		Boar, 1 year and under 2.		
1st	Prem.	A. 1	N.	Kelty.
				•
		Boar, over 6 mos. under 1 year.		
1st	Prem.	A. 1	N.	Keliy.
		Boar, under 6 months.		
1st	Prem.	,,	N.	Kei.y.
20 d	Frem.	.A . 1	N.	Keliy.
3rC	Prem.	A . 1	N.	Kelly.
		Sow, 2 years or over.		
1st	Prein.		N.	Keny.
3r d	Prem.	A. 1	N.	Kelly.
		Sow, 1 year and under 2.		
1.st	1'. ∈ m.		N.	Kelıy.
2nd	Prem.		N.	Kelly.



Sow, over 6 mos. under 1 year.								
1st Prem								
2nd Prem	N.	Kelly.						
Sow, under 6 months.								
1st Piem		•						
2nd Prem		-						
3rd Prem	N.	Kelly.						
Produce of dam.								
Ist Prem	N.	Keily.						
2nd Prem	N.	Kelly.						
Get of sire.								
1st Prem	N.	Kelly.						
2nd Prem	N.	Kelly.						
Champion boarA.								
Champion sow	N.	Kelly.						
Sweepstakes.								
Boar, and 3 sows, under 1 year.								
1st Prem								
2n:t Prem	N.	Kelly.						
All Other Distinct Breeds.								
Boar, 2 years or over.								
1st PremGeo. Ineichen & Sons, B	ryar	it, Ind.						
2nd Prem Chas. T. Hill, Brook	field	1, Wis.						
3rd Prem	ipor	ı, Wis.						
Boar, 1 year and under 2.								
1st PremH.	Ρ.	West.						
2nd PremH	. P.	West.						
3rd PremGeo. Ineiche	n &	Sons.						
Boar, over 6 mos. under 1 year.								
1st PremH	P.	West.						
2nd PremH	. P.	West						
3rd PremCha	s. 7	r. Hill.						
10—Ag.								

Boar, under 6 months.
1st Prem H. P. West.
2nd Prem
3rd PremGeo, Ineichen & Sous.
Sow, 2 years or over.
1st PremGeo. Ineichen & Sons.
2nd PremGeo. Ineichen & Sons.
3rd Prem
Sow, 1 year and under 2.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremGeo. Ineichen & Sons.
Sow, over 6 mos. and under 1 year.
1st PremH. P. West.
2nd Prem
3rd PremGeo. Ineichen & Sons.
Sow, under 6 mos.
1st PremGeo. Ineichen & Sons.
2nd PremGeo. Ineichen & Sons.
3rd Prem
Produce of dam.
1st Prem
2nd PremChas. T. Hitt.
3rd PremGeo. Ineichen & Sons.
Get of sire.
1st Prem
2nd PremGeo. Ineichen & Sons.
Champion boar
Champion SowGeo. Ineichen & Sons.
Sweepstakes.
Boar and 3 sows, over 1 year.
1st Prem
2nd PremGeo. Ineichen & Sons.

Wisconsin Sweepstakes.

t viaconam owedparaces
Best exhibit of 5 animals bred by one exhibitor. 1st Prem
Fo:and China. Geo. Martin. Berkshire. H. P. West. Chester White. Wm. W. Vaughn & Sons. Duroc Jersey. W. H. Reed & Wright Co. Tamworth. A. N. Keiiy. All Other Distinct Breeds. H. P. West.
POULTRY AND PIGEONS. POULTRY DIVISION.

Judge.

S. Butterfield, Windsor, Ont.

Barred Plymouth Rock.

Cock.

1st Prem	E. G. Roberts, Fort Atkinson, Wis.
2nd Prem	
3rd Prem	E. G. Roberts.
	Cockerel.
1st Prem	Mrs. W. F. Grimshaw, Wauwatosa, Wis.
3rd Prem	E. G. Roberts.

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148	ANNUAL REPORT OF THE			
	Hen.			
1st Prem.				
2nd Prem.	E. G. Roberts.			
3rd Prem.	E. G. Roberts.			
	Pullet.			
	Boots & Stier, Sussex, Wis.			
3rd Prem.	E. G. Roberts.			
	White Plymouth Rock.			
	Cock.			
	Arthur Ott, West Allis, Wis.			
2nd Prem.	Arthur Kittinger, Caledonia, Wis.			
3rd Prem.	Arthur Kittinger.			
	G. A			
1-4 D	Cockerel.			
	J. R. Love, Waukesha, Wis.			
oid Fiem.	Attuar Kittinger,			
	Hen.			
ist Prem.	J. R. Love.			
2nd Prem.	R. P. Momsen, Milwaukee, Wis.			
3rd Prem.	R. P. Momsen.			
	Pullet.			
1at Dram	Pasbrig Bros., Wauwatosa, Wis.			
	J. R. Love.			
_				
ord Frem.	,, Month Market 1			
Buff Plymouth Rock.				
	Cock.			
	E. G. Roberts.			
	F. W. Niesman, Freeport, Ill.			
3rd Prem.	Arthur Kittinger.			
Cockerel.				
1st Prem	Hoyt & Deaner.			
o I D	T. D. T.			

3rd Prem.Arthur Kittinger.



Hen.			
1st Prem			
2nd Prem Arthur Kittinger.			
3rd PremF. W. Niesman.			
Pullet.			
1st PremArthur Kittinger.			
2nd Prem			
3rd PremArthur Kittinger.			
Golden Wyandotte.			
Cock.			
1st PremJohn C. Schulz, Milwaukee, Wis.			
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.			
3rd PremIdle Hour Poultry Yards, Milwaukee, Wis.			
· Cockerel.			
1st Prem			
2nd Prem			
3rd Prem E. G. Roberts.			
Hen.			
1st Prem			
2nd Prem			
3rd PremF. W. Niesman.			
Pullet.			
1st PremHoyt & Deaner.			
2nd Prem			
3rd PremF. W. Niesman			
Silver Wyandotte.			
Cock.			
1st PremHoyt & Deaner.			
2nd Prem			
3rd PremF. W. Niesman.			
Cockerel.			
1st Prem			

 2nd Prem.
 F. W. Niesman.

 3rd Prem.
 E. G. Roberts.

Hen.		
1st Prem		
2nd PremPasbrig Bros.		
3rd Prem E. G. Roberts.		
Pullet.		
1st PremF.W. Niesman.		
2nd PremE. G. Roberts.		
3rd Prem Mrs. J. E. Mielke.		
Buff Wyandotte.		
Cock.		
1st PremGeo. W. Tulenz, Milwaukee, Wis.		
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.		
3rd FremJohn E. Hartley, Milwaukee, Wis.		
Cockerel.		
1st PremPasbrig Bros.		
2nd FremF. W. Niesman.		
2rd PremJohn E. Hartley.		
Hen.		
1st PremJohn E. Hartley.		
2nd Prem		
3rd PremGeo. W. Tulens.		
Pullet.		
1st PremJohn E. Hartley.		
2nd PremPasbrig Bros.		
3rd PremF. W. Niesman.		
White Wyandotte.		
Cock.		
1st Prem. E. G. Roberts.		
2nd Prem Frank B. Fargo, Lake Mills, Wis.		
r3d FremF. W. Nlesman.		
Cockerel.		
1st Prem Edgewood Farms. Pewaukee, Wis.		
2nd PremE. G. Roberts.		
3rd Prem Edgewood Farms.		



Hen,				
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.				
2nd PremFrank B. Fargo.				
3rd PremFrank B. Fargo				
				
Pullet.				
1st Prem Edgewood Farms.				
2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts. 3rd Prem. Edgewood Farms.				
ord Frem				
Disab Winandata				
Black Wyandotte.				
Cock.				
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.				
3rd Frem. F. W. Niesman.				
Cockerel.				
1st PremPasbrig Bros				
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.				
Hen.				
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.				
2nd Prem				
Pullet.				
1st Prem E. G. Roberts,				
2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman.				
Partridge Wyandottes.				
Cock.				
Tst Prem E. G. Roberts.				
2nd Prem				
Hen.				
1st PremFrank R. Austerman, Waukesha, Wis.				
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.				
Cockerel.				
Cockerel. 1st PremFrank R. Austerman.				
2nd Prem				
Bill - 10:00 11:111, 11:111, 11:111, 11:111, 11:111, 11:111, 11:111, 11:11				

Pullet.		
1st PremFrank R. Austerman.		
2nd PremFrank R. Austerman.		
Mottled or Black Java.		
Ccck.		
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.		
2nd Prem		
and trem.		
Cockerel.		
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.		
Hen.		
1st Prem		
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.		
Pullet.		
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.		
2nd Prem		
- ··		
Colored or Silver Gray Dorking.		
Cock.		
1st Prem		
2nd 7.em. E. G. Roberts.		
2. d. 2000000		
Cockerel.		
1st PremF. W. Niesman.		
2nd Frem. E. G. Roberts.		
and I telm.		
Hen.		
1st PremE. G. Roberts.		
2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman.		
ZHU FIEM W. Miesman.		
Pullet.		
1st PremF. W. Niesman.		
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.		
Ziiq Frein		

Buff Orpington.

Cock.
1st PremF. W. Niesman.
2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman.
zau FremF. W. Niesman.
Hen.
1st PremHoyt & Deaner.
2nd PremF. W. Niesman
Cockerel
1st Prem
and Prem F. W. Niesman.
Pullet.
ist PremF. W. Niesman.
· 1
White or Biack Langshan.
Cock.
1st PremHoyt & Deaner.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
3rd PremGeo. Cooke, Racine, Wis
•
Cockerel.
1st PremGeo. Cooke.
2nd PremGeo. Cooke.
3rd PremFrank R. Austerman.
Hen.
1st PremGeo. Cooke.
2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman.
3rd Prem J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis.
TIST
D114
Piliter.
Pullet. Ist Prem Frank R Austerman
1st PremFrank R. Austerman.

Dark Brahma.

Cock				
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.				
2nd PremJ. Conrad, West Allis, Wis.				
3rd PremF. W. Niesman.				
Cockerel.				
1st Prem				
2nd Prem J. Conrad.				
3rd Prem				
Hen.				
1st Prem				
2nd Prem				
3rd Prem				
Pullet.				
1st Prem J. Conrad.				
2nd Prem. J. R. Love.				
2rd Piem				
Light Brahma.				
Light Brahma.				
Cock.				
Cock.				
Cock. 1st PremJ. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis.				
Cock. 1st Prem				
Cock. 1st Prem. J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts.				
Cock. 1st Prem. J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel.				
Cock. 1st Prem. J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. J. R. Love.				
Cock. 1st Prem. J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. J. R. Love. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. J. R. Love.				
Cock. 1st Prem. J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. J. R. Love. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. J. R. Love. Hen.				
Cock. 1st Prem. J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. J. R. Love. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. J. R. Love. Hen. 1st Prem. J. L. Nowak.				
Cock. 1st Prem. J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. J. R. Love. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. J. R. Love. Hen.				
Cock. 1st Prem. J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. J. R. Love. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. J. R. Love. Hen. 1st Prem. J. L. Nowak. 2nd Prem. J. L. Nowak.				
Cock St. Prem. J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis.				
Cock St. Prem. J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. St. Prem. J. R. Love. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. J. R. Love. St. Prem. J. R. Love. Hen. St. Prem. J. L. Nowak. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. David Jenner, Waukesha, Wis. Pullet.				
Cock St. Prem. J. L. Nowak, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. J. R. Love. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. J. R. Love. Hen. 1st Prem. J. L. Nowak. 2nd Prem. J. R. Love. 3rd Prem. 3rd Prem				

Buff Cochin.

Cock.			
1st PremGeo. W. Tulenz			
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.			
3rd PremGeo. W. Tulenz.			
Cockerel.			
1st PremNo Award.			
2nd PremE. G. Roberts.			
3rd PremF. W. Niesman.			
Hen.			
1st PremGeo. W. Tulenz,			
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.			
3rd Prem E. G. Roberts.			
Pullet.			
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.			
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.			
3rd Prem			
ord Frem			
Partridge Cochin.			
Cock.			
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.			
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.			
3rd Prem			
Cockerel.			
1st Prem			
2nd Prem			
3rd Prem. F. W. Niesman.			
Hen.			
1st PremHoyt & Deaner.			
2nd PremJ. Conrad.			
3rd PremF. W. Niesman.			
Pullet.			
1st PremF. W. Niesman.			
2nd Prem			

3rd Prem.Hoyt & Deaner.

White Cochin.

Cock				
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.				
Cockerel.				
1st Prem. F. W. Niesman. 2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.				
Hen.				
1st Prem. Geo. W. Tulena. 2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.				
Pullet.				
1st Prem				
•				
Black Cochin.				
Cock.				
1st Prem				
Cockèrel.				
1st Prem. F. W. Niesman. 2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.				
Hen.				
1st Prem E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem Hoyt & Deaner.				
Pullet.				
1st Prem				

Blue Andalusian

Cock.
1st PremF. W. Niesman,
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
E. G. Roberts,
Cockerel.
1st PremF. W. Niesman.
Hen.
1st Prem Hoyt & Deaner.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
E. Roberts.
75.17
Pullet.
1st PremF. W. Niesman.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
·
Rhode Island Reds.
Rhode Island Reds.
Cock.
Cock. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
Cock.
Cock. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
Cock. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. S. S. Rich. Cockerel.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. S. S. Rich. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. S. S. Rich. Cockerel.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. S. S. Rich. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Clara D. Martin & Son, Wauwatosa, Wis.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. S. S. Rich. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. L. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hen.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. S. S. Rich. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Clara D. Martin & Son, Wauwatosa, Wis. Hen. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. S. S. Rich. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. L. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hen.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. S. S. Rich. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Clara D. Martin & Son, Wauwatosa, Wis. Hen. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. S. S. Rich. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Clara D. Martin & Son, Wauwatosa, Wis. Hen. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. S. S. Rich. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Clara D. Martin & Son, Wauwatosa, Wis. Hen. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. S. S. Rich. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Clara D. Martin & Son, Wauwatosa, Wis. Hen. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.

Single Comb Brown Leghorn

Cock.

Cock.				
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.				
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.				
3rd Prem F. W. Niesman.				
Cockerel.				
1st PremF. W. Niesman.				
2nd Prem				
3rd PremMrs. J. E. Mielke.				
Hen.				
1st PremF. W. Niesman.				
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.				
2rd PremE. G. Roberts.				
Pullet.				
1st Prem Mrs. J. E. Mielke.				
2nd PremMrs. J. E. Mielke.				
2rd PremMrs. J. E. Mielks.				
Rose Comb Brown Leghorn.				
Cock.				
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.				
2nd PremJohn C. Schulz.				
3rd PremF. W. Niesman.				
<i>a</i> =				
Cockerel. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts.				
2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman.				
2nd Prem				
sru FremJohn C. Schulz.				
Hen.				
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.				
2nd Prem. John C. Schulz.				
3rd PremHoyt & Deaner.				

 Pullet.

 1st Prem.
 E. G. Roberts.

 2nd Prem.
 Hoyt & Deaner.

 3rd Prem.
 John C. Schulz.

Single Comb White Leghorn.

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COCK.
1st PremHoyt & Deaner.
2nd PremGeo. Cooke, Racine, Wis.
3rd Prem Albert R. Zier, Watertown, Wis.
Cockerel.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd PremGeo. W. Tulenz.
3rd PremGeo. W. Tulenz.
Hen.
1st PremGeo. Cooke.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
ord from the first terms of the
Pullet.
1st Prem
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts
Erd Prem E. G. Roberts.
Rose Comb White Leghorn.
·
Cock,
Cock. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
Cock. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem Hoyt & Deaner.
Cock. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
Cock. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem Hoyt & Deaner.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman. 3rd Prem. Boots & Stier.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman. 3rd Prem. Boots & Stier.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman. 3rd Prem. Boots & Stier. 1 Hen. 1st Prem. Boots & Stier.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman. 3rd Prem. Boots & Stier. 1 Hen. 1st Prem. Boots & Stier. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman. 3rd Prem. Boots & Stier. Hen. 1st Prem. Boots & Stier. 1 Hen. 1st Prem. Boots & Stier. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman. 3rd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. Pullet.
Cock E. G. Roberts E. G.
Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 3rd Prem. E. G. Roberts. Cockerel. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman. 3rd Prem. Boots & Stier. Hen. 1st Prem. Boots & Stier. 1 Hen. 1st Prem. Boots & Stier. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman. 3rd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. Pullet.

Black Leghorn.

Cock.
1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman.
Cockerel.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem. A. O. Heilman, Norwalk, Wis. 3rd Prem. A. O. Heilman.
ord Freig
Hen.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman.
3rd Prem Hoyt & Deaner.
Pullet.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Srd Prem E. G. Roberts.
1
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Buff Leghorn.
Cock.
1st Prem F. W. Niesman.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem E. G. Roberts.
Cockerel.
13t Prem E. G. Roberts
2nd PremAlbert R. Zier.
3rd Prem Hoyt & Deaner.
Hen.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem Albert R. Zier.
3rd Prem
Pullet.
1st Prem
2nd Prem

Black Minorca.

Cock.
1st Prem
Cockerel.
1st Prem
2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.
Zind Trem G. Roberts.
Hen.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Pullet.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem
Single Comb White Minorca.
Cock.
1st PremF. W. Niesman.
2nd Prem
Cockerel.
1st PremF. W. Niesman.
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.
Hen.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Piem. F. W. Niesman.
Pullet.
1st PremF. W. Niesman.
2nd PremE. G. Roberts.

11-Ag.

White Faced Black Spanish.

Cock.

1st Prem. F. W. Niesman. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner.
Cockerel.
1st Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.
Hen.
1st PremF. W. Niesman.
2nd Prem Hoyt & Deaner.
Pullet.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
·
Houdan.
Cock.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Cockerel.
1st Prem
2nd Prem

Hen.

1st Prem. W. Niesman.

2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner.

2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.

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White Polish.

Cock.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd PremHoyt & Deaner.
Cockerel,
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
Hen.
1st PremE. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
Pullet.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
White Crested Black Polish.
Cock.
1st Prem
2nd Prem F. W. Niesmaa.
Cockerel.
1st Prem F. W. Niesman:
2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.
,
Hen.
1st PremF. W. Niesman.
2nd Prem Hoyt & Deaner.
Pullet.
Pullet. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
-

Silver Polish.

Cock.

Cock.
1st Prem Hoyt & Deaner.
2nd Prem
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Cockerel.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem F. W. Niesman.
The second secon
Hen.
1st PremF. W. Niesman.
2nd Prem
Pullet.
1st PreniE. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.

Golden Polish.
Cock.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem
Cockerel.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
?rd Prem E. G. Roberts.
The street of th

Hen.

1st Frem. ... E. G. Roberts.

2nd Prem. ... E. G. Roberts.

Black Hamburg.

Cock.

COCK.
1st Prem F. W. Niesman.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
•
Cockerel.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
žnd PremF. W. Niesman.
Hen.
1st PremE. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem
Pullet.
1st PremE. G. Roberts.
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.
Silver Spangled Hamburg.
Cock.
lst Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem. S. S. Rich.
and I rem
Cockerel.
ist PremF. W. Niesman.
2nd Prem. S. S. Rien
Hen.

 1st Prem.
 F. W. Niesman.

 2nd Prem.
 S. S. Rich.

 Pullet.

 1st Prem.
 F. W. Niesman.

 2nd Frem.
 S. S. Rich.

Silver Pencilled Hamburg.

	Cock E. G. Roberts
1st Prem	Cockerel E. G. Roberts.
	Hen E. G. Roberts Hoyt & Deaner.
	
	Golden Spangled Hamburg

		Cock.
1st	Prem.	
2nd	Prem.	Hoyt & Deaner.
Cockerel.		
1st	Prem.	F. W. Niesman.
		Hen.
2nd	Prem.	
2nd	Prem.	E. G. Roberts.
		Pullet.
1st	Prem.	
2nd	Prem.	F. W. Niesman.

Golden Pencilled Hamburg

Cock. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner.
Zad Trem.
Cockerel. 1st Frem
Hen.
1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Hoyt & Deaner.
Pullet.
1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.
Brown Red Game
Cock. 1st Prem
Hen. 1st Prem
ist Frem
Cornish Indian Game.
Cock.
1st Prem
Cockerel.
1st Prem S. S. Rich.
2nd Prem S. S. Rich.

	Hen.
1st Prem	
2nd Prem	Dartmoor Yards.

Pullet. 2nd Prem. Dartmoor Yards.

Red Pyle Game.

Cock.

		= -
1st P	rem.	F. W. Niesman.
2nd I	Prem.	Hoyt & Deaner.
Cockerel.		
1st P	rem.	
		Hen.
2nd I	Prem.	Hoyt & Deaner.
		Pullet.
1st F	rem.	

Black Breasted Game.

Cock.

1st Prem	<u> </u>
Cockerel.	
1st Pem	F. W. Niesmaa.
2nd Frem	Hoyt & Deaner.
Hen.	
1st Prem	
9nd Drom	F W Niceman

Pullet.

1st PremF	. W. Niesman.
2nd Prem I	loyt & Deaner.

White Indian Game.

Cock.

	••••
1st Prem	Hoyt & Deaner.
2nd Prem	F. W. Niesman.
	Hen.
1st Prem	HenHoyt & Deaner.
2nd Prem	F. W. Niesman.
	Pullet.
1st Prem	No Award.
2nd Prem	Hovt & Deaner

Golden Duckwing Game.

Cockerel.

1st Prem	E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem	F. W. Niesman.
	Hen.
1st Prem	E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem	Hoyt & Deaner.
	Pullet.
1st Prem	E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem	F. W Niesman

Silver Duckwing Game.

•
Cockerel.
5. J
1st Prem
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.
Hen.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem
2000
Pullet.
=
1st PremF .W. Niemsan.
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A11 A
Silver Seabright Bantam.
Cock.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem
Cockerel.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd PremE. G. Roberts.
Hen.
1st PremHoyt & Deaner.
2nd PremE. G. Roberts.
Pullet.
1st Prem. , E. G. Roberts,
2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.
and Frem

Golden Seabright Bantam.
Cock.
1st PremF .W. Niemsan.

2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts



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Cocasisi.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd PremJohn C. Schulz.
Hen.
1st PremJohn C. Schulz.
2nd PremJohn C. Schulz.
Pullet.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem

Silver Duckwing Bantam.

Cock.

1st Prem	
2nd Prem	Boots & Stier.
Cocke	
1st Prem	Boots & Stier.
2nd Prem	
Hei	n.
1st Prem	Boots & Stier.
2nd Prem	E. G. Roberts.
•	
Pull	
1st Prem	Boots & Stier.
2nd Prem	E. G. Roberts.

Black Breasted Red Game Bantam

Cock.

ist Prem	Boots & Stier.
2nd Prem	F. W. Niesman.

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	Cockerel.
1st Prem	F.W. Niemsan
2nd Prem	Boots & Stier.
	Hen.
1st Prem	Boots & Stier.
2nd Prem	
	Pullet.
1st Prem	Funet. E. G. Roberts.
	F. W. Niesman.
	Red Pyle Game Bantam.
	Cock.
	E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem	
	Cockerel.
	Boots & Stier.
2nd Prem	Boots & Stier.
	Hen.
	Pasbrig Bros.
2nd Prem	E. G. Roberts.
	Pullet.
	Boots & Stier.
2nd Prem	E. G. Roberts.
	Brown Red Game Bantam.
	Cock.
1st Prem	Hoyt & Deaner.

2nd Prem.Boots & Stier.

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Hen. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
Pullet. 1st Prem
Golden Duckwing Bantam.
Cock. 1st Prem. Hoyt & Deaner. 2nd Prem. Boots & Stier.
Cockerel. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem Boots & Stier.
Hen. 1st Prem
Pullet. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. F. W. Niesman. ———
White Game Bantam.
Cock.
1st Prem
Cockerel. 1st Prem

Hen. 1st Prem
Pullet.
1st PremBoots & Stier.
2nd Prem Hoyt & Deaner.
•
Partridge Cochin Bantam.
Cock.
ist PremE. G. Roberts.
2nd Frem E. G. Roberts.
Cockerel.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
Hen.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
Puilet.
1st PremE. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
•
Buff Cochin Bantam.
Cock.
1st PremBoots & Stier.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
Cockerel.
1st PremBoots & Stier.
2nd PremE. G. Roberts.
Hen.
1st PremE. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts

Pullet.

1st Prem.	E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem.	F. W. Niesman.

White Cochin Bantam.

TO Service .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
·	Cock.
1st Prem	
2nd Prem	Boots & Stier.
	Cockerel.
1st Prem	F. W. Niesman.
2nd Prem	E. G. Roberts.
	Hen.
1st Prem	Fred Allee, Milwaukee, Wis
2nd Prem	E. G. Roberts.
	Pullet.
1st Prem	Dailey & Wells, Milwaukee, Wis
2nd Prem	F. W. Niesman.

Black Cochin Bantam.

Cock.

and Prem	Е	i. G.	Roberts.		
Cockerel.					
1st Prem	E	. G.	Roberts.		
2nd Prem	Е	. G.	Roberts.		

Hen.					
1st Prem	E	. G.	Roberts.		
2nd Prem	F.	W.	Niesman.		

Pullet.
1st Prem
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.

Black Rose Comb Bantam.
Cock.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd PremJohn E. Hartley.
·
Cockerel,
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem. E. G. Roberts.
Hen.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Pullet.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
White Japanese Bantam.
NAME OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER
COCK.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem E. G. Roberts.
Cockerel.
1st Frem E. G. Roberts.
2nd PremE. G. Roberts.
Hen.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
D. C. Dohorts

Pullet.

1st - remE.	
2nd Prem E.	G. Roberts.

Black Tailed Japanese Bantam.

Cock.

1st Prem	eaner.
2nd PremBoots &	Stier.

Cockerel.

1st Prem.	Boots	& Stier.
2nd Prem.	Е С	Roberts

Hen.

1st Prem	Hoyt &	Deaner.
2rd Prem,	Boots	& Stier.

Pullet.

1st PremF.	W.	Niesman.
2nd Prem E	. G	. Roberts.

Light Brahma Bantam.

Cockerel.

1st Prem	.Idle	Hour	Poultry	Yard 3.
2nd Prem	Idle	Hour	Poultry	Yards.

Hen.

1st Prem	Idle	Hour	Poultry	Yards.
2nd Prem	Idle	Hour	Poultry	Yards.

Pullet.

1st Prem	.Idle	Hour	Poultry	Yards.
2nd Prem	.Idle	Hour	Poultry	Yards.

12-Ag.

Dark Brahma Bantam.

|--|

COCK.	
1st Prem	G. Roberts.
Cockerel.	
1st PremE.	G. Roberts.
2nd FremE.	G. Roberts.
Hen.	
1st Prem	G. Roberts.
Pullet.	
1st Prem	
2nd Prem E.	G. Roberts.

Indian Game Bantam.

Cock.

1st Prem.	Boots	&	Stier.
2nd Prem.	Boots	&	Stier.

Cockerel.

1st	Prem.	Boots	&	Stier.

Hen.

1st Prem.	Boots	&	Stier.
2nd Prem.	Boots	&	Stier.

Pullet.

ist Prem.	Boots & St	er.
2nd Prem.	Boots & Sti	ier.

Birchen Game Bantam.

Cock.

1st	Prem.	Boots & Sti	er.
2nd	Prem.	Boots & St	ier.

Cockere1. 1st Prem
Hen. 1st PremBoots & Stier.
2nd PremBoots & Stier. Pullet.
1st Prem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem. Boots & Stier.
Sweepstakes.
American breeds
Turkeys—Old Birds.
Bronze. 1st PremF. W. Niesman.
Black. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
Slate. 1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
White Holland. 1st Prem

Naragansett. 1st Prem. E. G. Roberts,

Turkeys-Young Birds.

	- ~
•	Bronze,
1st	Prem Dawson Bros., Franksville, Wis-
	Black.
1st	Prem E. G. Roberts.
100	2.000
	White Holland.
1.04	PremJ. R. Love.
zna	Prem
	Naragansett.
1st	Prem.
	•
	Geese-Old Birds.
	Geese—Old Bilds.
	Toulouse.
4	
	Prem
2nd	Prem E. G. Roberts.
	Embden.
44	Prem
2nd	PremF. W. Niesman.
	African.
	PremDawson Brcs.
2nd	Domes Daw
	PremDawson Bros
2114	PremDawson Blue
2114	Wild.
	Wild.
	Wild. Prem
1st	Wild. Prem
1st 1st	Wild. Prem. Dawson Bros. Chinese White. Prem. Dawson Bros.
1st 1st	Wild. Prem
1st 1st	Wild. Prem. Dawson Bros. Chinese White. Prem. Dawson Bros. Prem. F. W. Niesman.
1st 1st 2nd	Wild. Prem. Dawson Bros. Chinese White. Prem. Dawson Bros. Prem. F. W. Niesman. Chinese Brown.
1st 1st 2nd	Wild. Prem. Dawson Bros. Chinese White. Prem. Dawson Bros. Prem. F. W. Niesman.

Geese-Young Birds.

Toulouse.	
1st PremDawson I	3ros.
Embden.	
rst Prem. Hoyt & Deg 2nd Prem. Dawson F	
2nd PremDawson i	oros.
African.	
1st PremDawson H	3ros.
2nd PremDawson I	3ros.
Chinese White.	_
1st Prem	-
2nd PremDawson F	3F08.
. Chinese Brown.	
1st PremDawson E	3ros
2nd PremDawson H	3ros.
Buff.	_
1st PremDawson E	lros.
Ducks-Old Birds.	
Pekin.	1
1st PremDawson H	tros.
2nd Prem. E. G. Robe	
Aylesbury.	
1st PremF. W. Niesr	
2nd PremDawson E	ros.
Rouen.	
1st PremDawson B	ros.
2nd PremE. G. Robe	

Cayuga. 1st Prem.E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem......Dawson Bros. East India. 1st Prem......Pasbrig Bros. 2nd Prem.....E. G. Roberts. Indian Runner. 1st Prem......Dawson Bros. 2nd Prem.....Frank R. Austerman. Colored Muscovy. 1st Prem......Dawson Bros. 2nd Prem......Dawson Bros. White Muscovy. 2nd Prem.....E. G. Roberta. Grey Call. 1st Trem. E. G. Roberts. 2nd Prem.....Frank R. Austerman. White Call. 1st Prem.E. G. Roberts. White Crested. 1st Prem.....E. G. Roberts. Ducks-Young Birds. Pekin. 1st Prem......Dawson Bros. Aylesbury.

 1st Prem.
 Dawson Bros.

 2nd Prem.
 Hoyt & Deaner.

zeouon.
1st PremDawson Bros
2nd PremE. G. Roberts.
ZET TIEEL
Cayuga.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1st PremHoyt & Deaner.
2nd PremE. G. Roberts.
East India.
1st Prem E. G. Roberts.
2nd PremDawson Bros.
2.000
Indian Runner.
1st PremFrank R. Austerman.
2nd PremDawson Bros.
- Tomici Control of the control of t
Colored Warren
Colored Muscovy.
1st PremDawson Bros.
2nd PremE. G. Roberts.
and item
**** ***
White Muscovy.
1st PremE. G. Roberts.
Grey Call.
1st PremE. G. Roberts.
White Crested.
1st Prem
2nd PremDawson Bros.
P.v.o.netelese
Sweepstakes.
Best exhibit of water fowl
AALaaallaaaaaa
Miscellaneous.
Guinea Fowl.
1st PremHoyt & Deaner.
2nd PremJ. R. Love.
_
Silkies.
1st PremE. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem

101	THRUAL REPORT OF THE
	Frizzles.
1st Prem	
ind Prem	
	Rumpless.
1st Prem	E. G. Roberts.
2nd Prem	
	Belgian Hares.
	Best buck 1 year or over.
1st Prem	Joseph Volz, Wauwatosa, Wis.
	Best doe 1 year or over.
1st Prem	Joseph Voiz.
1	Best buck over 6 mos. under 1 year.
1st Prem	
	Joseph Volz.
	Best doe over 6 mos. under 1 year.
•	Any Other Breed of Hares.
	Best buck 1 year or over.
1st Prom	Al. Kroeger, Milwaukee, Wis
and Prem	Al. Kroeger.
	Best doe 1 year or over.
1st Prem	
2nd Prem	Al. Kroeger.
:	Best buck over 6 mos. under 1 year.

Al. Kroeger.

2nd Prem.....Fred Vanselow, Milwaukee, Wis.



Best doe over 6 mos. under 1 year. 1st Prem
Best doe with litter. 1st PremS. W. Hardy.

PIGEON DIVISION.

Judges.

William Plaehn, Chicago, Ill. H. Maschmeyer, Milwaukee, Wis.

Single Birds-Old.

Carriers.

	Black cock.
1st	PremGeo. Ewald, Cincinnati, Ohio.
2nd	Prem
	White cock.
1st	Prem Herman Kretschmer, Chicago, Ill.
	Any other color cock.
1st	Prem
	Black hen.
1st	Prem

2nd Prem.....Herman Kretschmer.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

	White hen.
1st	PremHerman Kretschmer.
	Any other color hen.
1st	PremHoyt & Deaner.
,	Pouters.
	Black pied cock.
	PremRobert Guentzel, Chicago, Ill.
2nd	PremWagner Bros., Chicago, Ill.
	Blue pied cook.
1st	PremWagner Bros.
	Prem
ZIIU	Tremtogett Guencoon
	Red pied cock.
1st	PremRobert Guentzel.
2nd	PremWagner Bros.
	Yellow pied cock.
1st	PremWagner Bros.
	Prem
	Troub.
	White cock.
	PremRobert Guentzel.
2nd	PremWagner Bros.
	Any other color cock.
1st	Prem
	PremWagner Bros
	Black pied hen.
1st	PremRobert Guentzel.
	Blue pied hen.
1st	PremRobert Guentsel.
	PremWalter C. Bolt, Milwaukee, Wis.
	Red pied Ten.
1st	Prem
_	PremWagner Bros.

Yellow pied hen. 1st PremWagner	Bros.
White hen. 1st Prem	
Any other color hen. 1st Prem	
Poulters—Pigmies.	
Black cock. 1st PremGeo.	Ewald.
Blue cock. 1st PremGeo.	Ewald.
White cock. 1st PremGeo.	Ewald.
Any other color cock. 1st PremGeo.	Ewald.
Black hen. 1st PremGeo.	Ewal i.
Blue hen. 1st PremGeo.	Ewald.
White hen. 1st PremGeo.	Ewald.
Any other color hen.	Ewold

Brunner Pouters.

1.4	Blue cock.
ist	Prem
	Black cock,
	Prem
	Troubonnion
104	Any other color cock.
	Frem
1st	Blue hen. Prem
	Black hen.
1st	PremHerman Kretschmer.
2nd	PremGeo. Ewald.
	Any other color hen.
ıst	PremGeo. Ewald.
2nd	PremWilliam Korp.
	Saddle-back Fantails.
	Black cock.
	Prem
ZIIG	Titim 1. Hoor, Milwanico, W
104	Any other color cock. Prem
181	riemdev. Dwa.
44	Black hen.
JSI	PremGeo. Ewald.
	Any other color hen.
1st	PremGeo. Ewald.

Tail-colored Fantalls.

Any color cock. 1st Prem
Any color hen.
1st PremJ. P. Heer.

Fantails—Plain.
Black cock.
1st Prem
Blue cock.
1st Prem
2nd PremHenry Barta, Milwaukee, Wis.
Red cock.
1st PremGeo. Ewald.
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.
Yellow cock,
1st PremJoseph Barta, Jr., Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremJoseph Barta, Jr.
White cock.
1st Prem
2nd PremHenry Barta.
Any color cock.
1st PremJ. P. Heer.
2nd PremGeo. Ewald.
Black hen. 1st Prem
2nd PreinF. W. Niesman.
Blue hen.
1st Prem.,Geo. Ewald.

Red hen.
1st PremGeo. Ewald.
2nd PremF. W. Niesmaa.
Yellow hen.
1st PremGeo. Eward.
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.
White hen.
1st PremJoseph Barta, Jr.
2nd Prem
Any other color hen.
1st PremGeo. Ewald.
2nd PremJ. P. Heer.
<u> </u>
Trumpeters.
Black cock.
1st PremHoyt & Deaner.
Black hen.
1st PremHoyt & Deaner.
•
Magples.
Red cock.
1st PremGeo. Ewald.
Yellow cock.
ist PremGeo. Ewald.
Black cock.
1st PremGeo. Ewald.
2nd PremF. W. Niesman.
Plus cock
Blue cock. 1st PremGeo. Ewald.
130 110mm
Any other color cock.
1st Prem



	Red hen.
1st	PremGeo. Ewald.
2nd	PremF. W. Niesman,
	2.10m2.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1
	Yellow hen.
1st	PremGeo. Ewald.
	Black hen.
1.4	•
	PremGeo. Ewald.
2n ā	PremF. W. Niesman,
	Blue hen.
1 ot	PremGeo. Ewald.
161	Tiem
	Any other color hen.
1st	PremGeo. Ewald.
	•
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
i	attorne to pena
,	SHOWN IN PARIS.
	•
	to the second
	Hen Pigeons.
	•
	Black.
1 st	PremWilliam Korb.
Znu	FremG. R. Schubert, Milwaukee, Wis.
	Blue.
1st	PremWilliam Korb.
	PremG. R. Schubert.
Luq	riem
	White.
1st	PremG. R. Schubert.
2nd	PremWilliam Korb.
	A man and have
	Any other color.
1st	Prem

Barbs.

Red. 1st PremHerman Vanselow, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd PremHerman Vanselow.
Black.
1st PremHerman Vanselow.
Any other color.
1st PremHerman Vanselow
2nd Prem
Jacobins.
Red.
1st PremJohn A. Koenig. Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremGeo. Ewald.
Yellow.
1st PremJohn A. Koenig.
2nd PremJ. P. Heer.
Black.
1st PremJ. P. Heer.
2nd Prem
White.
1st PremJohn A. Koenig.
2nd PremJohn A. Koenig.
Any other color.
1st PremJohn A. Koenig.
2nd PremGeo. Ewald.

A 1 P 111-

Oriental Frills.

Blondnettes-blue lace.

1st Prem......Dr. J. F. Roe, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem......Herman Vanselow.

Blondnettes—black lace. 1st Prem
Blondnettes—blue bow.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
vanselow.
Satinettes.
1st PremHerman Vanselow
2nd Prem
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Bluettes.
1st Prem Herman Vanselow.
2nd PremHerman Vanselow.
Any other color.
lst PremDr. J. F. Roe.
znd PremHerman Vanselow.
TurbitaWing.
Red.
1st PremThomas B. McCauley, Chicago, fil.
2nd PremGeo. Ewald.
Yellow.
lat PremThomas B. McCauley.
Black.
lst Prem
2nd Prem
The state of the s
Blue,
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Any other color.
1st Prem
18—Ag.

English Trumpeters.

English transported
Black.*
1st PremHerman Vanselow.
2nd Prem. Ferd Vanselow.
and rome the terms of the terms
Blue.
1st PremA. M. Fiebrantz, Milwaukee, Wis
2nd Prem
2nd PremA. M. Flebrantz.
Mottled.
1st Trem
15t 11cm vansciow
Brunswick or baldhead.
1st Prem
2nd Frem
and item
Any other color.
1st PremHerman Vanselow.
2nd PremFerd Vanselow.
Short-faced Tumblers.
Short-faced Tumblers. Almond.
Almond.
Almond. 1st PremMrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis.
Almond.
Almond. 1st PremMrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis.
Almond. 1st PremMrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd PremMrs. R. B. Dobrogowski.
Almond. 1st PremMrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd PremMrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Red.
Almond. 1st Prem
Almond. 1st Prem
Almond. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Red. 1st Prem. Anton Williamsen, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski.
Almond. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Red. 1st Prem. Anton Williamsen, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Mottled.
Almond. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Red. 1st Prem. Anton Williamsen, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Mottled. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski.
Almond. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Red. 1st Prem. Anton Williamsen, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Mottled. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski.
Almond. 1st Prem
Almond.
Almond.
Almond. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Red. 1st Prem. Anton Williamsen, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Mottled. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Kite. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Kite. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Any other coftor.
Almond. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Red. 1st Prem. Anton Williamsen, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Mottled. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Kite. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Any other colof. 1st Prem. Anton Williamsen. Any other colof.
Almond. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Red. 1st Prem. Anton Williamsen, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Mottled. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. 2nd Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Kite. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Kite. 1st Prem. Mrs. R. B. Dobrogowski. Any other coftor.

Long-faced Tumblers.

(Clean-legged.)

Red

Red.
1st PremHerman Kretschmer.
2nd PremMrs. R. B. Dobrogowski.
Black.
1st Prem
2nd PremAnton Williamsen.
21012
White.
lst Frem
2nd Prem
and Home.
Yellow.
1st PremMrs. R. B. Dobrogowski.
2nd Prem
Red Mottled.
1st rremAnton Williamsen.
2nd PremAnton Williamsen,
Any other color.
1st PremK. J. Muir.
2nd PremAnton Williamsen.
Long-faced Tumblers.
(Muffled.)
Silver.
1st PremC. Williamsen, Milwaukee, Wis.
and Drom D. D. Dobrogowski, Milwaukoo, Wie
2nd PremR. B. Dobrogowski, Milwaukee, Wis.
Red.
Red.
Red. 1st Prem. C. Williamsen. 2nd Prem. R. B. Dobrogowski.
Red. 1st Prem. C. Williamsen. 2nd Prem. R. B. Dobrogowski. Yellow.
Red. 1st Prem. C. Williamsen. 2nd Prem. R. B. Dobrogowski.

Black.
1st Prem
$2nd \ \ PremR. \ \ B. \ \ Dobrogowski.$
Blue.
1st Prem
2nd PremR. B. Dobrogowski.
White.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
and from the bourdensmit
Red mottled.
1st Prem
Znd Prem
Yellow mottled.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
•
Black mottled.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Bald-head Tumblers.
Black.
1st PremK. J. Muir.
2nd PremAnton Williamsen.
Red.
1st Prem
2nd PremAnton Williamsen.
Yellow.
1st PremMrs. R. B. Dobrogowski.
2nd PremAnton Williamsen.
Any other color.
1st Prem
2nd Prem



Parior Tumblers.

	i di idi. i dilibidi di
lat Prom	Red
and Prem.	
lat Prem.	Yellow
^{2nd} Prem.	Joseph Barta, Jr.
lst Prem.	Black. Joseph Barta, Jr.
lst p	Any other color.
Trem.	
	Moorehead Tumblers.
	Black.
	Any other color.
	Saddles.
	Blue.
	Black.
	Red.
	R. B. Dobrogowski,
znd Prem.	

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

Any other color.
1st Prem
2nd Prem C. Williamsen.
The state of the s
Badges.
•
Black.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Any other color.
1st Prem
2nd Prem H. Williamsen.
Tipplers.
11,551.01
Dark Mottled.
1st Prem
Light Mottled.
1st Prem Henry Barta.
2nd Prem
English Beards.
Red.
1st PremR. B. Dobrogowski.
2nd Prem
Yellow.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
ZIQ 11cmQeo. Ewaiu.
Any other color.
1st PremGeo. Ewald.
2nd PremR. B. Dobrogowski.

German Beards.

Biue.

1st Frem	Ferd Vanseiow.
2nd Prem	Geo. Ewald.
Any other color.	
1st Prem	Ferd Vanselow.

Barless Swallows.

Red.

ist Prem A. Jansen, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremL. A. Jansen.
Yellow.
1st Prem L. A. Jansen.

2nd Prem. Theo. Reuter, Miwaukee, Wis.

Black.

1st Prem.	L. A. Ja	ansen.
2nd Prem.	Theo. R	euter.

Blue.

1st PremL. A.	Jansen.
2nd PremTheo.	Reuter.

Any other color.

Ist PremL.	A. Jansen
2nd PremL	. A. Jansen

Fairy Swallows.

Blue.

1st Prem	Isabel Jansen	, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd Prem		Isabel Jansen

Black. 1st Prem
Red.
1st Prem. Isabel Jansen. 2nd Prem. Isabel Jansen.
Spangled.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
•
Swallows with white bars.
Black.
1st PremL. A. Jansen.
Blue.
1st PremL. A. Jansan.
2nd PremL. A. Jansen.
Frill Backs.
White.
1st PremTheo. Reuter, Milwaukee, Wis.
English Owis.
Black
1st PremGeo. Ewald.
Blue.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Silver.
1st Prem
2nd Prem



Chinese Owls.

Blue.
1st Prem
2nd Prem H. Williamsen.
Silver.
1st PremGeo. Ewalq
2nd Prem E. Williamsen.
Any other color.
1st PremGeo. Ewald
2nd Prem E. Williamsen

African Owls.
Rlack

DINCH

1st Prem	ı. ,.,	т	homas B. McCauley,
2nd Prep	n	•••••	

Silver.

1st Prem		.Geo. Ewald.
2nd Prem.	E.	Williamsen.

White.

18t Prem.	Thomas	. McCauley.
2nd Prem.	E.	Williamsen.

Any other color.

1st	Prem.	Thomas	В.	McCauley.
2nd	Prem.		G€	o. Ewald.

Tall-colored Owls.

Black tails.

1st Prem.	 Ewald.

Any other color.

1st Prem	. Ewald.
2nd PremGeo.	Ewald.

Dragons.

Blue.
1st Prem
Yellow.
1st PremWalter C. Bolt, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremWilliam Teggc.
Black
1st PremHerman Vanselow.
2nd Prem
White.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Red.
1st Prem
2nd PremWilliam Tegge-
Helmets.
Red.
1st Prem
2nd PremElmwood Pigeon & Poultry Farm, Milwaukee, Wis.
Yellow.
1st PremJ. P. Heer.
2nd Prem
Any other color.
1st Prem J. P. Heer.
2nd Prem
Nuns.
Red.
1st Prem
"nd Prem

Yellow.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Black
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Any other color.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
·

Priests.
Black
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Blue.
1st PremTheo. Reuter.
2nd Prem
Any other color.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Quakers.
Red.
1st PremWalter Korb, Milwaukee, Wis.
Black
1st Prem
2nd PremTheo. Reuter.
Any other color.
1st PremWalter Korb.
2nd Prem

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

Hungarian Hen Pigeon.

Black 1st PremG. R. Schubert.
Red.
1st PremG. R. Schubert.
2nd PremG. R. Schubert.
Any other color.
1st PremG. R. Schubert.
Parior Rollers.
Yellow.
1st PremJoseph Barta, Jr.
2nd Prem
Any other color.
1st Prem
2nd PremJoseph Barta, Jr.
Show Homers.
Blue checker.
1st PremGeo. Ewald.
2nd Prem Geo. Ewald.
Black checker.
1st PremGeo. Ewald.
2nd Prem Geo. Ewald.
Red checker.
1st PremGeo. Ewald.
2nd Prem. Geo. Ewald.
The state of the s
Any other color.
1st PremGeo. Ewald.

Flying Homers.

Blue.

Blue.
1st Prem Herman Vanselow
2nd Prem
The first the fi
Silver or mealy.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
and frem Enimwood figeon & foundy Paris.
White.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
and Frem
Blue checker.
1st Prem
2nd PremDr. Max Staehle.
Red checker.
1st PremDr. Max Staehle.
2nd PremFerd Vanselow.
Black checker.
1st PremHerman Vanselow.
2nd Prem
Any other color.
1st PremHerman Vanselow.
2nd PremFerd Vanselow.
·
Mixed Class.
·

Strassers.

	Prem	
1st	Magpie Tumblers. Prem	amsen.

2nd Prem......R. B. Dobrogowski.

Blue-Black Barred Swallows. L. A. Jansen. 2nd Prem Theo Reuter.
Okarthura
Starlings. 1st Prem
Scandaroons.
1st Prem
Tail Turbits. 1st Prem
Archangels.
1st Prem
High Flyers.
1st Frem
Ice Pigeons.
1st Prem Herman Vanselow. 2nd Prem Herman Vanselow.
Any Single Breed not Mentioned.
1st PremWalter Korb. 2nd PremTheo Reuter.
Young birds in Paris.
Show Homers.
1st Prem
Flying Homers.
1st PremHerman Vanselow.

2nd Prem......Herman Vanselow-

Magpies. 1st Prem
2nd PremGeo. Ewald.
Swallows.
1st Prem.L. A. Jansen.2nd Prem.L. A. Jansen.
Muffled Tumblers.
1st Prem
Clean-legged Tumblers.
1st Prem
Owls.
1st Prem
White Barred Swallows.
lst PremL. A. Jansen.
Fairy Swallows.
1st Prem
2.1.2
Turbits.
1st Prem.Thomas B. McCauley.2nd Prem.Geo. Ewald.
Dragons.
1st PremHerman Vanselow.
2nd PremWilliam Teggs.
Outside Tolling
Oriental Frills. 1st Prem
2nd Prem
Pouters.
1st PremRobert Guentzel.

2nd Prem......Walter C. Bolt.

Short-Faced Tumblers.
1st PremR. B. Dobrogowski.
2nd PremR. B. Dobrogowski.
Other Trumpeters.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Parlor Tumblers.
1st PremHenry Barta.
2nd PremHenry Barta.
Priests.
1st PremTheo Reuter.
2nd Prem
Nuns.
1st PremHerman Vanselow.
2nd Prem

Coops.

	Not	less than	ı 12 birds	of any or	e variety.	
1st Pre	ma				Robert	Guentzel.
2nd Pre	m			.Mrs. J. F.	Roe, Milwa	ikee, Wis.
3rd Prer	a			Juliyus	Just, Milway	ıkee, Wis.
4th Pre	m					o. Ewaid.

AGRICULTURE.

Judges.

L. L. Olds, Clinton, Wis. Delbert Utter, Caldwell, Wis.

Grains.

Winter Wheat.
1st PremJohn Hans, Jefferson, Wis.
2nd PremA. L. Kleeber, Reedsburg, Wis.
Spring Wheat.
1st Prem
2nd PremJ. H. Pilgrim, Milwaukee, Wis.
White Oats.
1st Prem
2nd Prem H. P. West.
Black Oats.
1st PremA. L. Kleeber.
2nd Prem H. P. West.
Bearded Barley.
1st PremJohn Hans.
2nd PremJohn Markert, Jefferson, Wis.
and remaining the second secon
Beardless Barley.
1st Prem
Spring Rye.
1st PremJohn Hans
2nd Prem H. P. West.
14—Ag.

Winter Rye.
1st PremJohn Hans. 2nd PremH. P. West.
Japanese Buckwheat.
1st Prcm
Silver Hull Buckwheat.
1st Prem.John Hans.2nd Prem.A. L. Kleeber.
American or Russian Flax.
1st Prem
Grass Seed.
Timothy. 1st Prem
Red Clover, medium.
1st Prem. H. P. West 2nd Prem. J. H. Pilgrim.
Red Clover, Mammoth.
1st Prem. J. H. Pilgrim. 2nd Prem. H. P. West.
White Clover.
1st Prem.
Alsike Clover.
1st Prem
Red Top.
1st Prem

Millet.

German. 1st Prem
2nd Prem
Hungarian or Other Variety.
1st Prem
Peas.
Extra Early.
1st Prem
Green Field.
1st PremJohn Grape.
2nd Prem
White Field.
1st Prem.H. P. West.2nd Prem.Frank Lindley.
Late Wrinkled.
1st PremJohn Grape.
2nd Prem
Early Wrinkled.
1st PremJohn Hans.
2nd PremJohn Grape.
Beans.
Navy Beans.
1st Prem
Any Other Field Beans.
1st PremJohn Grapo.
2nd PremJohn Hans.

Wax Beans.
1st PremJohn Grape.
2nd PremJohn Grape.
Lima Beans.
1st PremCasper Olson, Genesee, Wis.
2nd Prem. John Hans.
Corn.
White Flint.
1st PremJ. H. Pilgrim.
2nd PremRobert Pilgrim, Milwaukee, Wils.
White Dent.
1st PremA. N. Kelly, Mineral Point, Wis.
2nd Prem
Yellow Flint.
1st 1'remJohn Markert.
2nd PremRobert Pilgrim.
Yellow Dent.
1st PremJohn Hans.
2nd Prem
. Sweet, Early.
1st PremJohn Hans.
2nd PremJ. H. Pilgrim.
Sweet, Late.
1st Prem
2nd PremE. L. Benedict, Beloit, Wis.
Pop Corn.

2nd Prem.....John Markert.

......Casper Olson.

Vegetables.

Turnip Blood Beets.
1st Prem.Casper Olson.2nd Prem.John Grape.
Long Blood Beets.
1st PremLizzie Mayer, Wauwatosa, Wls. 2nd PremJohn Grape.
Red Mangolds.
1st Prem
Yellow Tankards.
1st Prem
Yellow Onions.
1st Prem.Lizzie Mayer.2nd Prem.Casper Olson.
Red Onions.
Red Onions. 1st Prem
1st PremCasper Olson.
1st Prem
1st Prem
1st Prem
1st Prem
1st Prem. Casper Olson. 2nd Prem. Frank Lindley. White Onions. 1st Prem. Casper Olson. 2nd Prem. John Grape. Drumhead Cabbage. 1st Prem. Casper Olson. 2nd Prem. Lizzie Mayer.
Casper Olson. Prem. Frank Lindley. White Onions. St Prem. Casper Olson. Ist Prem. John Grape. Drumhead Cabbage. Ist Prem. Casper Olson. 2nd Prem. Lizzie Mayer. Hollander Cabbages. Ist Prem. E. L. Benedict.

Yellew Carrots.

1st Prem
White Carrots. 1st Prem
Oxhart Carrots. 1st Prem
Cauliflower. 1st Prem
Celery. 1st Prem Caspar Olson 2nd Prem John Grape
Parsnips. 1st Prem. Henry J. Schulte. 2nd Prem. John Grape
Watermelons. 1st Prem
Muskmelons. 1st Prem
Hubbard Squash. 1st Prem
Largest Squash. 1st Prem. Frank Lindley. 2nd Prem. Lizzie Mayer.
Largest Pumpkin. 1st Prem

Tomatoes.
1st PromJohn Grape.2nd PremCasper O.son.
Flat Turnips.
1st Prem
Rutabagas.
1st Prem. Casper Olson. 2nd Prem. E. L. Benedict.
Yellow Pumpkins.
1st Prem
Egg Plant.
1st Prem
Cucumbers.
1st Prem
Peppers.
1st Prem.Henry J. Schulte.2nd Prem.Casper Olson.
Potatoes.
(Professional Class.)
Early Ohio.
1st Prem. A. N. Kelly. 2nd Prem H. P. West.
Rose Family.
1st Prem
Hebron Family.
1st Prem
2nd Prem

Rural Family.
1st Prem A. N. Kelly. 2nd Prem .H. P. West.
Burbank Family.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
· ·
Farmers' Class.
World's Fair.
1st PremFrank Lindley.2nd PremHenry J. Schulte.
Early Ohio.
1st PremCasper Olson.
2nd PremHenry J. Schulte.
Rural New Yorker, No. 2.
1st Prem
2nd PremHenry J. Schulte.
Early Rose.
1st PremFrank Lindley.2nd PremHenry J. Schulte.
Beauty of Hebron.
1st Prem
Early Michigan.
1st PremJohn Grape.
2nd PremFrank Lindley.
Burbank.
1st Prem Henry J. Schulte.
2nd PremCasper Olson.
Carmen No. 3.
1st PremCasper Olson.
2nd Prem
2nd PremFrank Lindley.

California Russet.
1st PremFrank Lindley.
2nd PremJohn Grape.
White Victor.
1st PremJohn Grape.
Voeneham.
1st PremJohn Grape.
·
Any other variety.
1st PremFrank Lindley.
2nd PremFrank Lindley.
•
Show of Leaf Tobacco.
1st PremWisconsin Tobacco Growers' Assoc, Janesville, Wis.
2nd PremCasper Olson.
3rd PremFrank Lindley.
ora romania managa
Show of Sugar Beets.
1st PremHenry J. Schulte.
2nd PremCasper Olson.
BOYS' CLASS.
BOIS CLASS.
Total Control Control
Corn.
Yellow Dent.
1st PremBennie Hans, Jefferson, Wis.
2nd PremHarry Markert, Jefferson, Wis.
3rd PremFrank Benedict, Beloit, Wis
4th PremEddle Finn, Whitewater, Wis.
Tom
White Dent.
1st PremEddia Finn.
2nd PremHarry Markert.
3rd PremAddison Love, Waukesha, Wis.
4th PremBennie Hans.

Yellow Flint.
1st Prem Eddie Fiun.
2nd Prem
3rd PremRobert Pilgrim, Milwaukee, Wis.
4th PremBennie Hans
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
White Flint. 1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremFrank Benedict, Beloit, Wis.
4th Prem
Pop Corn.
1st Prem
2nd PremHarry Markert.
3rd PremAddison Love.
4th PremFrank Benedict.
C
Vegetables.
Turnip Blood Beets.
1st Prem
2nd PremFrank Benedict.
*
Long Blood Beets.
1st PremFrank Benedict.
Red Mangolds.
1st Prem
2nd PremFrank Benedict.
Yellow Tankards.
1st PremFrank Benedict.
100 11000
Yellow Onions.
1st PremAlfred Pilgrim.
2nd PremFrank Benedict.
Red Onions.
1st PremAlfred Pilgrim.
2nd PremFrank Benedict.

White Onions. 1st Prem
Pointed Cabbages. 1st PremFrank Benedict.
Hollander Cabbages. 1st Prem
Yellow Carrots. 1st PremFrank Benedict.
White Carrots. 1st Prem. Frank Denedict.
Oxhart Carrots. 1st Prem. Frank Benedict. 2nd Prem. Harry Markert.
Cauliflower. 1st Prem
Parsnips. 1st Prem
Watermelon. 1st Prem. Frank Benedict. 2nd Prem. Alfred Pilgrim.
Muskmelons 1st Prem
Hubbard Squash. 1st Prem. Frank Benedict. 2nd Prem. Clinton Kinney, Wauwatosa, Wis.
Largest Squash. 1st Prem

2nd Prem.Frank Benedict.

Annual Report of the

Largest Pumpkin.
1st Prem
2nd PremRobert Pilgrim.
Tomatoes.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Flat Turnips.
1st PremFrank Benedict.
2nd Prem
Dutabassa
Rutabagas. 1st PremFrank Benedict.
2nd Prem. Alfred Pilgrin.
and PremAired Pilgrim.
Yellow Pumpkins.
1st Prem
2nd Prem. Frank Benedict.
Zhu Tiem, Deneute
Egg Plant.
1st Frem
-
Cucumbers.
1st PremFrank Benedict.
2nd Prem
Peppers.
1st Prem
2nd PremBennie Hans.
Married Committee Committe
POTATOES.
101110251
and the contract
World's Fair.
1st PremFrank Benedict.
Early Ohio.
1st Prem
2nd PremFrank Benedict.

Early Rose.

	Prem
	Beauty of Hebron.
1st P	PremRobert Pilgrim.
2nd	PremFrank Benedict.
	Early Michigan.
1st P	remFrank Benedict.
2nd F	PremRobert Pilgrim
	Rural New Yorker, No. 2.
1st P	remRobert Pilgrim.
2nd F	PremFrank Benedict.

Sir Walter Raleigh.

1st Prem.Robert Pilgrim.

 Carmen No. 3.

 1st Prem.
 Robert Pilgrim.

 2nd Prem.
 Frank Benedict.

Any other variety.

 1st Prem.
 Harry Markert.

 2nd Prem.
 Addison Love.

Best Exhibit of Vegetables.

1st Prem.	Frank Benedict.
2nd Prem	
3rd Prem	

BURPEE PREMIUM.

Best collection of vegetables grown from Burpee seeds. Casper Olson.

WISCONSIN STANDARD VARIETIES OF GRAINS AND FORAGE PLANTS.

Corn. Silver King (Wis. No. 7.)

2nd PremA. N. Kelly.
Yellow Dent (Wis. No. 8.)
1st Prem
Clark's Yellow Dent (Wis. No. 2.)
1st Prem
Barley.
Manchuria (Wis. No. 62.)
1st Prem. John Hans. 2nd Prem. R. J. Schaefer, Appleton, Wis.
Oderbrucker (Wis. No. 55.)
1st Prem. John Hans. 2nd Prem. Otto Wiegand, Cleveland, Wis.
Bees and Honey.
Judge.
Frank Wilcox, Mauston, Wis.
Italian Bees.
1st Prem. J. J. Ochsner, Prairie du Sac, Wis. 2nd Prem. A. L. Kleeber, Reedsburg, Wis. 3rd Prem. W. E. Prisk, Mineral Point, Wis.
Carniolan Bees.
1st Prem. J. J. Ochsnor. 2nd Prem. A. L. Kleeber. 3rd Frem. E. D. Ochsner, Prairie du Sac, Wis.



White Comb Honey.
1st Prem E. D. Ochsner.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
White Extracted Honey.
1st PremA. L. Kleeber.
2nd Prem E. D. Ochsner.
3rd Prem
Amber Comb Honey.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem E. D. Ochsner.
Amber Extracted Honey.
1st Prem E. D. Ochsner
2nd Prem
3rd PremJoseph Volz, Wauwatosa, Wis.
Dark Comb Honey.
1st PremA. L. Kleeber.
2nd PremMrs. Abbie Prizk, Mineral Point, Wis.
3rd Prem
Dark Extracted Honey.
1st Prem
2nd Prem E. D. Ochsner.
3rd Prem
Display of Comb Honey.
1st Prem E. D. Ochsner.
2nd Prem
Display of Extracted Honey.
1st PremA. L. Kleeber.
2nd Prem E. D. Ochsner.
3rd Prem
Beeswax.
1st Trem
2nd Prem E. D. Ochsner.

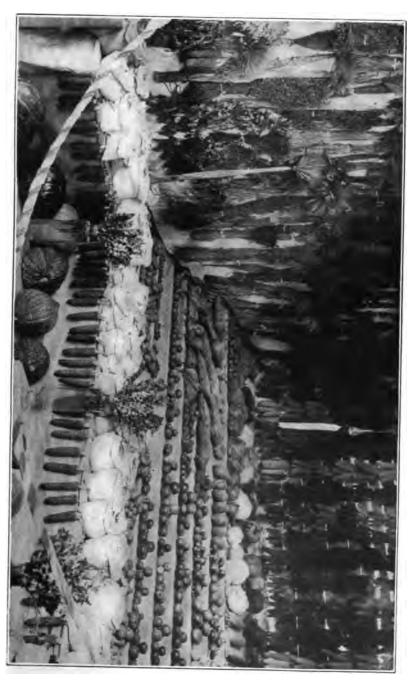
3rd Prem.Joseph Volz.

Maple Syrup.

1st Prem. Fremont Lounsbury, Watertown, Wis. 2nd Prem. A. L. Kleeber. 3rd Prem. Eastman Bros., Madison, Wis.
Sorghum Syrup.
1st PremFremont Lounsbury.
2nd Prem E. D. Ochsner.
3rd Prem
Demonstration of practical handling of bees.
1st PremA. L. Kleeber.
2nd Prem E. D. Ochsner.
3rd Prem

COUNTY EXHIBITS.

	Fond du Lac.	Marathon.	Waukesha.	Dodge.	Je Terson.	Adams.	Iowa.	Bock.	Oconto.	Milwaukee.	Forest.
Wheat Corn Oats Barley Peas Rye Grains in sheaf Sugar beets Clover and grass seeds Tame grasses Forage plants Potatoes Stock vegetables Culinary vegetables Fruits Miscellaneous Number of varieties Design and taste Totals	100 150 150 100 60 95 50 70 100 75 90 85 90 85 100 175	100 100 45 45 100 90 100 100 70 75 64 175 1,544	90 80 90 85 90 45 80 80 80 85 90 95 100 98 150	55 45 60 75 70 75 70 40 40 60 65 65 70 45 70 67 160	60 40 65 25 70 65 40 40 50 75 45 70 65 75 70 65 150	40 35 20 10 65 80 30 35 70 30 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6	50 80 10 40 25 35 10 20 85 65 70 43 150 858	300 155 100 500 300 155 400 555 500 400 411 1500	10 30 20 45 10 25 40 50 45 100 90 45 125	15 20 75 80 16 100	255 200 15 400 300 235
Distance from grounds Amounts awarded	\$205	\$210	\$180	100 \$145	100 \$145	200 3125	300 \$130	\$110	300 \$115	190 \$70	500 \$85



HORTICULTURE.

FRUIT.

Judge.
A. J. Philips, West Salem, Wis.

Apples--- Open Class.

Display 20 varieties.
1st PremPioneer Fruit Farm, Ithaca, Wis.
2nd PremWilliam Fox, Baraboo, Wis.
3rd PremHarland Bros., Duplainville, Wis.
4th Prem
Display 10 varieties.
1s tPrem A. D. Brown, Baraboo, Wis.
2nd Prem
3rd PremN. M. Jewell & Son, Mineral Point, Wis.
4th PremWilliam Fox.
Discharge of Emphasis application
Display of 5 winter varieties.
1st Prem E. L. Benedict, Beloit, Wis.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Display of Seedlings.
1st PremPioneer Fruit Farm.
Largest Apple
1st PremPioneer Fruit Farm.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
15—Ag.

Single Plate.

A 1	^~	. n	A	er.
AI	C.3	an	u	er.

1st Prem Harland Bros.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Anisim.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
ord 1 order triangle to the control of the control
Milwaukee.
1st Prem Harland Bros.
Ben Davis.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Fall Orange.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Fameuse
1st PremPioneer Fruit Farm-
2nd Prem
0.1.75
3rd Prem
Golden Russet.
Golden Russet. 1st Prem
Golden Russet. 1st Prem
Golden Russet. 1st Prem
Golden Russet. 1st Prem. Harland Bros. 2nd Prem. William Fox. 3rd Prem. Pioneer Fruit Farm. Hass.
Golden Russet. 1st Prem. Harland Bros. 2nd Prem. William Fox. 3rd Prem. Pioneer Fruit Farm. Haas. 1st Prem. Harland Bros.
Golden Russet. 1st Prem. Harland Bros. 2nd Prem. William Fox. 3rd Prem. Pioneer Fruit Farm. Haas. 1st Prem. Harland Bros. 2nd Prem. William Fox. 2nd Prem. William Fox. William Fox. 2nd Prem. 2nd
Golden Russet. 1st Prem. Harland Bros. 2nd Prem. William Fox. 3rd Prem. Pioneer Fruit Farm. Haas. 1st Prem. Harland Bros.
Golden Russet. St. Prem. Harland Bros.
Golden Russet. 1st Prem. Harland Bros. 2nd Prem. William Fox. 3rd Prem. Pioneer Fruit Farm. Haas. 1st Prem. Harland Bros. 2nd Prem. William Fox. 3rd Prem. William Fox. 3rd Prem. William Peffer. Hibernal.
Golden Russet. Harland Bros.
Golden Russet. 1st Prem. Harland Bros. 2nd Prem. William Fox. 3rd Prem. Pioneer Fruit Farm. Haas. 1st Prem. Harland Bros. 2nd Prem. William Fox. 3rd Prem. William Fox. 3rd Prem. William Peffer. Hibernal.

Lowland Raspberry.
1st PremWilliam Fox.
2nd PremA. D. Brown.
Longfield.
1st Prem A. D. Brown.
2nd Prem
3rd PremGeo. J. Keilogg & Sons, Lake Mills, Wis.
Malinda.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
A man to the second of
McIntosh.
1st PremPioneer Fruit Farm.
2nd Prem
,
McMahon.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd PremGeorge J. Kellogg & Son.
Newell.
1st PremWilliam Fox.
2nd Prem
3rd PremPioneer Fruit Farm.
Northwestern Greening.
1st PremPioneer Fruit Farm.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem E L. Benedict.
Northern Spy.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
1. •• N
Oldenburg.
1st Prem
2nd PremA. D. Brown.
3rd PremHarland Bros.

Patten Greening.
1st Prem
Perry Russet.
1st PremGeo. J. Kellogg & Son.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem William Peffer.
Pewaukee.
1st PremPioneer Fruit Farm.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Plumb Cider.
1st PremWilliam Fox.
2nd PremPioneer Fruit Farm.
3rd PremWilliam Peffer.
Repka Malenka.
1st Prem
2nd PremPioneer Fruit Farm.
3rd Prem
Scott Winter.
1st PremWilliam Toole.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
St. Lawrence.
1st PremGeo J. Kellogg & Son.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Talman Sweet.
1st PremPioneer Fruit Farm.
2nd Prem E. L. Benedict.
3rd PremWilliam Fox.
• Utter.
1st PremWilliam Fox.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem

Walbridge. 1st Prem.William Peffer. Wealthy. 2nd Prem. N. M. Jewell & Son. 3rd Prem.A. D. Brown. Willow Twig 1st Prem.Geo J. Kellogg & Son. Windsor. 1st Prem.Pioneer Fruit Farm. 3rd Prem.William Peffer. Wolf River. Maiden Blush. Hubbardston. Plate of Crab Apples. Brier (Sweet.) 1st. Prem. A. D. Brown.

Martha.
1st PremPioneer Fruit Farm
Sweet Russet. 1st Prem
2nd Prem
Transcendent.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Virginia.
1st PremGeo. J. Kellogg & Son.
2nd PremA. D. Brown.
Whitney.
1st Prem
Zing FremFioneer Figit Faim.
Apples—For Amateurs Only.
Display of 20 varieties.
1st Prem
2nd PremJ. S. Palmer, Baraboo, Wis.
?rd Prem Mrs. Robert Ramsey, Baraboo, Wis.
4th Prem H. C. Melcher, Oconomowoc, Wis.
Display of 15 varieties.
1st I'vem
2nd Prem
Srd Prem
4th Prem
Display of 3 winter varieties.
1st Prem
2nd FremJ. S. Palmer.
3rd Prem
Display of seedlings.
1et Deep W II Stade

 2nd Prem.
 Geo. Jeffery, Milwaukee, Wis.

 3rd Prem.
 A. N. Kelly

Largest Apple.
1st PremA. N. Kelly.
2nd Prem
3rd PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
Obs. 1. Prof.
Single Piate.
Alexander.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. A. F. White, Brookfield, Wis.
3rd PremFremont Lounsbury.
Anisim.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
3rd PremGeo, Jeffery.
Milwaukee.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
0.4 2.000. 0.000.
Ben Davis.
1st Prem
2nd Prem E. L. Benedict.
3rd PremW. H. Steele.
Fall Orange.
1st PremJ. S. Palmer
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Fameuse.

1st Prem.	 N.	Kelly.
2nd Prem.	 н.	Steele.
3rd Prem.	 F.	White.

 1st Prem.
 J. S. Palmer.

 2nd Prem.
 W. H Steele.

Haas.
1st PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
2nd Prem
3rd Prem Mrs. A. F. White.
·
Hibernal.
1st PremW. H. Steeie.
2nd PremA. N. Kelly.
3rd PremJ. S. Palmer.
Lowland Raspberry.
1st PremGeo. Jeffery.
2nd Prem
3rd PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
Longfield.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem
Malinda
1st Prem
2nd PremW. H. Steele.
McIntosh.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
3rd Prem. Fremont Lounsbury
McMahon.
1st Prem
2nd PremJ. S. Palmer.
3rd Prem
Newell
1st Prem
1st Prem
1st Prem. J. S. Palmer. 2nd Prem. A. N. Kelly.

Northern Spy.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. A. F. White.
3rd PremGeo. Jeffery.
Okabena.
1st PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
2nd Prem
3rd PremGeo. Jeffery.
Oldenburg.
1st Prem
2nd PremGeo. Jeffery.
3rd Prem
Patten Greening.
1st Prem
2nd PremGeo. Jeffery.
2rd PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
Perry Russet.
1st PremMrs. A. White.
2nd Prem
3rd PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
Pewaukee.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. A. F. White.
3rd Prem
Plum Cider.
1st PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
2nd PremJ. S. Palmer.
3rd Prem
Repka Malenka.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
3rd PremGeo. Jeffery.
Salome.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. A. F. White.
3rd Prem

WOI THRONE REFOR	I OF THE
Scott Wint	ter.
1st Prem	J. S. Palmer
2nd Prem	
3rd Prem	
	•
St. Lawren	ice.
1st Prem	W. H. Steele.
2nd Prem	Mrs. A. F White.
3rd Prem	J S. Palmer.
mal a	
Talman Sw	
1st Prem.	
2nd Prem	
3rd Prem	Mrs. A. E. White.
Utter.	
1st Prem	J. S. Palmer.
2nd Prem	Mrs. A. F White.
3rd Prem	Mrs. Robert Ramsey.
Walbri	dge
1st Prem	J. S. Palmer.
2nd Prem	
3rd Prem	Fremont Lounsbury.
Wealthy.	
1st Prem	J. S. Palmer.
2nd Prem	Mrs. Robert Ramsey.
3rd Prem	Mrs. A. F. White.
Willow Tw	
1st Prem	E. L. Benedict.
2nd Prem	Mrs. Robert Ramsey.
3rd Prem	Geo. Jeffery.
Windsor.	
1st Prem	A. N. Kelly.

2nd PremGeo. Jeffery-3rd PremW. H. Steele-

Wolf River.
1st PremA. N. Ke!ly.
2nd PremW. H. Steele.
3rd PremFremont Lounsbury.
Maiden Blush.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. A. F. White.
3rd PremA. N. Keliy.
Hubbardston.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
•
•
Plate of Crab Apples.
Brier (Sweet.)
1st PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
2nd Prem
Hyslop.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
Martha.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Sweet Russet.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Transcendent.
1st PremMrs. A. F. White.
2nd Prem
Virginia.

236	ANNUAL REPORT OF THE
	Whitney.
1st Prem	
2nd Prem	
	Sweepstakes.
	Best and Largest Show.
1st Prem	
	Pioneer Fruit Farm.
4th Prem	
5th Prem	J. S. Palmer.
6th Prem	
7th Prem	
8th Prem	Mrs. Robert Ramsey.
9th Prem	Geo. Jeffery.
	Fremont Lounsbury.
11th Prem	Geo. J. Kellogg & Sons.
•	
	Pears.
	Collection.
1st Prem	
2nd Prem	D. T. Pilgrim, Wauwatosa, Wis.
3rd Prem	Geo. Jeffery.
	
	Single Plate.
	Barlett.
1st Prem	
2nd Prem	
	Clapp's Favorite.
1st Prem	D. T. Pilgrim.
2nd Prem	



Early Harvest.
1st Prem. Geo. Jeffery. 2nd Prem. D. T. Pilgrim.
· Flemish Beauty.
1st Prem
Howell.
1st Prem
Idaho.
1st Prem
Kieffer
1st Prem.J. S. Palmer.2nd Prem.Geo. Jeffery.
Lawson.
1st Prem.D. T. Pilgrim.2nd Prem.Geo. Jeffery.
Lawrence
1st PremW. J. Moyle.?nd Frem
President Drouard.
1st Prem
Seckel.
1st Prem. W. J. Moyle. 2nd Prem. W. H. Steele.
Sheldon.
1st Prem

Plums

Collection of Native Plums.
1st Prem
2nd Prem Mrs. Robert Ramsey.
3rd PremGeo. J Kellogg & Son.
Collection of European Plums.
1st PremGeo. Jeffery.
2nd PremWilliam Toole.
Collection of Japanese Plums.
1st PremGeo. Jeffery.
2nd Prem Fremont Lounsbury.
Single Plate. •
Dingle 1 ige.
De Soto.
1st PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
2nd Prem
3rd PremGeo. J. Kellogg & Son.
Forest Garden.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Hammer.
1st Prem
Hawkeye.
1st PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
2nd PremA. N. Kelly.
3rd Prem
•
Ocheeda.
1:t Prem
ize riemwiinam rox.
Quaker.
1st Piem
2nd Prem
Zild TTelli S. Talmor.

WISCONSIN STATE DOARD OF TIGHTCULTURE, WOO
Surprise.
1st Prem
2nd PremGeo. J. Kellogg & Son.
3rd PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
Wyant.
1st Prem
2nd PremWilliam Fox.
3rd PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.

Grapes.
(For Professional Growers.)
Display 15 varieties
1st PremGeo. J. Kellogg & Son.
2nd Prem
3rd PremWilliam Fox.
Display 10 varieties.
lst PremGeo. J. Kellogg & Son.
2n.1 Prem
3rd PremWilliam Fox.
Display 5 varieties.
1st Prem
3rd Prem
ord Prem william Fox.

Canes.
Brighton.
1st PremWilliam Fox.
2nd PremGeo. J. Kellogg & Son.



Delaware.
1st Prem
Moore's Diamond. 1st Prem
Worden.
13t Prem
Single Plate.
Agawan.
1st Prem. Pioneer Fruit Farm. 2nd Prem. Geo. J. Kellogg & Son.
Brighton.
1st Prem.William Fox.2nd Prem.Geo. J. Kellogg & Son.
Concord.
1st Prem
Campbell Early.
1st Frem
Delaware.
1st Prem. Pioneer Fruit Farm. 2nd Prem. William Fox.
Green Mountain
1st Prem
Lady.
1st Prem
Lady Washington.

Moore's Early. 1st Prem. William Fox. 2nd Prem. Geo. J. Kellogg.		
Moore's Diamond. 1st Prem		
McPike. 1st Frem		
Niegove		
Niagara. 1st Prem		
Salem. 1st PremWilliam Fox.		
Worden.		
1st Prem		
Wilder.		
1st Prem		
Grapes.		
(For Amateurs.)		
Display 15 varieties.		
1st Prem.Mrs. Robert Ramsey.2nd Prem.Geo. Jeffery.		
Display 10 varieties.		
1st Prem. Mrs. Robert Ramsev. 2nd Prem. J. S. Palmer. 3rd Prem. Geo. Jeffery.		
Display 5 varieties.		
1st Prem. Mrs. Robert Ramsey. 2nd Prem. J. S. Palmer. 3rd Prem. Fremont Lounsbury.		

16-Ag.

Canes.		
1st Prem		
2nd PremFremont Lounsbury.		
Concord. 1st Prem. Mrs. Robert Ramsey.		
2nd Prem. Fremont Lounsbury.		
Louis Lo		
Delaware.		
1st PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.		
Worden. 1st Prem		
2nd Prem		
and I rem		
Single Plate.		
Agawan.		
1st Prem. jMrs. Robert Ramsey.		
·		
Brighton.		
1st Prem		
2nd Prem		
Concord.		
1st Prem		
2nd PremGeo. Jeffery.		
-		
Campbell Early.		
1st PremGeo. Jeffery.		
Delaware.		
1st Prem		
2nd Prem		
Green Mountain.		
1st PremGeo. Jeffery.		
T - 3		
Lady. 1st Prem		
The Tidmit totter totte		

Moore's Early.
1st PremJ. S. Palmer.
2nd PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
Moore's Diamond.
1st Prem
Niagara.
1st PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
2nd Prem
Worden.
1st PremFremont Lounsbury.
2nd PremMre. Robert Ramsey.
Wilder.
1st PremMrs. Robert Ramsey.
2nd Prem

PLANTS AND FLOWERS.

Judge.

Walter J. Moyle, Union Grove, Wis.

Professional Florists.

	Collection of Greenhouse Plants.	
1st Prem.	Currie Bros., Milwaukee, Wis.	
2nd Prem.	John Dunlop, Wauwatosa, Wis.	
3rd Prem.	Alexander Klokner, Wauwatosa, Wis.	
Display of Palms.		
1st Prem.		
2nd Prem.	John Dunlop.	
3rd Prem.	Alexander Klokner.	

& 44	. ANNUAL REPORT OF THE
	Display of Ferns.
1st Prem.	
	John Dunlop.
oru riem.	
	Greenhouse Plants in Bloom.
1st Prem.	John Dunlop.
	Follogo Blants
1st Prem	Foliage Plants
	John Dunlop.
Znu Fiem.	Dunop.
	Carnations in Bloom.
1st Prem.	John Dunlop.
	Geraniums in Bloom
1st Prem.	John Dunlop.
	Cut Flowers.
	Display of Wild Flowers.
1st Prem.	
	John Dunlop.
	Alexander Klokner.
	Display Hardy Phlox.
1st Prem.	
2nd Prem.	H. W. Koerner.
3rd Prem.	John Dunlop
	Floral Design.
1st Prem.	Alexander Klokner.
	John Dunlop.
	Basket of Flowers.
1st Prem.	John Dunlop.
2nd Prem.	Alexander Klokner.
	Display of Cut Flowers.
1st Prem.	Alexander Klokner.

Display of Pansies.
1st Prem
Display of Carnations.
1st Frem
Display of Lilies.
1st PremJohn Dunlop.
2nd Prem
Display of Dahlias.
1st PremCurrie Bros.
2nd Prem
Display of Cannas.
1st PremCurrie Bros.
2nd Prem
Display of Asters
1st Prem.William Toole.2nd Prem.John Dunlop.
Display of Gladiolus.
1st PremCurrie Bros.
2nd Prem
Bouquet.
1st PremJohn Dunlop.
2nd Prem H. W. Koerner.
Display of Golden Glow.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Decorative Grasses.
1st PremH. W. Koerner.
2nd Prem

For Amateurs Only.

Collection of Greenhouse Plants. 1st Prem
Fóliage Plants. 1st Prem. D. T. Pilgrim. 2nd Prem. Mrs. S. W. Poppe.
Display of Ferns. D. T. Pilgrim. 2nd Prem. L. Atkins, Milwaukee, Wis.
Cut Flowers
Display of Cut Flowers. 1st Prem. Mrs. W. L. Barnes, Waupaca, Wis. 2nd Prem. D. T. Pilgrim. 3rd Prem. Mrs. Thomas Bowes, Beaver Dam, Wis.
Display of Wild Flowers. 1st Prem
Display of Hardy Phlox. 1st Prem
Display of Dahlias 1st Prem Mrs. L. W. Barnes 2nd Prem Mrs. Thomas Bowes 3rd Prem D. T. Pilgrim
Floral Design. 1st Prem

Basket of Flowers.		
1st PremD. T. Pilgrim.		
2nd PremMrs. C. E. Strong.		
Display of Roses.		
1st PremD. T. Pilgrim.		
2nd PremMrs. L. W. Barnes.		
Display of Pansies.		
1st PremMrs. L. W. Barnes.		
2nd Prem Isabel Clapp.		
71		
Display of Verbenas.		
1st Prem		
2nd Prem		
Display of Asters.		
1st, Prem		
2nd Prem. Mrs. L. W. Barnes.		
Display of Gladiolus.		
1st PremMrs. L. W. Branes.		
2nd Prem		
•		
Display of Hardy Carnations.		
1st PremMrs. Thomas Bowes.		
2nd PremD. T. Pilgrim.		
Display of Golden Glow.		
2nd Prem		
1st PremMrs. Thomas Bowes.		
Decorative Grasses.		
1st PremCarol Clapp, Wauwatosa, Wis.		
2nd Prem		
In the second of the seco		
Pair of Bouquets.		
1st PremMrs. L. W. Barnes.		
2nd Prem		
Display of Dianthus.		
1st PremMrs. L. W. Barnes.		

Display of Double Petunias.	
1st PremMrs. L. W. Barnes.	
2nd Prem D. T. Pilgrim.	
Display of Single Petunias.	
1st PremMrs. L. W. Barnes.	
2nd Prem D. T. Pilgrim.	
Display of Sweet Peas.	
1st Prem Mrs. L. W. Barnes.	
2nd Prem	
Display of Phlox Drumondi.	
1st PremMrs. L. W. Barnes.	
2nd Prem	
Display of Cannas.	
1st PremMrs. Thomas Bowes.	
2nd Prem	
Display of Zinnias.	
1st Prem Mrs. L. W. Barnes.	
2nd Prem D. T. Pllgrim.	
•	
The state of the s	
DAIRY DEPARTMENT.	
D.L.MMRID	
BUTTER.	
	
Judge.	
D. C. Wolverton, Chicago, Ill.	
Scores of the Butter Exhibitors.	
•	
Creamery Butter Adams Robert I. 93%	
Addition, Modelle Difference and Additional Control of the Control	
Anderson, Alfred90	
Anderson, F. E	
Bosts, W. L	
Borne, Fred W 92	

WISCONSIN STATE DOARD OF AGRICULTURE.	24
Bartling, Fred	92
Beers, E. L	9ż
Bartelt, F. W	93
Bauer, J. A	93
Roettcher, J. E.	95
Bolstad, L. L	92
Bowar, Frank	92
Blumenstein, Frank	92
Rursch, B. G	91
Boldt, William C	93
Carswell, Thomas	91
Clark, W. J., highest score	97
Chapin, C. J.	93
Cobb, Ernest	94
Christison, Walter	90
Cook, S. B.	92
Cole, A.	92
Dabareiner, J. F	90
Dack, L. J	94
Dabareiner, L.	92
Donner, Henry	92
Dubury, E. L.	93
Engbretson, Martin	93
Feind, W. J.	
Fraser, A. J.	92
Gilbert, C. T.	93
Galloway, Geo.	91
Goodchild, L. A.	92
	.93
Grimm, Ferd	91
Guelzow, A. F	91
Haag, William	93
Hamman, Frank	90
Hansen, Ole	90
Harms, F. H	93
Henderson, J. T.	93
Humphrey, Geo. G	90
Huth, F. W.	93
Hyne, W. J.	92
Jackson, J. J.	93
Knoke, O. E.	93
Kielsmeier, Otto A	90

Koepsell, M. G	90¾
Krohn, William F	95
Lewis, Herman	92
Langhilde, C. F	91
Lund, W	901/2
Mason, J. C	92
McLane, A. E	93
McCormick, F. E	94
McCormick, Otto R	93
Melendy, E. B	96
Meyers, Walter	93¾
Mullen, Geo	91
Nielson, G. H	92
Niederhauser, Fritz	94
O'Neill, Thomas	91
Peterson, Geo. E	93
Paddock, E. A	91
Passmore, C. L	94
Post, J. C	92
Peterson, P. C	90
Prust, Chas. H	93
Roan, Ben	92
Sass, Charles	9313
Senz, Carl G	92
Sheldon, D. A	90½
Shepherd, Frank	$96 l_2$
Siggelkow, E. A	90
Snyder, F. E	92
Sweet, Lucius C	91
Viergutz, F. A	92
Voigt, W. A	93
Wallace, Hugh	89
Warner, T. J	93
Weber, J. C	91
Weisensel, J	93
Weber, J. F	931/2
Wileman, A. J.	93
Wunseh, J	931/3
Yates, A. N.	921/3
Zimmormon A 317	03

WISCONSIN STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.	251
Creamery Prints.	
Boettcher, J. E	93
Blumenstein, Frank	92
Clark, W. J.	93
Chapin, C. J	93
Goodchild, L. A.	92
Haag, William	93
Huth, F. W	92
Hyne, W. J	91
Kielsmeier, Otto A.	90
Krohn, William F., highest score	94
Langhilde, C. F.	90
McLane, A. E.	92
Mullen, Geo.	93
O'Neill, Thomas	92
Paddock, E. A.	91
Warher, T. J.	92
Wainer, 1. J	34
Dairy Butter.	
Curtis, Mrs. S. J.	99
Curtis, Irene	91
Czamanske, E. J.	90⅓
Danielson, Mrs. D	88
Gordon, J. Ray	89
Kielsmeier, Otto A	.91
Lehman, Mrs. A. W. highest score	9119
Lindley, Frank J	90
McRostie, Mrs. J. H	90
Morner, Aug. G	91
Murphy Bros	91
Nichotson, Mrs. H. J	91
Pilgrim ,J. H	90
Staples, Mrs. L. T	89
Sweeney, Mrs. William	9 t
Dairy Prints.	
Curtis, Mrs. S. J	90
Curtis, Irene	91
Czamanske, E. J	91
Kielsmeier, Otto A	91
Lehman, Mrs. A. W., highest score	91
McRostie, Mrs. J. H	90
Staples, Mrs L. T	89
Sweeney, Mrs. William	91

Cheese.

Judges.

American Cheese, R. A. Horton, Fond du Lac, Wis. Foreign Cheese. Fred Marty, Monroe, Wis.

Scores of the Cheese Exhibits.

Kaspar, P. H, highest score.....

Kielsmeier, Otto A	95
Vogt, Gerrie J	94
Vogt, John	94
Winder, William	911/2
Flats or Daisies.	
Austin, H. W	94
Backman, J. F	89 1/2
Baehler, Jacob	95
Blanck, Aug. H	94
Brandt, Aug	92
Bremmer, C. A	871/2
Conrad, R	941/2
Constantine, W. B	91
Cranston, P. E	95
Douma, M. G	91 1/2
Engelland, W. F	87
Failey, O. L	93
Falk, Emil	95
Flynn, F. A	86
Frazer, Geo. W	921.
Ganschow, R. C	96
Gentilly Dairy Association	95
Gremke. O. F	951/3
Grimm, Arnold	91
Hadler, Fred	96%
Henseler Anton	921/2

WISCONSIN STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.
Hoeffner, John
Hughes, M. W
Kaspar, P. H
Kielsmeier, Otto A
Koopman, Albert C., Jr
Kraak, Chris
Kreul, Geo. W
Knoke, A. H
Lord, John
Mahlik, M. J
Matzwick, G. M
Meyer, Math
Naumann, Robert
Osborne, Matt
Pipal, Van W
Possley, N. E
Priebe, H. W
Radtke, A. R
Roegner, Arthur
Roycraft. A. J
Stanton, W. O, highest score
Siggelkow, E. O
Schwingel, F. P.
Stettler, J. A
Theisen, Jacob
Ubbelohde, T. A
Vogt. Gerrie J
Vogt. John
Westphal, A. F
Wilkowski, H. A
Wismer, Frank
Wunsch, Edward
Wallace, Pat
,,,,,
Young America.
Conrad, R., highest score
Douma, M. G
Falk, Emil
Kielsmeier, Otto A
Kalk, Herbert A
Mrotek, Peter
Mueller, H. L

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

Prints.	
Gremer, P. E, highest score	96
Randall, G. F	92
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
·	
Brick.	
Anderegg, Casper	921/2
Brinkman, C. F	93
Elmer, John H. & Son	931/2
Ganschow, R. C	851/2
Hasse, Louis	93 1/2
Muehleisen, G., highest score	96
Radloff, Max E	931/2
Reid, J. J	92
Speis, Frank	94
Stauffacher & Roth	92
Westphal, A. F	931/2
•	
Swiss.	
Elmer, John H. & Son, highest score	931/2
Erb, Sam	92 1/2
Leuder, Fred	871/2
Schaller, Alex	871/2
Stauffacher & Roth	85
Vogel, Gotlieb	8416
Wittwer, Ed & Bro	901/2
Limburger.	
Blaser, Fred	93
Beller, Chris.	921/2
Elmer, John & Son, highest score	951/2
Ganschow, R. C	88
Stauffacher & Roth	90



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ART.

Judge.

Frank Phoenix, Chicago, Ill.

Oil Paintings. Portrait or Figure.

1st Prem.....Ina Lean, Waukesha, Wis-

,,
2nd PremAlbert Elsner, Jr., Milwaukee, Wis.
3rd PremRuth R. Shults, Whitewater, Wis.
Landscape or manale.
1st PremAlbert Elsner.
2nd PremPeter Rotler, Milwaukee, Wis.
3rd PremTom Busalachi, Milwaukee, Wis.
The state of the s
Still Life, Fruit or Flower.
1st PremIna Lean.
2nd PremAlbert Elsner, Jr.
3rd PremPeter Rotier.
Baral - Martine - Margin
Water Colors.
Portrait or Figure.
1st PremMrs. John E. Winn, Wilwaukee, Wis.
Landscape or Marine.
1st PremAlbert Elsner, Jr.
2nd PremRuth R. Shults.
3rd PremAnna Reiter, Milwaukee, Wis
Still Life, Fruit or Flower.
1st PremAlbert Elsner, Jr.
2nd PremRuth R. Shults.
3rd PremMrs. Henry Arends, Milwaukee, Wis.

Pasteis.

rasicie.
Portrait or Figure.
1st PremPeter Rotier.
2nd Prem Eleanor C. Hansen, Milwaukee, Wis.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Landscape or Marine.
1st PremAlbert Elsner, Jr.
2nd PremAnna Reiter.
3rd PremPeter Rotier.
Still Life, Fruit or Flower.
1st Prem Mrs. A. Kingsbury, Beaver Dam, Wis.
2nd PremRuth R. Shults.
Drawings.
Drawings.
Study Head.
1st PremAlbert Elsner, Jr.
2nd PremTom Busalachi.
3rd PremPeter Rotier.
Drawings from cast.
No first.
2nd Prem
Pen and Ink.
No first.
No. second.
3rd FremLouise L. Dorr, Milwaukee, Wis.
Bas Relief.
1st Prem Anthony Spalthoff, Milwaukee, Wis.
100 11000000000000000000000000000000000
-
Copied Direct From Originais.
•
Portrait in Oil.
1st PremIna Lean.

Landscape in Oil. 1st Prem
Still Life in Oil. 1st Prem
Water Color. 1st PremMrs. John E. Winn.
Crayon or Charcoal Drawing. 1st Prem
Photographs,
1
Wood Carving.
1st Prem
Pyrography, Wood. 1st Prem
Pyrography, Velvet.
No first. 2nd Prem
18—Ag.

China Painting.

For Professionals.

Bon Bon Dish.

1st PremClara Bodden, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremMinnie Dykins
•
Candle Stick.
1st PremMrs. J. W. Cutler, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremMinnie Dykins.
Fernery.
1st PremMrs. J. W. Cutler, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd Prem
210111111111111111111111111111111111111
Olive Dish.
1st PremMrs. P. M. Kynaston, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. J. W. Cutler.
Single Piece.
1st PremLuella Cooke.
2nd PremLucile Cooke, Milwaukee, Wis.
Zitu Fleii
— • • • •
Tea Caddy.
1st PremLuella Cooke.
1st Prem
2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd, Milwaukee, Wis. Brush and Comb Tray.
2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd, Milwaukee, Wis. Brush and Comb Tray. 1st PremMrs. L. E. Greenleaf, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd, Milwaukee, Wis. Brush and Comb Tray.
2nd Prem
Denny C. Lloyd, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd, Milwaukee, Wis. Brush and Comb Tray. 1st PremMrs. L. E. Greenleaf, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd. Chocolate Pot. 1st PremJenny C. Lloyd. 2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd. Chop Dish.
Brush and Comb Tray. 1st Prem. Mrs. L. E. Greenleaf, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd Prem. Jenny C. Lloyd. Chocolate Pot. 1st Prem. Jenny C. Lloyd. 2nd Prem. Mrs. L. E. Greenleaf. Chop Dish. 1st Prem. Luella Cooke.
2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd, Milwaukee, Wis. Brush and Comb Tray. 1st PremMrs. L. E. Greenleaf, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd. Chocolate Pot. 1st PremJenny C. Lloyd. 2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd. Chop Dish.
2nd Prem
2nd Prem
2nd Prem
2nd Prem



Cream and Sugar Set.
1st PremClara Bodden.
2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd.
•
Jelly or Marmalade Jar.
1st PremPhebe S. Wilbur, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd.
Lemonade Pitcher.
1st PremJenny C. Lloyd,
2nd PremLuella Cooke.
Nut Bowl.
1st PremMrs. P. A. Chase, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremLueila Cooke.
0.1.1.70.1
Salad Dish.
1st Prem
Ziid Fiem
Bread and Butter Plates.
1st PremMrs. W. F. Borges, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. P. M. Kynaston.
Conventional Plates.
No first.
2nd PremLueila Cooke.
Fruit Plates.
1st PremMrs. L. E. Greenleaf.
2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd.
Curr and Course
Cups and Saucers. 1st PremLucile Cooke.
2nd Prem
ZHU IIOMMIS. J. W. Outlet.
Stein or Goblet.
1st PremJenny C. Lloyd.
2nd PremMrs. W. F. Borges
Tankard.
1st PremLucile Cooke
2nd Prem

Tete-a-Tete Set.
1st PremJenny C. Lloyd.
Tete-a-Tete Tray.
1st PremMrs. L. E. Greenleaf.
Tobacco Jar.
1st PremLucile Cooke.
2nd PremMrs. P. M. Kynaston.
Toilet Set.
1st PremClara Bodden.
2nd PremJenny C. Lloyd.
Vase.
1st PremClara Bodden.
2nd PremLuella Cooke.
Jardieniere.
1st PremJenny C. Lloyd.
2nd PremMinnie Dykins.
Miniature.
1st PremClara Bodden.
2nd PremLucile Cooke.
Punch Bowl.
1st PremPhebe S. Wilbur.
2nd PremMrs. W. F. Borges.
Claret Jug.
1st PremMrs. P. M. Kynaston.
Berry Bowl.
1st PremJenny C. Lloyd.
2nd Prem
Orange Bowl.
1st Prem Mrs. F. V. McBeath, Milwaukee, Wis.

Lunch Plates.
1st PremMrs. W. F. Borges.
2nd PremMrs. L. E. Greenleaf.
Bouillon Cup and Saucer.
1st PremJenny C. Lloyd.
2nd PremLucile Cooke.
Sauce Dishes.
1st PremJenny C. Lloyd.
2nd PremMrs. H .W. Haskell, Milwaukee, Wis.
Chine Panel.
1st PremJenny C. Lloyd.
g. v v.
Collection. 1st PremPhebe S. Wilbur.
2nd Prem
China Painting.
For Amateurs.
Bon Bon Dish.
1st PremLaura J. Lapham, Milwaukee, Wis. znd PremMrs. Henry Arends.
Cake Plate. 1st Frem
2nd PremLaura J. Lapham.
Cup and Saucer.
1st PremMrs. H. S. Rice, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremLaura J. Lapham.
Mug.
1st PremMrs. Henry Arends.
2nd PremLaura J. Lapham.
Olive Dish.
1st PremMrs. Henry Arends.
2nd PremMrs. Harry Butler, Milwaukee, Wis.

Pen or Pin Tray.
1st Prem Mrs. A. Kingsbury.
2nd Prem
Salt and Pepper Shakers.
1st PremMrs. H. S. Rica
2nd PremMrs. Harry Butler.
Single Piece.
1st PremMrs. A. Kingsbury.
2nd PremLaura J. Lapham.
Vase.
1st PremLaura J. Lapham.
2nd PremMrs. Henry Arends.
Cream and Sugar Set.
1st PremLaura J. Lapham.
2nd PremMrs. Harry Butler.
Set of Plates.
No first.
2nd PremLaura J. Lapham.
Collection.
1st PremMrs. Harry Buffer.
2nd Prem Laure I Lanham.

WOMAN'S WORK.

Needle Work Division.

Judge.

Miss Dora Bunteschu, Milwaukee, Wis.

Drawn Work.

Pillow Shams.
1st Prein Mrs. Edgar C. Hoffman, Jefferson, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. Henry Fischer, Jefferson, Wis.
Lunch Cloth.
1st PremMrs. Henry Fischer.
2nd PremMrs. Susie Abert. M!lwaukee, Wis.
Pollies.
1st PremMrs. Henry Fischer.
2nd PremMrs. Edgar C. Hoffman.
Sideboard Cover.
1st PremMrs. Edgar C. Hoffman.
2nd PremMrs. Henry Fischer.
Centerpiece.
1st PremMrs. Henry Fischer.
2nd PremMrs. W. E. Langenberg, Stevens Point, Wis.
Tray or Carving Cloth.
1st Prem Mrs. Kingsbury, Beaver Dam, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. Edgar C. Hoffman.
Pair Towels.
1st PremMrs. Edgar C. Hoffman.
2nd rremMrs. Henry Fischer.

Three Handkerchiefs.
1st PremLouise E. Wernick, De Forest, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. Edgar C. Hoffman.
Table Coth and Napkins.
1st PremMrs. Henry Fischer.
Znd PremMrs. Edgar C. Hoffman.
Shirt Waist.
2nd Prem Mrs. Henry Fischer.
Collection of Drawn Work.
2nd PremMrs. Edgar C. Hoffman.
Embroidery.
Table Cloth.
1st PremEtna M. Strohm, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremMinnie Dykins, Milwaukee, Wis.
Six Napkins.
1st Prem Etna M. Strohm.
2nd Prem
Dillow Ghours
Pillow Shams.
No first.
2nd PremMrs. W. E. Langenberg.
Lunch Cloth
1st Prem Etna M. Strohm.
2nd Prem Meta L. Baker, Washington, Ili.
Center Piece.
1st PremLaura Corbielle, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd Prem Meta L. Baker.
Plate Doilies.
1st PremMrs. Martin Dreyfus, Milwaukee, Wis.
Tumbler Doilles.
1st PremMrs. R. H. Talbutt, Lexington, Ky.
2nd Prem

Carving Cloth.

Carving Cloth.
No first.
2nd Prem Meta L. Baker.
Tray Cloth.
1st PremMrs. A. Kingsbury.
2nd Prem Meta L. Baker.
Gidahaand Caman
Sideboard Cover.
No first.
2nd PremMrs. Henry Fischer.
Mt. Mellick centerpiece.
1st PremLouise E. Wernick.
2nd Prem Mrs. Martin Dreyfus.
Mt. Mellick Lunch Cloth.
No first.
2nd PremViola Abert, Milwaukee, Wis.
Mt. Mellick shirt waist.
No first.
2nd PremLouise E. Wernick.
Dueme Buellah avalat ambusidans
Dress, English eyelet embroidery.
1st PremMrs. Lydia E. Welsh, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. Ed. O'Byrne, Watertown, Wis.
7 11 7 1. 1 1
Shirt waist, English eyelet embroidery.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. Martin Dreyfus.
Dress, Hardanger embroidery.
No first.
2nd PremMrs. W. Hetlesaeter, Milwaukee, Wis
and I tom:
Shirt waist, Hardanger embroidery.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Zita 110m Dieytas.
College and author TT3
Collar and cuffs, Hardanger embroidery
No first.
2nd PremEmma J. Davis, Brandon, Wis.

Table cover, Hardanger embroidery. 1st Prem
Dresser scarf, Hardanger embroidery. 1st Prem
Sofa pillow, Hardanger embroidery. 1st Prem
Pin cushion, Hardanger embroidery. 1st Prem. Mrs. Henry Fischer. 2nd Prem. Louise E. Wernick.
Laundery bag, Hardanger embroidery. 1st Prem
Fancy hood or cap, Hardanger embroidery. 1st PremMrs. W .E. Langenberg.
Centerpiece, Hedebo or Danish embroidery. No first.
2nd Prem
Table cover, cross stitch or kloster. 1st Prem
Embroidered collar and cuffs. 1st Prem
Shirt waist, shadow embroidery. 1st Prem
Corset cover, shadow embroiedry.
No first. 2nd PremMrs. C. G. Porter, Wauwatosa, Wis.

Three embroidered handkerchiefs.
No first.
2nd PremMrs. R. H. Talbutt.
Embroidered corset cover.
No first.
2nd Prem
Baby Pillow.
1st PremMrs. W. P. Wegner, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd Prem
Mosaic Pillow.
1st PremMrs. B. Wichser, N. Greenfield, Wis
2nd PremMrs. B. Wichser.
Cross stitch or kloster pillow.
1st PremMrs. W. Hetlesaeter.
2nd PremMrs. Susie Abert.
Poster pillow
1st Prem
Embroidered pillow.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Lace.
Battenburg centerpiece.
1st PremMinnie Dykins.
2nd Prem
Battenburg dresser scarf.
1st PremMrs. Amanda Pagels, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd Prem Mrs. H. E. Davis, Milwaukee, Wis.
Battenburg curtains.
1st PremMrs. Susie Abert.
2nd PremMrs. H. Rahte, Milwaukee, Wis.

Battenburg Lunch Cloth. 1st Prem
Battenburg yoke or collar. 1st Prem
Point lace yoke or collar.
1st Prem.Mrs. Henry Fischer.2nd Prem.Mrs. H. E. Davis.
Point lace or Honiton Doilies.
1st Prem. Mrs. A. Kingsbury. 2nd Prem. Mrs. H. D. Broker.
Point lace or Honiton handkerchiefs. 1st Prem
Honiton centerpiece
1st Prem. Mrs. H. E. Davis. 2nd Prem. Mrs. Lydia E. Welsh.
Tatting handkerchief.
1st Prem
Tatting collar.
1st Prem
Tatting Doilies.
1st Prem
Netted lace handkerchief.
No first
Netted lace and doilies.
1st Prem



Hand-made lace. 1st Prem
Child's Bonnet.
1st Prem
Collection of hand-made handkerchiefs.
1st Prem
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Knitting.
Shawl.
1st PremMrs. W. E. Langenberg.
Fascinator.
1st Prem. Mrs. Henry Fischer. 2nd Prem. Mrs. Martin Dreyfus
Silk mittens.
1st Prem
Dohu gooka and shoos
Baby socks and shoes. 1st Prem
Fancy hood or cap.
1st Prem. Mrs. S. W. Poppe. 2nd Prem. Mrs. L. C. Huckstep.
Two or more yards of lace
1st Prem
Slippers or shoes.
1st Prem

Wool mittens.
1st PremMrs. John Hans, Jefferson, Wis.
2nd PremMeta L. Baker.
Wool gloves.
1st PremMrs. L. C. Huckstep.
2nd PremMrs. Susie Abert.
Wool leggins.
1st PremMrs. Susie Abert.
2nd PremMrs. L. Yanke, Waukesha, Wis.
,
Wool stockings.
1st PremMrs. John Hans.
2nd PremMrs. C. G. Lee, Baraboo, Wis.
Wool socks.
1st PremMrs. A. Kingsbury.
2nd Prem
and Hem
Lady's skirt.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Ziid Tleid Duble Abert.
Child's skirt.
1st Prem
18t 11cm richty Picchon
Lounge or carriage robe.
No first.
2nd PremMrs. W. Hetlesaeter.
and Hem,
Counterpane.
1st PremMrs. Albert Krause, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd Prem
2nd Fiemmis. Ameri Klause.
Crochet.
Child's bonnet.
1st PremLouise E. Wernick.
2nd Prem
zng Fremmrs. L. C. Huckstep.

Shawl.

Didwi.
1st Prem. Mrs. Albert Krause. 2nd Prem. Mrs. W. P. Wegner.
Fascinator.
1st PremMrs. Henry Fischer.
2nd PremMrs. Susie Abert.
Baby's sack.
1st PremMrs. L. C. Huckstep.
2nd PremMrs. Henry Fischer.
Lady's skirt.
1st PremMrs. Henry Fischer.
2nd PremKatie Schottola, Milwaukee, Wis.
Child's skirt.
1st PremMrs. Susie Abert.
2nd PremMrs. Henry Fischer.
Slippers or shoes.
1st PremViola Abert.
2nd PremMrs. L. C. Huckstep.
Baby socks or shoes.
1st PremMrs. Susie Abert.
2nd PremMeta L. Baker.
Lace or insertion.
1st PremMrs. J. C. Davis.
2nd PremMrs. A. Talbert,
Lounge or carriage robe.
1st PremMeta L. Baker.
2nd PremDella May, Milwaukee. Wis.
Curtains.
No first.
2nd PremKatie Schottola.
Counterpane.
1st PremMrs. H. Kuehn, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. J. C. Davis.

Domestic Manufacture.

Fancy purse. 1st Prem
Fancy apron.
1st Prem
Child's apron.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Mantel or piano scarf.
No first.
2nd PremMeta L. Baker.
Shopping bag.
1st PremMrs. S. W. Poppe.
2nd PremMrs. L. C. Huckstep.
Necktie case.
1st PremMrs. A. Kingsbury.
2nd PremMrs. R. H. Talbutt.
Whisk broom holder.
1st PremMrs. A. Kingsbury.
2nd Prem Meta L. Baker.
Handkerchief case.
1st PremMrs. R. H. Talbutt.
2nd Prem
Stocking bag.
1st PremMeta L. Baker.
2nd Prem
Glove case.
1st PremMrs. A. Kingsbury.
2nd PremMrs. R. H. Talbutt.

Magazine holder.

Magazine holder.
No first.
2nd PremMeta L. Baker.
,
Laundry bag.
1st PremMrs. S. W. Poppe.
2nd PremMrs. A. D. Stoppenbach, Milwaukee, Wis.
Pin Cushion.
1st PremViola Abert.
2nd PremMrs. A. Kingsbury.
Fancy work basket.
1st PremLouise E. Wernick.
2nd PremMrs. A. Kingsbury.
Kitchen apron.
1st PremMrs. W. P. Wegner.
2nd PremViola Abert.
Patched mending.
1st PremLouise E. Wernick.
2nd PremMrs. A. D. Stoppenbach.
and Home
Darned mending.
1st PremMrs. A. D. Stoppenbach.
2nd PremLouise E. Wernick.
Pieced quilt, quilted.
1st PremMrs. J. C. Brandel, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. A. D. Stoppenbach.
Gilk log oakin quilt
Silk log cabin quilt.
1st PremMrs. Thomas Bowes, Beaver Dam, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. Caroline Federmeyer, Milwaukee, Wis.
Wool log cabin quilt.
No first.
2nd PremMrs. A. D. Stoppenbach.
Des Despendent
Silk puff or fancy quilt.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. Caroline Federmeyer.
19—Ag.

Handmade rug. 1st Prem
Five yards rag carpet. 1st Prem
: !
Children's Class.
Pillow shams. 1st PremMarie Holman, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd PremLydia Wollenburg, Milwaukee, Wis
Centerpiece and doilies. 1st PremJosephine Stoppenbach, Milwaukee, Wis. 2nd PremLydia Wollenburg.
Collection of doilies. 1st Prem
Dozen buttonholes. 1st Prem
Hemstitching.
1st Prem
Lace or insertion.
1st PremJosephine Stoppenbach.2nd PremMarie Holman.
Doll's outfit of clothes. 1st Prem
Pin Cushion.
1st Prem

. Sofa pillow.
1st PremJosephine Stoppenbach.
2nd PremElsie Mayer.
Outsilwan handmilden
Specimen handwriting. 1st PremJosephine Stoppenbach.
2nd PremMarie Holman.
Specimen burnt wood.
1st PremLydia Wollenburg.
2nd PremJosephine Stoppenbach.
Charcoal drawing.
1st Prem Marjorie W. Nethercut, Wauwatosa, Wis.
2nd PremMarjorie W. Nethercut.
Pencil drawing.
1st PremJosephine Stoppenbach.
Pen and ink etching.
1st PremIsabel Clapp, Wauwatosa, Wis.
2nd PremMary E. Pease.
Water color.
1st PremJosephine Stoppenbach.
2nd PremLydia Wollenburg.
Pastel.
1st PremJosephine Stoppenbach.
2nd PremMarjorie W. Nethercut.
Map of Wisconsin.
1st PremMary E. Pease.
2nd PremIsabel Clapp.

Culinary Division.

Judge. Mrs. Jennie A. Jamison, Neenah, Wis.

White bread.
1st PremLouise E. Wernick.
2nd PremMrs. W. P. Wegner.
Zird Trem
Boston brown bread.
1st PremMrs. A. D. Stoppenbach.
2nd PremMrs. Lynn S. Pease, Wauwatosa, Wis.
Rye Bread.
1st PremMrs. L. Yanke, Waukesha, Wis.
2nd PremLouise E. Wernics.
Grayham bread.
1st PremIndustrial School, Waukesha, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. J. B. Kynaston, Milwaukee, Wis.
·
Whole wheat bread.
No first.
2nd PremMrs. A. D. Stoppenbach.
•
Light rolls.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. Thomas Bowes.
Baking powder biscuits.
1st PremMrs. L. Yanke.
2nd Prem Mrs. T. P. Leonard, Wauwatosa, Wis.
The first the fi
Yeast raised doughnuts.
1st PremMrs. Lynn S. Pease.
2nd PremMrs. C. E. Strong, West Allis, Wis.

Baking powder doughnuts.
1st PremMrs. Lynn S. Pease.
2nd PremMrs. L, Yanke.
Loaf fruit cake.
1st PremMrs. E. L. Douville, West Allis, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. Thomas Bowes.
I and much color
Loaf nut cake.
1st PremMrs. L. Sheldon, Milwaukee, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. John Hans, Jefferson, Wis.
Loaf angel cake.
1st PremMrs. W. P. Wegner.
18t Hem
Loaf sunshine cake.
1st PremMrs. L. Yanke.
2nd PremMrs. W. P. Wegner.
Loaf date cake.
No first.
2nd PremMrs. William Sweeney, Fox Lake, Wis.
Zia Tomini, mining william Swelley, Tox Dane, will
Loaf devil's food cake.
1st PremMrs. A. E. White, Brookfield, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. L. Sheldon.
Tayon abasalata saka
Layer chocolate cake.
1st PremMrs. L. Yanke.
2nd PremMrs. T. P. Leonard.
Layer cocoanut cake.
1st PremMrs. W. P. Wegner.
2nd Prem
Zita Trom
<u>.</u>
Layer orange cake.
1st PremMrs. L. Yanke.
2nd PremMrs. William Sweeney.
Layer fig cake.
1st PremMrs. T. P. Leonard.
2nd Prem
Zana zana

Layer cake with nut filling. 1st Prem
White cookies. 1st Prem
Dark cookies. 1st Prem
Rock cookies. 1st Prem
Apple pie. 1st Prem
Mince pie. 1st Prem Mrs. E. L. Douville. 2nd Prem Mrs. F. J. Granger.
Pumpkin pie. 1st Prem
Tarts. 1st Prem
Baked beans. 1st Prem
Saratoga chips. 1st Prem
Homemade candy. 1st Prem



Canned Fruit.

Peaches.
1st PremMrs. Thomas Bowes.
2nd PremLizzie Mayer, Wauwatosa, Wis.
Native plums.
1st PremMrs. Louisa Wait, Beaver Dam, Wis.
2nd Prem Mrs. Fremont Lounsbury, Watertown, Wis.
,,
Currants.
1st Prem Mrs. John Hans.
2nd TremMrs. Louisa Wait.
Tomatoes.
1st PremMrs. Fremont Lounsbury.
2nd FremMrs. Thomas Bowes.
Gooseberries.
1st PremMrs. W. P. Wegner.
2nd PremMrs. F. J. Granger.
Red raspberries.
1st PremMrs. L. Yanke.
2nd PremMrs. Susie Abert-
Black raspberries.
1st PremMrs. Thomas Bowes.
2nd PremMrs. W. P. Wegner.
Strawberries.
1st PremMrs. Edna Sinsel, Waukesha, Wis.
2nd Prem
Zud TromMis. D, Tanks.
Blackberries.
1st PremL. Yanke.
2nd PremMrs. Thomas Bowss.
Grapes.
a.upos.

2nd Prem.....Mrs. F. J. Granger.

Pears.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. Louisa Wait.
Cherries.
1st PremMrs. William Sweeney.
2nd PremIsabel Clapp.
Pineapple.
1st PremLizzie Mayer.
2nd PremMrs. S. W. Poppe.
Jelly.
Native plum.
1st PremMrs. Edna Sinsel.
2nd Prem
Currant.
1st Prem
2nd PremCarol Clapp, Wauwatosa, Wis.
Red raspberries.
1st PremMrs. S. W. Poppe.
2nd PremIsabel Clapp.
Crab apple.
1st PremMrs. A. LeFeber.
2nd PremCarol Clapp.
Grape.
1st PremMrs. A. E. Schaub, West Allis, Wis.
2nd PremMrs. Louisa Wait.
Quince.
No first.
2nd PremMrs. S. W. Poppe.

Jam.

Raspberry.
1st Prem
Blackberry.
1st PremMrs. S. W. Poppe.2nd PremMrs. Fremont Lounsbury.
Strawberry.
1st PremMrs. Thomas Bowes.
2nd PremMrs. W. P. Wegner.
Native plum.
1st PremMrs. L Yanke.
2nd Prem
Apple butter.
1st PremMrs. S. W. Poppe.
2nd PremMrs. W. P. Wegner.
Grape Marmalade.
1st Prem
Pickles.
Sweet apple.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Crab apple.
Crab apple. 1st PremMrs John Hans.
1st PremMrs John Hans.
1st Prem

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

Pear.
1st Prem
Ripe cucumbers, sweet.
No first. 2nd Prem
Cucumbers in olive oil.
1st Prem.Mrs. A. LeFeber.2nd Prem.Mrs. F. J. Granger.
Pickled cauliflower.
1st PremMrs. L. Yanke.2nd PremMrs. F. J. Granger.
Dill pickles.
1st PremMrs. Susie Abert.
2nd PremMrs. W. P. Wegner.
Sour pickles.
1st Prem.Mrs. A. LeFeber.2nd Prem.Industrial School.
Onion pickles.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. L. Yanke.
Mustard pickles.
1st Prem
Mixed pickles.
1st Prem
2nd PremMrs. Susie Abert.
Catsup.
1st Prem Mrs. Thomas Bowes. 2nd Prem Mrs. Fremont Lounsbury.
Best and largest exhibit:
1st PremMrs. Thomas Bowes.
2nd PremMrs. L. Yanke.

Girls' Culinary Class.

White bread.
1st Prem
Baking powder biscuits.
No first.
2nd PremCarol Clapp.
Plain white cake.
1st PremCarol Clapp.
2nd PremJosephine Stoppenbach.
Soft gingerbread.
2nd PremLydia Wollenburg.
and from wondings.
White cookies.
1st PremElsie Mayer.
2nd PremJosephine Stoppenbach.
Dark cookies.
No first.
2nd PremJosephine Stoppenbach.
Rock Cookies.
1st Prem
2nd Prem
Crab apple jelly.
1st Prem
2nd Prem Elsie Meyer.
Currant jelly.
1st PremCarol Clapp.
2nd PremLydia Wollenburg.
Plum jelly.
1st Prem Marie Holman.
2nd PremCarol Clapp.
Home-made candy.
No first.
2nd PremJosephine Stoppenbach.

EDUCATIONAL EXHIBIT.

Judge

Charles McKenny, Milwaukee, Wis.

Section I.

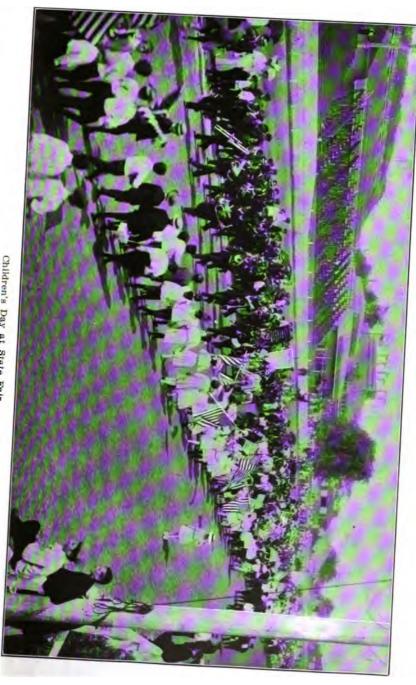
Tilo matting and raffia work.
1st PremLee Pearson, La Valle, Wis.
2nd Prem
3rd PremBlanche Butterfield, La Valle, Wis
Tracing fruit and leaves.
1st Prem
Paper cutting, folding and weaving.
1st PremRhiny Pagel, La Valle, Wis.
2nd Prem
3rd PremLeo Schmidt, Hortonville, Wis.
Sewing of forms of leaves, fruits and flowers.
1st Prem
2nd PremFrances Sonsisky, La Valle, Wis.
Four pages best written quotations.
1st PremGlen Westphal, New London.
Mat weaving, card sewing and picture pasting.
1st PremDist. No. 2, Greenville, Wis.
2nd PremClara Michalek, South Kaukauna, Wis.
3rd Prem Dist. No. 1. New London. Wis.

Section II.

Map of Wisconsin, showing railroad lines, etc. 1st Prem
Spelling Tablet. 1st PremPearl Claridge, Reedsburg, Wis.
Essay, Life of Abraham Lincoln. 1st Prem
Drawings of flowers, leaves and trees. 1st Prem
Outline map of each of the continents. 1st Prem
Pieces of sewing, darning and knitting. 1st Prem
Four pages best written quotations. 1st Prem
Section III.
Note book in literature or composition. 1st Prem
Photographs of school house and grounds. 1st Prem. Sammy Martin, West Salem, Wis. 2nd Prem. Dist. No. 1, Liberty, Wis. 3rd Prem. Dist. No. 10, Grand Chute, Wis.

Drawings of heart, lungs, brain, liver. 1st Prem
Drawnigs of eye, ear, and cross section of a long bone. 1st Prem
Relief map of the United States. 1st Prem
Map of Wisconsin, showing territorial growth. 1st Frem
Section IV.
Collection of named seeds, grown in Wisconsin. 1st Frem
Wall paper designs in color.
1st PremBessie Barry.
Advertisements for paper or poster. No first. No second. Ord Prem
Pen and ink drawings.
1st Prem. Leo Van Roy. 2nd Prem. Martha Lippert, Hortonville, Wis. 31d Prem. Laura Kobussen, South Kaukauna, Wis.





SUMMARY OF RACES.

Starting Judge, F. E. Stone, Burlington, Wis.

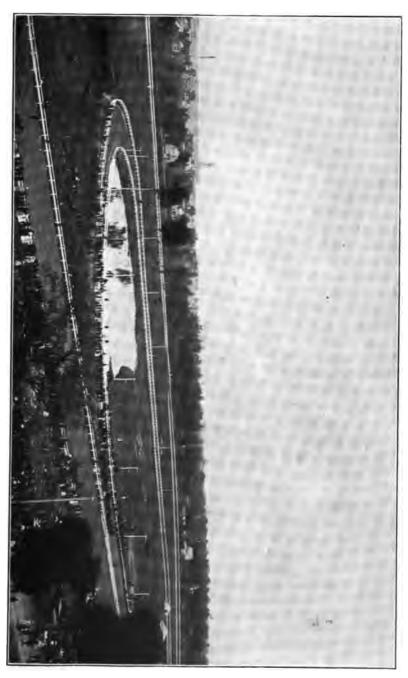
STAKE RACES.

TROTTING.

2:08 Trot. Purse, \$1,000.

Belafst, br. g. Clarence Baxter, Rockford, Ill	. 111
The President, b. h. G. C. & F. B. Loomis, Minneapoli	8,
Minn	. 2-2-2
Pat Ford, ch. g. Cha _S . W. Kenyon, Cedar Rapids, Ia	3—3—3
Belle C, br. m. M. R. Higbee, Albert Lea, Minn	4-4-5
Dr. Frasse, blk. g. C. L. DeRyden, Mason City, Ia	5—5—6
Borazelle, b. h. Float Jolly, Tipton, Ind	6—6—6
Time, $2:09\frac{1}{2}$. $2:08\frac{1}{4}$. $2:1\overline{v}$.	
•	
	•
2:16 Trot. Purse, \$2,500.	
Fimbey, b. g. W. B. McDonald, East Aurora, N. Y	1-1-1
Agnes Halford, blk. m. W. O. Foote, Dallas, Tex	2-2-2
Roscoe, b. g. Michael Murphy, Shirley, Ill	7— 4—2
Mae Heart, ch. m. J. Gripman, Coldwater, Mich	3- 8-4
Babrook, br. g. W. A. Coulter, Chanute, Kas	5— 3—6
Ethel W, b. m. W. E. Hendricks, Martinsville, Ind	4 710
Levette, — —. E. E. Schmidt, Chicago, Ill	6 65
Ashlanddorf, b. h. W. A. Stout, Indianapolis, Ind	8 58
Silver, ch. g. G. C. & F. B. Loomis, Minnepaolis, Minn.	9 97
Mollie S, b. m. T. F. McDermott, DeKalb, Ill	10-10-9
Time, 2:09 1/4. 2:10. 2:10.	

2:20 Trot. Purse, \$5,000.
Charley Belden, b. g. C. L. DeRyder, Mason
City, Ia 1— 3— 2— 1— 2
Early Alice, b. m. W. L. McMillan, Carthage,
Mo 7— 2— 1— 3— 1
Talpa, b. m. J. B Jones, Wellsville, N Y 3— 1— 5— 2— 3 Kassena, b. m. J. J. McCoy, Kirkwood, Del 2— 6— 3— 4— 4
Billy H, b. g. W. A. Clark, Jr., Butte, Mont 4— 4— 4
Genteel H, br. h. W. B. McDonald, East Aurora,
N. Y 5— 5— 7
Riddle, br. g. Fred Cline, Minneapolis, Minn 8 7 6 J. N. Blakemore, blk. g. W. O. Foote, Dallas,
Tex 9— 9— 8
Icelander, b. m. R. A. Rouse, Danville, Ill 11—8—9
The Jester, br. h. J. A. Richardson, Libertyville, Ill
Prince of Calcutta, br. h. S. DeRidder, Louisville,
Ky 6—11—Dr. Time, 2:13. 2:09%. 2:09%. 2:13%. 2:11%.
2:30 Trot. Purse, \$1,000.
Bi Flora, br. m. John Splan, Lexington, Ky 1—1—1
Silver, s. g. G. C. & F. B. Loomis, Minneapolis, Minn 2—2—2 Portion Monthly by T. Char F. Door Polating III
Dorris Martin, b. m. Chas. E. Dean, Palatine, Ill 3—3—3 Robert M. s. g. D. J. Fenelon, Ripon, Wis Dis.
Time, 2:13%—2:14.
2:40 Trot. Purse, \$1,000.
Bi Flora, br. m. John Splan, Lexfngton, Ky 1—1—1
Icelander, b. m. R. A. Rouse, Danville, Ill 2—2—2
Dorris Martin, b. m. Chas E. Dean, Palatine, Ill4—3—3
Prince of Calcutta, br. s. S. DeRidder, Lexington, Ky 3—4—4 Time, 2:12½—2:11½—2:13,
21110, 21111/2 21110.
Trot—3year olds. Purse, \$1,000.
Governo Francis, br. c. W. O. Foote, Dallas, Tex
Ed Custer, ch. c. Riverside Park Farm, Berlin, Wis 2—2 Pan Yan, ch. c. J. C. Kirkwood, Del
Lucky Joe, br. c. E. T. Stoner, Oregon, Ill Dis.
Time, $2:13\frac{1}{2}-2:12\frac{1}{4}$.





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Class Race.

0.000
2:12 Trot. Purse, \$1,000. Baraja, br. g. J. J. Shaw, Chicago, Ill

Stake Races.
Pacing.
2:08 Pace. Purse, \$2,500. The Broncho, b. m. Chas. E. Dean, Palatine, Ill
2:08 Pace. Purse, \$1,000. Larry Ginter, b. h. C. S. Lucas, Iowa City, Ia
2:12 Pace Purse, \$5,000. Alfalfa, ch. m. J. C. Pender, Johnstown Pa
19—Ag.

Fred Miller, ro. g. W. A. Stout, Indianapolis, Ind Thedona, c. h. C. L. DeRyder, Mason City, Ia Normalis, b. m. W. E. McBain, Libertyville, Ill Bonnie Steinway, br. h. Griffith McConnell, Pleasanton, Cal. Willie Benton, b. h. Geo. Spencer, Appleton, Wis Silk Twist, blk. h. B. H. Rote, Chicago, Ill Time, 2:07½. 2:08½. 2:07¾. 2:06¼.	10— 5— 8 12—13— 7 13— 8— 9 11— 6— Dis. 1—10— Dis. 7—12— Dr.
2:15 Pace. Purse, \$2,500.	
Carrie B, ro. m. W. O. Foote, Dallas, Tex	1— 1—14—1 2— 8— 1—1 5— 2— 2—3 3— 7—10—4 6— 4— 7 9— 3—11 11—10— 4 4—15— 3 7—13— 5 12— 9— 6 14— 6—15 8—11—12 13—12— 8 14—14— 9 10— 5— 3 Dr.
· ·	
2:22 Pace. Purse, \$1,000.	
Carrie B, ro. m. W. O. Foote, Dallas, Tex	2-2-2 3-3-2 4-4-4 5-6-5

2:35 Pace. Purse, \$1,000.

Ivan B, b. g. W. A. Stout, Indianapolis, Ind	111
Borowood, blk. h. Chas. E. Dean, Palatine, Ill	2-2-3
J. B., Jr., b. g. W. O. Foote, Dallas, Tex	5-4-2
Babby, b. m. C. L. DeRyder, Mason City, Ia	3-4-5
Glen Patchen, b. g. R. A. Rouse, Danville, Ill	4-3-5
Myrtle S, b. m. Gus Sidle, Arkansas City, Kas	6-6-6
Time, 2:11%, 2:11%, 2:13%.	

Pace. 3-year-olds. Purse, \$1,000.

Kelly, b. g. Riverside Park Farm, Berlin, Wis	1—1
Uriel, b. c. J. C. McCoy, Kirkwood, Del	42
Miss Castle, br. f. Chas. E. Dean Palatine, Ill	33
Nilmah, b. f. W. H. Anderson, Kirkland, Ill	54
Betty G, b. f. W. A. Stout, Indianapolis, Ind	6-5
The Dude, —. W. W. Martin, LaFayette, Ind	2-Dis.

REPORTS OF DEPARTMENT SUPERINTENDENTS.

HORSE DEPARTMENT.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

Gentlemen:—The number of horses exhibited at the 1906 Wisconsin State Fair was the largest in the history of this department. All classes considered, the horse exhibit of this state is taking a very respectable place in the state fair list, and the general expression of the exhibitors, on the State Fair circuit, was to the effect that their horses met the keenest competition in Wisconsin and by horses bred or owned in this state.

The plan of, and showing made by the Richland County Breeders' Association and other community exhibits, I feel are to be especially commended and further interest along this line encouraged.

The new stock judging Pavilion was greatly appreciated by spectators, exhibitors and officers of the department, and at times it was evident that neither the ring nor the seating capacity was too large for its demands.

On Thursday evening, two rings of light harness horses, the gaited saddle horses and the entries under equestrianism were shown and these, together with a parade of prize winners and an exhibit by the famous Armour's six horse team, seemed to highly please a large and appreciative audience the entire evening.

There was not sufficient light in the Pavilion for evening work and it was also somewhat difficult for the show men to prepare to bring their animals into the ring, by lantern light in the barns I would recommend that adequate lights be furnished, and feel that programs for one or two evenings could be arranged giving a very credible horse show, which would be both advantageous to the management and beneficial, and a pleasure to the lover of good horses.

A shortage in stall and barn room made it necessary to impose somewhat on room alloted to exhibitors as well as their good nature; but in the end, all were provided for quite comfortably. It is to be hoped more barn room will be provided in the future, and then if a system of tickets with checks for each stall in each barn or shed could be arranged, (on the reserved seat plan) the exhibitors holding the checks for the stall to which he is entitled, it might help to obviate some of the difficulties in getting the exhibits located.

The Percherons and French Draft Belgians and other draft breeds not classified elsewhere, were judged by W. E. Prichard of Ottawa, Ill. and Professor W. B. Richards, Agricultural College, North Dakota, did the honors for the Clydesdales and grade draft, and Mr. W. A. Dobson, of Marion, Iowa, for the light horses.

The special premiums offered jointly by the Wisconsin Draft Horse Breeders' Association and the State Board of Agriculture, competition limited to horses owned in Wisconsin. was a feature which I believe helped this department materially. It nearly doubled the work in the judging ring. These awards were made by Dr. A. S. Alexander, Prof. G. C. Humphrey, and J. S. Fuller, all of Madison, in a satisfactory manner.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN S. DONALD,

Superintendent.

CATTLE DEPARTMENT.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

Gentlemen:—The exhibition of cattle at the Fair of 1906, was the largest in the history of the State, and the remarkable feature of the show was that. with very few exceptions, all were Wisconsin cattle. The work of the judges was generally satisfactory to the exhibitors.

The new judging pavilion was appreciated by exhibitors and the public in general, and the need of a substantial cattle barn, of a capacity sufficient to accommodate this exhibit in the future, was shown to be a necessity, from the fact that 50 head of cattle were stabled in tents.

Respectfully submitted,

GEORGE WYLIE,

Superintendent.

SHEEP DEPARTMENT.

10 the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture, .

Gentlemen:—The Wisconsin State Fair has never had more sheep, or better sheep, on exhibition than were to be seen on the Fair Grounds at our Fair of 1906. While many of these sneep were from outside of the State, yet those of Wisconsin preeding prove conclusively, that no State in the Union is petter adapted to sheep growing than is our own, and the industry should be encouraged in every possible way.

Our association has been one of the most liberal in the Country in the size of the premiums offered, and in my opinion this policy should be continued. We should make it an inducement for breeders to have the best there is on exhibition, for those to emulate who are striving in the same direction.

But while our fair is intended largely as a school for its patrons, the fact that there is no place where spectators may sit and watch the sheep judging at their ease, neutralizes to a considerable extent, the educational value of the exhibition. There is no doubt that a sheep and swine judging pavilion is one of the most needed improvements on the Fair Grounds, and it is noped that the management will erect such a structure as soon as conditions will permit.

In connection with this report it is only fair to mention the ability and fairness shown by Professer Frank Kleinheinz of the University of Wisconsin, in awarding the premiums in this department; also the able manner in which Mr. R. E. Roberts of Corliss. Wis., assisted in making the sheep show agreeable and beneficial, alike to visitors and exhibitors.

Respectfully submitted,

E. Nordman, Superintendent.

SWINE DEPARTMENT.

10 the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

GENTLEMEN:—The exhibit of Swine at Wisconsin State Fair of 1906, was the largest in its history, and on the whole, the best.

As usual the Poland China, Duroc Jersey and Berkshire Classes were much the largest, but the Chester White breed was well represented; while the Tamworth, Victoria and Yorkshire classes were a small, and in some cases, not a good show, and there was very little competition in these three breeds.

The exhibit included swine from Michigan, Iowa, Indiana, and Wisconsin, but by far the greater number came from our own State, and were a credit to the swine breeders of Wisconsin.

The swine barns were entirely inadequate to house the exhibit, and quite a number were in pens outside.

That we need new and larger barns, as well as a judging pavilion that will enable spectators to view the work of judge in the department, I am sure you will agree with me.

Respectfully submitted,

James Dillon, Superintendent.

POULTRY DEPARTMENT.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

Gentlemen:—In submitting to you my report of the Poultry Exhibit at Wisconsin State Fair, 1906, it is hardly necessary to mention its magnitude. The exhibit spoke for itself both in quality and number of birds on exhibition. I will simply use the expression often made by Judge Butterfield when some 25 or 30 hirds were brought into competition for a single prize number.—"Finer specimens were never placed before the eyes of any judge in America;" and in some instances it was regretted by our veteran judge that a third and even a fourth premium was not offered, as in Single Comb Black Minorca and Cornish Indian Game. I cheerfully recommend these two valuable classes of fowls restored to an equality with other breeds.

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I further suggest that a first and second premium be offered for breeding pens, classed as follows:

Asiatic-first and second,

American-first and second,

Mediterranean-first and second,

and that birds which have been shown for other prizes be allowed to compete for these prizes. This was highly recommended by Judge Butterfield.

I am obliged to say that the show of bantams was somewhat depreciated, in numbers only, which is probably owing to the fact that the premiums offered are not in equality with other fowls. It is true that bantams are not utility fowls. their strong feature being ornamental, but realizing that a show is not complete without a good exhibit of bantams. I heartily recommend their being restored to the same place on the premium list that other classes enjoy; only that no third premium be awarded. I also recommend that a class be made for Black Orpingtons, with a first, second and third premium attached.

As to water fowls, I would like to say, I think something ought to be done in the way of premiums to draw out a greater showing. I think a third premium should be offered in this class. Too much can not be done to stimulate the water fowl industry, and it is deservedly fast coming to the front.

In my recommendation as to breeding pens of fowls. I omitted to say that in no case should old fowls be obliged to compete against younger ones; it being at the season of the year when old fowls are largely handicapped by the moulting period, and it is only fair that they be classed by themselves, having first and second prizes for young and for old.

I would like to see an incubator contest in connection with our show. Under the present system of showing incubators to the public deception is liable to be practiced no one knowing the percentage of hatch and variation of temperature of the different machines; whereas, if a contest could be made conditions being the same to all, conducted under the supervision of an unbiased expert. Chicks counted out by the judge, as well as the unhatched eggs, showing the merits of each machine. No chance for deception could be used and a great deal of education gained.

There should be an expert judge of Belgian and other Hares,

as our exhibit seems to be growing in this line, competition being quite sharp. About 70 animals were on exhibition this season.

Respectfully submitted,

C. E. Matteson, Acting Superintendent.

DEPARTMENT OF ARICULTURE AND HORTICULTURE.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

GENTLEMEN:—I take pleasure in presenting to you the report of Department of Agriculture and Horticulture for the Fair of 1906.

The year was exceptionally good for growing and bringing to maturity the various farm products, namely: grains vegetables, fruits, flowers and plants. The season had much to do with the size and quality of the exhibits in these two departments. There was hardly an inferior exhibit shown, and as a rule exhibits were much superior to those shown in 1905. All classes were well filled, and owing to the large amount of space required by each exhibitor, none but exhibitors occupied the building.

Each year the tendency of exhibitors of grains and seeds is to bring out something better than the previous year. The corn exhibits are increasing each year, and the varieties shown are those especially adapted to the State. All classs of vegetables were well filled, and exhibits neatly arranged. I would recommend that some special premium be given for the arrangement of exhibits, in all classes.

The fruit exhibit was exceptionally large and of superior quality. Heretofore, exhibitors have shown their fruits in spaces by themselves, and all varieties were thrown together, and I would suggest a change in the rules in this department. Instead of exhibiting varieties together, I would exhibit each variety by itself. This would aid in judging the exhibit.

The honey exhibit is on the increase each year, both in number of exhibitors and entries. I would suggest that some arrangement be made whereby exhibitors can give demonstrations in the handling of bees.

The displays of greenhouse plants and cut flowers, both by professionals and amateurs, were as good as could be had, and when we take into consideration the expense that is attached to making exhibits of flowers and plants, it seems as if better premiums should be offered in some classes.

There were special exhibits in tobacco, ginseng and sugar beets.

While the loss to exhibitors so far, has not caused much complaint, I would advise that better arrangements be made to protect the exhibits while they are being shown.

The judges in the various departments have general satisfaction, and I desire to express my sincere thanks to them, as well as to exhibitors, for the uniform kindness and consideration shown.

Respectfully submitted,

J. L. Herbst, Superintendent.

COUNTY EXHIBIT DEPARTMENT.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

Gentlemen:—The character of the exhibits made in the County Exhibits Department at the State Fair of 1906, was excellent, and up to that of any previous year. Exhibits were made by eleven counties. Four other counties were entered and asked for space, but were not on hand when the Fair opened. General satisfaction was expressed at the action of the Board by eliminating the distance clause in making awards.

I again renew my request that the interior of the County Exhibits building be sealed. As it is now, it is difficult for any one to make a creditable display, and exhibitors are greatly inconvenienced and dissatisfied.

Every one seemed well satisfied with the work of the judge, and harmony and good feeling reigned throughout.

Respectfully submitted,

C. H. EVERETT,
Superintendent.

DAIRY DEPARTMENT.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

GENTLEMEN:—The Dairy Exhibit at the State Fair of 1906 was full and complete in every respect. The butter and cheese refrigerators were taxed to accommodate the many exhibits of every class.

The butter was scored by Mr. D. C. Wolverton, Chicago; the American classes of cheese by Mr. R. A. Horton, Fond du Lac, and the foreign classes by Mr. Fred Marty, Monroe.

It was an exceptionally large and fine exhibit, but the scores were a little low on account of the unseasonably hot weather to which the goods were subjected in shipping. The exhibits were immediately, upon receipt, put into the refrigerators, which had previously been well iced, but owing to a shortage of ice in the city, we were unable to secure a sufficient quantity, later, to hold the temperature as low as desirable during the entire Fair. This may never occur again, but I would recommend that double floors be laid in the refrigerators. This would prevent some heat entering from below.

In view of the large and rapid growth of the dairy industry throughout the State, I would also recommend a material increase in premiums.

The booths on either side of the building presented a gay and interesting appearance. Every inch of available space was taken and nicely decorated by dealers of dairy supplies.

Nearly all the old exhibits were present, and we are glad to see them, and also extended a welcome to several new ones. Among the latter was the A. H. Barber Creamery Supply Company. A very interesting feature of their exhibit was the milking machine, which was operated, twice a day, upon cows kept in their booth for that purpose.

This report would not be complete without acknowledging my sincere appreciation of the valuable aid rendered by my assistants, Mr. M. Michels and Mr. E. L. Aderhold, presidents, respectively, of the Wisconsin Buttermakers' and Wisconsin Cheesemakers' Associations.

Respectfully submitted,

L. E. Scott, Superintendent.

MACHINERY DEPARTMENT.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

GENTLEMEN:—I herewith submit my report of Vehicle and Machinery Department for State Fair of 1906.

The exhibits in this department for the year 1906 surpassed all others both in number and variety. Almost any machinery used on the farm could be found on exhibition, and parties wishing to see certain machines were directed to the location where the machines were in operation and the merits explained. We hope the present legislature may see fit to appropriate a sum sufficient to enable our Board to erect suitable buildings for the exhibits in this department.

Following is a list of the principals exhibitors:

Smith Manufacturing Co., Chicago, Ill.—manure spreaders.

Gale Manufacturing Co., Albion, Mich.-implements.

Durant-Dort Carriage Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—carriages.

Parry Manufacturing Co., Indianapolis, Ind.—buggies.

D. M. Sechler Co., Moline, Ill.—buggies.

Van Brunt Manufacturing Co., Horicon, Wis.—drills and seeders.

Johnson & Field Manufacturing Co., Racine, Wis.—fanning mills.

International Harvesting Co., Milwaukee,—engines, manure spreaders, hay presses, shredders, hay loaders, rakes, cream separators.

Lindsay Bros., Milwaukee,-implements.

W. C. Kiernan, Whitewater, Wis.-road culverts.

Dowagiac Manufacturing Co., Dowagiac, Mich.—drills, seeders.

Appleton Mfg. Co., Batavia, Ill.—corn huskers, feed mills, wood saws. manure spreaders.

The C. P. & J. Lauson Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—gasoline engines. The John Lawson Mfg. Co., New Holstein, Wis.—gasoline engines.

Smalley Mfg. Co., Manitowoc, Wis.—straw cutters, implements.

E. Stopl & Co., Milwaukee. Wis.—implements.

The S. Freeman & Sons Mfg. Co., Racine, Wis.—wind mills. implements.

Milwaukee Hay Tool Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—huskers, shredders.

Alma Manufacturing Co., Alma, Mich.—gasoline engines. Rosenthal Corn Husker Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—corn huskers. Western Malleable & Grey Iron Mfg. Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—

engines.

Racine Sattley Co., Racine Junction, Wis.—implements, buggies.

Anderson Carriage Co., Detroit, Mich.—buggies.

John Dorsch & Sons, Milwaukee, Wis.—gasoline engines.

Wisconsin Carriage Co., Janesville, Wis.-buggies.

Staver Carriage Co., Chicago, Ill.—carriages.

John Deere Co., Moline, Ill.—implements.

J. I. Case Plow Co., Racine, Wis.—implements.

Beaver Dam Mfg. Co., Beaver Dam, Wis. implements.

Barrett Manufacturing Co., Chicago, Ill.—roofing.

W. A. Patterson Co., Flint, Mich.—buggies.

Fuller & Johnson Mfg. Co., Madison, Wis.—engines, implements.

Noll Bros., Milwaukee, Wis., implements, buggies.

Emerson Mfg. Co., Rockford, Ill.—implements.

Hoosier Drill Co., Richmond, Ind.—drills, seeders.

Walter A. Wood Mfg. Co., Hoosic Falls, N. Y.—mowers, grain binders.

David Bradley Co., Fond du Lac, Wis.—inplements, buggies, sleighs.

Lutter & Jacobi, Milwaukee, Wis.-implements.

Gilson Mfg. Co., Port Washington, Wis.—gasoline engines.

L. Kissel & Son, Hartford, Wis.—gas engines.

New Way Motor Co., Lansing, Mich.—gas engines.

Fairbanks, Morse & Co., Chicago, Ill.—gasoline engines, scales.

American Steel & Wire Co., Chicago, Ill.—wire fencing.

Hunt-Helm-Ferris Co., Appleton, Wis.—gas engines.

Sandwich Mfg. Co., Sandwich, Ill.—hay presses, hay loaders.

Pittsburg Steel Co., Pittsburg, Pa.—wire fencing.

Parson's B. C. & S. F. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.—threshing outfit.

Buffalo Pitts Co., Madison, Wis.—threshing machine.

The Huber Mfg. Co., Fond du Lac, Wis.—threshing machine.

Iowa Gate Co., Cedar Falls, Ia.—farm gates.

Mitchell Mfg. Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—litter carriers.

G. J. Kepplinger, Dwight, Ill.—floor planer machine.

Silberzahn Machine Works Co., Marinette, Wis.—gas engine. W. J. Williamson, Columbus, Ohio.—buggies.

C. Malitan Milmanian Win and horon

C. Molitor, Milwaukee, Wis.-wagon boxes.

Diehl Novelty Co., Sheboygan, Wis.-door hangers.

The Vehicle Apron & Hood Co., Columbus, Ohio.—rubber goods.

E. W. Hoppe, Nashotah, Wis.—fence posts.

Collins Plow Co., Quincy, Ill.—hay presses.

Drew Elevated Carrier Co., Waterloo, Wis.-letter carriers.

Louden Machinery Co., St. Paul, Minn.-letter carriers, hay tools.

Manlove Gate Co., Chicago, Ill.—patent gates.

J. L. Owens Co., Minneapolis, Minn.—fanning mills.

La Porte Carriage Co., La Porte, Ind.—carriages.

La Crosse Plow Co., La Crosse. Wis.—implements.

John Westrick, Watertown, Wis.--woven wire fence.

Luther Bros. Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—tool and sickle grinders James T. Brett Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—lodged grain saver.

The Robert Rom Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—louged grain say

The Janesville Machine Co., Janesville, Wis.-implements.

Hurley Machine Co., Chicago, Ill.—Little Giant flour scraper. Olson & Richardson, Stoughton, Wis.—building block machine.

The Hawkeye Incubator Co., Newton, Ia.—incubators.

White Lily Washer Co., Davenport, Ia.—washing machines.

Stoughton Wagon Works Co., Stoughton, Wis.-wagons.

Cressy & Johnson, Milwaukee, Wis.-gas engines.

R. J. Schwab & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—silo machines.

Lansing Motor & Pump Co., Lansing, Mich.—gasoline engines.

Dain Mfg. Co., Ottumwa, Ia.—hay presses, implements.

W. H. Van Schaick. Walworth, Wis.—gas engines.

Althouse Wheeler Co., Waupun, Wis.—wind mills.

J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co., Racine, Wis.—engines, threshers, steam road roller.

Frick Co., Madison, Wis.—engines, threshers.

Fish Bros. Wagon Co., Racine, Wis.—wagon.

Racine Hatchery Co., Racine, Wis.-incubators.

Peoria Drill & Seeder Co., Peoria, Ill.—seeders.

The Thomas Mfg. Co., Springfield, Ill.—hay loaders, drills, seeders.

Monitor Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.—drills, seeders. Automatic Horse Feeder Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—horse feeder. J. P. Anderson & Sons Co., Madrid, Ia.—lightning protector. Cook Manufacturing Co., Milwaukee, Wis.—gasoline engines.

Respectfully submitted,

DAVID WEDGWOOD,

Superintendent.

FINE ARTS DEPARTMENT.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture.

Gentlemen:—On the morning of the opening day of the State Fair for the year 1906, the art exhibit was complete and in perfect order and surpassed the exhibit of any previous year. It is indeed gratifying to report that each year witnesses a very satisfying improvement in this department. More and more is this department becoming a worthy feature of the State Fair.

The exhibit of oil paintings, water colors and pastel painting, was much better than in the year 1905. Considerable more pains were taken by exhibitors in the matter of more attractive frames and better mountings than ever before. These little things mean much to the department and render the appearance of the exhibit in general far more attractive. Among the various exhibitors who carried off many first premiums in oil paintings, water colors, pastels and drawings, may be mentioned the names of Ina Lean, of Waukesha, Albert Elsher, Jr., of Milwaukee. Ruth R. Shults of Whitewater. Peter Rotier and Mrs. John E. Winn of Milwaukee. In wood carving Mr. Anthony Spalthoff had a very fine exhibit which was admired by all. decorated china Mrs. P. M. Kynaston, Mrs. Jenny C. Lloyd, Miss Luella Cooke, Mrs. J. W. Cutler, Mrs. L. E. Greenleaf, Miss Lucile Cooke and Miss Laura J. Lapham, all of Milwaukee, made large and beautiful exhibits.

The yearly exhibits in this department cannot absolutely be guaranteed to be full and satisfactory for the reason that it is quite difficult to interest art students in making exhibits. The premiums are in a way small, and exhibitors always incur some risk in permitting paintings and other works of art to be exhibited at the Fair. The Management, however, has always exercised the greatest care in this department to the end that no exhibits may be damaged.

I am pleased to report that Mr. Louis Mayer of Milwaukee has again consented to act as Judge in this department for the coming Fair. I have every confidence in his ability as judge. He has proven in the past that he is thoroughly competent and absolutely fair. Of course all exhibitors cannot be pleased, but Mr. Mayer will be sure to decide the matter of awarding premiums without fear or favor.

A year ago upon my recommendation the Board consented to purchase eight large show cases for this department. They were duly purchased and proved very satisfactory. The ones purchased, however, are inadequate to our needs. The beautiful display of decorated china should be provided with enough show cases to contain the entire exhibit. At the last Fair we attempted at the last moment to borrow extra cases, but in this we were unsuccessful. I respectfully recommend that a few additional show cases be purchased by the Board for this department.

I further recommend that the roof of the art building be thoroughly gone over again before the fair and repaired where needed, so that we may be in a position to guarantee an absolutely water proof building for all art exhibits. The sky-light should be repainted with one coat of white lead. I further recommend the electric lights in the art building be changed so that the exhibits may be seen to advantage during the evenings of the Fair. As they are arranged at present they give a very poor light. I further recommend that ribbons be used in the art department instead of the ordinary premium cards.

Respectfully submitted,

James J. Nelson, Superintendent.

WOMANS' WORK DEPARTMENT.

To the Members of the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,
GENTLEMEN:—In submitting this report for your inspection,

I am pleased to be able to state that we had a very fine display in the Womans' Department, at the Fair of 1906.

Only one article was conspicuous by its absence, and that was bread. I can account for the small and inferior exhibit in but one way—and that was the intense heat which prevailed at that

time. Entries were made, but the people failed to bring the goods. Canned fruits, jellies, pickles, cakes, etc., were in abundance and of fine quality; in fact everything but bread.

The needle work was of a very high order of excellence, and there was a large exhibit. We are much cramped for room, and several exhibitors found fault because their articles were not given more space, not realizing that the judge sees each article even if it is not spread out to its full size. I would suggest that another show case be added in which to place the children's exhibit. The number is increasing each year, and we now have to place them with the women's exhibit, which makes it confusing, and it is not generally understood to be the work of children. We succeeded finely without the aid of an extra clerk, and I do not know of an error that crept into our books.

There was a large number of new exhibitors and many of the old ones brought new work, and the average was a high class of exhibits. There is, however, an urgent need for a new building for Womans' Work. The present one is low, with higher buildings at either end, all ventilation is completely shut off, and some days the judges were compelled to stop work, the air being simply stifling.

I would call your attention to the communication from Mrs. Jamison of Neenah, one of my judges, published ir, the Wisconsin Agriculturist of Oct. 11th. last. That reminds me that in the same paper is an extended account of the visit of 'he members of the Board to Springfield, to attend the Illinois State Fair. I was much interested, but as I read, the thought came to me that when the Board next went visiting it might be well to have a woman in the party, so we might know if there was a Womans' Building, or any kind of an exhibit of woman's handiwork. No mention was made of this in the report I refer to. Perhaps there was none. Horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, speed. dairy, manufactures—all received honorable mention, and were accorded generous space in the article, but not the slighest mention was made of Woman's Work. Evidently the gentlemen are not interested in that department, hence my suggestion of a woman member on the Board.

In closing, I cannot accord too high praise to my able and 20-Ag.

careful corps of assistants, and to the ladies who served as judges. Kindness and courtesy were unfailing, and though tired at the end of the Fair, we were in a measure recompensed by the general satisfaction expressed by the exhibitors.

Respectfully submitted,

MARY E. CHADWICK,

Superintendent.

MARSHAL'S DEPARTMENT.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

GENTLEMEN:—I herewith submit my report as Marshal of the Fair of 1906. Nothing of great importance transpired. We detained several in the lockup on minor charges, but only one on a serious charge, and this was satisfactorily adjusted before the close of the Fair.

Our office did quite a business in restoring lost children to their parents, or those in charge of them, and at one time we had eight children lined up on the porch of the Publicity Building.

The expenses of this department for 1906 were \$902.55, or \$557.25 less than for the year 1905. In addition to this, there were six guards for the Indian Village at \$15.00 each for the week, a total of \$90.00.

Much credit is due the Milwaukee police for the good order during the Fair. They not only did good service, but their advice in regard to matters of law in connection with making arrests was of great value.

Too much praise cannot be given the ladies in charge of the Hospital Tent. It is a shame to ask ladies to care for the sick and injured in a tent on a State Fair Grounds. The horses, cattle, sheep and swine, are all in buildings, but the sick and injured patrons of the Fair must be contented with a canvas cover. I feel sure that if the members of the Legistlature could realize the necessity of a building for this department, they would not hesitate to appropriate a sum sufficient for its erection.

Respectfully submitted,

C. W. HARVEY, Superintendent.



SPEED DEPARTMENT.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

GENTLEMEN:—It gives me pleasure to report that the Speed Program of 1906 exceeded all previous years. Our harness races amounted to \$26,500, this being the largest sum ever offered in the Great Western Circuit, and was exceeded by but one meeting in the Grand Circuit. I am also pleased to report that the expense of the Speed Department was less than that of any other State Fair, or member of the Circuit.

The amount of purses, as above stated, was \$26,500; amount received from entries was \$21,131.57, and the amount still due from suspensions will naturally reduce this amount—if not quite wipe it out. The receipts from Grand Stand amounted to \$9,764.12, as against \$8,578.25 last year, and the score card privilege was \$275 to credit to Speed Department. With these amounts we are way ahead of the game.

It is needless to say anything about the quality of the races, as those who saw them will testify as to their high class.

I ask again, an extension of the Grand Stand with the addition of boxes the entire length of the present Stand, and again I ask for barn room sufficient to house all the horses entered at our meeting, as we have had to put horses in barns outside of the Grounds and in tents on the Grounds, which is a great injustice to owners of valuable horses, who enter with us. They have put up with our excuses for two years, but I do not want to face them for the third time.

Respectfully submitted,

C. G. WILCOX,
Superintendent.

DEPARTMENT OF PRIVILEGES.

Jefferson, Wis., Sept. 15, 1906.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

GENTLEMEN:—I herewith submit my report as Superintendent of Privileges for the fair of 1906. From the following sources I

received the amounts as indicated, and turned the same over to the secretary, whose receipts I hold for the amount.

For rent of dining halls owned by the Board	\$1,170.00
For rent other dining halls and tents	291.00
For lunch and soft drinks stands	2,016.00
For exclusively soft drinks stands	253.00
For sale of novelties	963.50
For glass engraving	137.00
For cider privileges	67.50
For African dodgers	35.00
For doll racks	259.00
For knife and cane racks	180.00
For other games	52.00
For fruit stands and wagons	280.00
For exclusively ice cream wagons	158.50
For pop corn and peanut privileges	60.00
For exclusive cigar stands	88.50
For exclusive candy privileges	48.0 0
For photograph galleries	140.0 0
For shooting galleries	132.00
For hawking privileges in grand stand	150 .00
For score card privilege	275 .00
For lunch and drink privileges under grand	
stand	300.00
For advertising privileges	307.50
For bread tents	75.00
For toy balloon privilege	20.00
For waffle wagon	20.00
For micellaneous privileges	44.20
From net receipt of Carnival and air shop	1,458.95

Respectfully submitted,
O. F. ROESSLER,
Superintendent of Privileges.

DEPARTMENT OF FORAGE AND TRANSPORTATION.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

GENTLEMEN:—I beg to submit the following report of the department of Transportation for the State Fair of 1906.

Received from licenses granted to six team-	
sters	\$ 60.00
(I hold Secretary's receipt for this amount.)	

I would further report that the cost of feed and straw in

rorage Department was	1,191.20
(Receipted bills for same being filed with Sec	eretary.)
Expense of labor in department	210.68
Miscellaneous expenses	1.05

•	
Total expense of department	\$1,408.98
Amount collected from sales	\$1,270.95
Furnished on order of Board	85.96
_	

\$1,356.91

Respectfully submitted,

C. T. FISHER, Superintendent.

DEPARTMENT OF GROUNDS.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

GENTLEMEN:—I beg to submit the following report of Department of Grounds for the season of 1906.

A large amount of work was done on the Grounds during the summer. In addition to building three new cattle barns, the work of repairs was carried to almost all of the buildings, including roofing on Live Stock Barns, Grand Stand and Art Hall; also excavating and grading for about half a mile of cement sidewalks, and putting up bleachers on both ends of Grand Stand.

After the Fair the Grounds were thoroughly cleaned, and all rubbish removed. Buildings were cleaned and closed up, and gates locked, and no teaming allowed across Grounds after Fair.

I would respectfully recommend that the water supply be increased; new roofs put on old cattle and horse barns; and that Speed Barns be repaired.

An inventory of stock on hand on Grounds, at date, is filed with Secretary.

Respectfully submitted,

G. U. FISHER,
Superintendent.

DEPARTMENT OF GRAND STAND.

To the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture,

GENTLEMEN:—I take pleasure in presenting to you the report of Grand Stand Department for the Fair of 1906.

The receipts were as follows:

Monday	\$460.40
Tuesday	785.40
Wednesday	2, 431.31
Thursday	4, 374.99
Friday	1, 683.57
	\$9,735.67
Cash over	24.20
Credit by Secretary	4.25
Total receipts	\$9,764.12

Expenses for help including assistant, ushers for reserved seats, gate keepers, turn stile men. money changers, and reserved seat ticket sellers was \$368.00, for which vouchers are filed with the Secretary.

I am pleased to report that everything went off in a pleasant and satisfactory manner.

Respectfully submitted,

George G. Cox,
Secretary.



PAPERS SOLICITED FOR PUBLICATION.

MELILOTUS.

Common Names, Sweet Clover, Cabal C. Bokhara C. Melilot.

IRA M. BUELL, Beloit, Wis.

People of the North Central States who have noted the rapid spread of Sweet Clover along our roadsides and waste places have naturally been alarmed by its aggressive habits and overmastering growth. This alarm has not been lessened when the observer has sought further knowledge of the plant from authority nearest at hand. It has been listed among the noxious weeds in several of our states. The Century Dictionary says it is usually considered a weed. I find the same opinion expressed by plant experts in Kansas and Nebraska who speak of its lack of forage value and advise farmers to unite in its extermination.

One does not have to search for reasons for this. Its coarse, ragged growth often 8 ft. high by midsummer, its thick, woody stems, bare of leaves and covered with the long seed spikes in September, do not suggest any of the forage or fertilizing values of the plant, yet when we consider that hardihood, vigorous growth, large production of seed and adaptation to unfavorable conditions are all desirable in our forage plants we may well look for further virtues in this much despised plant. The common name, sweet clover, suggests its place in the plant world. A member of the Pulse family and tribe Trifolium, its place is between two of the best known and valued species of the group.

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Red clover and alfalfa. Its blossom and fruit are like red clover. In leaf, stem and habit of growth it resembles alfalfa. But while combining in itself the best qualities of each it has merits of its own. It is a biennial, almost the only instance among the 1,400 species of the Pu se family. This is a very important distinction as it removes the plant from the list of weeds and puts it into group of great food producers. None of the biennials are properly weeds, on account of their tardy production of seed. The biennials usually considered weeds as the burdock, mullein and common thistle grow only in uncultivated ground, while our best known examples as the beet, turnip, onion and cabbage are not only our greatest food producers but also require the most thorough tillage. They are the most highly developed products of our husbandry and not its enemies.

The first year growth of Melilot like all others of its class provides a storehouse of food for its rank and rapid second year growth and enormous production of seed. Here again we see its adaptation to man's use. A cluster of wide spreading, deeply penetrating, fleshy roots, not only store abundance of plant food, but put the soil in the best condition for tillage. This feature is of great importance when considered with the fertilizing qualities of the tribe. Like others its roots nourish the nitrogen secreting bacteria, which give vigor and vitality to the plant and restore fertility to the soil. The great cluster of fleshy roots storing alike the products of the plant growth and its nourishing organisms gives a much higher fertilizing value than any other clover. Its more vigorous growth also gives it a footing on soils where the other clovers will not thrive.

A rare chance to note the great root growth of Melilot was afforded by the washout of a bank of a stream near Beloit in 1905. Here a large number of sweet clover roots were freed from the soil. These were gathered and from them the following estimates were made. The root crowns were from 34 to 114 inches in diameter. Fleshy roots from 5 to 20 in the cluster, about 3 feet long, bearing many long fibrous roots well strung with nodules. With an average of but one such cluster to the square foot the root growth on one acre would exceed 20 tons.

The growth of Melilot along our roadsides shows some very striking features. It is the first plant to start in the spring and the first year growth is green when winter comes. It seems to show little preference for soils. It is the first plant to start in the stony clay subsoil exposed in a roadside cut or erosion gully and seems to be equally at home in a gravel pit or on a rubble pile from an abandoned quarry. A crop worn, abandoned hill-slope, gives it a good footing and it is at home on the top of an almost bare limestone ridge. At the same time its rankest growth is found in roadway hollows and basins, in the flood plains of streams and in the waste grounds along our railways.

Some very striking examples of its overmastering growth have been noted by the writer. It is a very common sight to note the cender stems of its first year growth rising out of a close June grass sod to form a dense thicket of sweet clover the second year that completely smothers the older growth and at its end leaving the ground bare and brown. Another observation reverses this. A long stretch of sand beach on the shore of a beautiful lake was always almost bare of vegetation until sweet clover came in and covered it with a thicket of its densest growth. was followed by a luxuriant sward that covered the whole area even down to the touch of the waves. The change from a deep rutted, wind swept, barren waste to a rich meadow is one of the most striking proofs of the renovating value of sweet clover in the writer's knowledge. Another instance of this vigorous growth has been shown on a roadside near Beloit. The adjaeent field was full of quack grass and the pest had spread until the whole roadside for 40 rods was covered by its sod. clover first appeared in the wheel tracks on the roadside. years later the whole area was overgrown with Melilot and not a stem of quack was to be seen. Since then the usual grasses have alternated with Sweet Clover in possession of the soil. All this took place in the natural way. The seed brought in by travel took root in the unbroken sod and its rank growth smothered one of our most unconquerable weed pests. The lesson is well worth repeating as it points out the way to extirpate the plant in our fields by a simple rotation in crops.

II. AS A FORAGE CROP.

The relationship between this plant and our well known clovers implies a like value as forage, and we find this inference borne out by experiment. The analyses of the three related plants show this most plainly.

Red clover.	Melilot.	Alfalfa.	
70.8	76.5	71.8	Water. Protein. Fat. Nitrogen-free extract. Crude fibre. Ash.
4.4	2.8	4.8	
1.1	0.4	1.0	
13.6	12.1	12.8	
8.1	6.6	7.4	
2.1	1.6	2.7	

The excess of water in melilot due to its rank succulent growth is the most marked difference shown in this table. Omitting this element we get from the other constituents the following proportions.

	Alfalfa.	Melilot.	Red clover.
Protein.	16.0	11.9	14.7
Fat.	3.5	1.7	3.8
Nitrogen-free extract.	43.6	51.5	46.5
Crude fibre.	26.2	28.0	27.9
Ash.	9.6	6.8	7.2

We note here slightly less of Protein constituents in Melilot with less fat and ash content, but more of the carbohydrates, indicating practically the same forage value in each. But we know that palatability is a very important element in determining the value of any article of food. In Melilot it is the essential condition.

This depends upon condition and taste. Melilot, being a rank, rapid grower, varies more in its different stages than the others. The young growth is very tender and succulent like asparagus but the nature stems become woody, shed their leaves and are entirely unfit for food. It is not different in this from the others nor from corn fodder

The peculiar taste of sweet clover is due to the presence in the plant of a bitter principle and an aromatic extract called cumarin, the latter like the vanida extract from several other plants of the pulse family. The amount and quality of these flavors differ very greatly in different strains and in different stages of growth.

The bitter taste in the green fodder is hardly noticeable in the cured product and in general the growth observed in Northern Illinois is much less bitter and aromatic than the strains common to the South and West. This difference is noted even in the seed. A sample of Alabama seed sent in last year has a rank tobacco odor while our seed is sweet smelling as clover honey. This variance explains the strong prejudice against its value as a forage plant in some sections where observers say that stock will not eat it unless driven to it by starvation. In this region all kinds of stock readily acquire a taste for the green growth and feed upon it with the same relish that they show for the other clovers.

Horses show the strongest preference for it. I have never found one that would refuse an offered handful of the green growth. A neighbor tells me that he has known his horses to break out of a fine pasture to feed upon the rank melilot in the highway and I have seen them leave a rich June grass bottom, cross a stream and feed a patch of ripening sweet clover down to the ground. If there is any Melilot in their hay they pick out its stems first and I have seen them choose the fragrant fodder before their feed of grain. Cows more slowly acquire a taste for the green growth and will sometimes pass it by for weeks yet the more hearty feeders take to it at once and in time all relish the young stems and will leave nothing but bare stalks of the mature growth. The cured crop if in good condition is eagerly relished by all. Sheep show a strong preference for the roadside growth. Turned upon it in midsummer I have seen them leave the grass untouched but strip the tall patches of sweet clover of every leaf and twig and leave only bare brown stalks. Hogs like it equally well and its strong hold upon the soil preserves the crop in spite of their destructive rooting.

The bitter principle noted above seems to largely disappear

in the process of curing leaving the honey lib. taste and odor. This especially marked in the product when cut at the right stage and properly cured. Its tender leafy stems retain their color and fragrance and one readily sees why stock show a preference for it over other fodder. We have cut the wayside growth for our horses for several years and fed no other forage as long as this hay lasted. Fed with corn it gives a balanced ration and my driving horse 27 years old after 6 months trial of the feed is as frisky as a colt. I introduced it into my meadows several years ago and have cut a number of crops of hay, testing its value as a forage both as to quality and yield. I have found my stock choosing my melilot in preference to other hay and the yield double that of other meadows. I think, however, that the best results are obtained by adding melilot to our usual mixture of clover and timothy. It grows well with these and they make a stronger growth when the nitrogen secreting melilot organisms are present. The mixture cures more quickly and the honey like quality is diffused permeating the whole. biennial growth is also an advantage in crop rotation. slender leafy stems of its first year growth are in fine condition for fall cutting. Each root sends out a number of stout shoots the second year often 3 feet high by June 1st when the first cutting is ready, another cutting will be ready July 1st and the crowns will again send out seed stalks. If grown with other grasses it is best to feed off the first sprouts in the spring. the finer second growth will be the best stage when the rest of the meadow is ready. The root clusters soon decay after the seed matures leaving the soil in the best possible condition.

AS A FERTILIZER.

Valuable as melilot may prove as a forage plant I think that it will take still higher rank as a fertilizer and renovater of the soil.

Sharing with other legumes in the maintenance of the nitrogen secreting bacteria, it is more hardy than any of the others; is of ranker growth; adapts itself to a wider range of conditions and spreads by self seeding when these can hardly be coaxed to gain a footing.

Its biennial habit gives it still more decided advantages. Its remarkable root development equalling that of our cultivated biennials exceeds by several fold that of any other nitrogen secreting forms and the many fleshy roots deeply penetrate the soil. These decay as soon as the seed matures giving their substance back to the soil and leaving it in the finest possible tilth. My estimate already noted gives over 20 tons of root growth per acre. Professor Stone of the Agricultural Experiment Station, Cornell University makes a similar estimate of 28 tons per acre. It is difficult to conceive how one could get so large an increment to plant food in our soil at so little cost.

This strong root growth affords a basis for a strong rapid second year growth and abundant crop of seed. From a square yard of surface I cut 10 pounds of herbage early in June, giving an estimate of over 24 tons per acre available beside the roots for a crop to turn under if one wishes to add this to the root fertilizers. It is possible in this way to add over 40 tons of vegetable matter per acre to the soil.

Another advantage accrues from the fleshy structure of the roots. The tough fibrous roots of the perennial clovers make plowing difficult and they are slow to decay and yield their fertility to the soil. But these long slender roots so thickly and deeply penetrating the soil quickly give up their substance and leave it in the best condition for use.

Many proofs of the high fertilizing value of melilot have come under the writer's eye in the past few years. It was first noted in the alternation of plant growth on the roadside. Wherever the melilot had made a growth the grass sward following this was always found to be rank and luxuriant. This is the case on stretches of sand and on the stony clay subsoil exposed in roadway cuts and ditches. In the latter case the effect is so marked that in the sweet clover infested roadsides the erosion cuts are quickly sodded over, fill up and disappear, and our farmers noting this are beginning to sow the seed in the cuts in their fields.

Noting the liking of sweet clover for these bare spots the writer scattered seed on some stony, barren hillslopes. It made a fair stand and was left to seed. In the corn crop succeeding

this the melilot seeded spots were plainly marked by the taller growth. A more marked instance was seen in a neighbor's field seeded to rye. The farmer's son, to test the matter, gathered a hatful of seed from the roadside and scattered it over the crest of a barren ridge in the middle of the field. In the Spring drought that followed the rye was about all blown out by the winds but the melilot held and in the fall covered the ground. Oats followed the rye and on the patch of overturned sod the growth and yield of grain was double that on the adjacent ground. But the most satisfactory test of this kind has just been concluded on a 16 acre field of badly worn soil. The land had been tilled for over fifty years with little change and had latterly failed to yield over half a crop. The rye sown with the final seeding yielding only 8 bushels per acre. It was seeded with timothy, red clover and melilot in equal parts. The latter made a good stand only when it was inoculated by the wash from the clover infested roadway but here the first cutting gave 4 loads per acre. This seeding was kept for three years, the last year being pastured. Last fall a thin coat of manure was given to the weak spots and the sod was turned for corn. ground was well fitted and the planting done by May 20. A strong growth was made from the start and kept up till the finish when 50 loads of shocked corn were taken from the field. The piece husks 120 baskets per acre and the best ears were from 10 to 12 inches long. 15 selected ears weighed 151/2 pounds. As by far the heaviest growth of corn was on the melilot seeding the increase in yield from 20 to 60 bushels per acre is a fair test of the soil renovating value of this clover. When we note that the three intervening crops were of more value than the usual grain product, we may consider this increase of fertility a clear gain.

SEED AND SEEDING.

The abundant crop of seed which melilot yields in common with other biennials has much to do with its rapid spread along our roadsides and is of equal value in the estimation of its use as a forage and fertilizing plant. We may gain an idea of this abundance best by comparing its growth with red clover.

In the latter the compact heads are borne at the ends of the branches and under the most favorable circumstances bear comparatively few seeds. Melilot bears blossoms and seeds in long spikes borne in the axils of the leaves and in their growth completely cover the stems. One may gather the seed by handfuls simply by drawing the spike laden branches through his fingers.

As the seed matures the leaves fall off leaving nothing but the seed bearing spikes and these quickly dry and fall in turn, so that in the end nothing is left but bare stems. One must secure the seed within the few days between he falling of the leaves and the shelling of the seed pods. The simplest way is to cut the tall stalks by hand and lay in small piles to dry, then whip off the seed across a slat frame over a canvass spread upon the ground. This seems to be a slow way but when one sees the amount of seed that rattles through upon the canvass from a single handful of stalks he is quite content to continue the process. Of course if one wishes to secure the seed in large quantity he may cut and hull the crop just as any other clover.

There is still another way of getting the seed that promises to be very practical. The dense growth along the roadside leaves on the surface a thick coating of leaves and seed pods which soon decay and leave the top of the ground full of the fine seeds imbedded in the bacteria inoculated soil. This is Nature's way of preserving the seed and with it the fertilizing organisms, and in this preparation we see why the self sown seed carried by wind or waters or by the dust and mud of travel makes such an overmastering growth on our poorest soils and amid our rankest vegetation. It remains for us to draw our seed supply from the same source and by artificial means to put the seed with its nourishing bacteria where we want it to grow.

Our alfalfa growing friends have already been advised by plant experts to use the same means to secure inoculation in their seeding so we can lay no claim to novelty of idea. The need of inoculation however is the same in melilot as in alfalfa. My own results in seeding with sweet clover are decisive on this point. I have obtained a fair stand of clover thus far only under three conditions, namely on new, strong land where a catch is certain with any other clover, on land freshly manured where the bac-

teria were brought in with the fertilizing material and on ground subject to overflow from the clover growing surface of the roadway or to the wind blown dust from the same sources.

It is not in reason to expect to gather in the few days of spring before the seed sprouts enough to seed of itself all that one would need for his meadows. But if the seed be secured in the fall inoculation may be brought in by a light scattering of this surface soil in the spring. This whole subject of soil inoculation is so new to us farmers that we must expect to learn by experiment and all that one may hope to do now is to point out the need and a very practical means of meeting it.

The time and amount of seeding are questions of importance. In general it is safe to follow nature, i. e. sow in the fall and the seed that you have. But we should study her methods more c'osely if we expect to gain practical results. In the first place the fall sown seeds do not germinate until spring, the protecting hull keeping it safely until then. By that time the seeds are scattered often for miles on our lines of travel being carried in the mud adhering to wheels and horses feet so that when it is in place for growth it may be as thinly sown as it is possible by hand. The seeds themselves being little larger than red clover it requires about the same amount per acre. As with all othe grasses we sow enough to overcome the loss through unfavorable conditions, as per example a quart of c'over seed per acre evenly scattered gives ten seeds per square foot. Yet some advocate sowing 8 quarts per acre or twenty times the amount required for a good stand. By the same reason, some growers advise sowing a bushel of the unhulled sweet clover seed per acre and others half a bushel. Now I have had a stand that completely covered the ground by sowing less than four quarts per acre.

I think that we may safely sow a much less quantity of seed per acre of any of the grasses than is generally recommended if we are careful to get the proper conditions for growth. I prefer to seed on fall grain early in March, either on a light snow or just as the frost is leaving the ground.

It is a strange thing to note the lack of knowledge of the plant and of interest in its possible uses, but differences in strain and variance in habits of growth may explain in part. Its value as forage, its fertilizing qualities, its enormous production of seed, its biennial habit, its extreme hardiness and adaptability to a wide range of soil and climatic conditions, single it out as the most available agent at hand for the renovation of our worn out lands.

REFERENCES AND HISTORICAL NOTES.

The summary of facts presented in the preceding sections includes a line of study covering about 10 years. For a long time it was followed without aid or suggestion from others, but as the field opened to view the writer has found many co-laborers. He found a fellow farmer in his own town who unbeknown to him had cut the roadside growth for years to feed his horses in spite of the jeers of his unwise neighbors. Another farmer 50 miles away was noted who had filled his barns with the new clover and has kept it in store for five years as fragrant and palatable as when first cured. These instances bear out all that the author has claimed for the plant on the practical side.

On the scientific side very material support has come from different sources. Prof. Stone of the Agricultural Experiment Station of Cornell University has met the issue with very valuable suggestions. His study of the subject covered several years and developed the importance of bacterial inoculation. very interesting correspondence has been carried on with Prof. Piper of the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture. Washington, D. C. From this has been brought out the importance of the matter of strain. Noting the extremely bitter quality of the growth familiar to him in the East he had endeavored for some years to develop a bitterless strain by cross fertilization and in his first note suggested that we may have here a comparatively bitterless strain. An exchange of specimens and seed followed which has confirmed this suggestion and made clear the reason for the favor that the plant is finding here. We also know why our plant experts in the south and southwest have found so little to commend in the roadside growth found in that part of the country. Yet Dr. Bessey of 21-Ag.

University of Nebraska has expressed full agreement with the writer's views from the first and predicted a high value for the plant.

The search for information about the plant has been very interesting. But little has been found outside of botanical works in this country. English authorities however mention several forms common in that country that are used as forage, but the family does not thrive in that climate.

In Central Europe the Blue melilot is a well known and highly pure 'smoprous particular flavor and excellence of the Swiss dairy products is said to be due to its presence in their grasses. The exhaustive treatise of the German botanists Pent 1 and Engel. gives more definite information about the family. It notes the peculiar qualities of the herbage, the cumarin flavor, bitter salty taste and the large mucilagineous content. These have a per mations, and also give to the young growth its rich succulence and forage value. This analysis explains the observed appreciation by all kinds of stock and is the natural outcome of its rapid development from its large storehouse of root food.

It is interesting to find in classical literature the most abundant and satisfying references to its distribution and value. The name Melilotus "honey flower," is common to the Latin and Greek tongues and is of frequent occurrence in their literature. The name suggests the reason. As honey then was used in place of sugar, bees and their favorite blossoms were highly regarded. Pliny the Roman naturalist makes frequent mention of Melilotus and his writings show an inimate knowledge of its distribution and use. The following is a summary of several references.

Melilotus grows everywhere, is indiginous in waste and woody places, and gives it perfume to the whole place where it grows. It is the most highly prized in Campania in Italy and in Attica and Sunia in Greece and latterly in Chalcis and in Crete. In these countries not the white but the vellow is the more common, but in Italy the white is the more fragrant. It is here called the Garlands of Campania, because formerly crowns or wreaths

were made of it. It is most highly esteemed on account of its very fine and succulent leaves.

Another reference enumerates its remedial values. poultice with flaxseed or the yolk of an egg it is good for sore eyes. Mixed with roseleaves it relieves toothache, headache, earache, and swelling and eruptions on arms and hands. Steeped in wine or freshly bruised it is good for stomachache and also relieves piles, sexual disorders and all other ailments that may arise from the newly acquired use of ice water or raisin wine. Made into a ointment it is smeared upon cancer and is especially good for boils and uleers. As it is still used in policies and salves by our old country people we have here a precedent two thousand years old. We have record of its value as a forage plant, twelve hundred years earlier than this, as early as the Trojan War. Telemachus in his search for Ulysses comes to Sparta and is entertained by Menelaus, who as a parting gift offers him a horse. This he declines because on his rocky island home no Melilot grows on which to feed the steed. It is of interest to note that Melilot is still grown for horses in Asia Minor, just as it was 3,000 years ago. Virgil in a line in his third Georgic confirms the estimate of the food value of the plant. "If milk be thy desire with frequent hand feed Melilot." We have substituted the latin word for clover used in Dryden's translation.

It is of interest to note the difference in quality and strain shown in the forms described in different lands. Pliny's descriptions identify for us the two forms growing in this country. M. Alba with white flowers and M. officinalis with yellow blossoms and he vividly describes their most marked qualities. The German botanist give generic features and note rather a scattering growth and mingling with other grasses. The English forms are described as low or creeping annuals or perennials with too little vigor of growth for economic value as forage plants. Gray's Manual describes the species as growing from 2 to 4 feet high on New England roadsides, while Dr. Baily in his Horticultural Encyclopedia says it grows from 3 to 8 feet high in Central New York. Now here in Northern Illinois I have measured the cut stems that were 10½ feet long and I

think that 12 feet is about its limit of growth. It seems that the soil and climatic conditions are especially favorable for the plant in our great Interior States.

Thomas Jefferson said. "The greatest service that one can render to once country is to introduce a new plant to its culture." But here is a plant that has introduced itself, has proved itself everyway worthy of our highest regard and simply waits our hand to work the most benign results upon our fields and flocks.

Shall we treat it as a friend or still wage warfare against it as a foe!

WHAT THE FARMER LOSES BY BAD ROADS.

EDWARD A. ROSS.

Professor of Sociology, University of Wisconsin.

It is admitted on all hands that our roads are more backward than any other economic appliance in this country. There seems to be an under-investment of labor and capital in roads as compared with railroads, farm machinery, farm improvements, etc. For this condition certain reasons can be assigned.

- 1. Other species of transportation are in charge of private enterprise, and when a good opening presents itself, somebody is sure to see it and improve the opportunity. Roads, on the other hand, are entrusted to public enterprise, and the development of them depends upon a political majority. The enlightenment of majorities is a slow process.
- 2. The desirability of a railroad is ascertained by finding what people will pay for its services. This in turn depends upon the calculation each shipper makes as to the money worth of its service to him. The desirability of a given investment in roads has no such exact money measure, but must be got at by a vague estimate of its general utility, i. e., the total benefit to its users.

- 3. The worth of the services of a railroad is realized at freight offices and ticket offices. The utility of a highway, on the other hand, is not concentrated, but is as diffused as the users of the highway are scatterd. In many cases only a fraction of the utility is enjoyed within the district that must raise the money for the improvement.
- 4. Other outlays of farmers, c. g. for machinery or seed or fertilizers, or good stock have a strong business interest behind them. But there are no drummers or glib agents out trying to sell good roads to farmers.
- 5. The doubting farmer can be induced to take an improved mowing machine on trial, but good roads cannot be taken on trial, and a piece of good road does not exhibit its full usefulness in increasing the size of loads on account of the stretches of bad road that flank it.
- 6. The more progressive farmers buy the new machine and the more backward get it later on, stimulated by their example. But good roads cannot thus be progressively adopted in a neighborhood. They must be adopted at a stroke.
- 7. The excellence of good machinery can be exhibited at county and state fairs, but good roads cannot be so easily exhibited.
- 8. The control of tax payers over outlay for road improvement is less perfect, and therefore less economical, than the control of a railroad corporation over railroad construction, or of farmers over the machinery they buy.

Everyone realizes *some* of the costs of bad roads, but very few have any idea of all these costs. Many of the losses are unnoticed, and never enter into the case against poor highways. The *economic* costs of bad roads may be listed as follows.

1. Extra traction required. A moving load of 2,240 pounds registers on the dynamometer as follows:

On	\mathbf{a}	macadamized road	65 lbs.
On	a	gravel road	140 lbs.
On	a	common dirt road	200 lbs.

2. Roads wholly or partially impassible for a considerable part of the year.

- 3. Inability to utilize good natural roads, owing to necessity of adjusting the load to short stretches of bad road.
- 4. Waste of time of men and horses in not doing the hauling at times when farm work is slack. The same rain that makes the field too wet to work makes the road too muddy to use.
- 5. Waste of farmers' time in making numerous trips with small loads, e. g., taking fifteen days in getting the grain to town, when, with good roads, ten days would have sufficed.
- 6. Waste of farmers' time in resting horses on bad roads, and in delays, breakdowns, etc.
- 7. Bad roads subject team and vehicle to unusual strains, and cause an excessive wear and tear of harness, etc. How many blacksmith bills are chargeable to mud-holes and ruts?
- 8. The net result of a trip to town is not the total weight of wagon and load moved, but the weight of the load alone, i. e. the *live weight*. As the weight of the wagon cannot be reduced, bad roads do all their cutting upon the live weight. Thus the mud that reduces the hauling power of the team one-fourth, may reduce the paying load by one-half.
- 9. The fall in the value of land as we go out from town is more rapid than it would be with better roads. This is not a distinct loss, but simply one of the ways in which the above-mentioned losses register themselves.
- 10. Only rarely can the farmer take advantage of a sudden and brief rise in the price of his grain or stock in central markets. Nearly all the reward of prudent marketing is reaped by the local buyer.
- 11. Either market towns have to be closer together, i. e., more numerous, or else farmers furthest from town must fall behind in prosperity and intelligence. The evil works itself out in both directions.
- 12. The division of labor among farms and farmers is not what it might be. Those who would like to specialize on stock feeding, e. g., are discouraged by the difficulty of hauling hay and corn even a few miles.
- 13. The inferior processes of the neighborhood grist-mill are enabled to compete with the superior processes of the great flour mills.



- 14. Bad roads lead to narrow tires, and narrow tires in turn lead to bad roads. If there were no rutty roads, there would be no motive for making tires so narrow.
- 15. Unnecessary amount of land devoted to highway. We lay out sixty foot weed-beds because we expect to go around the mud-hole instead of filling it up.
- 16. Bad roads make the farmer excessively dependent on the buyers and merchants of the nearest town. Good roads would grant him the blessings of competition.
- 17. The short-comings of our highways compel railroads to be built closer together, and hence obliges us to pay earnings on a greater mass of railroad capital.
- 18. Railroads must keep on hand more rolling stock than the traffic would require if our roads were equally passable all the year so that the product of the farm could be delivered to the railroads more evenly.
- 19. Increased difficulty of getting tools and machinery promptly repaired. Less access to blacksmiths, farriers, veterinary surgeons, etc.

Besides these economic costs, there are certain social costs occasioned by bad roads.

- 1. Fewer rural delivery routes,—fewer daily papers taken by the farmer—less attention to prices and markets for farm products—comparative backwardness of rural population.
 - 2. Reduces access of farmers' children to town high schools.
- 3. Lessens church facilities and church attendance, and multiplies the number of little, local, half-starved churches.
- 4. Less possibility of social gatherings, such as concerts, lectures, debating societies, singing schools, parties.
- 5. Prevents the intermingling of town and country population and accentuates differences of type.
- 6. Stimulates the moval of retired farmers to town, and thus abstracts from the country many of the most progressive and valuable residents.
- 7. Reduces social intercourse in the country, and increases the loneliness and poverty of country life. The heart hunger and monotony drive the rising generation from the farm to the city.



- 8. Farmers enjoy no prompt access to medical aid in cases of emergency.
- 9. Weakens the associative power of farmers. This is why they are so individualistic, so suspicious of one another, so unused to co-operation. Hence they fail to mass their forces for political purposes, and have less political weight than they ought to have.
- 10. At times keeps farmers away from the polls and thereby cancels their franchise.
- 11. Discourages communal life, such as is found in the farm vilages of France or Germany, where the farmers enjoy the advantages of the village windmill, laundry, bakery, meat-shop, smithy, icehouse, creamery.
- 12. Town people enjoy fewer picnics and visits in the country, and consequently know less of country life, its opportunities and enjoyments.

PROFITABLE HOG RAISING ON THE FARM.

DAVID IMRIE, ROBERTS, WIS.

I hardly know how to discuss this topic at a meeting of the Live Stock Breeders of the State. All large manufacturers have chemists and experts examining their by-products hunting for any little waste, as therein often lies the difference between success and failure.

Wisconsin is pre-eminently a dairy State, the manufacture of milk, butter and cheese being her principal business. We should study conditions so that we can utilize all the by-products from the dairy and farm to the best advantage.

Some dairymen have tried feeding the skim milk to the cows, but with indifferent success. They were trying to get rid of the hog, but he is a hard fellow to down. They may think they have him down, sometimes when prices are below three cents, but in a year or two he is on top again, at six or seven cents.

The hog and the dairy cow work nicely together. You need the corn fodder but not all the corn for your cow, so the hog can take the skim milk and the surplus corn and get a balanced ration that is hard to beat. When a man has determined the kind of farming he intends to follow and has his fences and buildings suited to that particular line, don't change without first studying the matter very carefully.

The temptation to seil out a certain kind of stock, is always when it is low and go into something that is high—don't do it. All classes of stock have their ups and downs and with hogs these come closer together than with almost any other kind of stock. In my own experience I have seen hogs down to \$2.22½, and in the same market inside of two years, up to \$8.15. So don't be discouraged if prices are low—they will soon turn.

When prices are high, almost any one can make money raising hogs, but when the turn comes and prices drop, only the best stock men can make good. To make money at all times, we must have the right kind of stock. They should be deep, broad, long, compact and symmetrical, standing squarely on their legs; bone of medium size, clean and covered with fine silky hair; head and ears refined; disposition should be quiet and docile. After you have this class of stock, don't spoil them by improper feeding and care. I have seen breeders start in with good stock, and in a few years have them so fine that they are useless as breeders. They were running after some fad. It seems to be the disposition of breeders of all classes of stock to run after fads at times, until they realize (when it is too late) that they have hurt the breed—so don't do it.

Have the pigs farrowed as near one time as possible, as they can be cared for with less work. If of one age they will feed better together, and also sell better. In Wisconsin, April is perhaps the best month to have sows farrow, although for pork making, early May pigs are equally good. After farrowing, feed the sow light'y, increasing slowly for a week or ten days before you get her on full feed, then give her all she will eat up clean, three times a day, and get the pigs out on the ground as soon as possible.

As soon as they begin to eat, give them some skin milk and soaked corn as a side dish. Feed the young stock so that they

will develop a good strong muscular body, getting a good deal of this from June grass, clover, rape, etc., always adding some grain and milk when on pasture. I have found that pigs do better on a ration of clover, skim milk and corn; than clover, milk and shorts, as the latter is too narrow. Shorts or middlings are excellent feeds for pigs, if combined with corn or barley. We carry the pigs through the summer on these feeds, always having fresh water for them to drink. This is best supplied with an automatic drinking fountain attached to the water tank, or a barrel, keeping the barrel filled with water.

In the fall when the new corn is ripe, we commence feeding some of it with the old, until they are on new corn. They are then turned into a field of standing corn, large enough to last them about three weeks. In this field was sown at the last cultivation of the corn, three pounds of rape seed, per acre. This makes a good pasture, as well as furnishing the corn. We also feed slop, composed of barley meal and middlings. The corn fodder in this field is lost, of course, but it takes a good deal of work off of our hands at a time when we are very busy filling our silos and cutting the balance of our corn. And I have never found any way in which I could get quicker growth.

Of course, the breeding stock should be separated from those you intend to fatten, and not allowed to have so much corn. Give them a clover pasture and some grain, so that at mating time they will be strong and vigorous, and in the best of condition, with plenty of muscular development.

After breeding, they are fed like this:—whole oats, on a feeding floor, or in flat-bottomed troughs, in the morning. This keeps them on their feet for two hours or more. At noon they are given a slop of oatmeal, barley meal and shorts, this being fed warm. At night they get corn. Feed enough to keep them gaining all the time, so that they will be in good flesh at farrowing time, but not over-fat.

Their quarters should be kept clean and dry. Dryness is more essential than warmth, in a hog house. Don't make an "A" shaped hog house, and leave all the cracks open so that the wind can blow through. Make all the cracks tight by using shiplap and battons, and hang an old piece of carpet or bran sack at the door, and then you have a nice place for two or three

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full grown, or four or five young sows to sleep in. Place this some distance from your feeding floor, and you have conditions right to give the sows exercise. It is well to give them the run of the barnyard as they must have exercise.

Feed the young and old sows separately, as the old ones may hurt the younger ones, and then they will get more than they ought to have of the feed. I prefer mature stock for breeding, but we always have some young sows.

If cared for in this way, you should have no trouble in getting them on the market at seven or eight months of age, weighing between 200 and 300 pounds.

SOME UNCONSIDERED AND UNKNOWN FACTORS IN THE BREEDING OF DAIRY COWS.

By A. J. GLOVER.

Associate Editor Hoard's Dairyman, Ft. Atkinson, Wis.

The successful breeder of live stock is by no means an ordinary person. The man who shapes and moulds living things in forms best suited to perform their functions is a genius, worthy of being called great. Such men have lived, and they have left a lasting impression upon the stock that they bred. They found certain truths and held fast to them, but they did not discover all the truth. The problems of breeding are too intricate for the human intellect of one generation to solve them all, and it is very doubtful whether man will ever be able to comprehend and control all the principles that govern the science of breeding, for not only is animal life complicated and modified by environment. but improvement creates new conditions and brings new things for consideration.

The problems of breeding are ever changing us, we draw near to the ideal animal. In our search for truth, we often lay hold of false ideals and put emphasis upon the unimportant. Sooner or later we will drop many of the things which we are now teaching and believing and put in their place more exact knowledge. Fads and frills, to a large extent, will disappear, when we put our minds on the true object for which we are breeding.

BEAUTY AND UNIFORMITY VS. RECORDS.

Beauty and uniformity have value even though they do not increase the milk production of the herd. Some breeders consider fancy points the primary object in keeping dairy cows. On the other hand, some breeders are judging the animal entirely from performance at the pail and pay but little or no attention to breed characteristics. While the principal end in the breeding of the dairy cow is milk, I do not believe that fancy points should be entirely ignored, neither do I believe they should be considered to the sacrifice of production. It seems to me that we have reached a state of development of dairy cattle whereby the record of the cow should form a part of the basis for judging her. The question is:

How many points out of 100 should be given the productive powers of the animal and how many to breed characteristics, which deal largely in making animals of uniform type and to conform to certain standards outlined by the different breed associations.

By productive powers of the animal, I mean her abiltiy to produce young as well as milk. Is there not some way by which breeders of pure bred stock could keep yearly milk records and breeding records and in time formulate a score card that would cover all the points?

The fancy points are well worth considering even though the primary object of breeding the dairy cow is to produce those that are capable, but we must not lose sight of the fact that admirers of fancy stock are willing to pay long prices for the animal that not only rewards him bountifully at the pail but also pleases his eye.

PRODUCTIVITY AT THE PAIL—HOW MUCH DOES IT INTERFERE WITH
THE PRODUCTIVITY OF WOMB.

There seems to be a tendency among the highest producing dairy cows to become barren, or at least, be poor or irregular breeders. It is very important that the b'ood of the best animals should be transmitted to their offspring, and in turn through their progeny reproduce themselves, if the most desirable qualities of the best dairy animals are to be maintained and handed down to the coming generation.

Through the anxiety to make large records with the phenomenal cow, she is very often over fed, which from indications not only injures her digestive organs, but also her reproductive power as well. Over feeding may be one of the chief causes for barrenness and irregular breeding. Who can say?

Perhaps another reason may be due to the high development of the mammary gland, a condition which must be obtained to have an exceptional animal. The nervous system in the dairy animal is supposed to be higher developed than in beef animal. Is it probable that this condition may have something to do with the breeding power of the high class dairy cows? The udder is connected with the womb by a wonderful network of nerves called the sympathetic plexus and thence to the lumbor region of the spine. It might be inferred that excessive lactation would have a reflect effect on the womb. I might go on supposing other causes for irregular breeding and barrenness, but this is enough to suggest the importance of breeders giving this subject some serious attention and try to work out, if possible, some system work by which breeding records may be kept as well as of the milk and fat.

SHORT AND FORCED TESTS.

Too much emphasis has been laid upon forced tests—such as the weekly, 30 day, and the ones held at our expositions. These tests show what it is possible for a dairy bred cow to do in a short time, but they do not reveal her true ability—that is, to produce large amounts of milk and fat for a series of years and also produce strong and talented dairy animals. In other words,

it is very doubtful to me whether these tests, like St. Louis, advertise our dairy cattle in the proper way. For example, perhaps a good intentioned but not we'l informed man makes up his mind to breed Jerseys, because they won at St. Louis, and he makes a few purchases regardless of the ability of the animals. This man, to a certain extent, will expect his Jerseys to do as well as those at St. Louis, and if they do not, he is disappointed.

On the other hand, these tests, being a great deal like a horse race, the majority of dairymen that read of the results are not stimulated to get better dairy stock, any more than they are led to believe that they should raise trotting horses because Dan Patch paces a mile in 1:55 and sells for \$60,000.00. They think that this class of cattle is beyond them, and, therefore, they never take interest in them.

Futhermore, too many animals are made useless through the excessive work that they are called upon to do in a short time. Some of the best cows at the St. Louis Fair, are now worthless and their blood lost to the dairy world, because of this test.

I think we aught to emphasize the greater importance of the yearly test of cows, under ordinary dairy condition, over the weekly or 30 day test, or forced yearly records, for the reason that special tests are more apt to tempt men over the danger line. Then too, the yearly test, made under herd conditions is a better guarantee of the staying power of the cow and her real producing ability.

The Holstein-Friesian Association has a system of testing cows within 30 days after calving, and then again in 8 months. The Guernsey Cattle C'ub test one day each month during the year. The Jersey and Ayrshire breeders have similar tests. But the largest number of official records are made in seven days, which is too short a time to prove the merits or demerits of a cow.

The system of testing cows 30 days after calving and again in 8 months or testing them once a month, through the year, should be encouraged, for both systems give very satisfactory results.

In making yearly tests heavy feeding of meal should be avoided, for there are strong indications that over feeding impairs procreative powers of animals. We want cows that are large producers of milk and fat, but we also want them to pro-

duce strong and vigorous calves. Let us be enthusiastic about records but let us also consider other things which are quite as important to the breeder, if the highest type of animal is to be developed.

HOW SHALL WE BREED TO PRODUCE THE BEST COWS!

It is easier to ask such a question than it is to answer it. The aim of all breeders should be to produce superior cows. It is quite generally believed that daughters take after their fathers and sons after their mothers, in what might be called "prepondevent heredity." Now, if this be in the main true, most breeders are working against the law in their efforts to breed on an improving and upward grade. They pay much more attention to the quality of the cow, as the parent of heifers, than they do to the bull. The true working of that law would be to the effect that good cow will reproduce her good qualities, not so much through her daughters as through her sons, to be shown finally in her grand daughters.

A diagram of the Darwinian law of descent would be like this:

Sire Son Grandson
Dam Daughter Grand-daughter

It is important that both the dam and sire should be high classed animals. But in the production of good heifers, is it not of more importance that the sire should be richly bred? Who can say with certainty?

Dauncey Theory—No greater breeder of dairy cattle ever lived than Mr. Philip Dauncey, who developed the Rioter family of Jerseys. His main object in breeding was to create an animal of great strength in constitution and capable of producing large yields of milk. He had the faculty of mating animals to produce his ideal, but unfortunately for breeders, this wonderful gift he took with him to the grave. We have, however, seen the results of his work and by this means have been able to judge the kind of animal that he developed.

Mr. Dauncey believed in coarseness rather than in finest of physique—coarse hair, heavy bones, and a coarse head were

considered by him indicative of bodily vigor and a constitution that was capable of resisting disease. The ugly looking head is one of the striking characteristics of the Rioter family, which have been noted far and wide as large produce and strongly developed animals.

In the scientific breeding of dairy animals such points as the above should be noted, and in due time there would be tabulated data, which would suggest or indicate whether coarseness of bone, head and hair, had anything to do with bodily vigor and a disease resisting constitution.

What Reveals Constitution—It is an axiom (?) among many teachers of animal and dairy husbandry that depth and width of thorax are indicative of great lung capacity and large hearts. Too frequently is it said that dairy cattle have not the constitution that the beef animals have, because they have less heart girth. The measuring of the size of lungs in both the dairy and the beef animals has been mostly from external observation.

In bulletin No. 81 from the Iowa Experiment Station, the weights of the hearts and lungs of four dairy and four beef steers are given and I reproduce them in the following table:

Dairy steers.

Hearts.	Lungs and windpipe.
Lbs.	Lbs.
4.0	10.0
4.5	10.0
4.5	11.0
1.5	8.5
3.4	9.87
2.89	8.42
	Lbs. 4.0 4.5 4.5 3.4

Beef stecrs.

Broed.	Heart.	Lungs and windpipe.
	Lbs.	Lbs.
Hereford	3.5	6.0
Hereford	6.0	8.0
Angus	2.5	6.5
Angus	3.0	7.5
Average	3.7	7.0
For each 1,000 lbs	2.88	5.46

From the table it will be seen that the dairy steers have considerably larger lungs and about the same sized hearts. If the computation is made, per thousand pounds live weight the lungs and windpipes of dairy steers are 54.6 per cent larger than those of the beef steers and the hearts only a triffle larger.

Since so few animals are brought into this calculation I do not feel like laying too much stress upon it, but these figures at least suggest that some other proof must be given besides external observation and measurements to judge the lung capacity of the animal, because, as a rule, the beef animal is larger in heart girth than the dairy. Would it not be well for some experiment station to take up this work and give us more data upon the comparative sizes of the heart and lungs in the dairy and beef animals; also whether the size of the lungs and heart aro. in fact, indicative of a strong constitution. Dauncey laid great stress upon coarse hair, bones and head; Hoard thinks strong abdominal wals and strong naval development indicative of a vigorous constitution.

WHAT REVEALS PREPOTENCY.

I wish we could find some data to work on for estimating and teaching the outward indications of prepotency in maies of the dairy breeds. This is the Crucial test of their value, yet no one seems to be able to point out how it may be determined. Some

claim that the bull with a temperament that can easily be transformed into viciousness has more prepotency than the calm, mild tempered and docile fellow, and the suggestion is that such a bull has a larger amount of nerve force. I am not ready to offer anything for or against this theory except to say that I have noticed that animals possessing a rather mean disposition seem to have wonderful ability to produce offsprings with a similar disposition and characters, although modified, more or less, by the other parent.

It has been suggested also that removing the horns from the bull tends to impair his prepotent powers as a dairy sire, because it takes away from him a certain amount of viciousness and self confidence, possibly nerve force. It breaks his will. He becomes more or less passive. From this we might infer that will power, aggressiveness, self assertion have something to do with the prepotent powers of the dairy animal. Is there not some method or means by which these factors may be determined with certainty?

It follows, as it seems to me, from this confessedly incomplete and unsatisfactory discussion of the subject assigned me. that there are quite too many unconsidered and unknown factors connected with the present day breeding of dairy cows, and that the breeders of dairy cows and that the breeders of dairy animals in Wisconsin owe it to themselves, as well as to the great body of dairymen who look to them for animals to improve their herds, to put more thought and closer study into their business and thus reduce the number of these unconsidered and unknown factors. Breeders of horses, sheep, swine and beef animals are, I regret to say, more nearly masters of the science and practice of breeding to a purpose than are the breeders of dairy cattle. There is greater co-operation among these breeders; they unite in displaying their live stock and in booming their respective breeds. Now, let us, as dairy breeders, follow their wise example and not only co-operate, display and boom our dairy breeds, but try to solve some of the unknown problems of breeding dairy cattle,



CONCRETE ON THE FARM.

PROF. G. N. KNAPP, MADISON, WIS.

So much has been, and is at present being written on the subject of Concrete that one may well hesitate in taking it as a topic. For the hope of adding anything new to the discussion must be prompted by a vain conceit; and evidence that the long suffering public is already feeling bored is not lacking. But the theme is alluring, and if the active interest of some one heretofore indifferent can be enlisted, the effort will have been well spent even though nothing new is contributed to the discussion.

There is an impression abroad, all too prevalent, that Concrete is a new thing—a fad; that it is being exploited by the class that are ever on the alert for the strange, the peculiar and the "newfangled notions." We are told that Concrete will have its day, as every dog has his day, as the bicycle-craze came and went, and as other crazes will come and go, so we are told concrete will go as it has come.

That concrete has suffered some at the hands of its over-ardent friends is not to be gain-said, but this is not a valid reason for condemning concrete. That concrete will go as rapidly as it has come into prominence is an assumption that would hardly seem to be warranted by historical facts.

Is concrete new? It has not yet been determined when the use of concrete was first discovered or employed. The Romans, under whose extraordinary advancement the art of masonry reached its highest development, and remarkably wide application, certainly used concrete and recognized it as a part of their masonry practice 2,000 years ago. They used it apparently for rather diverse purposes also.

A few weeks ago there appeared in the Engineering News a photograph of a bridge built by the Romans 500 A. D. An ordinary country road bridge with a span of 13'. This bridge 1,400 years old, still stands, and if one might judge of the ma-

sonry from its appearance in the photograph, the bridge would seem to be good for 1,400 years more of service. Is there, or is there not, in this a suggestion for Wisconsin Farmers who are paying bridge taxes for wood and iron structures— The concrete done by the Romans 1,500 to 2,000 years ago is still in good condition.

But, if concrete is a material of such extraordinary durability and adaptability, why have we not heard more about it until recent years? The answer to this is found in the price of cement. A few years ago a new process of manufacturing Portland cement was discovered by which a good product could be put on the market at \$1.50 per barrel at a profit; previously the prices had been \$3.00 and \$4.00 per barrel.

Engineers and the best contractors have long recognized superiority and adaptability of cement as a material of construction. They knew that even at \$3.00 and \$4.00 per barrel cement was more economical than any other material for a large proportion of present structures. But with the high price of cement the first cost of such construction was too great. It was difficult to persuade property owners that with the high first cost such constructions could be economical.

The decrease in the price of cement therefore gave the wide-awake engineers and contractors the opportunity they had long wanted. The past 5 years has witnessed a most extraordinary development in this type of construction, the like of which finds no parallel in history; and, if we may take the concrete work of the Romans as an index of the enduring nature of this material, it may be inferred that concrete has come to stay. If all further construction in concrete were to cease the structures done in this material during the past 5 years would stand as monuments to the wonderful possibilities of concrete.

What part has the farm played in this development, or in the demonstration of the adaptability of concrete to modern construction? Are the possibilities of concrete taken advantage of on the farm, are they comprehended? To be sure concrete floors have come into general favor for stables, and have been used by the progressive few for many years. Cement mangers for cows, and troughs for hogs have been used to some extent.

and more recently, cement fence posts have been tried by a few. But when all these uses of concrete on the farm have been enumerated we still have but a very small part of the possible uses of that material. For instance, how many farm-houses are built of concrete? By this we mean all concrete, not exterior walls of concrete block, but the use of re-inforced concrete for floors, stairs, partition walls, etc., in short, a fire proof farm-house.

When it is re-called that buildings such as factories, ware-houses, office-buildings, school-houses, apartment-houses, and residences are built exclusively of concrete in the city; no wood being used except for doors and windowsashes; the floors columns, posts, beams, girders, and even the roofs being concrete. When moreover, it is re-called that some of these buildings are 16 stories high, that in some of them concrete beams and girders are found 50 and 100' in length without intermediate support, we get some conception of the vast possibilities of concrete and we are led to inquire again, why is not this material adapted to farm-house construction.

If we attempt to enumerate the pros. and cons. on this question, we find that the evidence is over-whelmingly in favor of such use, and practically the only reasons why it is not used, are that the method of construction is new, that farmers are conservative and have not fully realized the situation. I say the method is new, that is, the method of using a concrete re-inforced, for while concrete construction for foundations and for self sustaining masonary arches is old, re-inforced concrete construction is comparatively new.

1st., relative cost.—A concrete house need not cost to exceed 25 per cent more than a brick house, and under favorable conditions, the difference might be considerably less. That is, a \$4,000.00 brick house could be built in concrete for less than \$5,000.00. A \$2,000.00 brick house could be built in concrete for \$2,500.00.

2nd. Fire Proof Quality.—The concrete house is fire-proof, and it is the only house that is fire-proof; this is perhaps the most important consideration of all for farm buildings are entirely at the mercy of the accidental fire. Once the fire starts,

the building burns, that is all. In the city where the danger of fire from adjacent buildings is infinitely greater than it is in the country, thousands of concrete buildings earry no insurance whatever, and frequently, none on their contents, so great is the security against fire. The saving of insurance in a few years more than pays for the extra first cost of constructions.

3rd. Permanency.—The concrete house is a permanent structure; it does not deteriorate, but grows better with age, so that the expense of maintenance, repairs, paint, etc., are eliminated.

4th. Vermin Proof.—The concrete house is rat and mouse proof; it harbers no vermin of any sort.

5th. Sonitary.—The concrete house is sanitary; no moulding or decaying wood with its attendant odors, and all parts of the house may be easily and completely disinfected when desired.

The objections to concrete constructions on the farm may be enumerated as follows:

1st. Contractors as a rule are unfamiliar with the method of construction; they can not estimate closely the cost of construction, and hesitate to attempt new and unfamiliar work. Not infrequently they "knock" the constructions, and the less a person knows of a subject the better prepared is he to do a certain kind of "knocking," for the imagination then is un-hampered by facts.

2nd. The adventurous contractor or novice. ever ready to attempt anything, is more of a menace to concrete constructions in the country than he is in the city, and of the menaces that threaten concrete, poorly executed work is by far the most serious.

Every consideration such as ultimate economy, safety, and comfort point to the constructions of farm houses of concrete. There is absolutely no question but that within 20 years, if not much sooner, concrete will be the prevailing type of construction for farm houses, where permanent buildings are desired.

Wisconsin is now just entering upon that stage of development when permanent structures are demanded; the pioneer



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days have gone. Make-shift buildings which are a natural part of the early development of any new region, have had their day, and have served a useful purpose. But half a century is long enough to try out any region and to indicate its possibilities, and its place in the industrial system. In Wisconsin, this has been accomplished. The wide range of possibilities of agriculture in Wisconsin are fully demonstrated, but its peculiar adaptability to the live-stock industry is exceptionally well shown. The size of the farms has become relative stable; the proper location of the building sites on many farms have been shown through the years of residence; the type of buildings adapted to Wisconsin climatic conditions have been determined by the test of years. The land values . have enormously increased, so that holdings that have remained in the same families for two or more generations have gathered unto themselves considerable wealth.

In the aggregate then there are a large number of farms in Wisconsin that are ready to build permanently; the present is opportune,—it is critical. Upon this generation has devolved the most important task of initiating a line of permanent constructions to serve an industry that is destined to run through generations and probably through centuries. Will we start right?

What possibilities in rural architecture are here! What does is portend if in building permanently we build wrong, or follow false ideals! It is perhaps fortunate that up to this time our farm buildings have been largely make-shifts, done in wood, perishable. Many of them are so unsanitary and unhealthy, and are such monuments of inconvenience that it would have been humiliating if they had been done in a type of construction so permanent as to have lasted another half century, for they would then become the butt of ridicule of a more enlightened generation. As it is we have the consolation that 50 years hence practically all of the present farm buildings will have disappeared, and the grand children of this generation will find few relics of the present irrational construction with which to reproach us.

If you build concrete, therefore, be careful how you build, for it will endure. Do not "visit your sins" of omissions or

commission "upon your children unto the 3rd and 4th generation," by perpetuating in concrete the errors of present constructions.

Are we then all wise as to what is the correct construction in farm buildings? Are all of the problems in farm building and arrangements solved? No! not by any manner of means. That stage it is hoped will never be reached. We grow or deteriorate, we progress or retrogress; there is no stand-still. and so long as we progress changes in methods and practices will be found necessary. It is not unlikely that a better understanding of the physiology and other vital problems in connection with farm animals will be discovered in the future, and will indicate radical changes in the methods of caring for the livestock, and with such changes will come changes in the types of building demanded, but we can not postpone the construction of the buildings at present needed in order to wait for more light, which may be delayed in coming. The only sensible thing to do then is to build as well as we know how in the light of present knowledge, utilizing so far as possible what our present knowledge indicates are the best principals, and avoiding things which are known to be undesirable from considerations of sanitation, health, convenience, safety, and economy. If our farm buildings are upto-date when built, if they incorporate the best information of our time, we have nothing to fear from the judgment of future generations.

Wisconsin has reached that stage of development when the necessity for intensive methods in farming has become apparent. Land values have increased, competition has become severe, and the margin of profit is narrower than it was. It is evident that there must be a larger output for the investment in capital and labor; the farm must be run at its full capacity. The 160 acre farm that keeps 20 cows and raises 100 hogs and 100 sheep annually, is not run at a full capacity, if it is run as a stock farm simply. Such a farm is not unlike the manufacturing plant which runs at one-third its capacity; keeping the plant in repair, paying a small interest on the investment and making a living for the owner, but the profit is

small as compared with what it might be if run at its full capacity.

The ordinary Wisconsin stock farm requires an equipment in the way of suitable buildings, fences and machinery, and the amount of this equipment is almost proportional to the amount of the stock kept. A little calculating will convince anyone that a Wisconsin stock farm equipped to run at full capacity will require buildings and fences to a value at least equal to the value of the land, even where land values are \$100.00 per acre.

The first cost of equipment of a farm is too seldom appreciated; and when to this first cost is added the ever recurring cost of maintenance incident to rapid deterioration, the problem of farm equipment assumes threatening propositions. It requires but little argument to show that the only solution to this problem is to be found in a construction that will endure, one that will not deteriorate.

The fence problem is on the whole a serious one but it would be no problem at all if fences once built were permanent. It is the deterioration of the fence which makes it a problem. In other words, it is the maintenance and not the first cost of construction which makes fence construction a problem. If we have a form of construction that is permanent, and one that is adapted to the wide range of farm construction including buildings and fences, it is of tremendous importance, since this would solve the most important problem in American Agriculture.

Farm buildings and fences in Wisconsin in 1905, according to the 12th census, were value at \$29,000,000.00, and when we consider that these buildings were to a large extent makeshifts affairs of a nominal value only, it is a safe estimate that these same buildings constructed in permanent form would be worth 3 or 4 times the value given. We have, therefore, in round numbers a sum of \$100,000,000.00 which the present equipment of farms in Wisconsin would cost if well constructed. When, in addition to this we recall that very few farms are run at full capacity, and that the present number of buildings are an insignificant part of what will be demanded in the future, the problems assume even greater proportions.

Have we in concrete construction the solution of this great problem? It would be probably unsafe to answer this question in the affirmative without qualifications, but it is safe to say that concrete offers a solution to a large proportion of these problems.

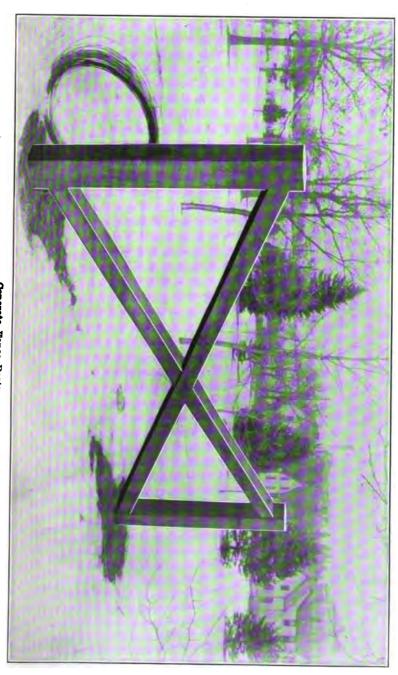
It is difficult to find types of construction on the farm to which concrete is not adapted. For fence posts it is certainly adapted, there are undoubtedly many minor problems or details in the manufacture of cement posts yet to be solved, but that concrete is adapted to this construction is demonstrated.

Figure 1 shows an end or anchor post for wire fence, which by an ordinary field test showed a factor of safety of at least 3; that is, it was tested by a 15 wire woven fence and was found to stand a pull three times as great as such a fence would be subjected to in ordinary use. This post cost \$2.40 for steel and cement, and required two hours' work of two men to set up the forms, mix the concrete and pour the post. There is no reason why such a post should not last as long as the concrete work of the Romans, viz., for many centuries.

That concrete is adapted to horse-barn construction such as stalls, floors, mangers, etc., is certain. Think of the satisfaction that the farmer would feel in knowing that his horse stalls and mangers were built once for all, that they would never need to be repaired, patched up, or rebuilt.

Many of the buildings on the farm that should be built in concrete are difficult constructions, requiring considerable skill, and should be undertaken only by contractors who have had considerable experience in reinforced concrete work. On the other hand there is a large amount of construction on the farm that should be done in concrete which the majority of farmers are perfectly competent to do, such for instance as floors and fence posts. To do such work a farmer need only to have had a half day's experience in actual mixing and laying of concrete, and to have mastered a few of the elementary principles involved and these principles, be it said, can be mastered by the average farmer, in an hour or two hours of reading. Unfortunately there is at present no text covering the subject which is especially adapted to farm use, but such texts will no doubt appear in time.





It would be impossible in this paper to go into the details of construction of the many things on the farm that should be built in concrete, for it would require a considerable volume to adequately discuss and illustrate them. It may not be amiss however, to touch upon a few elementary matters, which, if we may judge from the discussions in current farm papers requires a little further attention.

1st. The properties of cement as compared with lime. Cement is a special form of lime; it has many, but not all of the properties of common lime, and has in addition, properties which lime does not have. Lime stone is essential to the production of both lime and cement, so the two products are similar as to their source, but whereas limestone alone is required to produce common lime, the production of cement requires, in addition to limestone other ingredients, such as clay. To make good Portland cement the ingredients must be carefully selected, carefully mixed in proper proportions, burned in a special way, and ground to powder. Expensive machinery is required all through the process of manufacture; a great deal more expense and care than is required in making common lime. Cement, therefore, is a special product and. like most other special products, requires special care, and more or less skill in its use in order to obtain the best results.

2nd. All Portland cement is hydraulic, that is, it will set, or harden, under water, which natural cement and common lime will not do. No fear need be felt therefore in using water in concrete work. Lime must have air in order to set properly; cement does not need iar in the process of setting.

3rd. Portland cement sets quickly. A paste made of Portland cement and water will begin to set in 20 to 30 minutes, or even sooner, under certain conditions, and while it is possible to remix such a paste after half an hour or longer, and still have the paste retain its strength, this requires skill, and a familiarity with the property of cement. Therefore, a cement paste should be applied as quickly as possible after mixing, and should be mixed in small quantities or batches, so that it can be applied before setting begins. Any slight amount of water which cement can obtain will be used in set-

ting a part of the cement. Therefore cement must be stored in a dry place where water, or damp air, has no access to it.

4th. Mixing sand with cement retards the setting, so that a lean mortar made of 1 part cement to 6 parts of sand, sets much more slowly than a rich mortar of one part cement to one part sand, but still it is best to mix even lean mortar in small batches, so that it can be applied at once. In this respect cement mortar is in marked contrast with lime mortar, for lime mortar may be kept indefinitely, even for years without setting, if air be excluded. At this point is the proper place to call attention to a very common and very bad practice in the use of cement mortars.

It is a very common practice with mason's tenders using lime mortars to partly mix a batch of lime paste and sand the last thing at night as a start for the next morning. When a change is made from lime to cement mortars the mason tender very commonly falls into the error of attempting the same practice with cement; that is, he will mix up a batch of cement and sand dry at night so that in the morning he has only to add the water. This is exceedingly bad practice because ordinarily dry sand contains enough moisture to set half the cement, so that mortar made from a dry mixture that has stool (ver night is alm ast worthless.

5th. The function of water in setting cement. The setting or hardening of cement is a process of crystallization to which heat and water are essential. In hot summer weather cement sets very rapidly; in cold winter weather the cement sets slowly, or if the materials are below freezing, setting is suspended until the temperature rises.

When water is added to cement it unites with the cement and forms a crystalline substance somewhat analogous to the crystalline limestone from which the cement is derived. The strength which the mortar may attain depends on the nature of this crystallization; if the conditions are the best possible, the crystallization will be complete or perfect, and the aggregate will be bound together as tightly as rock crystals can bind it.

Water is absolutely necessary to the growth of these erystals; as essential as is water to the growth of corn. As a de-

ficiency of water in the growing season means stunted or dwarfed corn or perhaps a failure of the crop, so also a deficiency of water in concrete when it is setting means that the growth of crystals will be partial only; the concrete will not develop its maximum strength, and may be a complete failure. At one point, however, the analogy fails, viz., whereas the corn crop may have too much water, the concrete work can not have too much water, at least not after it has taken the first set.

Proportioning mortars. Ordinary coarse sand has about 34 per cent of voids or unoccupied space between the sand grains, so that if we take three cubic feet of sand and we can pour one cubic foot of water into it. If it were possible to get cement into these voids, one cubic foot of cement would just fill the voids in three cubic feet of sand, and if the cement were to set in that position, it would give a dense stone without voids or pores; an absolutely water proof stone. As a matter of fact, however, it is a mechanical impossibility to get cement into the voids of sand in that way, and when we resort to the ordinary methods of mixing the sand and cement to fill these voids the cement coats the sand grains, crowding them apart and swelling the bulk of the sand so that one part of cement will fill the voids of only about two and one-half parts of sand.

The finer a sand the larger the percentage of voids and the more the cement required to fill them. Other things being equal then fine sand is more expensive than coarse sand in concrete work.

Assuming that we have ordinary coarse sand, if one part of cement to five parts of sand is used, it is evident that the voids in the sand will not be entirely filled with cement. When the mortar has set the resulting stone will have the voids about half filled, it will be about half as porous as the sand from which it was made; that is, if the sand had 34 per cent of voids, the stone made by the 1:5 mixture would have about 17 per cent voids, which would be similar to the average sandstone used for building purposes. Such a stone would take up water, or allow water to pass through it, to about the same degree that common building stones do.

It follows that if water tight mortar is wanted, cement enough must be used to fill the voids of the sand. The strength of mortar is also proportional to the density, so that if the strongest possible mortar is desired, the voids of the sand must be completely filled with cement.

Ordinary gravel or crushed stone, like sand has about 30 to 35 per cent of viods. If we were to use clear cement to fill these voids, so as to make a water tight concrete, it would require about one part of cement to two and one-half parts of stone, but it is evident that a water tight mortar made of one part cement to two and one-half parts of sand will fill these voids in the gravel or stone just as well as will the clear cement. One cubic foot of cement mixed with two and onehalf cubic feet of sand will make nearly three cubic feet of mortar, and this mortar will fill the voids in about six cubic feet of gravel, and will swell the volume of the gravel to nearly seven cubic feet. By using mortar of sand and cement to fill the voids in the gravel, we are therefore saving half of the cement that would be necessary if sand were not used; or stating the matter in another way, if we mix the right proportion of gravel with the sand, we obtain more than twice as much concrete with the same amount of cement that we would if sand only were used.

A few calculations here will convince any one that it will pay to look carefully after the proportioning of his sand and gravel in concrete work. On the farm most concrete work is done with bank gravel and sand, using it directly as it comes from the pit; very rarely is it screened and remixed.

Let us assume that a concrete floor is to be made and we have decided to use for the base of the floor one part cement, three parts sand, and six parts gravel; one cubic foot of sement, three cubic feet of sand and six cubic feet of gravel, when mixed will give about 7 cubic feet of concrete. Suppose now we do not stop to screen the sand from the gravel to find what proportion of each are present, but we just use the material as it comes from the bank; assuming that the proportions are right, we use seven parts of this bank gravel and sand to one of cement which is a very common practice.

If the bank gravel be two-thirds gravel and one-third sand,

then our concrete mixture will be about what was intended, but suppose that upon screening, the bank gravel is found to contain two-thirds sand and one-third gravel, then what is the constitution of the mixture made of one part of cement to seven parts of this material? In that case seven cubic feet of bank gravel and sand would contain about 5 cubic feet of sand and two cubic feet of gravel, and our mixture would be one part cement, five parts sand, and two parts gravel; that is, the gravel would be distributed through a mortar made of one part cement to five parts sand. This concrete would be about half as strong as the intended mixture of 1:3:6:, and the resulting concrete would be no stronger than this lean mortar. The result would be that the concrete floor would be half as strong as was intended, and perhaps half as strong as we thought we were making it; it would also be very porous. Is there not here a suggestion or possible explanation why some concrete floors are not what we thought they were going to be?

But I hear some one say, "Oh well, probably the floor was strong enough after all," Let us grant this, let us assume that the floor is strong enough, that is, let us assume that the 1:5: mixture of cement and sand with some gravel through it makes a bed sufficiently strong for the purpose. Then it must follow that we had planned originally to throw away a large amount of sement when we proposed making the concrete 1:3:6:.

Must we then screen all the gravel and sand intended for concrete work? Not necessarily. There is no doubt however, that taking the concrete work done on the farms the state over, it would be a splendid bit of economy if the gravel and sand were screened and remixed. Contractors find that it is not only necessary but economical to pay laborers \$2.00 per day to screen the sand from the gravel, and not infrequently they screen the gravel twice to obtain two grades. The economy is obtained in this wise. Knowing exactly the proportions of their aggregate they can put in just enough cement to obtain the desired strength in their concrete, and no more. By knowing exactly what they need they can save

enough cement to more than pay their laborers for screening the sand and gravel.

If we do not care to screen all the gravel and sand we may determine approximately the proportions of sand and gravel present, in the following manner; and having determined this we can readily calculate the amount of cement to use.

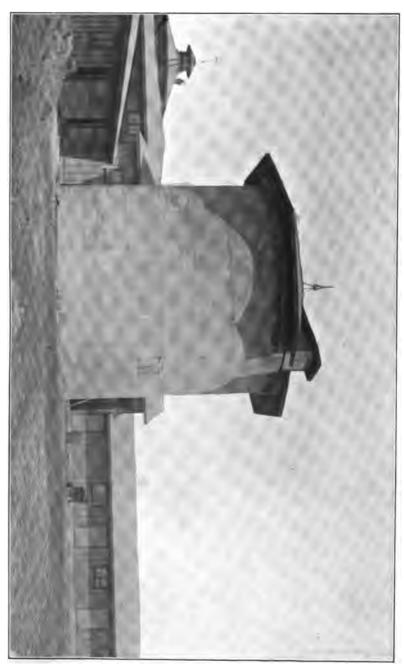
Make a box of rough boards twelve inches long, twelve inches wide, twelve inches deep; this is our cubic foot measuring box. Then we will take ten measures full of our gravel and sand—a good liberal sample,—and in taking this we will endeavor to get as fair an average of the whole pile as possible. We will run this through an ordinary mason screen or riddle, or any other screen or sieve which will take out all the gravel coarser than one-fourth or three-eighths inches. After screening we will measure again the sand and gravel separately and we will have the percentages of each present in our material.

Having found the proportions of sand and gravel, we then calculate the amount of cement necessary from the amount of sand present. If the material is more than 65 per cent gravel and less than 35 per cent sand, it may pay to haul some clear sand to mix with the gravel, but whether or not this would be an economy will depend upon circumstances.

If there is more than 50 per cent sand, then in making our mixture we will disregard the gravel, and calculate the cement needed on the basis of the sand alone, that is, if we want a concrete equivalent in strength to 1:3 mortar, or 1:3:6 concrete, we will put in one part of cement to every three parts of sand present in the material; taking no account of the gravel. If any other strength of concrete is desired, the proportions must be calculated in the same way, disregarding the gravel.

If a job of concrete amounting to \$100.00 is contemplated a person should be able by calculating the proportions of his materials to save \$10.00 or more in this manner, and it should not require more than an hour or so to determine the proportions and make the calculations.

How to mix concrete. Having determined the proportions of sand and gravel, then take a wheel-barrow or box and



measure its capacity, using the cubic foot measuring box above described. If the wheel-barrow is large it will hold three cubic feet, if of ordinary size it will hold two cubic feet. If you can strike off the barrow with a board after it is filled, so as to obtain an exact measure, it will be well to do so. Feasure all of your gravel and sand used in the concrete in this way. A sack of cement holds one cubic foot, or so nearly so that it may be so regarded. If your wheel-barrow holds two cubic feet then one sack of cement to two barrows of sand makes a 1:4 mortar, etc.

You will find men who have tended masons for years who can measure the sand and gravel exactly with a shovel; they take five shovels of sand to one shovel of cement, etc.; don't hire such men; they know too much; they ase skilled workmen. It will be too expensive, and you can not afford it. Hire common laborers who have no idea how much a shovel holds. Show them how much two cubic feet is in a wheelbarrow, and see that they take just that amount every time.

Wet versus dry concrete. The old formula for mixing concrete was to put in just water enough so that the mass after mixing would be mo'st, or would have a consistency such that after a lot of hard tamping the concrete would be wet on top. But if you have had the opportunity to watch the pouring of concrete in the construction of some large reinforced concrete building, you will have seen that the mixture there used has about the consistency of gruel; the concrete is literally poured into the forms; the very best concrete is made in this manner.

The former of the above described porcesses is known as the dry mixture, the latter process is known as the wet mixture. There has been much written on this subject of wet and dry concrete, and each method has its partisans, but the results of the many tests and experiments seem to admit of the following conclusions.

1st, that dry mixed concrete sets more quickly than the wet, and that at the end of one day, seven days or fourteen days, is stronger, but in time, say at the end of 6 months, or sooner, depending more or less upon circumstances, the wet concrete is the stronger. The difference between the two.

however, is not sufficient to be a matter of consideration. For practical purposes the strength of the two are the same.

The dry mixture has the merit that it will stand where it is put, until it has set, whereas wet concrete must have a form to hold it in place. Where surfaces with any considerable slope are to be made, dry mixtures have the advantage.

Wet mixtures have the following advantages:

1st, they require no tamping thus saving a large amount of labor.

2nd, they set more compactly making a denser concrete than is possible to obtain by a dry mixture, and are therefore stronger, for the strength is proportional to the density.

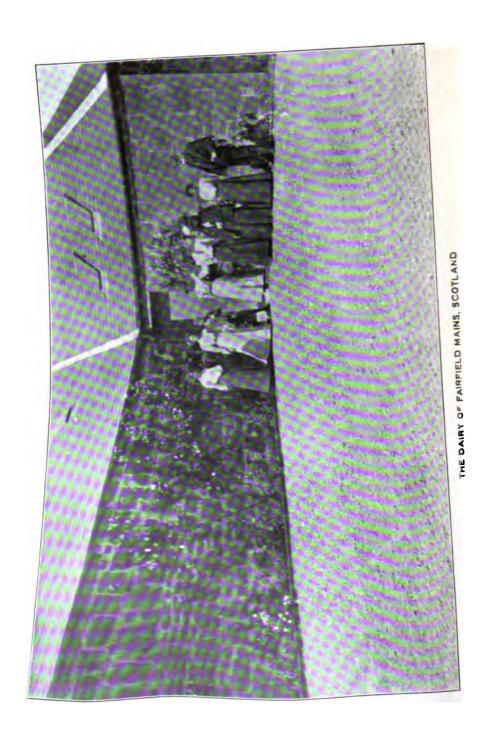
3rd, a more thorough mixing is obtained with the same amount of labor.

4th, the large amount of water included in the original wet mixture insures a better crystallization of the cement during setting than is likely to be obtained by adding water to dry mixtures after the concrete is laid.

5th, wet concrete flows into all the irregularities of the form thus making a tight joint and a good union of the concrete with adjoining masonry, where it would be difficult to tamp in the dry mixture.

There is no definite rule as to the amount of water to use in mixing a wet concrete, except not to use more water than can be kept in the mixture. Put in enough water to make the mixture thin and soup-like, so thin that a scoop-shovel will be necessary to shovel the concrete into the wheel-barrow or pail, and a water tight wheel-barrow will be necessary to carry it.

There is no objection to the old dry method of concrete mixtures, and if one has learned that process and knows how to get satisfactory results, a change is not advised, but if one is learning the business anew, it is best to learn the wet method, since it saves labor, gives more uniform work, required less attention after laid, and is less likely to failure.



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DAIRY CATTLE AND DAIRIES IN OTHER LANDS.

Mrs. Adda F. Howie, Milwaukee, Wis.

After ten days of sunshine and storm on an ocean as treacherous as a chronic politician, one must indeed be devoid of all sentiment who would not feel a thrill of exultation when, for the first time they see rolled out before them, Nature's exquisite panorama of the Emerald Isle; and it is then that one readily comprehends the fitting significance of the name.

It was at sunrise on a glorious day in June when this fairy land of luxuriant vegetation rose out of the sea before me, and my first impression of foreign agriculture and cattle was gained on the way from Queenstown to Cork; for the road led through one of the finest farming districts in Ireland.

All along the route were neat, thrifty appearing farms under an excellent state of cultivation; stone walls, in many instances topped with carefully trimmed Hawthorn hedges, bordered numerous fields of varying sizes, quaint, low stucco dwellings with straw thatched roofs and tiny windows were frequently to be seen snuggled among the more pretentious houses of stone and tile, and the perfect tillage of fields both large and small, gave ample evidence of physical vigor as well as intellectual skill.

It was while taking this journey that my attention was riveted on a somewhat uncouth specimen of the bovine race, and, when one is making an honest effort to give every breed of cattle its just meed of commendation, and, with no inclination of the black, rough little Kerry cow that is so dear to minor defects, they will find sufficient excuse for a casual mention of the black, rough littlee Kerry cow that is so dear to the hearts of Ireland's peasantry.

Under the most kindly conditions her usual yield of milk would rarely exceed sixteen lbs. per day, yet her flesh is of such good quality that it is readily turned into an acceptable article of beef that finds a welcome market in England.

Ireland with its wealth of picturesque scenery, enchanted

Elf-rings and mythical fairy lore cannot offer much in the way of a desirable dairy cow, and in a search for such an animal, we crossed the Irish channel and made our way into Scotland.

Never had I looked upon more beautiful herds than those thickly scattered, and quietly grazing in the Scottish meadows. On inquiring, I learned that we were passing through the county of Ayr, and that the cattle, challenging my earnest admiration were none other than the world renowned breed that had originated and been developed in this section of Scotland. I made a note of the location of some of the most thrifty looking farms, and after establishing headquarters in Glasgow, turned back to the fascinating attractions of Ayr.

I had secured a number of addresses and was informed that at Fairfield Mains might be found one of the best conducted farms in the country. Diversified farming with up to date methods and rigid system had made this place a model that might be pointed to with pride and satisfaction.

I left the train at Monkton, and had no difficulty in finding my way to the rural home where lived one of the most noted breeders of Ayrshire cattle in Scotland.

When the object of my visit was made known, I was cordially received by the entire family, and as each member was presented separately, it reminded me of the hand-shaking at a home reception, for a family numbering ten—five boys and five girls—is quite an imposing array; add to this the two guests from Kent. England, and one might assume that the house, although a large one was filled to its limit, and yet another found shelter under that hospitable roof. And still they asked that I remain with them for dinner.

My intention had been to take an early train, for Kilmarnock, where Scotland's Dairy School is located, but their cordial insistence caused me to yield to the alluring experience of "breaking bread" in the farm home of a strange country.

The young women were possessed of charming manners while their brothers were sturdy, honest-looking young men who spoke unaffectedly with wisdom born of experience.

Fifteen sat down to the ample, well cooked dinner, and it proved the most delicious meal I had tasted in many weeks.



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It consisted of a nourishing pea soup followed by a roast of beef with several kinds of vegetables, and a dessert of tart and preserves.

Tea and cake were served a little later in the drawing room. After this appetizing meal we were taken to inspect the premises, and the Dairy of stone, with its rose garlanded walls would delight the heart of any one interested or indifferent to sanitary perfection. It contained two rooms for butter making, that were models of neatness and order; a separate room with large tank and heater for washing dairy utensils, while the two nearby stables or byres furnishing sufficient accommodation for 48 cows would bring forth exclamations of approval from the most enthusiastic dairy crank.

This stable was the perfection of cleanliness, from the well scrubbed cement floor that was fancifully bordered with a neat pattern done in whitewash to the immaculate individual porcelain feed troughs that were embedded in the cement. The cows stand in couples in double stalls and are fastened by chains around the neck.

The byre is thoroughly cleaned each day—the gutters being 20 inches wide and $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches deep at the walk, sloping gradually to $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches at the end of the stall.

The byres for young stock and quarters reserved for the head of the herd was up to the most critical standard of cleanliness—and, takeen all in all, I have never seen such perfect arrangements for the care of cattle nor such thorough cleanliness—and, taken all in all, I have never seen such per-

The herd of pure-bred Ayrshires is composed of about 80 head, young and old, the milking cows were quietly grazing in a nearby field and afforded a beautiful sight. There were 30 royally bred matrons, with an average yield of 700 gallons per year, some giving as high as 56 lbs. per day, while the butter fat falls a trifle below 4 per cent. One of the favorites of the herd, called Queen, was a fine type of the dairy conformation much appreciated in show rings. The famous cow Lily, whose stock is in great demand is a valued member of this herd, and the young man modestly told me of sending cattle to Finland. Norway and Sweden, Australia, Canada and the United States.

The farm comprises 340 acres, and while the breeding of pure-bred cattle is a prominent feature of the business carried on here, a ready advantage is taken of every line that will ensure a gratifying profit.

At the time of my visit the flock numbered 240 sheep, but from September to December, it was expected that as usual they would feed and finish 500 for the market, for, after the immense crop of early potatoes has been sold and harvested, the ground is at once sown with Italian Rag grass or Rape, and while the sheep are lightly grained, when on this pasture, they are hardened and finished with a generous grain ration.

Seventy-five acres of early potatoes are planted each year and are dug and marketed before the middle of August. They are sold in the field to wholesale dealers who bargain for the entire crop at a certain price per acre, and then engage gangs of men to dig and sort them. A large amount of hay, oats and wheat, besides quantities of turnips and mangles are grown yearly.

The wheat in many instances yielding as high as 64 bushels per acre, and one year the record credited the yield at 76 bushels.

The seven work horses on the farm are pure-bred Clydesdale and each year there is raised and put upon the market at least one foal. One six weeks old youngster brought the gratifying sum of \$750.00. An interesting sight on this farm was the immense sheet-iron hay ricks, and my attention was called to the *American* hay fork that played an important part in distributing the precious fodder. A brief visit to the well kept garden, and the train was so soon due, that I took my departure for Kilinarnock where Scotland's Dairy School is located.

Early next morning, I found my way to the Dairy School and on arriving was informed that Professor Drummond had gone for his breakfast and until his return, I looked about the premises.

The building was conveniently planned and scrupulously clean; the floors were of cement and the entire walls faced with white tile, a band of light blue running around the sides a few inches below the ceiling making a pleasing bit of color as a frieze.

My inspection took me first to the cheese room, where a number of students were preparing the curd; then into the butter making apartments where other pupils were getting things in order for the day's churning. They were a wholesome, jolly lot of young people with pleasing manners and inspiring energy.

On Prof. Drummond's return, I was provided with a companiable escort, who was competent to give any and all information desired. Every part of the building was visited. The cow byre, the pigs' stye and Poultry department. The cow byre was on much the same plan as the one at Fairfield Mains, Cement floors and no platform of wood or other material beneath the cows.

It was whitewashed and clean and while not fitted up to my ideas of an ideal cow stable, it was nevertheless, an attractive place. On returning to the school building, we found in the cheese and butter making rooms—energetic groups of students engaged in testing milk, making different kinds of cheese, churning and working butter,—in short, doing the manifold duties needful to dairy education.

A Gerber milk tester is given preference here, and all cream is pasteurized before it is made into butter.

At the time of my visit—early in July—thirty pupils were enrolled and the senior class numbering sixteen was evenly divided as to sex.

The Poultry department was in charge of Miss McNaughton, and while it was a recent innovation, the progress seemed satisfactory. Four incubators were in operation and students were engaged in testing the fertility of eggs. An interesting feature was the demonstration of forced feeding. A number of fowls were closely cooped and fed with a stuffing machine. Sussex ground oats and Barley meal in equal parts moistened with sour skimmed milk; they were given no water, yet, by this process had gained two pounds in three weeks.

On the first Saturday in every month this school is open to visitors, and once a year a large delegation from Fenwick is entertained. This was the day set for the annual visit, and about sixty farmers with wives and daughters were welcomed as guests.

Pupils may attend this school any length of time that best suits their convenience, a day, a week, a month or they may take the entire three years' course.

The register contains the names of many young women of pleasing appearance and intellectual attainments who have here gained a practical knowledge that will enable them to successfully cope with all the intricate problems of scientific dairying.

It was a dull, rainy morning when I called at 13 George Square, where the Agricultural college of Edinburgh is located, and although Prof. Wallace was absent from the city, I was well entertained. Mr. W. Scott Steavenson and Mr. Berry had been testing cows at some of the public asylums, but as a rule, found the average farmer of that locality loath to adopt the weighing and testing method of determining a cow's working value.

They took refuge in the well worn excuse of the additional time consumed.

The classes were not in session as most of the pupils were putting into practical use the lessons learned during the school term. I was informed that it was becoming a difficult matter to find women milkers and in many instances they were obliged to employ men for that work. They were quite enthusiastic in commending a strain of short-horn cattle for a valuable dual purpose breed, and I was told that on nearly all the dairy farms, the cows were bought, milked a season and then turned into beef. This enlightenment afforded an inkling as to the cause for the scarcity of women milkers for to my mind it was quite apparent that this course would be a most discouraging method of developing the highest qualities of a dairy animal.

At Newton Rig, where the experimental farm for West-morland and Cumberland Counties is to be found, Mr. Lawrence who has charge of the school conducted us through the buildings and over the farm. They were making a feature of developing a milking strain of short horns and I was told that a sire of pronounced dairy conformation was invariably selected and that milking qualities were never sacrificed in order to encourage a beefing tendency. By careful

mating and selection, their cows gave large yields of milk with an average test of 3% per cent fat. They were turned off after the fourth year and those that did not develop in a satisfactory manner were disposed of the second year and they did not breed from them. The cows gave milk at least ten months in the year and some even longer, while they had cases where it had been difficult to dry them before calving. And while the cows were not eligible to registry a registered sire was always kept at the head of the herd.

Miss Thompson was in charge of the dairy pup.ls and the young men and women were instructed in the art of milking, cheese and butter making.

The cheese made here was of a superior quality and the demand was greater than the supply. More money could have been realized by employing a slightly different process in manufacture, but the reputation they had acquired was held above the coin of the realm, and they were content in the consciousness of having produced the choicest article to be obtained.

Experimental breeding of Poultry was also practiced on this farm and in an effort to secure a valuable dual purpose bird no violent crosses were attempted. The mating of white Leghorns with Houdans was expected to secure a greater amount of breast meat on an egg producing fowl.

The well kept grounds with its trained shrubs and wealth of brilliantly tinted flowers, blending harmoniously with the more practical trees, vines and berries, was an object lesson to impress one as to the value of horticultural training in beautifying home surroundings.

The plain, substantial building with its comfortable furnishings and homey atmosphere was a charming haven for ambitious students who would revel in the joys of nature and the blessings of home life.

If one is really interested in dairy cattle, a magnet of the Channel Isles will draw them from England over the turbulent waters of a dangerous course to the enchanted ground where noted breeds of cattle are reared and developed into creatures of symmetrical perfection and practical worth.

Establishing headquarters in St. Peter Port, on the Isle of

Guernsey, I took the first opportunity to inspect the small province of Alderney. The island contains less than 2,000 acres, is nearly four miles long and about one and one half miles wide. More than two thousand people inhabit this small country, and although the forbidding, rocky coast might presage a chilling reception, the people are cordial and unaffected. Mr. Thomas Shane has the proud distinction of owning the largest farm in Alderney. It consists of 52 acres. His herd is comprised of about 70 head, including young and old; one of the favorite strains is originated from a prize winning cow called Nellie. He now owns a number of her sons and daughters and many of them have won distinction in the exacting Island show ring.

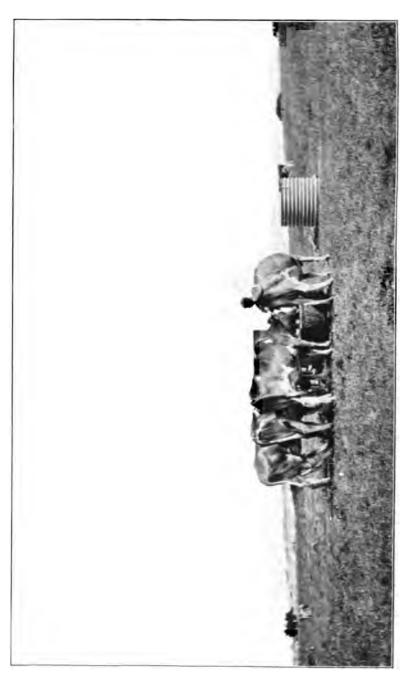
The Duke of York, an animal deserving of special mention. on account of his pronounced dairy form, has won the Island prize as a young bull, and a year later carried away the highest honors as a mature animal.

In order to secure strong progeny a bull is not considered fit for service under two years of age. All animals of both sexes are raised, the surplus males are kept until two years old and then turned into beef.

In this herd grain is rarely fed and valuable cows are kept until eighteen or twenty years of age. Their diet is upland grass, clover and Lucerne, and one notable advantage is that the cattle may graze the year round.

During sleety storms or snows, they are stabled, but climatic conditions are such as to enable them to be in the open air at all seasons of the year.

During the winter months the pasture is supplemented with mangles and carrots and instead of being permitted to roam over the fields at will, each cow is tethered by a twenty foot rope, which allows her to consume all the grass within that space and prevents her from tramping down that which she does not eat; this system is called "Pegging out." The cattle arec hanged from one feeding ground to another three times daily, and while a saving in pasture is assured by this method, it is also believed that cows fed in this manner yield more and better milk. It certainly has an advantage in protecting the



balance of the herd from belligerent members, as the cows are placed far enough apart to assure safety.

In the nearby town there are public watering troughs and the cattle are led to them twice daily. On many of the farms there are excellent springs and at a depth of from ten to twelve feet a supply of good water may be found.

Mr. Shane when close pressed admitted that at times he fed from six to eight pounds of bran.

On this Island, a heifer is not permitted to freshen under thirty months of age, and in order to give ample time for development many are thirty-six months old before becoming producers.

At time of freshening, great caution is used. If the cow is a heavy milker she is carefully dieted for some weeks, and for several days after calving her loins are protected from the sun or dew by a blanket or bag.

She is milked three times daily for about two months and after that twice daily is deemed sufficient. The cows milk for ten months and are allowed to go dry six weeks. When drying, great care is used in order that no old milk remain in the udder, consequently the udder is tested five or six days after the cows is supposed to be absolutely dry.

The laws for keeping the best stock on the Island are rigid, and no owner may sell a prize winning bull within one year after the award, unless he refuse to accept prize money.

In that case the animal may be disposed of at any time. And while the cattle of this Isle are so similar in appearance to the native stock of Guernsey that it would require an expert knowledge to detect any difference, a separate Herd register is claimed, and any suggestion regarding an alliance with that breed is scornfully repudiated.

Guernsey boasts a census list of 40,300 people, while the Island is but 9½ miles long and 5 miles board at its widest point. Ten of its sixteen thousand acres are under cultivation, and the balance is said to be in grass. There are numerous greenhouses and large quantities of hot house grown flowers, fruit and vegetables are shipped to England and France. In most cases the individual arceage is small.

Hon. Molesworth owns one of the choicest herds to be found

on the Island and while the owner was not at the farm when I called, Mr. John F. Sparks, who had been all his life with this breed of cattle and who at one time was herdsman for Prince Blucher who iwns the Isle of Herm, gave me an interesting account of the management.

This herd is composed of about 30 cows, many of them notable prize winners and although the stabling would not be regarded as ideal in a rigorous climate the cattie are most tenderly cared for. No one is permitted to speak harshly, to swear at or strike an animal, and the herdsman had a resolute gleam in his eye when he informed me that any infringement of this rule would mean an instant dismissal of the man, who had been reckless enough to tamper with it. Some of the best milkers would average 321 lbs. per day and while no test more accurate than the tube was made, it was estimated that the average amount of butter-fat would be close to 4 per cent.

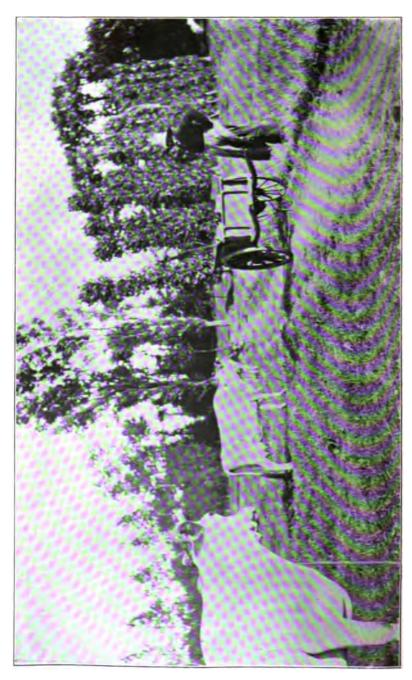
A new born calf is sprinkled lightly with salt and the mother is encouraged to fondle and lick it. It remains with her three days and is then fed three quarts of whole milk both morning and night, for several weeks. After that length of time skimmed milk and a patent calf food called "Milkine" is given until the calf is five months of age when ground oats and bran scalded into a warm gruel is fed at the rate of four quarts daily, divided into two feedings. After freshening the cows are milked five and six times during the 24 hours for four or five days and then twice daily at five A. M. and at 2:30 P. M.

They are given a ration of 5 lbs. grain consisting of two parts ground oats and one of bran with a 25 lb. allowance of beet roots.

The milk is weighed one day in each week and in this manner a yearly amount is estimated.

The milk business and dairy building are under the sole management of Mr. B. A. Hiscock, a young man whose agricultural deucation had been gained in one of the dairy schools of England The neat appearance of the building, the dazzling polish of the milk cans and the cheery way in which he spoke of the daily routine and methods, evidenced his deep interest in and perfect fitness for his chosen occupation.

Another of the larger farms visited was that of Mr. Ozanne.



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He has 80 acres, which includes orchard, greenhouses and a perfectly kept garden. On this land he keeps about one hundred head of stock. Even when on summer pasture the cows are given a liberal quantity of bran and ground oats, in winter roots are added to this ration.

Lady Roberts, one of his choicest cows, has won \$390.00 in prizes last year; having taken first on the Island in a class of 84 and first at the Royal show in England.

Her owner confidently made claim of her being the best cow in the Kingdom, her daughter adds luster to the cattle world for she is also a prize winner of splendid style and finish.

Notre Dame, another fine type belonging to this herd, had taken 2nd prize in the great London show. St. Amant, the magnificent creature that stands at the head, is four years old; has taken first prize on the Island and at other cattle exhibitions. A noteworthy feature in his genealogy is that every descendent on his sire's side, from the establishment of the Island Herd Register in 1870, has invariably won first honors.

No more worthy specimen than St. Amant could pose as an impressive object lesson to the value of judicious selection in breeding for quality and conformation.

Mr. Ozanne's herd has numerous representatives in this country, and his many years ceaseless effort to improve the quality of the Island cattle has ranked him among the foremost breeders of the old world.

Guernsey, with its quaint, attractive St. Peter Port, pleasant roads and restful byways, is a fascinating spot that is hard to leave: yet beckoning to me, with its dimly outlined coast faintly showing above the thirty miles of restless, treacherous sea, was the Elf-land of the Channel, magnetic in its wealth of picturesque scenery, balmy breezes, contented people and the dearest, daintiest and mose refined type of dairy cattle on earth.

Jersey is the largest of this Island group. It is twelve miles long and about seven in width, and more than 52,000 people dwell within its borders.

The land is divided into small holdings. The largest farms rarely exceed 20 acres, and, it is not unusual to find highly cultivated plots containing no more than two or three.

St. Helier is the principal town and boasts nearly 30,000 inhabitants, while charming little villages are scattered throughout the Island.

Every land owner keeps one or more cows and the small dairies where primitive methods are still employed are a source of pleasure and interest to curious strangers. The fertility of the soil is jealously guarded and tons upon tons of seaweed are gathered at low tide to spread upon fields and gardens.

One of the most noted breeders in Jersey is Mr. LeBroeq. His herd contained 30 animals that had been carefully selected for dairy qualities. His methods of care and feeding were much the same as practiced in Guernsey.

At Grouville, I found a number of small farms so skillfully conducted that the results would prove a revelation to the American farmer who believes that nothing less than half a section can yield a comfortable living to the average family.

Among these farms was one that had been managed seven years by Mrs. F. P. Valpy. Twelve cows gave their assistance in keeping up the excellent reputation of her dairy and the young stock were handsome thrifty creatures. Everything about the place indicated a prosperous condition. Her dairy room was neat and attractive—a De Lavalle separator and modern churn spoke eloquently of progressive methods. A number of her cows had been highly recommended by the Cattle Club's examining committee and Theresa, Susanna and Susanna 2nd were the favorite pets. Her home was a model of cleanliness and artistic beauty and the cordially proferred cup of tea was as nectar to the "stranger in a strange land."

At Larocque a model farm is to be seen. It is owned by Mr. Bree and is one of the largest on the Island, containing twenty acres and in addition to his own land Mr. Bree rents ten more. As two crops are always grown, it may be counted as double acreage. The first crop of potatoes is planted in February and March and mature in time to raise a second crop of tomatoes, mangolds or carrots. An orchard adds materially to the revenue, and in addition to thirty head of choice cattle a goodly number of hogs and a flock of profitable poultry are kept. Seventeen cows were supplying milk for the dairy,

and for years members of this herd have won honors in the show ring.

Their owner modestly brought forth the numerous medals of gold, silver and bronze to testify to their merits. One of the most highly esteemed matrons in the herd is "Nursie," who, three hundred days after calving made in a public test 2 lbs 71/2 oz. butter in 24 hours, thereby winning the silver medal for her Marionette, another magnificent specimen, made in public competition 3 lbs. 41/2 oz. while her daughter's yield was three pounds in a single day. These cattle are cared for with a rigid system. In winter the cows are allowed on pasture only a few hours during the middle of the day and are fed hay and roots in a clean, comfortable stable. Like nearly all Island cows they are tethered and a ten foot liberty is the range. Heifers freshen at from 22 to 24 months of age, according to size and development. After calving, cows are milked three and often four times daily until the flow of milk causes no inconvenience to the cow.

Calves are always left with the mother for three days. The surplus male calves are killed at the end of that time.

Some of the cows are never dry but it is preferred that they be dry for one month. The calves are fed no more than 1 quart of milk at a time, for the first few days. After that the quantity is gradually increased; bran and hay is given later and, if a calf is affected with scours, carminative chalk is regarded as a safe and speedy remedy.

The dairy cans are fashioned after the Jersey pattern, holding three gallons. While milking they are covered with a sagging cotton strainer in the bottom of which is placed a flat sea shell to prevent wear on the strainer, keep the milk from splashing and to retain any sediment that may fall upon it during milking. The dairy is a spacious room with up to date separator and churn. The walls are decorated with an almost continuous frieze of certificates which have accompanied awards of gold, silver and bronze medals for both stock and product.

The hog pens and poultry quarters were exceptionally clean and well arranged. The poultry confined in long narrow runs,

some of these yards were situated across the road and a subway passage connected them with sleeping quarters.

Another ingenious feature of the poultry house was a small opening large enough to admit the fowls, leading in a circular way to the upper story. This was to guard against theft.

Beside the father and son, six men are employed to work the farm. Several generations had occupied the house and a young grandson was looked upon to take the place of those who in nature's course would pass to the beyond.

The farm buildings were substantial and sweet with oft repeated whitewashing. The large roomy dwelling contained bath room and modern range with numerous other luxuries, that are to be found only in the homes of wealthy and refined people.

Many other farms were visited but the methods are so similar that it would be but a repetition of what has already been written, and still one feels an inclination to lotter for months in the peaceful atmosphere of these tiny, well tilled farms and attractive homes with their courteous, genuine, hospitable people, their tenderly cherished cattle, the smooth roads winding through shady nooks with hedge bordered lanes, and on all sides, forever and forever, in changeful moods, the swirling waters of the English Channel.

Back to London—and I find a letter bearing the seal of a tiny red crown and the imposing stamp of Buckingham Palace. It is a valued permit to visit the Royal farms, from his gracious majesty. King Edward.

At the appointed time, our carriage drove through the Royal gateway of the show farm where we were cordially received by the King's Land Stewart, William Tate, Esq., who conducted us from building to building. And while this farm contains 1,500 acres, so much of it is given over to parks, recreation grounds and fine drives that no more than 500 acres are under actual cultivation.

The barns are comparatively simple in construction but neat and attractive, as one would naturally expect. One hundred dairy cows are kept, and this number is evenly divided between pure-bred Jerseys and grade shorthorns. Iron King, a magnificent specimen of his race with a glossy coat, most ex-



quisitively dappled, is the favorite head of this herd. He is of the Golden Lad strain, and it would be difficult to find an animal that would score nearer perfection.

Many of the Jerseys were Island born, and their excellent type was a speaking tribute to the judgment of the one who selected them.

These cows are milked twice daily, with the exception of a few days immediately after freshening, when the milk is drawn from the udder from three to four times daily as conditions require. The heavy milkers are most carefully dieted before calving.

One of the most beautiful dairy types I have ever seen was "Kittie Rose," a royally bred cow direct from the Island.

Mr. Tate had nothing but words of praise for the Jersey breed and scoffed at the prevailing idea that they were too tender for practical needs, saying, that with good care they were as hardy as any cattle. The young stock were a beautiful healthy lot that could be seen to the best advantage in the ideal surroundings. Mr. Tate confidently remarked that in all probability they would not be obliged to draw on the Island for new blood in some years to come.

The fat stock occupied other quarters and a half sister of the renowned short horn cow, Cicely, was a notable feature in the bunch.

The styes were occupied by a lot of fine Berkshires and the neatness of the quarters and deep bedding brought forcibly to mind "Pigs in Clover."

The Royal dairy was the next stopping place and in driving to it we passed the mauseleum where England's beloved Queen and her Royal Consort are at rest.

The artistic dairy building was erected in the 21st year of Queen Victoria's reign. Outwardly it is a modest appearing structure, yet the interior is both practical and beautiful. The walls, floor and ceiling are of glazed minton tile, and at intervals in the decorative frieze are marble medalions, representing the Royal children.

These medalions are the work of some of the most noted sculptors, as are also the exquisite marble busts of the late queen and Royal consort, conspicuously placed near the entrance—while statuary and fountains beautify the room. Four large panels in tile, artistically representing the four seasons, Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter, ornament the side walls. At each end of the dairy is a majolica fountain, while on one side stands another, a beautiful water nymph, pouring water from an antique jar.

The light is filtered through exquisite stained glass windows in which thistles, shamrocks and harebells are gracefully mingled in pleasing designs.

The long dairy tables are of solid marble and beneath extending the entire length are reservoirs through which a stream of pure, cool water is constantly kept flowing.

The milk is stored in large oval shaped porcelain pans, decorated with a dainty blue band.

The methods employed are primitive and while a small separator stands in a nearby room it is never used. Perhaps the best reason for its remaining idle was given by the big hearted Englishman, who laughingly responded to my query with. "The skim milk is always given to the poor and I don't believe it will harm the poor if a bit of the cream is left in."

And, again, "I don't mind if the calves have a trifle added to their ration."

About 30 lbs. of butter per day is the average amount churned and it is never salted.

A road through a fine park leads to the Flemish farm where a hundred head of Herefords and Devons are kept.

At this place a number if men were engaged in stacking grain and each finished stack was a veritable work of art.

From the Royal farms I turned with happy, dignified inspiration for the sweetest and most pleasing impression was of a small, immaculate dairy and a mighty sovereign, who, with all the riches of a great and powerful kingdom at her command, had deemed it of sufficient importance to tenderly embellish it with her choicest treasures—the sculptured features of her loved ones.

In France, at Verseilles, there is a broad, pleasant walk that leads from Little Trianon to the farm that Louis Sixteenth caused to be laid out after the style of an English garden, in an effort to give pleasure to his queen, and it is here a charm-

ing little Hamlet is to be found. There are a number of quaint cottages, built by Mique and Roberts in the seventeenth century for the accommodation of the Queen and Court ladies, who took delight in the idyllic life which we are told became the fashion at that time.

Perhaps one of the most picturesque and interesting buildings is the little dairy. It is fashioned along pleasing and symmetrical lines and boasts a tower.

In this tower room was undoubtedly where the Royal milkmaids kept their milk, for a stone shelf or beach encicling the walls was evidently intended for that purpose. There were several rooms of different sizes and the milking shed, with moss grown, thatched roof, so near that it was almost a part of the dairy building.

More than a century has passed by, and still the traveler from every land makes pilgrimages to the farm where Queen Marie Antoinette once sought the peace of a simple, wholesome life. It is an attractive spot and requires but little imagination to people it with bygone generations of the nobility or to feel a genuine sympathy for the unhappy Queen who was robbed of husband, children, love honor, and at last, went willingly to the scaffold to give the life that had become a burden.

In Switzerland the Agricultural school is delightfully situated, overlooking the blue waters—Sempach Lake. Herr Roisli Frey, an important member of Parliament, has established a system of practical farm education on his own estate, where students may take a course of intellectual and manual training in the science of agriculture, horticulture and dairying. Pupils are received for from two weeks up to as many years and, after a certain amount of experience is acquired, are given a generous recompense for their labor.

The farm, considered a large one in this country, contains 108 acres, and a great portion is devoted to pear and apple culture. Seventy head of cattle are kept, a part of which are Simmenthal, atlthough the milking qualities are not regarded as equal to those of the favorite brown Swiss. These cattle are tenderly cared for, are brushed and curried daily, and a careful individual record, not only of the milk yield, but also

of its fat contents is kept. These record books are in charge of the students and while the figures indicated no more than what an American dairyman would regard as an ordinary yield, it was a pleasure to look over the uniformly neat pages, and note the painstaking care used in recording every item.

The barn, a large structure, is well ventilated and clean, and, while up to date plans would suggest more light, the sanitary condition was highly commendable.

In the pear and apple orchards, the trees were so heavily laden with fruit that it was found necessary to prop up many of the lower branches.

They were putting the presses in order for the annual cider making, and from the number and size of the vats, a large amount must have been expected.

After the juice has been extracted from the fruit, the pulp is subjected to still another process from which Schnapps is made. It is then firmly packed, cut into small round cakes, dried on frames, after which it is used for fuel, and affords sufficient heat for cooking purposes.

Aside from its attractions as an Agricultural School this place would prove of more than passing interest to one not inclined towards rural pursuits, for Castle Warfersee was built in the fifteenth century and although a modern tower was added some two hundred years later, the building today remains much the same as when its massive walls were first constructed, and it is rich in ancient hardware, time stained panels and quaint antique furnishings. A magnificently carved chest of drawers, taken from an old cloister, a beautiful dower chest that had been handed down from bride to bride for many generations, a tile stove of the long ago, and numerous other valuable bits of furniture made it a veritable store house of antique treasures.

This beautiful Swiss home must have ever been occupied by a dignified race of peace loving, soil tilling people, for conspicuously wrought in the age seasoned wood of the castle's most imposing room was the ancestral motto that might fittingly serve for a nation's emblem. Translated it read:

"The plow in the field is the best weapon."

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SCHLOSS WARFERSEE, SWITZERLAND.

In certain parts of Switzerland some of the mountains in places are fairly terraced by the grazing cattle, for, the only way in which they can secure a foothold, is by walking back and forth across the steep sides of their almost perpendicular pasture.

In the Spring they follow the melting snow tine up the mountains where small sheds are built in which the milk is manufactured into butter or cheese. In the Fall, the herdsman brings them down to the valleys. The surplus stock is carefully culled from those thought desirable to keep during the winter and it is sent to be sold on a day set apart for that purpose.

In one locality the annual sale takes place at Interiaken, and from early dawn the musical chimes of the Swiss cowbell could be heard, as drove after drove of cattle passed through the town on their way to the big market place where the sale was to be held. Hundreds of cattle were gathered at this spot and groups of excited buyers and owners were to be seen shrewdly bargaining for the good, bad and indifferent specimems that were lined up for public inspection.

Restaurant men had taken advantage of the occasion to erect temporary booths and sheds where refreshments both solid and liquid might be obtained. Good nature seemed to prevail and the sales were promptly consummated for before sundown the entire bunch had separated into groups of twos and three's that were proudly led away by new owners.

In Holland, where the land is divided by dikes into small fields, it would puzzle an American farmer to understand how so limited an area could provide for so many cattle.

Every farm seemed literally to swarm with the beautiful black and white cows that are seen on all sides quietly feeding in the meadows.

The cow barn and its equipment would prove a revelation to those who regard dark, filthy quarters a fitting habitation for dairy cattle, for the cow stable is looked upon by a Holland housewife with the same degree of pride as is the average parlor in the American farm home. In short, the master and his tenderly cared for herd sleep beneath the same roof, and a door leads directly from the living room to the walk border-

ing the cow-stalls. Yet, the sanitary conditions are such that the most exactng would find little room for criticism.

The cow-stable of Holland might well serve as an example for the dairy men of every nation. The carefully polished windows are draped with dainty lace curtains, porcelain feed troughs are washed as thoroughly as the family dishes in the nearby cupboard; the whitewashed walls are pleasingly decorated with china plaques and in one instance a strip of carpet was laid over the tile floor along the walk behind the stalls.

It was quickly explained that when the cows entered this carpet was taken up, and was replaced during the day.

The platform on which the cows stood was at least thirty inches above the level of the stable floor. This space was filled with earth and, no doubt, one of the secrets of odorless sanitation was due to the frequent changing of this soil and the seamless gutter of tiling that could be readily flushed with running water.

In a corner of one stable a raised platform served to mark the boundaries reserved for cheese manufacture and it was claimed that the cheese made here was of superior quality.

Four months in the year cattle are snugly housed and fed on grain and hay, and the well stored bays gave ample evidence of the provident nature of the Holland farmer.

Limited time prevented a more thorough examination of the farm life of this country and in summing up the results of a somewhat hasty and superficial investigation of foreign cattle and dairy methods it seems to me that while big, strenuous America may boast larger and more costly Agricultural Schools, with their scientific teachings ever trending toward a money making goal, that the pleasant, homey atmosphere of the old world institutions would be better calculated to encourage a sweeter mode of living and a higher aim of achievement. That while our progress in cattle breeding and dairying is making rapid strides in the matter of desirable conformation, skillful feeding and sanitary stabling, there is a woful lacking in the humane sentiment that has been such a powerful factor in developing the sterling qualities of cattle in other lands.

"THE LIVE STOCK JUDGE."

By Mr. T. J. Wornall, LIBERTY, MISSOURI.

Before American Association of Fairs and Expositions, Chicago, Dec. 5th, 1906.

Mr. President, Fellow Members, I will not attempt in the allotted time, to go fully into the subject assigned to me tonight, as I did not have time to prepare a paper and treat the subject as it should be, yet it is a subject of such vast importance not only to the breeding interests of this country, but to the Fair managers themselves, that it is necessary that it should be discussed.

I am only expected, as I understand it, to open this discussion, not to cover it entirely.

The two most necessary qualities to be found in the live stock judge are, in my opinion, honesty and ability.

From the showman's standpoint—and I have frequently been on that side—I had rather have an honest man make an honest mistake through lack of ability than to have a man of ability dishonestly misplace an award. You have heard of the politician who once asked the Governor of the great State of Missouri to appoint a friend of his to an office. The Governor asked, "Is he honest?" He answered, "Oh yes; he is honest enough for all practical purposes."

That is not the kind of honesty we mean we want, when we speak of an honest judge, but a judge who is honest enough with himself to give his worst enemy his due, although it is disagreeable to do so. The man that is not only honest with his fellowmen, but what is of more importance still, "honest with himself."

Ability, in the language of the cattle, hog, shee, swine and horse men, is what a man knows about an animal, and from the ability standpoint I think a judge should be a breeder. What I mean by that is that he should have shown his ability as a breeder in counteracting some of the faults of the animal that he is to pass upon, so that he is better acquainted with the

long years of work and labor that it takes to bring out the width of crop or some other point wanted in cattle, the high step of the horse, the proper fattening of the hog; in other words, the main features that are demanded in perfect animals. This judge should have the ability to correct things that need correction in his own herd, and understand the ability that it took to correct them in other people's herds, so that due credit will be given for that kind of work, and he should pass upon the animal, as corrected, before him, and recognize all those features that have been taught him by experience.

Another thing we demand of a judge, after honesty and ability, is promptness. The habit of appearing promptly when a Superintendent has made his arrangements for him to show, so that the great wheels of these organizations called State Fairs and Expositions will not be stopped, but will turn as they are intended to turn, and promptness is a great aid to that end.

Next I put patience—patience to work out the problems that are put before him. With promptness enough and patience enough he will work out and not be satisfied with himself unless he has correctly placed the awards down the line, not being in too big a hurry about it and yet prompt in doing these things.

The relations of the judge to the Superintendent or managers of the Fair are many. He is recognized as a component part of the Fair when he is selected, and if in his conduct he shows the ability and honesty that he is accredited with having when the selection is made of him, he should be backed up by the Superintendent of that department all the way down the line: in other words, he should be part and parcel of the Fair. He is one of the cogs in the big wheels that help make the machine go, and he should be so recognized and the Superintendents of the various departments should have confidence in his ability and in his honesty and unless he makes some gross error, which necessarily shakes that confidence, he is entitled to all the respect and all the power that can be put behind him as he strives to carry out your wishes in that matter as he sees it.

The judge is the man in the whole list of officials that I honestly think has the worst time, even if when he does the

best he knows how, even if he has all the honesty that has ever been credited to him, even if he has all the ability, yet no judge I have ever seen has finished a job and said himself, "Well, I am completely satisfied." Because these animals before him today in single classes, and the ribbons are tied as he wishes them, the choice being made subject to ill winds, as you might say, some little imperfection may be brought out two days later as those same cattle are grouped and as the eye wanders from a group up here to a group down there, he thinks to himself, "Well, I put that heifer over there first, day before yesterday, and that one second, and I don't know whether I did right or not." Maybe this first prize heifer of day before yesterday has been just a little off since then, maybe she has been feverish, tuned up to the highest pitch, while the one that was off day before yesterday is today showing the bloom again. These things naturally cause in the judge's mind doubts, those awful things to a man in a position where he has to rely solely upon himself, who has his honor at stake and his ability, not only as a breeder and as a man, but as a judge. Along the side lines are not only the men holding the cattle and the owners, but frequently, almost too frequently, they are discussing his errors, the merits and demerits of his judgment, he is often times able to hear as he passes up and down the side lines little side remarks not derogatory possibly to his honesty, but when he feels of as much moment as his honesty perhaps, and that is his ability, and those little things create more doubt. It is no wonder, gentlemen, when he gets through, that he says to himself, "Well, I d'd the best I could."

But the judge of all judges that I consider to be the most despicable—because there are some things despicable even in a judge—that is the fellow that goes down the line and ties the awards right where he thinks they belong and then goes around in the barn after the show is over and says, "I believe I have made a mistake. This animal is looking better, isn't she?" or something of that kind, and tries, like the politician, to make the fellows that have got left feel good, works along that line. That man is judging men, not judging stock.

The stock should be judged by the rigid rule of merit and the man that ties those ribbons should be capable of explaining as to why he did it according to his opinion, not content with the idea that his opinion alone is the thing that will carry all the weight, because he might have made a mistake, but he should be able to give his reasons for making the award as he did. And his reasons are entitled to whatever merit they possess, and the managers of the Fair should stand back of him.

And last, but not least, is his treatment by the exhibitors. His honesty, outside the heat of the show ring (and that for a few moments only), being beyond question, his ability at all times being so, he should be given that courteous treatment as one gentleman due an other. While we recognize in the heat of battle many ungallant things that are done and said, yet, we should strive, as far as we are able, to preserve those gentlemanly qualities toward the judge that would leave his mind unbiased and free to act. For it makes it much harder to weigh in the balance two animals of relatively equal merit if the exhibitors of one, or either, are showing by the look of their countenance the anxiety that they possess.

I do not share with some the feeling that when the judge and an exhibitor—either up or down the lein—are saying a few words that the exhibitor is trying to prejudice the judge, or take undue advantage, for a pleasant word or a happy thought are more conducive to clear judgment than scowls and high tension looks.

The Chairman: Gentlemen, the very interesting remarks to which we have just listened are only intended to open up this subject; everybody is expected to say something about it, and I trust you will not wait to be called upon individually, but that as the spirit moves you will speak and that you will see that the spirit does move. Let us have a few minutes' lively discussion.

Mr. McKerrow: Mr. Chairman, my experience for forty years as an exhibitor in the show ring leads me to say Amen to everything that our brother has said, and I want to say further that one of the most particular jobs that State Doards of Agriculture and Exposition managements have on hand is to get these judges who have honesty and ability combined and have them at command.

Nothing does more to get a fair into bad repute than poor

judges, be it in the lack of honesty or in the lack of ability, and nothing does more to build up the reputation of a Fair than do good, first-class judges, and from my experience as a Fair manager I want to say that we believe the good judges with all the good qualities outlined by Mr. Wornall are very scarce and we have to hunt them up by night and by day, by lamplight and electric light, and if you can be sure at last that you have them, you are lucky.

Mr. Hadley: The question seems to have been so well covered by our brothers that there is very little to discuss.

I am quite ready to indorse what Mr. Wornall has said and I concur heartily in everything he has said. I do believe that the competent judge should be thoroughly honest and he should be competent as a breeder of the line of stock that he is to judge.

Now we have a great deal of judging done by our college professors and all that sort of thing, and some of them are very good judges, and, I believe, honest, but I find in showing cattle through the country more complaint from that class of judges than from the true breeder, the man who has spent his life breeding to an ideal type of hog, horse or cattle, and I have nothing to take issue with in what Brother Wornall has said, but, on the contrary, I want to concur heartily with all that he has said.

The Chairman: Mr. Wornall always does everything thoroughly. We almost wish he had not done this so thoroughly that nobody else has anything left to say.

Mr. Wornall: I would like to put this question to Mr. Randall and have him answer it, How is the best way to select a good judge?

Mr. Randall: Mr. President, Members of the Association—I think that Brother Wornall has asked a question which is a very difficult one to answer. It is one of the hardest problems that Fair managers have to deal with, and about all that can be done is to take up the matter early, take plenty of time to learn all that you can of the men who are suggested and then make the best selection you can, bearing in mind the qualifications that Mr. Wornall has suggested.

Like him, I would place honesty first, as the principal consideration; you want honesty above all else.

You certainly need competency or ability. The judge should also have courage, and I would add one further suggestion—he should be sustained in his work. The Fair managers having secured the judge should stand by him and support him—I was about ready to advise that you sustain him even when he is wrong, but stand by him, support him so far as he is right, and if he has made mistakes, say as little about them as possible, and try to make a better selection the next time.

In fact, I think that each official at a Fair, whether he be a Superintendent or a judge, is entitled to the hearty support of all his associates. Assume that the man is right and when a judgment is reached, assume that that judgment is a correct one and stand by it. Reversals do more harm than good.

It is by the exercise of proper care, by studying the hitsory of the men who have been suggested, I think, in that way good judges are usually secured.

I think that at the leading Fairs and Expositions we usually find good men doing the work, men who are honest and men who are capable, and I think as a rule the ribbons are properly tied. In other words, I think correct judgment is the rule and the wrong judgment the exception.

Mr. Hopkins: Mr. Chairman, I can heartily endorse every word that Mr. Randall has said, and I would add one more suggestion—that is, after you get that man for a judge, that kind of a judge, pay him well.

Mr. McKerrow: I would like to raise a question and will ask Mr. Wornall-

Mr. Wornall: I would like to get out now.

Mr. McKerrow: Do you think it a proper thing to select your judges in time so that their names may appear in the premium lists?

Mr. Wornall: In answer to Mr. McKerrow's question I would say Certainly, yes, and for this reason, that no Fair ought to have any man to pass upon an award who does not.

in their estimation at least, stand above suspicion or above chicanery that might be practiced by his fellow preeders. If that be the case, those who at home are fitting their stock to show should have the same confidence in that man that the Fair Association has shown and they, knowing who will pass upon their cattle will fit their cattle with the assurance of a square deal; and, on the other hand, if the Fair Associations have that opinion of him and the breeder has not that opinion, or happens to be that kind of a fellow that is looking for some chicanery or underhand work, perhaps he will write to the Secretary of the Fair that he will not show at that Fair if that man is going to judge. Then you make him give you his reasons, or brand him as an infamous scoundrel, who has no business to come there. Stand by your judge as you did when you selected him.

Mr. Hadley: I have had some opposition along that line in my experience with our Fair, but I made up my mind and told some members of the Board that if I had charge of the beef cattle next year, that I proposed to select my judges early and have their names appear in our lists so that people who want to come to our Fair to show may see who is to judge their stock. Every year I have had just such letters as Mr. Wornall has referred to and I have been strongly advised not to let anybody know until they came to the show, with the suggestion that when these people got there would say, "If I had known who was judge I would not have come here." It does do away with the very thing that the gentleman speaks of. If that kind of a man knows who is to be judge, he doesn't want to come and he is welcome to stay away.

Mr. McKerrow: What is your opinion of the single judge as compared with two judge system, or three judge system?

Mr. Wornall: Mr. President, as far as my opinion goes, it is very clear to me—whether I can make it clear to you or not—that it does not make any difference how many judges you have on the committee on awards, you never in fact have but one judge. The judgment of two is the same as one, for they split and you get the one. That is the shorest way I can put it. If the two agree it is the judgment of one. If the two split, the third man—which is one—gives his opinion and you

drop out the other two and you are paying for three judges when you don't get but the judgment of one. Another thing, from the showman's standpoint, on the showman's side of the line, where I have been mostly, I have had a good deal of that kind of experience, and we find that it makes lots of trouble where there have been three judges, finding out "who did it," and of course I always like to know. So I am very much in favor of the one man judge. I would like to have discussed here the other topic suggested by Mr. Hopkins, so that perhaps there may be some uniformity about it, and that is the pay of judges. The reason I bring that up is not that some pay too much and some too little, but we meet here to get a uniform opinion about the matter of getting our cattle more and more into a uniform classification, etc., and so perhaps we should have uniform prices for the man we pay to pass upon our cattle. I will ask Mr. Simpson to give us some ideas upon that subject.

Mr. Simpson: I want to indorse what Mr. Randall said in regard to the difficulties we get into by Superintendents or managers not standing behind the decision of the judges. I believe as Mr. Randall says that a great deal more harm will result from managers and Superintendents not standing by the decision of the judge than will result even if they come to believe possibly that they have selected the wrong man. I know in years past we have had judges at our Fair that we selected upon the best recommendation, selected in good faith, selected men whom we thought were honest, and when it came to tying the awards, we were led to believe that they tied ribbons from a prejudicial standpoint. But we always follow the policy of standing behind ou Superintendents and our judges. If we get into a bad deal, we try to remedy it next year. But we stand behind him for the time being, and if the judge knows that he is going to have the backing of the Superintendent, it will give him more courage, and it will be an incentive for him to go ahead and tie the ribbons as he thinks they ought to be tied.

I think Mr. Wornall has made a good suggestion in regard to having a uniform price, paying our judges a uniform price.

We are in the habit of paying our judges about what they

ask at our place; that is, if we mean to have a certain man or want to have him, if we think he is the man we ought to have we get him, and the money consideration is a secondary consideration, but I believe it would be a help to all the Fair managers if there was a uniform price established for judging, plus the expense. I don't know that I can say what that should be. I believe, however, that a judge should be well paid.

There is another thought. I thoroughly agree with and am in sympathy with Mr. Wornall on the single judge system. I believe the single judge system is the proper system and have thought so for the past several years. I believe less complaint comes from the single judge system than when three are judging or from the committee system.

We have used sometimes a single judge system with a consulting judge, the consulting judge, however, having no voice in making the award. The single judge ties the ribbons and the consulting judge is usually a judge in some other class, and if a judge gets into trouble and wants to consult somebody, he calls this other man over and asks his opinion and then goes ahead and ties the ribbon as he thinks best after that. I have talked with a number of our judges and we have used that system, as I said, in a number of our classes, and it seemed to give perfect satisfaction.

Mr. Butterfield (Michigan): I think we have had very good success with our judges and we have not used the single judge system. For twenty years we have followed the three-judge system, and are entirely satisfied.

We select our judges, as a rule, and do not let the judges select us. In saying that, I refer to what Secretaries know, that during the spring they receive letters from many people wanting to be judges, accompanied by eards reading, "Expert Judge," and half a dozen different names. We have never chosen our judges from that class. We get at it from what we know personally of the men or what we can learn from men who do know about them and know they have had great success.

As to pay, it has not been uniform. When we found a man that we thought we wanted we ascertained his price and it has usually been satisfactory. Somtimes a man in the same class would have more than others, but as a rule the price has not been extravagant for good judges.

The Chairman: We are very glad to hear about Michigan's experience along these lines and we would like to hear from the other Fairs that are represented here. Let us know what your experiences have been on this subject, particularly on the single judge question. We would like to hear from Mr. Conger.

Mr. Conger: I didn't come to talk, I came to l'sten, but I didn't know there was any Fair held in the United States that used the three-judge system. We have not done so for twenty or twenty-five years as poultrymen. We began the single judge system some fifty years ago and never have had three judges since. I remember meeting Mr. Dunham of your State at New Orleans, at the Cotton Centennial some years ago, and I said, "Why don't you have a score card for your horses, have as ingle judge and do it right?" The fell in with the idea and the cattle men came along twenty or thirty years later in the score card business. This score card business is very hard work, laborious and exepensive. I used to be in the cattle business. I got past that and took up the sheep and chicken business. It surprises me to see men get up here and talk about the three-judge system. I supposed you had all forgotten it was ever practiced. I don't believe there is a Fair manager in this house that will admit that he uses it or has used it for ten or fifteen years. It would be folly to go back to the three-judge system, because one man has got to take the responsibility, and he knows it. At the shows there are a hundred men standing around interested in the same line of live stock that know just as much about it as the judge does, and he is going to make awards just as near right as he knows how, because if he does not everybody will tell him why he didn't. If he is able to show why he gave it to the one he is all right; but if he isnt able to show why, he isn't fit to judge.

Mr. Randall: Mr. President, I think we should encourage the various Breeder's Associations in making recommendations: I think we can be helped very much by them. The Shorthorn Breeders' Association is in session in this building tonight, and no doubt they will make recommendations. As we are to publish our premium lists, we are at sea, don't know who to select, and we ought to be able to take the judges selected by that Association to judge Shorthorn cattle. The same thing is true of all the others. The members of these various Associations know, as a rule, who the competent judges are in the particular line of stock represented by them, and they can make recommendations. Some of them do not do so, but I think we should encourage all of them in making recommendations and frequently we can be benefited by so doing.

Mr. Youngers: In Nebraska, three years ago, we asked the Duroc hog men to suggest their judge, and I believe if breeders would select their own judges and come before the Fair Association with a man whom they have selected, they could not sugest such a thing as "bias." even if they did not get what they thought they ought to have. I believe it is a very good thing to ask the different breeders to recommend judges.

Mr. Wornall: Did I understand Mr. Randall to say that he would ask them in all cases? Mr. Randall is represented in the Shorthorn Association and in the three Northwest shows and these Associations pick the judges, because those are national or big shows. That does not apply to State Fair Associations. But the suggestion has been made by Mr. Youngers of Nebraska that there could be submitted by the various Associations a list of the names of men competent for judges, then we can make our selection from that. Then you have back of you not only the Association, but you have a chance to remove any judge you have had at previous times that you thought was not qualified, or for some other reason which has been presented to you. You might ask such an Association to present a list of twelve names, for instance.

Mr. Mellor: Our President, Mr. Youngers, did not finish his story. The Duroc breeders in Nebraska made their recommendation, and the Board of Managers at their request made certain appointments, then they came before the Board of Managers with a remonstrance and petition, asking that the judge be dismissed, the particular judge they had selected.

Mr. Simpson: Right in that same connection I will say that the worst deal we ever got into at our place was when we asked a certain Association-I won't say whether it was horse, cattle or hogs, or what it was-it was a State Breeders' Association that we have in our State as you have in all States Associations of different classes of owners of horse, cattle, swine and sheep associations; we had had some little trouble with one of our live stock judges, and so we said, "Here is a great meeting over here this month, we will go over there and ask them to select the judges, and we will get out from under this load." So we went before them and asked them to select judges and they met in committee and worked all one day and all one night, fighting and pulling hair and scrapping around, but they came to us with a list of judges and we chose them, but that judging had not gone on an hour before there was a row, and there was remonstrance after remonstrance. This breeder said it was a clique; others said they did not represent the best of the breeders in the State, all sorts of things were said, but we simply stood by them until they got through, but we did not ask those Associations to make any further selections.

A Member: Would you recommend the engagement of professional judges— That gets down to the poultry men with their professional judges, but would you rather recommend the competent breeder, the man that you believe to be a competent, skillful breeder as a judge, in preference to the professional judge? This does not necessarily take in our college men, although it might. Our college men in a general way are considered professional judges, because they work on a score card. Is that all right with breeding animals?

Mr. Wornall: I have never suffered from the professional judge but once, and the good Lord answered my prayer since, and I am satisfied, because I have never suffered from them again. I don't know whether it has been my good fortune to dodge Fairs that had them or some other reason, but I never was in a cattle show where I met but one judge that had the technical points and marked things out so rigidly by the rules as laid down in the agricultural colleges, that the breeder himself who has been swerved from the right in his effort to get toward the top hardly knew what he was after. I have never suffered from him but once. I do not suppose there is

any professional judge that gives the satisfaction that the professional chicken judge does, but I know nothing about that because my wife takes care of all the chickens and I acknowledge before this assembly as I have before her that I know nothing about them, though I also acknowledge that she is on a higher plane than I am. Being raised on the farm I never was taught to think that it was my wife's business to milk the cows of my business to take care of the chickens. We each had our department, hers being undoubtedly on a higher plane, and I naturally yielding my judgment to her and milk the cow myself. Before trying to answer the question of the gentleman I would like to have him describe to me exactly what he means by professional judges. I think I caught part of his meaning, but if he will just be expicit now and put the professional judge in the light that we may know how to go after him, I will be better able to answer his question.

The Member: We understand from the gentlemen here who speaks about pounlty judges, that they are professional judges. There are certain men scattered over the country, a very few of them, who have studied the poultry score card in such a way that they have become experts, claim to be experts in handling the score card on poultry.

Now, we have men who claim to be experts in handling the score card on animals. Now, those men when they become experts, sufficiently so to be recognized over the country as Mr. Jones or Mr. Smith who has a standard on poultry or Shorthorn cattle or Angus cattle or hogs, hasn't he become an expert judge? He is in demand at every place all over the country, he is the man we want to come and score our animals. I think you have practically got to get it down to the mals. I think you have practically got to get it down to this score card system, you will have to make your examination of stock something on the score card system. Now, then, is there any score card for breeding stock—I mean outside of poultry, of course—any system of score cards that will apply satisfactorily to breeding animals?

There is no question as far as fat stock is concerned, because all the agricultural colleges all over the country have their score ards and they have their professors and they are

teaching the judging of fat stock by the score card system. Now, isn't it a fact that those very fellows who are being taught that system in judging fat stock attempt to apply the same system on your breeding animals, and will it work?

I think you probably have an idea now what I mean. I do not say that there are very many professors teaching in that way, but there are some that claim they are and this system of scoring will have a tendency to make professionals. Now, what I want to know is, will we be advantaged by having such professors and placing them above the man who is a judge in his own herd and in his own barnyard as a breeder?

Mr. Wornall: I don't want Mr. McKerrow to think I have talked as often as he has; this is only the second time. I did not think when I got up here after the gentleman had asked me to say something that I would have to have witnesses all over the house to show that I was right. I supposed these people would take my word for it.

Mr. McKerrow: They have heard of you before.

Mr. Wornall: Mr. McKerrow, I never interrupted you when you were talking, and you talk quite often.

Now, it is a pretty hard proposition which the gentleman here has brought up, but we want to remember that if we have professional chicken judges, they were breeders first and then they got it down to finer points. We certainly must admit that they are years and years ahead of us.

Your question comes in as to the professional college man wno applies the score card to the fat animal. Every one of us say in our premium list that we will not give the fat animal the preference, but the judges always do. They are after the nice lookers, they ought to have grown up first in the business, and then afterwards become professional experts.

But here again is the great trouble in having a big breeder for a judge. He sells all over the country, he sells to everybody that will buy of him and you put him in as a judge, and this man has got his stock and that man has bot his stock, and sometimes people will even try to buy of that judge after his name is announced as the judge for the Fair.

Mr. Hadley first introduced this college professor business.

I suppose he got touched up on it once and had reason to be sorry.

Mr. Hadley: Oh, no; I don't say they are necessarily not competent judges.

Mr. Wornall: I think you should make judges out of the body of the breeders, but not a man who has sold too much stock in the country. He runs into his type of animal and even if he goes do his duty,—the animal he has sold, his stock is best, of course, to him, and it calls for criticism from the fellows that do not get the premiums. They say, "He does not give it to the best animal, but to his own type or his particular stock that he is selling through the country." So far as the college business and the professional judge is concerned, I suppose you ought to take the college students out and show them how to breed for four or five years. If you ask me the question directly about judging live stock, fat stock, I suppose you mean cattle horses, etc., as easily as you can chickens, there are a good many things to be considered. For instance, you don't care much for color in the chicken business and other points don't count for much, so that it is easier to handle your score card, but when it comes right down to the score card business the judge doesn't want to put it down in writing why he gives the award to a particular animal, he doesn't want to give his reasons for it. You will find ninety-nine out of a hundred judges who will say, "I don't want to use a score card." he does, he sets it all out there and he gives ten points on one thing and three on another and then somebody comes along and asks him why he doesn't want to go into particulars. Without the score card he gets away and nobody knows why he reached the conclusion he did.

A Member: Mr. Chairman, from some of the questions that have been propounded here I am led to believe that I have placed myself in a wrong light in this organization. I do not wish to be understood as saying anything against the agricultuarl college judge, and I have done myself an injustice if I have left that impression. I fully appreciate that the agricultural student at one of our colleges is placed about five years ahead of what he would be if he started on the farm without the agricultural education that he receives at the college, and

maybe ten years ahead, and it is but a means towrd that end; but the agricultural score card judging system is being more and more applied to cattle and that has come from the agricultuarl college as a rule, with some exceptions. At many of our State Fairs you will see the students allowed to judge and score the cattle first. Then the judge that you have selected, who is a breeder nine times out of ten, goes in and judges the animal without respect to the score card, and I will guarantee that within the last twelve years of my experience there has not been a single breeder that has ever judged under my observation that could write a score card at all, he doesn't know how. All he knows is by experience, such experience as he has had in counteracting the ill effects and taking advantage of the good effects that come before him in view of the awards to be made. So I say all praise and God-speed to the agricuitural college, but do not let the agricultural college professor who has had no experience whatever along breeding lines, even if he has had some success in other lines-before you call upon him to judge the breeding cattle, at least expect the same standards to be reached that are applied to those who judge horses, sheep, swine, etc. You cannot use the retired breeder in the cattle department as you can the retired chicken man. I want to know what in thunder made that fellow retire before I make him a judge, or if he has retired with all the encomiums of his friends because of his ability, in that case we want him. But if he has retired simply because he made a failure in the business, he is not the kind of man we want for a judge.

Mr. Neal: A question which I think is important to those of us who want to make up our catalogues is as to the policy of publishing the judge's name in the catalogue. There has only been one man who has answered that question as to whether it is the best policy.

Mr. McKerrow: Mr. Chairman, if friend Conger will grant me permission, I will answer that question for Wisconsin. We have published the names of our judges for many years with the utmost satisfaction.

As an exhibitor I will say that when I read the list of judges in the premium lists in the different States where I hope to

exhibit, it saves me a lot of trouble. I don't have to write to friend Conger about who is going to judge at the State Fair and if the judge is competent from my point of view I exhibit in Indiana; if he is not, I do not.

A Member (from Nebraska): It has been the custom in Nebraska to publish the names of the judges and I believe it will raise the standard of the men that we secure for judges. When a man is selected as a judge and his name has been published, it is quite a recommendation for him and he certainly will take some pride in it, and I believe that if the State Fairs throughout the country adopt that system, selecting men they are not ashamed of and putting them right before the public and letting the exhibitors and the public know the gentlemen they have selected and that they have judges of good reputation and standing, I believe it will encourage all of us in our State Fairs to be a little more particular in selecting a better class of men for judges.

Mr. Neal: I personally am in favor of publishing the list of judges, but I know that our Board is not united on that subject, and Mr. Niblack says "No." I would like to hear from him why he says "No."

Mr. Niblack: I simply said to my friend that I did not think myself that it was good policy, because my experience has been the other way. We have had the experience and we are impressed with it, and it takes experience the other way to change a man.

I think there are two sides to this question. I do believe with the brother who spoke a while ago that it would eventually educate our judges to be of a higher order than they are, andw hen the time comes that they have reached that point I think then it would be more than safe to publish the names, but I do know of instances where, when a judge was know in advance, that many very good breeders declined to show, not because the judge was considered dishonest, but because the judge has been accepted at other places and had made enemies in some contests and the satisfaction had not been universal, and they felt that certain breeds had been discriminated against or something of that kind. I think that the Fair man-

agement ought to get fair and honest judges and I think the presumption is ninety-nine times in a hundred that they will do so. I am one of those who believe every man is honest if presented as a judge, until he is proven to be the contrary, and I would stand by him and sustain him. There are certainly two sides to the question and it is a question that ought to be discussed very fully and very broadly. For myself, I think that it is injurious to the Fair from the standpoint of the Fair management to publish the names of all your judges in the live stock list.

Now, Mr. President, while I am on my feet, there is another point I would like to speak of. We all agree with nearly everything that has been said; indeed, there have been very few things said that there can be any difference of opinion on, but there is one subject that has not yet been discussed, and that is, when you find a judge who answers all requirements, and you find him to be just the man you are looking for, ideal in his position, how often will it pay the Fair management to employ that judge continuously—how many years? In other words, should the Fair management continue him more than one year, or let him drop out and come in again a few years later? Or, will it be good policy to continue him from year to year?

My observation in that line is that it does not pay to have a judge continuously in the same classes, and there are a good many reasons for that. One I might point out. A judge—I don't care who heis—he might be full of integrity and have the best intentions—he can't help having a certain type of animal in his mind, and that type might not be the type of breeders outside who have their peculiar views. When that type is established in them ind of that man and the department is to be judged by that type only, then everybody who does not believe in that particular type might as well keep his animals at home, because he has no show whatever before that honest, competent judge. When you change your judges oftener, I think it is far to the advantage of the Association and gives better satisfaction to the exhibitors. That is my

idea and I would very much like to hear some discussion on that point.

Mr. Cosgrove: I can't keep still, because the gentleman who has just spoken said that when they published the names of the judges, certain men said they would not come. Now, that strikes me as a very good reason why we should publish the names. Minnesota has published the judges' names for years and we believe it works well. Certainly, if the names had not been published and that man had brought up his herd to the Fair, how would he feel after he got up there and found the man there that he would not have shown under if he had known beforehand that he was going to be judge?

Fair manager cannot afford to keep anything under cover. If you are going to make a Fair a success, let everything be in the open, and you cannot get exhibits enough when they know who is going to be the judge, let that kond of exhibitor go.

I object to the idea that has been suggested of the consulting judge; I object to anybody going into the ring to consult with the judge. We have a great deal of trouble in our country with men who say they are not satisfied with the way their stock is judged, and perhaps say, "I saw the Superintendent consulting with the judge, and I know I would have gotten that premium if he had not consulted with the Superintendent." It is very hard work to get one good judge, and to get three—that is out of the question. We have finally got down to the one judge question; we let him do it.

We believe in paying judges fair prices; not fancy prices, and that is not necessary; they don't come for the money. We had Mr. Tom Clark, of Illionis, several years, and we paid him \$100. It doesn't pay him for his time and out of that he pays his own expenses, so that is certainly a very reasonable price and a man of that standing ought to be worth that money.

Mr. Wornall: This last point raised by the gentleman is a very important thing, one that you people that have not been on the show ring side do not know as much about as the fellow on the other side. Within the past year I knew of two men meeting at a dinner; they were good friends, and both

judges, one of considerable experience in judging sheep and the other rather new in the line, but showing good promise at least. One of these gentlemen said to the other, "I am going to judge a certain breed of cattle at a certain State Fair." "Are you? Funny thing. I got a leter from those fellows asking me what I would charge to come up there. I wrote and told them and I got another letter from them, saying, 'We would like to get you up here, but Mr. Jones offered to come cheaper.' " So it went, one feeling very cheap, and the Fair managers playing each off against the other. Those little things get out amongst the breeders. That Fair management was probably endeavoring honestly to choose between the two men, men possibly of equal merit, but in order to save a few dollars they had gotte nthe cheaper man and placed both these good men in that false position. The other fellow. Mr. A., had larger business interests; he was able to put his price within bounds with no idea that the money part of it would figure.

All State Fairs cannot afford to pay all judges \$100, and the breeders, I think, recognize the fact that if they get their expenses and decent compensation—five, ten dollars a day for the time they are actually at work, that they have in a measure been compensated, because they feel like they owe it to the Association and to their fellow breeders to give them any benefit that they may be able to give them. Therefore I would like to have seen this discussed a little more largely along that line.

WISCONSIN FARM CROP REPORTS, 1906.

MAY 1.

The winter of 1905 and 1906 was less severe than the average in temperature, and except for the unfavorable weather of March in those parts of the state where the ground was not covered with snow, little damage would have occurred to crops, trees and shrubbery. Reports show that in the southern division of the state and in many parts of the middle division, during March the ground was free from snow and froze to a sufficient depth to seriously injure the clover crop, especially fields that were cut last season. Alfalfa has also suffered badly.

Winter wheat was also considerably injured, though this crop is of much less importance than clover.

Fruit trees and shrubbery generally, came through the winter in good condition and the prospects are, at date, excellent for heavy bloom upon all varieties..

The season is some ten days later than the last and not all small grain fields are sown in the southern and central divisions of the state, while farm work in the northern division is somewhat more backward. Frequent complaint is made that ground is too dry for proper handling.

More than the usual acreage of plowing was done last fall, and much grain has been put in upon last year's corn and potato fields by use of disc harrow instead of plow.

Pastures are in good condition, and with warm weather will in due time give sufficient feed for stock.

We note that many farmers are inflicting injury both upon their fields and cattle by already allowing their animals a run upon fields just becoming green.

No widespread or even general diseases are reported among live stock, though the condition of farm animals is not generally good, possibly attributable to the poor quality of last year's

hay crop.

From present indications the acreage of spring sown grains will be equal to that of last year, except spring wheat, which continues to diminish.

The tendency will be to plant a smaller acreage of potatoes than last year, while in the tobacco districts this acreage will be increased.

Sugar beets will be extensively planted, with a large increase of acreage in Dane and other counties tributary to the new beet sugar factory at Madison.

Dairy products continue to bear good prices, and this industry will continue to grow, notwithstanding the serious menace of tuberculosis among cattle in many parts of the state.

From letters of inquiry sent out we estimate the condition of the following crops—100 representing a good normal condition—at: winter wheat, 83½; rye, 93; clover, 81; timothy meadows, 96.

From the same source we gain the following average of farm

prices of products being sold:

ou or produced sering point	
Wheat \$.75
Rye	.58
Barley	46
Oats	28
Corn	.45
Beans 1	.55
Potatoes	.45
Clover seed	00
Timothy seed 1.	50
Dairy butter	21
Eggs	14
Tame hay 7.	25

JUNE 1.

The month of May has been cold and backward. The rainfall has not generally been excessive, but there has been much cloudy weather accompanied by light rains. Such weather has been favorable for the growth of grains and grasses, which

are well advanced and in generally good condition. The losses, by winter killing, to clover and winter wheat, is found to have not been over stated in the May report, and fields are often thin and uneven.

Much of the acreage of old clover has been plowed and put in other crops. Alfalfa as a crop is almost entirely killed. The severe frost of May 27th injured early potatoes, corn, and garden crops, as well as strawberries that were in bloom, although the general damage is not as great as was feared.

The stand of early planted corn is good, but the color indicates the necessity of warm weather and sunshine. Considerable corn is yet to be planted. The prospects for this crop, June 1st, can only be estimated by its acreage and condition of young plants, as its value as a crop is largely dependent upon favorable weather later in the season.

Little or no tobacco has yet been set, but plants are reported in good condition.

Sugar beets show a good stand, and are growing rapidly. Weeds have also made a strong growth on most cultivated fields.

Pastures are in good condition, and timothy meadows promise a fair yield.

Our reports from correspondents came so soon after the frost referred to, that damage to small fruit was largely a matter of conjecture, and we hope it may be less than figures reported would indicate. The prospects for apple crop are good.

As a whole the indications at date are encouraging for another prosperous agricultural season.

Following is a percentage statement of the condition of crops for the state, 100 representing a good average condition.

Winter wheat		•		• •		•								88
Winter rye .		•1•					 					 		94
Clover meador	ws .									•,,				84
Timothy mea	dows	3.									 		٠.	95
Pastures													 	98
Barley												 		99
Oats														
Spring wheat														
Small fruits.	· · · ·													 83
Apples					٠.		٠.		• . •				 	 90

No very marked changes have been made in the proportionate acreage of general crops in the state. We note a continued decrease in the acreage of wheat, a smaller falling off in that of potatoes, and a marked increase in the acreage of tobacco and sugar beets. An increased acreage of flax is reported from St. Croix and Pierce counties; while in Racine and Kenosha counties where cabbage production has been quite an industry, the acreage this year is largely increased,—the farmers frequently planting ten or more acres to the crop. Marathon county reports 3,000 acres of peas.

In the northern counties the increase in acreage of given crops is quite noticeable from the clearing and cultivation of new land.

Correspondents were asked for an estimate of the percentage of increase or decrease of acreage of crops from last year, 100 representing the acreage of 1905, and the following statement is based upon these estimates.

Wheat 89
Rye 98
Barley 101
Oats 102
Corn 102
Potatoes
Tobacco
Sugar beets 110
Meadows

JULY 1.

The weather during the past month has been generally favorable throughout the state, for the growth of small grains and grasses. Some locations, however, notably in the southern tier of counties, complain of severe drought, seriously interfering with these crops even,—while others in central and northern sections rport damage from excessive rainfall. As a whole, reports show a very satisfactory condition of the leading crops of the state.

The winter damage to meadows from freezing, proves to be even greater than was shown in our last report; and while grass is well grown on newly seeded fields, the stand is thin and the yield of hay will be much less than that of last year. Pastures remain in good condition except in sections referred to as drought-stricken.

Up to the middle of June the condition of corn was by no means encouraging, but since that time with warmer weather, it has grown rapidly and at date is little behind the average, for a term of years, in growth and promise.

The stand is generally good, and notwithstanding the frequent rains, most fields are well worked and free from weeds.

Winter grains are rapidly approaching the ripening stage without any serious interference from insects or rust.

Spring sown grains are not so universally over grown as last season, unless spraying of trees is done in a timely and thorough ing.

Sugar beets are making an excellent growth where not overrun by weeds.

Tobacco planting can hardly be said to be yet finished. The weather has been favorable for transplanting, and very little loss has occurred therefrom. The earlier set plants are already showing rapid growth.

It is probably useless to expect a full crop of apples in any season, unless spraying of trees i done in a timely and thorough manner. The young fruit is falling badly, from the work of insects, and the quantity and quality from neglected trees will be much below what was early expected.

Plums also from the same or similar insect pests.

Berries promise to be abundant.

The special crops of peas, cabbage, etc., are reported in good condition.

The summary of reports received from the whole state is given below, 100 representing a high average condition:

Winter wheat	31/,
Spring wheat	
Rye 94	
Barley 96	
Oats 97	
Corn 89	9 -
Potatoes	5
Peas 98	3
Tobacco	7
Sugar beets	
Meadows	
Pastures	7
Apples	-
Small fruits 90	

AUGUST 1.

The month of July has, as a whole, been remarkably favorable to the interests of the Wisconsin farmer.

In some portions of the outhern Section of the state there has been insufficient rain for the proper growth of crops—while pastures have suffered severely—but these conditions are not general. The hay crop was secured in good condition, and while the number of tons harvested is considerably less than that of last year, the excellent quality makes the crop a valuable one.

Wheat, rye and barlev have also gone into shock in good shape, and the promise of yield is above the average.

Oats are now being harvested and are generally of excellent quality. There has been little loss from lodging, and consequently complaint of rust has not been general.

Corn has made a rapid growth, and in many parts of the state is more promising now, than at the same date last year.

Potatoes are almost universally reported in healthy condition,—very little blight or rust being reported.

Late tobacco is somewhat backward but growing rapidly, and fields are generally clean and well cared for. Early planted is already well in blossom.

Sugar beets have made a good growth, and where properly thinned and weeded promise excellent yields.

Apples have fallen badly and the crop will be light, except where trees were properly sprayed.

We have never in the history of our work, been able to give so uniformly favorable a report of all farm crops at this season of the year, as at this time.

The more uniform rainfall in Central and Northern Wisconsin causes a better showing from those sections than from the Southern Counties.

Percentage reports from Central and Northern Sections are as follows:

Oats	981/2
Corn	92
Potatoes	92
Peas	98
Tobacco	96
Sugar beets	99
Pastures	
Apples	75

From the Southern Section:	
Oats 9	95
Corn ··	90
Potatoes)5
Peas 9	8
Tobacco g	3
Sugar beets 9	8
Pastures	
Apples	15
• •	

From these reports we submit the following estimate for the whole State:

Oats97
Corn91
Potatoes
Peas98
Tobacco
Sugar beets
Pastures
Apples

The estimated yield per acre, of crops already harvested is, —wheat, 18 bushels; rye, 17½ bushels; barley, 35 bushels; tame hay, 13% tons.

On account of the State Fair, to be held September 10-14, no crop report will be issued for the month of September.

NOVEMBER 1.

Our final crop for this season aims to give the average yield per acre of the principal farm crops grown in Wisconsin, the quality of the same—upon a basis of 100, representing a very high average for a term of years,—and the average price of the same on the home market.

Yields have been uniformly good, as generally favorable crop conditions have prevailed trroughout the State during the entire season. The yield of small grains was somewhat diminished in the Southern Section during the early summer, and higher averages are received from the Central and Northern Sections.

The corn crop of the State is the best for a long term of years; the crop being fully matured even in those parts of the State where it has not been considered safe to attempt to cultivate it. Our figures relative to this crop look large, but we are satisfied that they are not overdrawn.

The potato crop matured in five form. There is little complaint of blight or rot, though in most locations considerable damage was reported from grub worms. Nevertheless the crop would have been very large and fine, but for the severe frost early in October.

It is estimated that hardly one-third of the crop had been secured at that time, and from one-third to one-half of the tubers then in the ground were destroyed. In addition to the loss of crop, the liability to mix frosted potatoes with sound ones has added immensely to the work of preparing crop for market and has unsettled prices for the time.

Aside from losses by frost, the crop remains larger than that of last year, and is of better quality; and prices will doubtless advance for clean well assorted stock.

The yield of clover seed is light, and the quality rather inferior. Many parts of the State where the crop has usually been important, a failure is now reported.

Sugar beets have made a good yield, and are being marketed at good prices.

The tobacco crop was heavy and was well secured. Prices are very satisfactory.

On many of the products herein classified, local prices vary to a considerable extent, especially where crops, like potatoes,

On many of the products herein classified, local prices vary to a considerable extent, especially where crops, like potatoes, are difficult of transportation,—but as a whole prices compare favorably with those of last season, while yields are generally more satisfactory. We give the following table from the reports of correspondents:—

Yield	l per Acre	Quali	ty Price
Wheatbushels	$18\frac{1}{2}$	90	70c
Ryebushels	18	91	54c
Barleybushels	33	$\bf 92$	46 c
Oatsbushels	39	93	28c
Buckwheatbushels	17	90	65c
Clover Seedbushels	14	90	\$6.50
Flax Seedbushels	14	90	1.04
Cornbushels	42	98	40c
Peas bushels	20	95	90c
Potatoesbushels	125	94	30c
Sugar beets tons	13	95	4.75
Tobacco lbs.	1450	96	13c
Cabbage tons	$10\frac{1}{2}$		4.50
Tame Hay tons	$1\frac{3}{8}$	97	8.00

No further crop reports will be issued until the Epring of 1907.

John M. True, Secretary.

CROP AND LIVE STOCK STATISTICS.

STATEMENT OF CROPS GROWN IN 1905.

Counties.		Nem	BER OF BUS	HELS.	
COUNTIES.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
Adams	11,017	385,917	223,708	18,310	159,525
shland	2,499	212	56,063	3,738	811
Barron	43,722	69,004	1,713,988	95,166	15,14
Bayfield	47 ? 82,233	1,125 77,817	18,776 958,576	425 354,853	1,650 130,803
	, i				
Buffalo	148,861	716,231	3,180,918	377,200	32,473
Burnett	58,240	46,110	81,030	4,378	9,549
'alumet	69,677	215,881 261,817	1,028,895 1,424,991	1,198,097 55,006	18,998
'hippewa'	29,258 36,596	119,797		74.041	25,317 27,378
.III.F.K	30,390	119,191	101,491	11,041	21,010
'olumbia	42,999	1,824,793	1,835,476	427,962	107,710
rawford	57,526	652,731	704,263	71,333	9,614
Dane	43,039	4,054,471	3,971,248	691,622	73,534
Oodge'	183,936	1,761,673	3,494,300	2,315,137	42,188
Door	80,926	13,924	399,229	94,248	99,185
ouglas	476	545	11,948	117	504
ounn	68,127	723,153	1,311,700	148,119	46,884
Cau Claire	48,338	349,213	1,637,033	122,802	49,619
lorence	545	50	15,135	381	302
Cond du Lac	47,826	679,027	1,757,060	1,543,654	13,156
orest	917	50	15,363	404	10
lates	1,197	5,160	33,441	3,847	671
rant	30,850	2,363,378	2,636,037	229,346	58,198
reen	7,561	1,600,621	1,354,861	276,408	48,899
Freen Lake	39,120	817,105	861,385	300,160	76,807
owa	27,509	1,327,045	1.668,372	145,020	49,117
ron	522	103	6,819	623	
ackson	85,363	315,805	1,287,665	93,142	55,691
efferson	101,095	1.518.778	1,616,720	478,203	92,178
uneau	32,951	203,268	631,725	57,235	52,787
Cenosha	9,886	716,231	738.541	49,383	89,909
ewaunee	114,333	852	476,861	476,834	100,828
a Crosse	58,484	611,683	931,072	263,220	42,836
afnyette	5,864	1,948,106	1,390,935	191,095	9,125
anglade	12,460	4,032	229,569	32,259	4,194
incoln	2,062	565	86,185	7.877	1,901
fanitowec	75,798	103.240	814.804	668,675	185,394
farathon	68,653	33,100	881,439	165,276	38,899
farinette	11,600	13,860	251,207	10,713	8,819
farquette	13,941	397,298	330,500	3,569	157,205

STATEMENT OF CROPS GROWN IN 1905—Continued.

	Number of Bushels.									
COUNTIES.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.					
Milwaukee	18,971	290,029	512,660	85,766	58.84					
Monroe	105,325	533.077	1.421.852	185.030	56.95					
Oconto	41.665	82.186	550,137	41.922	29.81					
Oneida	509	162	33,059	1.291	65					
Outagamie	15,425	599,936	1,483,431	542,621	83,53					
Ozaukee	30,813	122,198	526,486	533,473	44,30					
Pepin	35,295	248,425	397,151	212,035	25,04					
Pierce	98,025	370,689	1,487,095	901,233	91,25					
Polk	78,818	156,674	1,302,124	125,800	12,83					
Portage	18,028	374,370	617,133	6,538	157,27					
Price	1,652	732		2,335	1,05					
Racine	13,655	915,324		107,581	36,27					
Richland	38,412	875,064	586,485	150,629	23,00					
łock	9,349	2,675,015	1,457,810	831,239	220,45					
St. Croix	101,794	468,304	2,607,543	433,117	57,58					
auk	107,623	1,250,345	1,796,360	190,513	130,56					
Sawyer	908	889	21,361	690	46					
Shawano	112,001	256,427	731,298	166,289	62,86					
Sheboygan	36,338	446,110	1,048,426	930,962	93,2					
Taylor	2,043	518	77,962	10,439	5,44					
Prempealeau	150,008	505,928	2,219,234	210,670	45,57					
Vernon	118,653	654,174	1,428,100	215,867	6,58					
Vilas	. 50	150	4,520		36					
Walworth	14.534	2,232,752	1,256,607 89,431	637,655	54,60					
washourn	7,958	19,707	59, 1 31	9,026	4,41					
Washington	83,644	601,537	943,573	1,168,501	72,14					
Waukesha	65,048	969,638	1,501,002	478,752	152,94					
Vaupaca	48,094	442,938	982,441		96,20					
Waushara	3,714	497,463	465,960	21,738	160,90					
Vinnebago	40,269	485,649	1,173,555	362,024	24,39					
Wood	9,512	96,184	316,135	48,520	45,04					
Total	3,165,801	40,954,484	63,175,030	19,828,067	3,694,18					

·	[Number o	F Bushels.		
Counties.	Flax seed.	Pota- toes.	Roots other than Sugar Beets.	Cran- berries.	Apples.	Straw- berries.
Adams	1	907 059	656		803	206
Ashland		697,958 43,611	1,209		405	458
Barron Bayfield	1,741	407,613	51,292	10	486	518
Brown		48,306 185,986	3,892 62,921		308 15,798	320 4.632
DIOWE		100,000	02,021		13,100	_,
Buffalo	299	68,405	925	[3,996	198
Burnett Calumet	47	155,120 32,717	22,966 625		3,864	9 267
Chippewa	4	434,730	3,819		4,285	683
Clark	795	97,503	7,678		709	635
Columbia	50	648,110	425	l	6,637	854
Crawford		63,535	738		20,303	822
Dane		230,680	2,866		13,275	5,081
Dodge Door		165,317 89,173	99 190	'	14,766 16,708	2,730 2,113
17001		•	1		10,100	
Douglas		32,538	3,265		5	217
Dunn Eau Claire		351,885 240,384	4,909 2,734	71	3,109 6,725	4,763
Florence		7,027	1,111		163	
Fond du Lac		177,039	4,050		4,352	5,971
Forest	701	11,365	5,745		'	
Gates	10	26,175	1,581	1	165	23
Grant		185,495	260		18,634	1,150
Green Lake		64,332 123,771	1,001 1,025		4,922 3,181	769
Wicen Dake	1 ;	140,111	1,000	i		
Iowa	200	63,741 13.015			6,803	411
Ingkeon	10	150,582	4,504	14,519	4,148	3,691
Jefferson Juneau		11,755	8,015		125	9,620
Juneau		378,231	2,121	3,381	2,901	303
Kenosha	1.266	75,292	506		26,092	2,400
Kenosha Kewaunee	864	41,006	1,712		9,696	1:
Kewaunee La Crosse	'	1,095,944		·	14,297 1,359	4,56 29
La Fayette Langlade	1	74,520 52,585	11.114	1	249	400
				1	!	
Lincoln		46,949	4,604	39	129 20,513	1,76
Manitowoc Marathon	001 304	100,945 154,407	11,042 17,716	260	3,382	39
Marinette		86,775	11,409		6,435	10
Marquette		356,903	,	. 76	5,426	74
Milwaukee	316	240,479	62,028		27,966	5,90
Monroe		155,733	9,732	2,269	12,507	17,73
Oconto		130,998 52,468	15,371 3,708		10,901	175 236
Outagamie		223,530			3,988	n
-	1		1		1	
Ozaukee Pepin		54,175 29,200	355 1,255		1,857 1,495	101
Pierce	14.747	94,753			8,796	54
Polk	2,265	157,571	14,978	382	382	641
Portage	. '	1,600,422	910		1,817	470

1	NUMBER OF BUSHELS.									
COUNTIES.	Flax seed.	Pota- toes.	Roo's other than Sugar Beets.	Cran- berries.	Apples.	Straw- berries.				
Price		45,282	6.806	l	141	106				
Racine	2,455	103,893	27,960		11,154	3.08				
Richland	1	58,450			20,126					
Rock		197,567	3,461		7.439					
St. Croix	105,179	109,575	2,250		1,712	1,008				
Sauk	9	593,427	4,500		15,232	1,623				
Sawyer	 . 	23,029	1,773			56				
Shawano	45	209,958	14,241		3,516	114				
Sheboygan	7,279	111,510	13,022	3,665	3,061	759				
Taylor	14	30,652	2,501	·	, 180	68				
Trempealeau	73	110,261	200		7,145	1.763				
Vernon		98,915			24,704	206				
Vilas		9,300	1,800			20				
Walworth	550	96,413	10,694	! • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12,239	440				
Vashburn	34	63,359	13,298	; 10	101	143				
Washington		134,393	19,428	: 	1.171	425				
Waukesha	10	310,322	19,109	782	17.868	9,286				
Waupaca	31	1,263,968	1,890	95	4,125	146				
Waushara	103	1,343,294	10,956	2,100	5,852	769				
Winnebago	535	126,625	5.678		5,116	2,128				
Wood	72	158,191	11,026	15,541	S73	576				
Total	143,232	15,319,944	585,926	43,200	452,941	132,933				

STATEMENT OF CROPS GROWN IN 1905—Continued.

G		1	NUMBER O	F Bushel	.8.		No. of Tons.
COUNTIES.	Rasp berries.	Black berries.	Cur-	Grapes	Clover seed.	Timothy seed.	Sugar beets.
Adams Ashland	22	6		2	5,667	420	
Barron	55	3		4	2,068	798	2,14
Bayfield Brown	20 231	30 10	835	2	8,514	20 273	3,76
Buffalo Burnett	68 32	27	,	30	819	1,252	
Calumet	50	1	7	25	16,381	104	1,03
Chippewa Clark	182	150 3	2	4	971 145	854 149	9,520
Columbia Crawford	182 403	34 408	15 25	11 95	1,824 574	8,491 515	1,87
Dane	890	104	129	258	674	4.130	
Dodge	1,384	485	90	1,032	5,960	1,780	710
Door	298	SO.	•		1,388	204	2,021
Douglas Dunn	1 66	56	1	8	2,267	891	94.65
Eau Claire	1,317	96	9	17	2,365	1,096	1,83
Florence Fond du Lac	1,909	1,885	·····i	128	4,196	557	530
Forest		,		ļ. 			23
Gates	18	1,483	5,500	1.608	5,909	3,353	20
Green	445	120	62	50	252	2,625	!
Green Lake	79		·····	15?	2,303	1,496	13
lowa Iron	12	25	15	1,500	1,044	1,672	
Jackson	1,602	729	131	35	2,455	342	20,700
Jefferson Juneau	413 113	89 20	91 13	91 20	871 6,614	190 295	1,79
Kenosha	1,695	75	38		25	319	
Kewaunee La Crosse	102 899	1,225	47	647	9,980 516	198 88	1,70
Lafayette	72	56	2		1,024	2,638	75
Langlade					•••••	. ?	'
Lincoln	217	150	9	82	11,493	194	4,36
Marathon	13	150	. 6		211	174	12
Marinette		<u></u> .	·		971	<u>.</u> .	2,72
Marquette	58	' 55 !		40	6,08?	5	
Milwaukee Monroe	155 2,081	2,743	1,020	110		97 615	2,16
Oconto	15	10	5		2,213	109	1,79
Oneida Outagamie	677	1,289	4 14	5	1,963	119	2,89
Ozaukee				<u> </u>	4,768		1.21
Pepin	190		,	68	1,711	371	1
Pierce Polk	248 505	214			667 20	489	
Portage	143	7	11	1	695		1

Commen	Number of Bushels.								
Counties.	Rasp- berries.	Black- berries.	Cur- rauts.	Grapes.	Clover seed.	Timothy seed.	Sugar beets.		
Price	4		77	Ī	32	54	20		
Racine	161	16	37	35	268	577	825		
Richland	630	543	176	602	331	276			
Rock	1,642	51	356	59	349	6,490	36,637		
St. Crolx	1,177		315	'	803	2,645	286		
Sauk	928	310	68	234	1,714	905	149		
Sawyer						47			
Shawano					2,918		769		
Sheboygan Faylor		97	85	50	4,611	393	693		
Frempealeau	216	49	6	47	1.785	1.679	22		
Vernon	126	403	11	111	1.871	501	394		
Vilas	5	3	5	1					
Walworth	7?	46	31	50	64	3.189	839		
Washburn	68		17		103	38	198		
Washington	71		178	46	13.317	349	3.944		
Waukesha	1.074	24	385	49	510	1.382	6.390		
Waupaca	7	l	l	!	1.663	453	657		
Waushara	347		2	1	5,008	1,630			
Winnebago	683		91	84	620	350	587		
Wood	18	5	4		743	120	837		
Total	26,213	13,207	9,946	7,263	148,411	59:469	857.058		

STATEMENT OF CROPS GROWN IN 1905-Continued.

0	Nember	of Tons.	NUMBER (of Puunds.		ARVISTED SEED.
COUNTIES.	Cultivated Grasse.	Flax Fibre.	Норв.	Tobacco.	Clover.	Timothy.
Adams	15,115	9			5,750	187
Ashland	9,654					
Barron	64,738		[40,196	1,099	12
Bayfleld Brown	2,137 85,647		·		2,235	96: 3,34
	1					1
Buffalo Burnett	36,332 5,676	• • • • • • • • • • • •		37,600	\$01 24	29
alumet	31,870				6,293	l ŝ
'hippewa	56,542			107,400	411	9
'lark	77,937	83	'	2,280	125	3
olumbia	51,576		1,500	2,903,565	1,332	1,67
'rawford	42,772			1,724,385	433	54
)ane	119,927			13,304,430	283	65
Oodge	71,362			6,600	2,249 1,532	2,36
oor	43,248		· · · · · • • • · · · · ·		1,582	ı
ouglas Junn	6,309		'			12:
au Ciaire	43,536 42,157	245,475	33		1,792 1,417	17
lorence	1,760				1,111	
ond du Lac	6,442				2,390	4
`orest	1,377					
ates	7,147			75		1
rant	93.840			184,400	5,300	1,04
reen			·	194,635	101	74
reen Lake	11,671	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		••••••	1,262	4.3
owa	58,529			·	779	49
ron ackson	2,277 32,067	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		215,600	1 040	••••••
efferson	48,176			221,700	1,848 202	11
uneau	28,300		400	250,199	8,457	27
Cenosh a	62,407	}	İ	i	30	. 5
Kewaunee	48,059				7,827	
AL Crosse	39,730			83,620	455	; 1
afayette	70,980			5,000	367	58
anglade	23,239	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • •	
incoln	13,822		·			; .
fanitowoe	69,595		• • • • • • • • • • • • •			87
Iarathon Iarinette	89,760 16,572			22	19 97	9
larquette	8,472			10	5,949	
filwaukee	48,490		i		170	
inwaukee	65,500		2,000	502,303	1.085	19
conto			1,000	50	1,753	4
)neida	5,880			·		19
Outagamie	56,695			·····	658	1
zaukce	33,885	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 	١	1,990	4
Pepin	10,620		'		435	8
Pierce	50,503			22,704	615	15
Polk Portage	55,147 41,901		9,800			29
_	-		3,550		092	29
rice	14,357	44 000				!.
lacine ichland	41,219 60,723	44,600		370,540	139	13
пешина	72,221			5,950,222	358	1,39
t Crolx	61,953	674,000	15.950		139	12,72

(COUNTIES.	Number o	of Tons.	Number o	F Pounds	ACRES HARVESTED FOR SEED.		
	Cultivated grasses.	Flax Fibre.	Hops.	Tobacco.	Clover.	Timothy.	
Sauk					1,438	196	
Sawyer							
Shawano					1,773		
Sheboygan					2,076	8	
Taylor	26,147	• • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • • • •		
Trempealeau	63,758			253.615	1.335	27	
Vernon					1,528	16	
Vilas	1				2,020		
Walworth					40	49	
Washburn	6,927				· 82		
Washington	41,515		l	l	5,111	5	
Waukesha				169	225	30	
Waupaca					1,523	12	
Waushara	35,969			i	5,858	53	
Winnebago	55,209				333	7	
Wood	31,308	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			282	1	
Total	3,448,722	264,167	29,685	35,363,341	94,412	33,26	

STATEMENT OF ACREAGE OF CROPS, 1906—Continued.

			Num	BER OF A	CRES.		
COUNTIES.	Wheat.	Cora.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.	Flax seed.	Pota- toes.
Adams	1,130	21,083	11,471	650	19,033		10,843
Ashland	177	46	2,352	. 196	67	,	506
Barron Bayfield	3,823	8,549 3S	36,257 1,830	4,563 55	1,200 500	281	5,956 619
Brown	7,296	8,477	60,845	12,630	7,795		2,439
Buffalo	9,964	21,475	45,587	14,269	2,816	30	906
Burnett	2,742	3,387	5,166	108	747		2,150
Calumet Chippewa	2,957 1,790	7,824 10,250	19,536 45,730	30,646 3,491	1,938 2,227	5 45	619 6,945
Clark	2,440	6,462	19,711	4,260	2,137		1,870
Columbia	8,111	56,945	57,225	15,386	8,871	·	9,318
Crawford Dane	4,532 2,754	21,376	83,983	3,017	756		915
Dodge	10,119	101,863 45,185	104,542 66,258	26,147 80,318	2,815 1,377	. 1	3,431 2,622
Door	6,803	606	2,770	4,163	6,555	8	2,815
Douglas	101	106	724	11	7		400
Dunn Eau Claire			50,853	6,359	3,823 4,533	199	3,995
Florence	3,432 47	12,171	44,492	6,282	4,033	72	2,467 96
Fond du Lac	2,975	30,984	54,288	55,564	572	107	3,356
Forest	47	17	589	60	47		178
Gates	140 2,376	265 72,144	1,425 64,916	214 8,140	55 2,667		410 2,377
Green	413	83,804	37,789	9,709	1,003		963
Green Lake	2,847	21,337	29,331	10,280	5,664	35	2,037
Iowa	2.091 87	39,585	45,228	5,504 85	4,251	······	979
Jackson	6,163	12,276	311 42,194	4,186	4,730	15	300 2,031
Jefferson	4,772	39,586	41,914	14,087	3,132	1,	1,365
Juneau	1,956	15,721	24,659	2,818	6,698		6,807
Kenosha Kewaunee	558 3,358	20,920 604	17,971 18,846	2,002	2,090	50 68	1,300
La Crosse	4,759	19,197	29,763	8,471 8,017	6,611 3,533		1,023 1,238
Lafayette	496	59,089	40,370	6,714	2,118	'	1,013
Langlade	758	142	7,945	1,627	257	1	855
Lincoln	199	74	4.321	440	127	¦	624
Manitowoc	6,248 4,550	2,671 2,380	32,664 31,410	27,358 6,375	11,258 2,808	96 . 43	1,694 6,643
Marinette	843	1,370	9,756	736	667		1,516
Marquette	1,036	16,195	12,651	281	15,704	:	4,671
Milwaukee Monroe	960 8,301	6.992 19,006	13,835	5,026	1,907	23	4,954
Oconto	3,029	4,346	45,970 22,252	7.083 2,504	4,496 3,702	142	2,227 1,876
Oneida	68	57	5,423	23	51		452
Outagamie	1,118	20,247	47,482	17,936	1,803	41	3,017
Ozaukee	1,966 2,645	5,464 8,802	16,815 12,535	21,438 7,733	1,897	9	1,572
Pierce	7,166	15,209	44,595	30,455	2,273 5,469	1.650	394 1.283
Polk	4,292	7,389	37,516	5,583	934	191	2,271
Portage	1,031	14,576	32,493	260	17,116		27,010

STATEMENT OF ACREAGE OF CROPS, 1906-Continued.

	Number of Acres.									
CJUNTIES.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.	Flax	Pota- tues.			
Price	117	41	1,508	104	45		599			
Price	687	24.339	23.621	8.776	2.093	198	2,157			
Racine	2.495	24,267	19.386	6.710	1,154	150	457			
Richland	1.052	83.917	44.244	82,008	50,929		2,745			
Rock	6.635	16,566	84.227	16,545	5,037	6.684	1.644			
St. Croix	0,033	10,500	01,001	10,010	0,031	0,001	4,011			
Sauk	5,560	44,355	54.202	7.273	9,455	2	9.109			
Sawyer	113	51	1.039	86	12		264			
Shawano	7,173	7,718	27,109	7,461	4.318	9	2.744			
Sheboygan	3,712	15,436	36,367	32,041	4.661	54	2,399			
Taylor	158	64	3,636	739	894	2	565			
1ay101	100	0.	0,000				•••			
Trempealeau	9.791	15,533	67.033	8.115	8.465	19	1.547			
Vernon	8,026	21,923	51,103	9.250	520	9	1.755			
Vilas	5	14	208		10		163			
Walworth	716	50,709	36,391	21.322	1.562		1,796			
Washburn	1.079	1.014	8,008	642	301	3	734			
Washburn	2,010	1,022	, 0,000	1		1 1				
Washington	4.952	15.417	27.814	49.238	8.720	8	2,477			
Waukesha	3,065	29.387	38,292	17.540	6.083	112	4.829			
Wauaca	3.212	16.861	35.010	4.633	7,663	15	17,169			
Waushara	2,018	23.035	24.635	915	18,578	39	19.217			
Winnebago	2.151	28,699	89.386	16.361	960	45	2.042			
Wood	876	5,088	12,605	1,826	4,724	22	2,565			
Total	213.754	1,315,724	2,072,381	712,845	306,460	10,304	222,447			

STATEMENT OF ACREAGE OF CROPS, 1906-Continued.

1 1				Number	of Acri	58.		
Counties.	Sugar beets.	Other root crops.	Cran- berries.	Apple ozchard	No. of grow- ing apple trees.	Straw- berries.	Rasp borries.	Black- berries.
Adams	1	3		60	1,750	3	ļ <u>.</u> .	ļ
Ashland Barron	338	67 172	32	40 24	226 515	11 25	1 9	
Bayfield		32		35	1,457	33	1	! :
Brown Burnett	489	844 150	35	709 1	22,457	23	6 9	' :
Buffalo		3		88	5,202	5	3	
Calumet	109	6		733	24.261	11		
Chippewa Clark	1,150 107	26 26		144 74	5,250 2,827	22 12	22	
		20	1	1				
Columbia	203	83		921	39,449	43	. 6	
Crawford Dane	48 1,703	6 11		825 737	25,915 44,316	22 50	11 18	
Dodge	176	17		2,092	44,194	1,024	244	!
Door	232	66		1,172	47,942	13	6	
Douglas		45		9	97	7	i	
Dunn	172	8		134	4,665	15	4	
Eau Claire Florence	171	10 15		187 16	6,789 250	64	28	, 7
Fond du Lac	iii iii ii	13		4,728	58,755	18	13	19
Forest		55	!					
Gates	8	27		17	181	6	·	
Grant	136			1,117	30,587	5	7	5
Green	23 36	5 7		690 424	25,472	9	17 2	
	30	•		24.2	17,358		, z	5
owa	24			595	20,946			۱ ،
Iron Jackson	36	20	227	32 1.302	309 5,101	63	24	16
Jefferson	216	8		707	23,949	27	ĩ	i
Juneau	114	18	42	281	7,048	. 6	3	8
Kenosha	6	1,298		8,534	34,244	29	21	
Kewaunee	515			391	41,355	1	. 2	
La Crosse La Fayette	!	35		444 344	18,055 9,271	75	12	20
Langlade	14	131		011	304	4		ii
						_		1
dincoln	103	57 90	138	7,569	365 65,988	8 28	23	· · · · · · · · · ·
Marathon	27	AS		163	9,063	44	20	i
Marinette	243	56		260	13,841	9		
Marquette	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	20	359	11,706	10	3	3
Milwaukee	518	617	. 	2,018	63,714	252	8	
Monroe	143 332	50 76	64	510	20,673	293	87	47
Onelda	3382	76 15		735	23,021	5 3	1	• • • • • • • • •
Outagamle	290	64		851	33.977	7	12	12
Ozaukee	218	11		1,136	90 60"			
Pepin	12	11		84	38,685 2,446	7	3	······i
Pierce	22	81		214	9,818	19	15	9
Polk		37 :	4	7	419	5		

STATEMENT OF ACREAGE OF CROPS, 1906-Continued.

	Number of Acres.									
Counties.	Su ar	Othe root crops.	Cran- berries.	Apple o chard	No of g.ow ing apple trees.	Staw- bernes.	Rasp- berr es.	Black- berries.		
Price		58		32	1,371	310	45	72		
Racine	61	97		1,488	39,402	96	2	· · · · · <u>· · · </u>		
Richland	49			976	53,369	23	13	12		
Rock	2,131	29 15		819 10	23,696 1,813	30 19	25 5	34		
St. Crolx		13		10	1,813	19	9			
Sauk	52	14		1,122	53,537	38	48	و ا		
Sawyer		-6				2	l	1		
Shawano	85	57		411	20.252					
Sheboygan	55	41		2,556	101,053	16	10	2		
Taylor	13	29		5	482	3				
m		_	!		0 000		_	١.		
Trempealeau	149	1 16		175 1,083	8,323 48,029	16 18	1 6	1		
Vernon Vilas	149	48		1,053	43,029	18		1 2		
Vilas Walworth	79	5		1.114	28,137	1 4	4			
Washburn		199	3	65	842	27	1 7			
Washburn		130	, ,	0.0			•			
Washington	493	23		1.170	48.038	4	2	 		
Waukesha	765	41	1	2.397	53.744	99	5	1		
Waupaca	217	14	6	507	16,853	1				
Waushara		9	510	312	16,878	11	6			
Winnebago	98	11		931	45,528	179	26	·		
Wood	640	156	725	54	2,117	10				
Total	12,449	4,698	1,915	52,183	1,435,127	3,218	348	507		

STATEMENT OF ACREAGE OF CROPS, 1906 -- Continued.

		NUMBER OF ACRUS.										
COUNTIES.	Cur- rauts.	Grapes.	Fax.	Hops.	Tobacco.	Culti- vated Grasses.	Growin Timbei					
	1	ı	1	1			-					
Adams			! 		. 6	13,337	27,6					
Ashland	z				91	6,601 43,463	2,60 16,29					
Barron				1	21	1.953	1.3					
Bayfield Brown	7	10				52,083	17,3					
BuffaloBurnett		7			48	30,614	56,1					
Burnett	· • • • • • • • • •	' .				4.773	32,9					
alumet	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					31,444	16.2					
hippewa		135	340		210	42,578 63,843	10,65 67,15					
Columbia				. 4	3,093	49,932	50,6					
rawford		3			2,379	42,415	77,71					
Dane	a4	3		• • • • • • • • • •	14,576	100,594	75,79					
Columbia Crawford Dane Oodge	20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19			42,117 31,520	22,90 4,3					
							18					
Ounn			321		338	40.146	40,70					
Sau Claire		1	9		52	55,761	10,60					
Morence						1,441	3,40					
Oouglas Junn Eau Claire Morence Fond du La	11/4	• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • •		45,883	18,7					
orest						1,510	38					
intes			· · · · · · · · · · · · ·		11014	4,435 93,192	18,84 63,93					
raut	12	9		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	90014	73,730	31,40					
Forest		, ž	35	4		12,790	13,79					
owa		1	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		· ·	59,336	52,17					
ron		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • •		· · · · · · <u>· · · ·</u> · ·	2,420						
ackson	3		• • • • • • • • •		257	30,575	20,73					
owa	· · · • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1314			309	26,062 21,793	16,90 53,28					
Kenosha Kewaunee A Crosse A Fayette Anglade			594			23.814	8.6					
ewaunee						34,617	10,00					
A Crosse	1	19			·	31,820	50,10					
a Fayette	!		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 .	12	58,778	14,25					
anglade		•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		14,591	11,79					
incoln	!					9,257 53,145	10,79					
familiani de	4		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	140	43,363	25,10 80,18					
Infinetta	2	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		140	10.119						
Incoln	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					7,952	49,47					
filwaukee fonroe conto nelda						21.275	7,06					
fonroe		'	3	7	477	45,981	70,37					
conto	'	'	'		9	30,820	10,13					
neida						3,641 41,677	28,25					
zaukee					1	32,314	10,9					
Zaumee	•••••	12.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •		7,445	12,7					
epinierce		17.			1314	29,891	41,36					
olk		74				55,156	23,46					

STATEMENT OF ACREAGE OF CROPS, 1906-Continued.

	NUMBER OF ACRES.									
Counties.	Cur- rauts.	Grapes.	Flax	Hops.	lobacco.	Culti- vated Grasses.	Growing Fimber.			
Price	59	3			1	9.098	6.724			
Racine	1,87									
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		28,255	7,113			
Richland	3	7					62,973			
Rock	117	1	. 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6,884	74,065	23,783			
St. Croix	4		728		26	57,492	12,340			
Sauk	4	10		İ. 	10	45.934	81,659			
Sawyer	-				1	2.507				
Shawano						34,458	40.25			
		1								
Sheboygan			8	¦		935,524	33,415			
Taylor		· • • • • • • • • •	· • · • • • • • • •	i · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		9,606	3,671			
Trempealeau	14			Í	330	58.878	19,721			
Vernon	171	6				69,704	113.314			
Vilas	- 1					532				
Walworth				l		43,005	19.302			
					t					
Washburn	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••				5,990				
Washington	9					36,494	37,10)			
Waukesha	3	1				42.997	22,118			
Waupaca						42.529	30,565			
Waushara	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		- 		35,142	53,315			
	i	• • • • • • • • •								
Winnebago	1		•••••			43,292	10,938			
Wood						17,616	11,3?9			
Total	147	274	1,859	55	37,636	3,261,403	1.933.233			

27—Ag.

NUMBER AND VALUE OF LIVE STOCK-Continued.

	NUMBER AND VALUE OF LIVE STOCK.						
COUNTIES.	Milch cows.	Value.	All other cattle.	Value.	Horses all ages.	Value.	
Adams	7,645	144,960 63,066	6,281	59,619	4,199	252,09	
Adams	2,419	63,066	700	3,521	1.775	116,33	
Barron	10,480	330,104	13,400	114,422	7,388	399,17	
Barron	933 21,146	19,519 429,142	912 8,778	5,419 85,512	988 9,507	48,14 632,53	
	21,140			60,012		-	
BuffaloBurnettCalumetChippewa	14,120	332,554	13,857 3,786	194,336	6,775	511,24	
Surnett	4,038 12,769	51,347	3,786	32,408	2,279	97,68	
Thinnowe	15,414	351,123 288,369	6,673 11,966	96,756	6,383 6,882	496,38	
lark	38,014			108,100 258,850	9,955	447,53 542,10	
1	-	•	'		1		
newford	21,192 12,482	492,332 231,142	20,313	293,219	12,519 5,585	845,84	
Columbia Crawford Dane	49,790	1,011,925	15,720 36,459	179,708 574,589	22,957	311,85 1,533,56	
Oodge	44,714	1,066,207	14,986	277,700	13,778	870,96	
Dodge Door	9,704	158,030	7,835	61,749	4,297	251,2	
Douglas	2,661	48,902	208	1,648	1,831	86,57	
Ounn	16,693	289,425	13,782	113,673	7,202	432, %	
Dunn	10,307	196,715	9,079	83,482	5,981	395,34	
Florence	307	5 495	253	3,130	189	6,48	
fond du Lac	28,487	679,456	15,507	203,081	11,876	745,48	
Forest	357	7,722	149	420	411	22,58	
lates	1,391	24,970	1,202	12,018	934	40,43	
rant	25,373	661,196	31,891	477,081	13,044	720,17	
Green Lake	29,217 11,517	817,277 219,564	55,562 5,968	1,307,368 63,578	9,410 5,620	639,69 301,08	
owa	33,195				9,253	568,81	
ron	911	727,336 18,220	36,773 236	711,278	9,203 600	32,80	
lackson	11,699	210,602		112.181	6,260	397,63	
lacksonlefferson	34,165	831,397	13,053 10,772	3,774 112,181 112,700	9,566	620,6	
Juneau	10,327	171,072	8,865	92,027	5,270	276,76	
Kenosha Kewaunee A Crosse A Fayette Anglade	12,978	334,114	6,259	80,078	4,717	326,2	
Kewaunee	19 020	910 <i>R</i> Q4	8,551	67,593	6,215	571,97	
A Crosse	24,609	334,984	10,236	115,827	6,280	486,18	
A Fayette	20,177 4,742	520,829 115,817	28,702 4,046	529,343 38,581	8,348 2,420	460,27 168,43	
1						•	
incoln	2,823	52,657 577,987	2,061	18,708	1,589	89,8	
Manitowoc	26,696	577,987	18,043	165,796 120,000	11,924	700,07	
Anrinotte	19,614 4,576	390,000 68,983	14,454	18,785	8,134 2,597	875,36 105,60	
darathon	8,186	125,750	2,953 5,365	48,193	3,573	234,49	
Milwaukee	10,811		1,317	17,011	i	1,129,31	
Monroe	21,689	242,067 441,198	28,520	180,978	9,117	528,55	
Conto	10.251	168 970	5,562	64,399	6,079	297,64	
)neida'	943	19,411	549	5,589	752	89,13	
Outagamie	25,701	536,999	12,645	135,005	9,837	643,00	
Ozaukee Pepin	13,374	338,242	5,374	78,800	5,067	821,49	
epin	4,135	65,393	3,343		2,278	131,60	
rierce	13,181	254,914	16,435 17,743	165,956	7,437	490,1	
Polk	18,098 15,918	327,679 304,123	7,852	159,244 74,154	7,196 8,288	408,96 516,13	
	-		2,002	· ·		-	
Price	8,252 16,754	60,915 898,917	6,361	13, 29 5 79,082	1,621 7,090	71,8- 436,0:	
Richland	17,595	845,463	16,394	175,225	5,994	836,37	
Rock	30,652	757,418	21,338	291,136	15,586	908,4	
t. Croix	15,276	276,570	14,989	131,790	7,344	432,2	

NUMBER AND VALUE OF LIVE STOCK--Continued.

Counties.	Number and Value of Live Stock.						
	Milch cows.	Value.	All other cattle.	Value.	Horses all ages.	Value.	
Sauk	30,204	633,174	21,349	235,838	10,103	655,18	
Sawyer	805	14,587	499	3,864	779	36,050	
Shawano'	18,181	314,849	11,530	90,229	6,777	410,66	
Sheboygan	32,254	975,619	12,441	189,876	12,341	811,95	
Taylor	4,802	72,576	3,005	21,353	2,505	101,869	
Frempealeau	20,000	400,000	23,938	247,791	10,988	739,00	
Vernon	21,632	437,074	20,624	225,009	9,483	574,09	
Vilas	247	5,032	23	226	282	10,99	
Walworth	31,928	964,000	15,633	207,313	10,322	681,49	
Washburn	1,931	31,487	1,584	12,022	1,227	46,43	
Washington	£1.140	444,805	9,827	125,140	9,502	630,70	
Waukesha	25,680	527,779	8,753	107,858	11,211	543,87	
Waupaca	25,514	463,341	12,825	129,804	8,817	587,170	
Waushara	14,898	282,891	6,623	60,258	6,846	411,98	
Winnebago	25,261	611,935	10,324	130,770	10,249	740,91	
₩ood	11,523	207,575	6,405	55,928	4,442	214,58	
Total	1,129,441	323,912,496	804.848	\$10,276,110	486,500	\$29,905,60	

NUMBER AND VALUE OF LIVE STOCK-Continued.

Counties.	Sheep and lambs.	Value.	Swine four months old or over.	Value.	
Adams	1,810	4,183 1,79	2,720	20, 719	
Barron	4,018 10,595	24,835	643 3,615	2,6?7 18.494	
Bayfield	313	920	98	567	
Brown	1,834	4,851	4,432	19,663	
Buffalo Burnett	12,817	36,697	11,600	78,166	
Calumet	939 2,157	1,812 7,158	846 4,396	3,342 24,650	
Chippewa	5,110	11,861	5,187	26,271	
Clark	9,287	23,289	6,419	32,190	
Columbia	22,290	67,418	19,403	155,326	
Crawford	8,018 24,221	22,721 64,537	8,386 37,859	58,660 272,83	
Dodge	9,507	22,800	17,016	100,890	
Door	4,014	7,988	3,205	10,376	
Douglas Dunn	418	696	158	606	
Dunn Eau Claire	11,123 3,491	24,472 10,981	8,908 4,811	49,904 29,028	
Florence	52	208	7	48	
Fond du Lac	19,164	48,179	12,216	65,585	
Forest	72	81	126	586	
GatesGrant	800 17,458	1,724 68,878	367 32,755	1,440 244,464	
Green	8,102	29,718	24,594	1*5,921	
Green Lake	13,002	24,697	6,764	45,866	
Iowa	10,843	37,556	16,902	134,150	
Iron Jackson	174 5,783	630 15,468	136 6,672	997 41,675	
Jefferson	3,847	8,597	19,212	89,769	
Juneau	8,466	22,121	4,211	95,112	
Kenosha	6,277	18,529	4,378	12,757	
Kewaunee La Crosse	4,844 4,613	10,218 13,491	5,048 1,514	16,2% 56,50	
La Fayette	10,930	44,174	22,982	190,543	
Langlade	1,877	5,057	1,641	7,083	
Lincoln	1,941	4,508	885	3,996	
Manitowoc	5,440 16,165	13,702 30,000	7,393 5,334	33,641 15,000	
Marinette	1,006	1,894	1,546	4,840	
Marquette	5,260	11,820	3,239	20,185	
Milwaukee	290	927	1,972	9,169	
Monroe Oconto	12,781	34,00?	9,579	58,289	
Oneida	2,752 148	5,113 291	3,751 331	13,048 745	
Outagamie	6,724	20,332	10,439	58,774	
Ozaukee	494	1,625	3,789	20,017	
Pepin Pierce	2,995 20,183	5,916 48,6?0	3,390 6,096	21,677 39,0%	
Polk	6,901	16,568	4,100	23,850	
Portage	3,699	7,819	4,951	28,26	
Price	541	1,229	341	1,506	
Racine	6,530 23,783	16,401	5,997 15,995	39,479	
Rock	18,491	62,928 57,389	26,022	106,125 221,925	
St. Croix	10,409		4,753	29,98	

NUMBER AND VALUE OF LIVE STOCK-Continued.

Counties.	Sheep and lambs.	Value.	Swine four months old or over.	Value.
Sank	15,970	46,324	18,060	127,54
Sawyer		274	199	77
Shawano	10,648	23.052	8,242	28,41
Sheboygan		7,925	9,949	57,60
Taylor	1,229	1,849	816	2,910
Prempealeau	23,578	62,155	- 8,365	69.04
Vernon	26,123	83,756	10,084	69,23
Vilas	50	130	79	61
Walworth	13,232	36.568	18,123	140,32
Washburn	601	2,129	585	2,37
Washington	5,958	18,284	9,398	53,8?
Waukesha	19,230	40,046	7,761	49,46
Vaupaca	7,084	18,334	6,035	39,14
Vaushara	3.786	8,127	4,481	30,09
Winnebago	9,161	33,034	8,794	64,24
Wood	2,794	5,742	2,203	14,23
Total	536,996	\$1,446,127	526,066	\$3,501,26

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